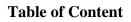
REVIEWED DRAFT INTEGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN

2023/24







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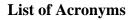
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Annexures

List of Maps, Sketches, Graphs, Pictures, Tables etc Budget Organogram PMS Policy Projects (Spread sheets) Funded Projects Un-Funded Projects MSCOA Itemised Projects (Capex & Opex) list [Spread sheet] Turnaround Strategy



IDP/Budget Process Plan SDF LED Strategy Disaster Management Plan Circular 88 Indicators Template IDP 2022-2027 Strategy Document Other Key Plans



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2003)PFMANDOT: National Department of Transport	MSA	: Local Government: Municipal Systems Act, 2000 (Act 32 of 2000)
PFMA: Public Finance Management Act, 1999 (Act 22 of 1999)NDOT: National Department of Transport	MFMA	: Local Government: Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003 (Act 56 of
NDOT : National Department of Transport	·	
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5 Page Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	5 Page	Thaba Chweu Local Municipality



NDP	: National Development Plan
NEPAD	: New Partnership for Africa's Development
NSDP	: National Spatial Development Perspective
NPC	: National Planning Commission
PGDS	: Provincial Growth and Development Strategy
SDF	: Spatial Development Framework
SWOT	: Strengths, Weakness, Opportunities and Threats
CRDP	: Comprehensive Rural Development Programme
SPLUMA	: Spatial Planning and Land Use Act
STATSSA	: Statistics South Africa

Other Acronyms

SO#	: Strategic Objective (#=Number)
G#	: Goal (#=Number)
DO#	: Development Objective (#=Number)



FOREWORD BY THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR

Local government is at the coalface of service delivery. This in essence means that as a municipality we must always have our finger on the pulse to understand the dynamics and needs of the people on the ground in relation to our constitutional mandate. Central to this course is the concept of participatory democracy whereby the public must be widely and intensively consulted on salient issues of development and the collective prioritization of service delivery matters.

Our focus as an institution is guided and driven by the Integrated Development Plan (IDP), which is our strategic document developed as a five (5) year plan (aligned to the term of office). This is revised and updated annually while taking current resources and changing circumstances (detailing annual strategic objectives) into account.

The strategic goals and priorities are cascaded into the strategic and operational plans of all directorates and related employee scorecards. Strides are being made to spare no effort to achieve the required targets and desired outcomes of the institution. The Thaba Chweu Local Municipality participates in the District IDP/ Budget Representative Forum and our priorities also take a cue from the aligned Provincial Growth and Development Strategies

The day-to-day struggles of ageing and poor infrastructure and limited financial and human resources continues to place strain on the ability of Thaba Chweu Local Municipality to provide and improve its service delivery. These challenges are clearly reflected within service delivery initiatives and every effort is being made to improve service delivery performance at every level. This IDP also seeks to envisage a blueprint in relation to the direction and accordingly,

I would like to invite all interested parties in general and young people and women to come-up with fresh and innovative ideas and to closely work with the local authority, as we march towards our common Vision - that of becoming a Custodian of Sustainable Service Delivery, Economic Development and Good Governance.

Thank you.

CLLR M.F Nkadimeng **Executive Mayor**



CHAPTER 1 (Introduction)

1.1. Executive summary

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality (TCLM) is a Category B municipality located in the northwestern region of the Mpumalanga Province in the Ehlanzeni District. It is one of four municipalities in the district. It came into being after the December 5th, 2000, local government elections. The escarpment divides the district into eastern and western halves. It is located on the far north-eastern part of the district. It shares its northern boundaries with Limpopo. The municipality is on the Lowveld escarpment of Mpumalanga, with an average elevation of 1 400m above sea level and altitudes varying from 600 to 2 100m.

The main economic sectors are forestry, agriculture, mining, business services and tourism. The western half (Lydenburg Town) is dominated by agricultural and farming activities, while forestry is the main economic activity of the eastern half (Sabie and Graskop Towns).

The municipality is one of the major tourist attraction areas in South Africa. Mashishing (previously as Lydenburg) is the oldest town in the province, and a hub of heritage where the famous Lydenburg Heads, which are said to date back to 400AD, were found in the 1950s. Also found here are old stone houses. Most of all, this is the home of trout fishing.

Graskop is home to the Three Rondavels, The Blyde Canyon, Potholes, God's Window, The Pinnacle, Berlin, Lisbon, and Graskop Falls, all of which are World Heritage Sites, and form the Panorama Route. In the Sabie area, when travelling east of Mashishing through the Long Tom Pass, there are hectares of pine plantations. These mountains are part of the Drakensberg Mountain Range.

The municipality is governed by the African National Congress (ANC) which was democratically re-elected to govern after the 01st of November 2021 local government election. The total number of councilors in the municipality is 27 with ANC holding a majority of 16 seats and the other seats are split over to the opposition parties. There are fourteen wards in the municipality with three Towns namely: Mashishing (Lydenburg) which is the main town located in ward 01, 02, 03, 05, 12 & 14, Sabie town which is the second largest located in ward 06 & 07, the smallest is Graskop located in ward 10 and Pilgrim's Rest located in ward 13 which is a heritage place whereas ward 08 & 09 holds the rural population in the northern part of the municipality, the other wards are mainly farms with small population. There are three tribal authorities that govern the northern areas of Thaba Chweu. The Moremela Village is under Chief Mogane Tribal Authority, Matibidi A Village is ruled by the Mohlala Tribal Authority and lastly the Matibidi B Village is ruled by Mashilane Tribal Authority.

1.2. Legal Background

Section 25 of the Municipal System (MSA) Act 32 of 2000 requires that every elected Council must develop and adopt a strategic plan, commonly known as Integrated Development Plan (IDP) to guide & inform the municipality's planning, development & budgeting. The Act (MSA) also requires that the approved IDP be reviewed annually based on its performance & other changing circumstances deemed relevant and necessary by the municipal council. Integrated development planning is a process through which a municipality prepare an inclusive strategic development plan for a period of five-year.



The need for the integrated development plans is entrenched in the South African Constitution (Section 152 and 153). The Constitution states that local government is in charge of the development process in municipalities, and it is in charge of municipal planning. Furthermore, the municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000 provides that all municipalities must undertake an integrated development planning process to produce integrated development plans. As the Integrated Development Plan is a legal requirement it has a legal status and thus supersedes all plans that guide development at a local government level. It is very important for a municipality to have an IDP, one of the primary role of this council policy (IDP) document is to coordinate and consolidate all planning and budgeting within a municipality. The aim of this planning is to achieve the envisaged vision of the municipal council.

The IDP should inform the following:

- The budget processes of the municipality,
- Allocation of scarce resources to maximize development impact in areas of greatest needs,
- Alignment of municipal, provincial, national and parastatals programmes and projects
- To ensure sustainable development and growth,
- Facilitate an inclusive planning within the municipal jurisdiction,
- To facilitate credible accessibility to the municipality and its governance structures by citizens,
- To enable active citizen participation in affairs pertaining to planning and development,
- Facilitate access to development funding,
- Encourage local and international investment,
- Building capacity among Councilors and officials,
- Effective and efficient use of the available resources for a maximum development impact in the communities.

The TCLM IDP becomes a principal strategic plan that guides and informs resource planning and budgeting that informs decision-making processes for the municipal development. The process of the IDP allows for participation throughout the process with various stakeholders from all walks of life in matters of development that interest and affects them. The participation platforms for various stakeholders inform various sub-strategies and policies including by-laws that are developed to address stakeholder's needs and development priorities. All aspects of planning should be contained in an integrated form in this policy document i.e. economic, social, environmental, infrastructural and spatial aspect. This process assists the municipality in identifying its key areas of greatest needs of service delivery and development which then assist in identifying development vision, mission statements and development priorities under which appropriate strategies are developed address the priorities.

1.3. Overview of the IDP process

The Municipal Systems Act (Section 29) also requires that a process be set out in writing and be adopted by the Municipal Council to guide, among other aspects, the IDP review process. The Municipal Systems Act refers to the Process Plan that had to be prepared for the IDP process, which had to include the process for IDP Review. The Process Plan is a management tool for each municipality, which helps the management of the IDP process on a day-to-day basis. The Process Plan has to include:

- A list of the required roles and responsibilities, also indicating responsible persons or agencies, and terms
- of reference describing the roles and responsibilities,



- A description of the organisational arrangements to be established, including terms of reference, selection criteria, list of agreed representatives, code of conduct
- Mechanisms and procedures for public participation, including organisational arrangements, a communication strategy, etc
- Action Programme: activities, responsible persons, time frames, resources
- Alignment mechanisms and procedures, including responsible persons, specific activities/events and conflict resolution procedures
- Binding legislation and planning requirements at provincial/national level
- Budget per activity and aggregated by category

In terms of Section 21 of the Municipal Finance Management Act 56 of 2003 (MFMA), the mayor of a municipality:

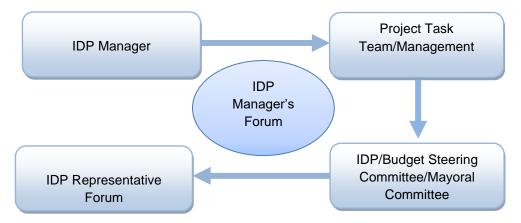
• Must co-ordinate the processes for preparing the annual budget and reviewing the municipality's Integrated Development Plan (IDP) and Budget related policies to ensure that the tabled budget and any revisions of the IDP and budget related policies are mutually consistent and credible. Section 53 of the MFMA requires the mayor to provide general political guidance over the budget process and the priorities that must guide the preparation of a budget.

The following are the legislative framework for IDP, Budget and Performance Management System processes:

- 1. Municipal Systems Act, No. 32 of 2000 (As amended)
- 2. Municipal Finance Management Act, No. 56 of 2003
- 3. Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations, 2001

Key role players in the IDP process

Sketch 01: Process Plan structure's flow



N.B: The roles and responsibilities of the above structures are defined in the process plan available as annexure in this IDP.

This figure refers to the structures that are going to be responsible for the implementation of the process plan and management of the IDP processes, namely IDP Technical/Managers Committee, IDP Budget Steering Committee and the IDP Representative Forum.

Stakeholders Involved in the IDP process

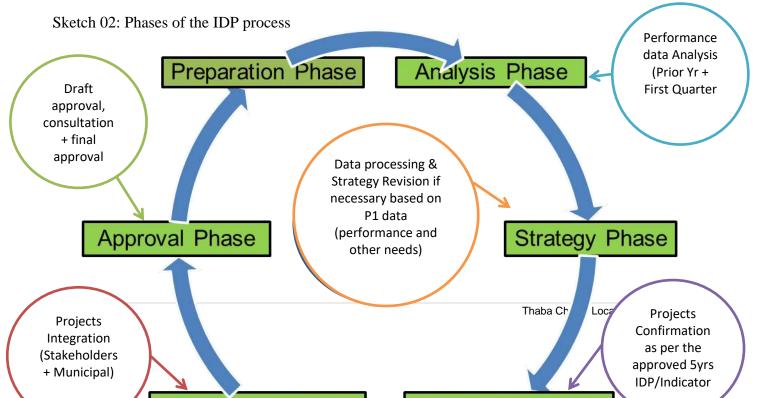


- Members of the Thaba Chweu Local Municipal council/Local Communities
- Executive Mayor
- Members of Mayoral Committee
- Ward councillors
- Municipal Manager
- Municipal Officials
- IDP Manager
- A designated official of the Municipality to represent gender, disability and other unorganised group in their absence (person to be nominated)
- Provincial Sector Departments
- Ehlanzeni District Municipality
- Representatives of Traditional Authorities
- All Heads of Provincial and National Departments and designation senior officials or top Management (Head of Departments)
- Local stakeholders representatives of organised groups include:
 - 1. Ward Committees
 - 2. CDW
 - 3. NGOs
 - 4. NPOs
 - 5. Parastatals
 - 6. Business Organisations
 - 7. Church bodies
 - 8. Organised Groups e.g. disabled

A representative forum (Rep Forum) comprises of selected stakeholders representing various organisations. For more info on this refer to the process plan attached as *annexure*.

Summary of the Process followed during the review

In reviewing the current IDP and Budget the municipal planning and budget processes was governed by a process plan which was approved by council on 29^{th} of July 2021 under council resolution number A110/2021 which is in alignment with the District Budget Framework. The sketch below summarises the phases followed. It is safe to report that the municipality to date has managed to meet all the phases as required by the approved process plan.





This IDP is crafted on the basis of intense consultation with various stakeholders. The following table summarises the consultation dates for community consultations to capture the needs/community priorities:

DATES	VENUE	TIME	WARD
09 April 2022	Lydenburg Town Hall	10h00	12 & 14
09 April 2022	Ohrigstad Dam Pilgrims Rest	12h00 16h00	13
09 April 2022	Engeldoorn Kellysville Primary	09h00 13h00	05
	Klipspruit Coromandel	13h00 15h00	04
	Boschfontein Draaikraal	09h00 13h00	05
10 April 2022	Hendriksdal Sipsop Brondal	09h00 11h00 13h00	11
-	Ekuthuleni Community Hall Ekuthuleni Community Hall	13h00 15h00	06
	Sabie Town Hall	14h00	07
	Spekboom Skhila Boomplas	12h00 15h00 17h00	13
11 April 2022	Moremela Community Hall Leroro Community Hall	10h00 13h00	09
	Graskop Town Hall	17h00	10
12 April 2022Moremela Community Hall (Sekwai)		15h00	10
13 April 2022	Mashishing Community Hall	14h00	01
	Mohlala Tribal Authority Mashilane Tribal Authority	10h00 12h30	08
23 April 2022	Mashishing Community Hall	14h00	03
24 April 2022	Mashishing Community Hall	14h00	02

Consulting on the MTREF	D & IDD Ø D.		$\mathbf{DEE} = (2021 \ 2024)$
\mathbf{C} Anshitting an the NET REF.	Draff IDP & K	πασεί τος της ΝΓ	$\mathbf{R} \mathbf{R} \mathbf{R} \mathbf{V} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{r} r$

1.4 District Development Model (DDM)

The president initiated the development of the DDM during his budget speech and subsequently the model was discussed and adopted by the various structures of government. The president brought about the concept after realisation that planning was conducted in silos which leads to the lack of coherent planning and implementation which affects monitoring and oversight of government programmes difficult. The District Development Model builds on the White Paper on Local Government (1998), which seeks to ensure that "local government is capacitated and transformed to play a developmental role". The DDM is anchored on the development of a One Plan for each district and metro spaces. The One Plan is an intergovernmental plan setting out a 25–30-year long-term strategic framework (consisting of short, medium and long-term actions) to guide investment and delivery in relation to each of the 52 district and metropolitan spaces. It is critical that the One Plans are jointly developed and agreed to by all three spheres of government.



The objectives of the District Development Model are to:

- Coordinate a government response to challenges of poverty, unemployment, and inequality particularly amongst women, youth and people living with disabilities.
- Ensure inclusivity by gender budgeting based on the needs and aspirations of our people and communities at a local level. Narrow the distance between people and government by strengthening the coordination role and capacities at the District and City levels.
- Foster a practical intergovernmental relations mechanism to plan, budget and implement jointly to provide a coherent government for the people in the Republic; (solve silo's, duplication and fragmentation) maximise impact and align plans and resources at our disposal through the development of "One District, One Plan and One Budget".
- Build government capacity municipalities. to support to • Strengthen monitoring and evaluation at district and local levels. Implement a balanced approach towards development between urban and rural areas.
- Exercise oversight over budgets and projects in an accountable and transparent manner.

The Ehlanzeni District Municipality has established streams which are meant to feed into the one plan. All the efforts towards development of the one plan are unfolding gradually and the collective efforts will be integrated in the IDP.

As part of the piloting of the DDM, there are catalytic projects which will be implemented and they are mostly for the Nkomazi Local Municipality, City of Mbombela and Bushbuckridge Local Municipalities. There are various other projects which will be implemented through the DDM and are reflected in this document in Chapter 6. There are projects which haven't been listed or approved to be implemented through the DDM further investigations and profiling needs to be conducted for them to be included.

2. CHAPTER 2 (Situational Analysis)

This chapter presents the situational analysis of the municipality which is a requirement in terms of section 26 (b) of chapter 5 of local government legislation (Municipal System Act 32 of 2000) which compels the IDP to reflect an **assessment of the existing level of development** in the municipality, which must include an **identification of communities which do not have access to basic municipal services**.

This chapter reveals the actual status of the current situation which includes challenges and problems from core functions of the municipality to simplify the planning and execution of successful strategies for the IDP in the next five years (2022-2026). The information presented in this chapter is very crucial as it informs appropriate projects planning and budgeting.

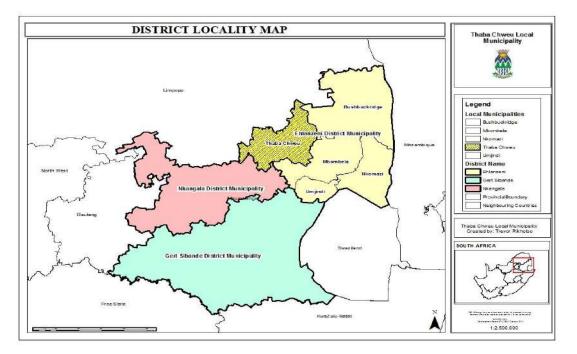
2.1. Municipal Location

Provincial context



The municipality is one of the four municipalities of the Ehlanzeni District Municipality (EDM) of Mpumalanga province. TCLM is located on the far north-eastern part of the district municipality. It shares its northern boundaries with the Limpopo province. Map 01 below demonstrates the location of the municipality from the provincial context as well as the district's context.

Map 01. Municipal Locality Map



Source: TLCM (GIS Unit)

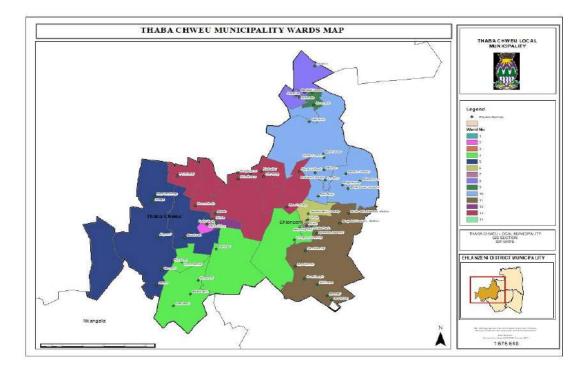
The municipality is bordered by the Limpopo Province to the north with the Nkangala district which is situated in Mpumalanga on the south-western side.

Municipal Context

From the sea level altitude perspective, the municipality is located on the Lowveld escarpment of the Mpumalanga Province with an average elevation of 1400m above sea level and altitudes varying from 600 to 2100m. The municipality shares its boundaries with the following municipalities: Bushbuckridge Local Municipality on the eastern part, Greater Tubatse Local Municipality on the northern part and Mbombela Local Municipality on the Southern part. Thaba Chweu comprises of 14 wards; the major towns within the municipality are Lydenburg, located along the R37, Graskop & Sabie situated along the R532. Map 01 above demonstrates the location of the municipality with reference to the Ehlanzeni district as well as the neighbouring districts within the province.



Map: 02. Municipal Locality Ward Map



Source: TLCM (GIS Unit)

Map 02 above depicts a high-level locality of all the wards within Thaba Chweu which are applicable for the current council.

2.2. Demography

2.2.1. Population Size & Growth

This section deals with population size, distribution of population by age and sex, composition of population by sex and age. The information provided is as per census 1996, 2001 and 2011. It considers the change in demarcation during 1996 to 2016; these demarcation changes have influenced or affected the census results over periods.



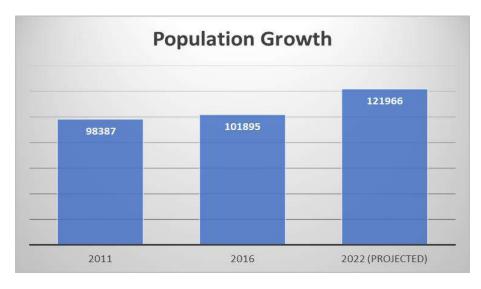


Figure: 01.

Population size (2011 - 2022) Source: StatsSA 2019 (Projections)

Figure 01 above presents the population size of TCLM in the year 2011, 2016 and 2022. According to the Census results of Stats SA the population size in 2011 was 98387, 2016 it stood at 101 895, and in 2019 projections for 2022 were standing at 121 966. According to these statistics there is an increase in population size from 2011 to 2022 and we will experience a further increase in the population. This is due to migration and the high unemployment rate across all the neighbouring provinces/towns leading people to flock into Thaba Chweu as there are a few economic pull factors into the area.

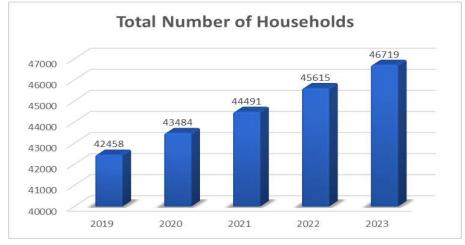


Figure 02: Total number of Households (2019-2023 projection) *Source: Stats SA 2019 Projections*

The number of households have further increased from the 2016 community survey of 37 022 to an estimated/projected number of households being 46 719 in 2023.

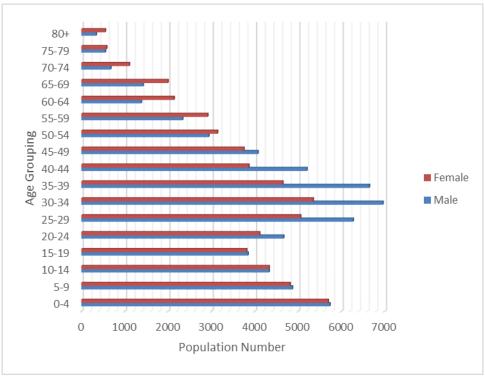
This statistical information becomes important in TCLM planning in order to accurately determine the service demand and focus areas for basic service improvement from all pieces of municipal sector plans and policies. In simple terms this becomes a key directive for planning and budgeting within the municipality.



Furthermore, Thaba Chweu has to anticipate further service delivery backlogs therefore an acceleration into service delivery as well as the refurbishment of bulk infrastructure must be considered in all the nodes to ensure that the people living in Thaba Chweu are well serviced.

2.2.2. Population By Gender

Figure 03: Population By Gender



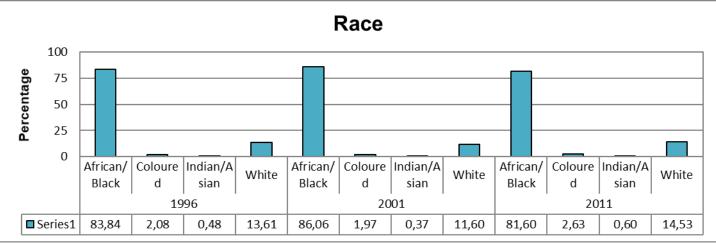
Source: Stats SA Projection, 2019

The population of Thaba Chweu Municipality shows a typical age structure of a different age group distribution during the 2019 population projections and the projection was for the year 2021. Figure 3 above represents a high proportion of the age group of between 30-34 to be highest and 35-39 to be the second highest. With males at a higher number compared to females in the age groups mentioned above. The number decreases as the age goes up. The age group of 80+ has the lowest proportion compared to the rest of the other groups. It must also be noted that the graph indicates that birth-rates are at an increase. In terms of gender balance the males have the highest proportion in almost all the age groups. Despite this population distribution by sex and age, the population of the municipality has concentration of younger age groups. This further qualifies that the municipality in the quest of strategy development and programmes/projects initiations this particular age group must be accommodated as well as to ensure sustainable programmes are implemented by the municipality for the generations to come.

2.2.3 Race/Ethnic Group



Figure: 04. Race



Source: Stats SA 1996, 2001 and 2011

The graph above presents the status quo in terms of the percentage of ethnic/race groups within TCLM. It shows that blacks/black people are the most dominant in the year 1996, 2001 and 2011 followed by whites/white people. This means that the municipal planning in terms of socioeconomic related up-liftment programmes and projects must target groups or speak or respond to the race with the highest percentage. The municipal plans have taken note of this information and are responding (through prioritisation of programmes and projects) to these figures through its relevant sector plans. Although there is still a huge backlog for most black households for basic infrastructure provision. The IDP development approach has identified all areas with black/black people dominance for basic service delivery back-log intervention and to address some of the-socio-economic challenges facing this race although the impact will be realised over a medium to long term period.

2.2.4 Age Grouping (2011-2021)

Age	Years	Population	Percentage
	2016	27355	25
0-14	2019	29048	25
0-14	2021	29755	25
	2023	30188	24
	2016	76381	70
15-64	2019	80475	69
15-04	2021	83053	69
	2023	85978	69
	2016	5824	5
65+	2019	6636	5,7
03+	2021	7214	6
	2023	7666	6

Table 02: Age Group

Source: Stats SA 2019 Projections



The table above presents the population grouping by age. It consists of group 0-14, 15-64 and 65+/and above. Amongst all the three groups the one that has hit a peak in the years (2016, 2019, 2021 & 2023) is the age group of 15-64 which sat at a percentage of 70, 69, 69 and 69 in 2016, 2019, 2021 & 2023 respectively. The lowest age group is 65+ in the years (2016, 2019, 2021 & 2023) whereas the age group 0-14 years had a percentage ranging from 25 to 24. There has been a slight increase in all the age groups throughout the years and it is due to the mortality rate in the area. The figures will most probably change (Take a dip) due to the impact of COVID 19 which hit our shores.

In general, this shows that in the age group 0-14 there is a need to determine the actual cause of the decline in percentage in order develop appropriate strategies to mitigate such causes, although on the other age group of 15-65 the increase might have resulted from other pull factors such employment opportunities from mining and tourism recreational activities.

In the entire analysis above on age population its evident that the youth have the biggest portion of the entire percentage in the years. This means that the IDP development plans must give attention to such group to improve their socio-economic status.

2.2.5 Gender

Years	Gender	Percentage	
2016	Male	51	
2016	Female	49	
2010	Male	51,7	
2019	Female	48,3	
2021	Male	51,84	
	Female	48,16	
2023	Male	51,96	
	Female	48,04	

Table 04: Gender

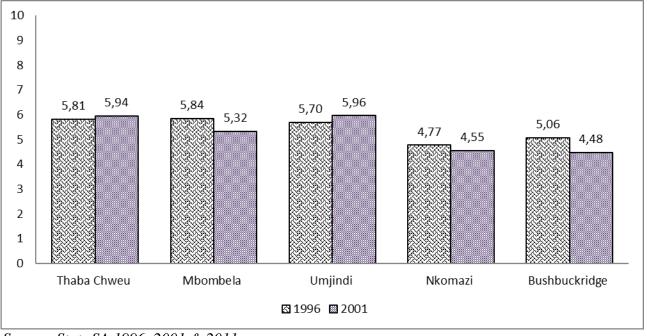
Source: Stats SA 2016 CS & 2019 Projections

In terms of gender there has been not much change in the years 2016, 2019, 2021 and 2023. The percentage of males and females have been adverse to each other with males having a high percentage. This is most probably due to the economic pull factor or most predominate sector being one that is perceived to accommodate males being mining and forestry.

2.2.6 Persons with Disabilities



Figure 05: Persons with Disabilities



Source: Stats SA 1996, 2001 & 2011

The table above presents the percentage of persons with disabilities within TCLM. In terms of the figure depicted below TCLM is the second highest compared to the other municipalities in the district although the figure presented in the table shows the status in the year 1996 and 2001. TCLM recognises that the figure might have gone high in the year 2011 and to date. TCLM has recently established a transversal unit in the municipality with strong recognition of persons with disabilities. The transversal unit is currently in process of developing a transversal strategy aimed at assisting in terms of persons living with disabilities within the municipal area of jurisdiction in order to address some of the socio-economic and other related challenges facing these groups. Several programmes were prioritised in the financial year 2014/15. Figure 05 presents the status of people living with disabilities in years 1996 and 2001.

2.3 Socio-economic profile

2.3.1 Poverty Rate

According to the socio-economic profile conducted by the department of economic development and tourism the provincial poverty rate stood at 50,2% in 2020 and this was seen last in 2009 on the poverty rate. The recorded percentage is due to the unemployment rate of the economically active group. The unemployment rate of Thaba Chweu in 2020 was 30,9% which increased from 24,2 in 2016. The table below outlines the poverty rate of Thaba Chweu as in 2015 and it outlined that it was at 21,0 which was an increase from 18,9% in 2011. This indicates that the poverty rate is continuously increasing as people migrate into Thaba Chweu at the quest of socio-economic benefits.

Table 05: Poverty Rate

L and Municipal Area	Poverty rate	Poverty rate	Poverty numbers
Local Municipal Area	(lower bound)	(lower bound)	(lower bound)

	2011	2015	2015
Emalahleni	19.6%	21.0%	90 494
Steve Tshwete	18.9%	21.0%	53 567
Thaba Chweu	21.2%	21.5%	21 792
Govan Mbeki	24.3%	26.1%	81 481
Emakhazeni	27.9%	27.8%	13 240
Umjindi	28.3%	28.9%	20 375
Dipaleseng	30.0%	29.3%	12 650
Lekwa	28.6%	30.7%	35 801
Mbombela	33.3%	32.6%	202 433
Msukaligwa	30.4%	32.7%	50 964
Victor Khanye	30.1%	34.1%	27 524
Thembisile Hani	44.4%	40.2%	133 169
Chief Albert Luthuli	46.7%	40.8%	74 944
Dr JS Moroka	48.4%	44.8%	112 258
Dr Pixley Ka Isaka Seme	46.3%	47.0%	38 723
Bushbuckridge	53.9%	47.7%	266 620
Nkomazi	50.2%	48.1%	199 827
Mkhondo	50.2%	51.0%	92 77

Source: StatsSA 2016

2.3.2 Human Development Index (HDI)

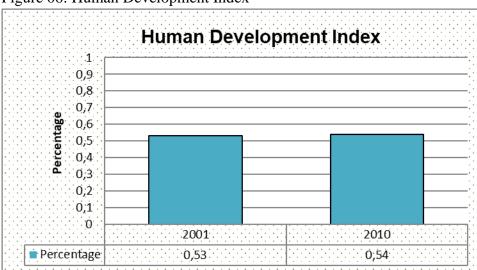
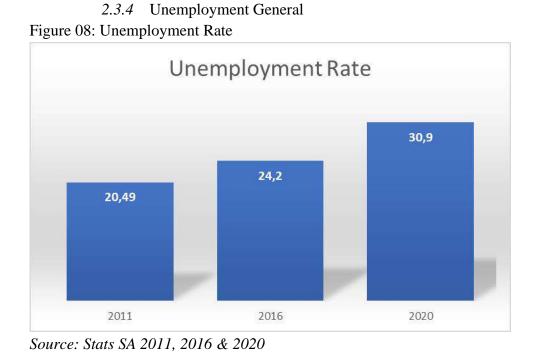


Figure 06: Human Development Index

Source: Mpumalanga Dept of Finance 2010

The table above presents the status of human development index calculated by taking into account literacy rate, household income and life expectancy. Value ranges from 0 to 1 where 0 is the worst



aimed at addressing this challenge.

0,60

0,80

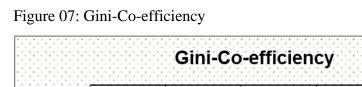
1,00

Data Source: Mpumalanga Dept of Finance 2010

0,20

The indicator figure 07 measures inequality in terms of living standards. The estimate in TCLM ranges from 0 to 1 where 1 is an indication of total inequality and 0 a total equality. Given the figures above TCLM is not that bad because in the year 2010 the exact figure was at 0,59 percent. Although an improvement is crucial to completely eradicate inequality in municipality. The SDF is

and 1 is the best. In the case of TCLM in 2010 the value was sitting at 0,54 percent at least above 50



Gini-Co-efficiency

0,40

Percentage

2.3.3

2010

2001

0,00

Years



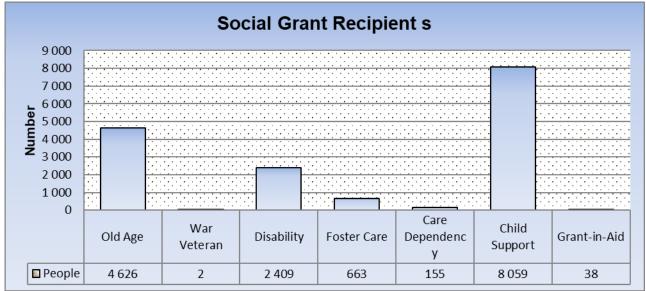


The graph above depicts the trend of unemployment in general in the years 2011, 2016 and 2020. TCLM was sitting at 20,49 percent in the year 2011, whereas in 2016 it was at 24,2 and in 2020 it was recorded at 30,9. The figure above clearly shows that unemployment has been on an increase. In addition to this information the socio-economic profile of the municipality conducted by the Department of the Economic Development and Tourism they indicated that the unemployment rate decreased slightly from 20.3% in 2014 to 19.9% in 2017 clearly from 2017 to 2022 there was a sharp increase. In general unemployment remains high in TCLM and in order to combat this, the LED strategy must be implemented, supported and strengthened.

2.3.5 Number of social grant recipients

The municipality has a high number of persons with prevalence of child support grant, the number stand at about 8000, the other category stand at least 4000 i.e. half of the child grant recipient are the elderly people receiving social grants, persons with disabilities are at least half the size of the old age person receiving grant and the lowest groups are in the category of war veteran, foster care, care dependency and grant aid. The municipality is aware of these challenges and is committed through its municipal departmental unit to eradicate such dependencies. However, TCLM always faces financial challenges to completely absorb the magnitude of all social problems. The transversal unit and other related unit has various programmes aimed at eradicating these dependencies.



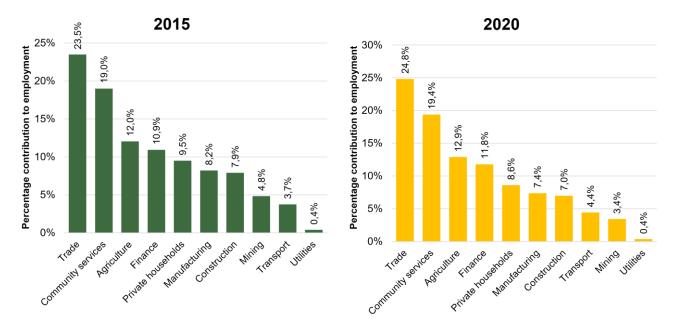


Source: Stats SA 1996, 2001 & 2011

2.3.6 Employment by industry



Figure 10: Employment by Industry



Source: Mpumalanga Department of Economic Development & Tourism, 2021

The Figure 10 presents employment by industry/sector within TCLM. It has been observed that a large number of employment opportunities come from the trade industry, followed by community service and agriculture come through at number three. Finance and private households made it to top five industries that employ residents. Its quiet alarming that the mining sector comes in amongst the least contributing sector considering how people flock into Thaba Chweu with the thought that there area is close to mining houses.

2.3.7 Highest Educational Attainment

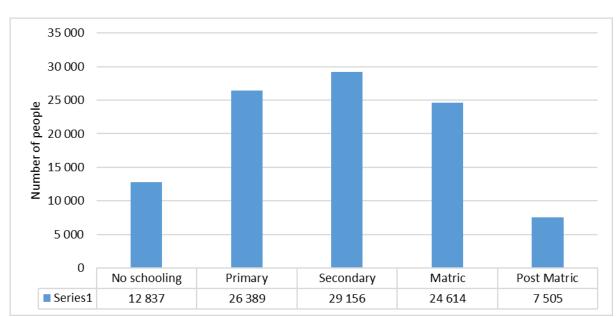
Local municipal area		Grade 12 Pass Rate		Trend	Admission to B degree studies	
	2014	2020	2021	2020-2021	2021	
Steve Tshwete	85.6%	84.7%	82.2%		41.4%	
Thaba Chweu	81.1%	81.9%	80.9%		39.0%	
Emalahleni	81.9%	78.9%	79.6%		34.5%	
Chief Albert Luthuli	80.1%	71.4%	78.0%		35.1%	
Dipaleseng	81.4%	75.3%	76.6%		29.9%	
Lekwa	84.7%	74.8%	75.9%		27.9%	
City of Mbombela	80.5%	75.0%	75.6%		34.1%	
Nkomazi	86.0%	74.1%	75.5%		30.3%	
Govan Mbeki	76.3%	71.9%	73.7%		32.1%	
Bushbuckridge	76.4%	74.0%	73.7%		30.9%	
Thembisile Hani	77.1%	73.7%	71.6%		30.8%	
Msukaligwa	80.6%	76.4%	71.1%		32.6%	
Dr JS Moroka	73.8%	66.0%	66.4%		26.2%	
Mkhondo	70.9%	63.5%	64.3%		29.3%	
Emakhazeni	85.7%	88.0%	63.9%		17.9%	
Dr Pixley Ka Isaka Seme	68.1%	65.9%	59.9%		21.4%	
Victor Khanye	74.6%	62.9%	52.8%		19.7%	

Table 06: Highest Educational Attainment

Source: Mpumalanga Department of Economic Development & Tourism, 2021



Thaba Chweu occupies second place in terms of matric pass rate in the province which is a good thing for the municipality. This indicates that the residents of Thaba Chweu are equipped with the necessary primary knowledge to take the area



2.3.8 Level Of Education

Figure 11: TCLM Level of Education

Source: Mpumalanga Department of Economic Development & Tourism, 2018

The figure above gives a presentation of the level of education of the community of Thaba Chweu Local Municipality and it clearly gives an indication that a considerable amount of people have attempted to attend secondary school however not many made it to complete their matric. It is further evident that from the amount of people who completed matric only 30,5% obtained a post matric qualification. This ultimately indicates that most of the population of Thaba Chweu are unskilled and cannot participate in the skilled job market. This is again evident on the employment by sectors, the highest sector that employs local residents is the trade/commercial/ retail sector due to the level of education of the residents. One of the possible reasons for matriculants not furthering their studies could be a result of the high poverty rate in the area which hinders learners from furthering their studies.

Thaba Chweu, the business sector and government in general must join forces in the quest to improve the literacy level of the residents of Thaba Chweu to ensure that they are able to participate in the market for employment. This can be through intense bursaries in various fields/sectors that are prevalent in the area and further offer extensive learnerships/internships to further give the people work experience.

2.4 Environmental Profile

2.4.1 Nature Reserves



TCLM has nature reserves covering approximately 31823.6ha in extent there is a total of 21 nature reserves, making the area a haven for nature lovers. The following table presents a list of these nature reserves.

Name of Nature Reserve	Туре	Coverage in Hectors
Vertroosting Nature Reserve	Provincial Nature Reserve	32.05
Gustav Klingbiel Nature Reserve	Municipal Nature Reserve	2219.72
Tweefontein	Primary Conservation Area	515.88
Buffelskloof Private NR	Private Nature Reserve	1457.38
Sterkspruit Nature Reserve	Provincial Nature Reserve	2337.49
Sterkspruit Nature Reserve	Private Nature Reserve	825.27
Mount Anderson Catchment NR	Private Nature Reserve	1577.4
Mount Anderson Catchment NR	Private Nature Reserve	1154.6
Morgenzon	Primary conservation area	2215.67
Morgenzon	Primary conservation area	1836.78
Flora Nature Reserve	DWAF Nature Reserve	63.71
Makobulaan Nature Reserve	DWAF Nature Reserve	1082.51
Hartebeesvlakte	Primary Conservation Area	157.06
Mt Anderson Properties	Conservation Area	1284.59
Mount Anderson Catchment NR	Private Nature Reserve	2355.46
Hartebeesvlakte	Primary Conservation Area	1779.75
Hartebeesvlakte	Primary Conservation Area	31.72
Mount Anderson Catchment NR	Private Nature Reserve	337.69
Mount Anderson Catchment NR	Private Nature Reserve	244.32
Ohrigstad Dam NR	Provincial Nature Reserve	2507.23
Mount Anderson Catchment NR	Private Nature Reserve	7807.31
Total		31823.6

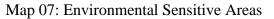
Table 07: List of Na	ature Reserves
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Source: TCLM, SDF 2015

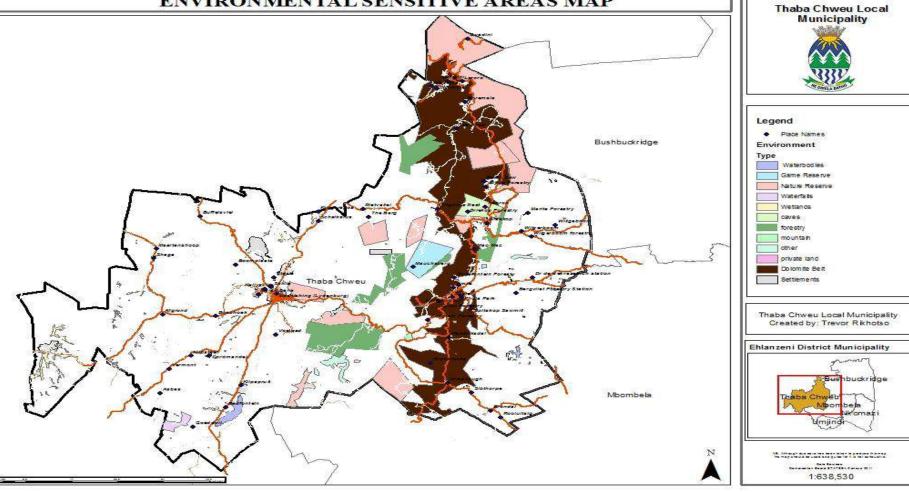
There are other nature reserves which formed part of TCLM recently namely: Blyde Canyon Nature Reserve. The municipality was approached by Mpumalanga Tourism Parks and Agency for an intention to develop some of the nature reserves. Due to the fact that we are a tourism municipality those proposals have been supported provided that they are not in conflict with our policies and other provincial and national policy frameworks. The municipality has in this current IDP identified LED and tourism as one of its objectives to drive growth in the municipality.

2.4.2 Nature Reserve and Environmental Sensitive Areas

TCLM is well known for its tourism attraction. There are a number of nature reserves in the area, most of these areas are sensitive and not developable or need to be treated with caution. Due to lack of capacity and knowing the obligations the Municipality in addressing environmental issues, The municipality forms part of a number of forums and committees which are developed to look into the issues faced by our environment (i.e Provincial Climate Change Forum, Provincial Waste Management officers Forum etc). The map below presents all areas ear-marked as sensitive areas. See Map 07 on the following page







Source: TCLM, GIS unit 2013



2.4.3 Natural Heritage/Archaeological/Historical

Archaeological resources within TCLM are listed in the table below:

Description	
Mulford Paintings Stone Age	
Belvedere Paintings	
Boesmanskloof Paintings Stone Age	
4 New Chum III Paintings Stone Age	
New Chum II Paintings Stone Age	
5 Ledophine Paintings Stone Age	
7 New Chum I Paintings Stone Age	
Clear Stream Pinnacle Stone Age	
9 Clear Stream Huts, I, II, Paintings Stone Age	
10 London Paintings Stone Age	
11 Water valspruit Paintings Stone Age	

 Table 08: Archaeological Resources in TCLM

Source: TCLM, SDF 2015

It is important to take note that these heritage sites are maintained through a maintenance plan developed by the municipality. The municipality will soon have an additions to the archaeological sites/ heritage site in the name the Boomplaas Rock arts, there are step which still need to be completed to declare it as a heritage site by the department however the processes are in an advanced stage.

2.4.4 Environmental Management & Compliance

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality implements a number of environmental activities in the quest of taking care of the environment we live in. The activities are as follows:

2.4.4.1 Air quality management

- a) Reduce impact of air pollution through compliance Inspections
- b) Atmospheric emission licences (AELs) application with the District Municipality EDM

2.4.4.2 Climate Change

- a) Reduce impact of Climate Change through development of Climate Change Response and Adaptation Strategy (CCRAS) currently using the provincial strategy
- b) Active participation in all forums (National, Provincial, and District)

2.4.4.3 Compliance and Enforcement



- a) Environmental Management Inspector (Green Scorpion) functions and powers
- b) To create a clean, healthy and safe sustainable environment through legislative and by-law enforcement.

2.4.4.4. Environmental Management Governance

a) Stakeholder engagement and active participation in all relevant group meetings and forums

Active TCLM Participation	Seating's
District Environmental Management Forum	Quarterly
Provincial Waste Management officers Forum	Quarterly
Provincial Climate Change Forum	Quarterly

2.4.4.5 Environmental Impact Assessment and Land use

- a) Environmental Impact Assessment documents review and commenting.
- b) Land use applications documents review and comments

2.4.4.6 Environmental Education and Awareness

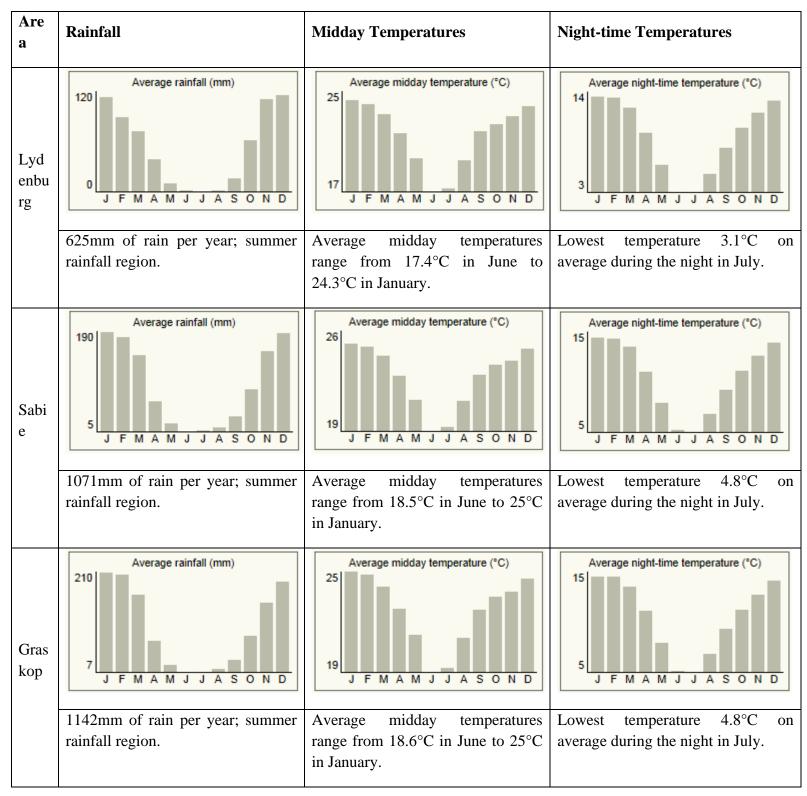
- a) Conduct community Awareness and school base environmental issues
- b) Conduct clean-up campaigns (Community and Illegal Dumping Hotspots)
- c) Active Participation in the Greenest Municipality Competition

2.4.5 Climate Patterns

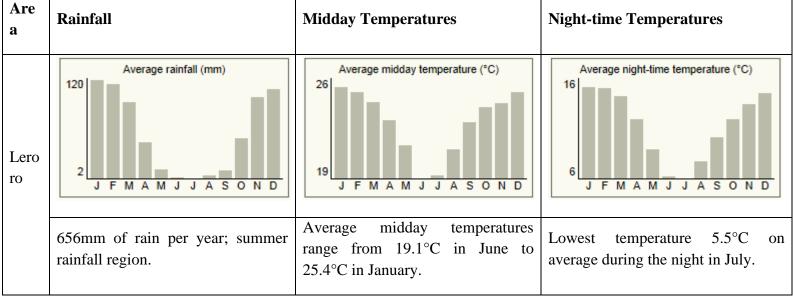
Table 9: Climate patterns

Are a	Rainfall	Midday Temperatures	Night-time Temperatures









Source: TCLM SDF, 2015

Lydenburg and Leroro have the least rainfall, and Lydenburg also has the lowest temperatures. Sabie and Graskop are in a region with higher temperatures, and significantly higher rainfall. These local differences in climate contribute to the unique vegetation character of each area, which is part of the region's unique character and natural attraction.

2.5 State of the Municipality

2.5.1 Planning and Development analysis

This section presents the spatial analysis guided by the Spatial Development Framework (SDF) adopted in 2015, which gives a holistic guidance for current, future and development growth of the entire Municipality. This section attempts to give a clear spatial status quo regarding current developments as well as guidance on the direction of development giving much attention on the four towns namely; Mashishing (Lydenburg), Sabie and Graskop and the Northern Areas (Matibidi, Leroro & Moremela). Furthermore, this SDF is supplemented by a Spatial Planning and Land Use Management By-law also adopted by council which regulate development in terms of various land uses.

a. Status Quo of development and envisaged development

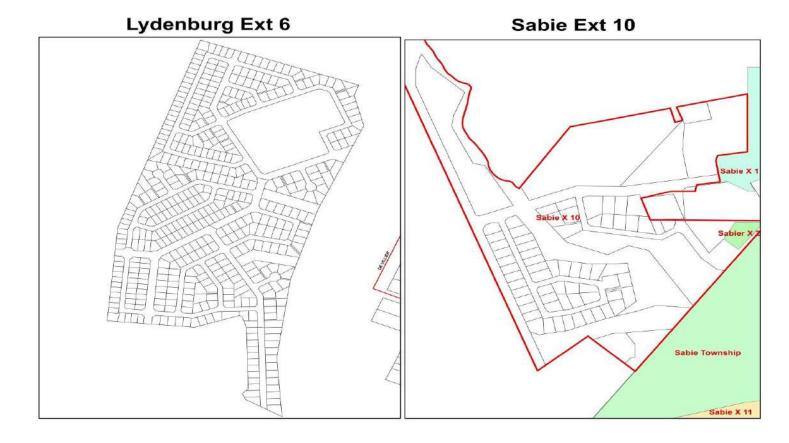
The status of development has been at halt for the past 5 years, where developments cannot be approved **due to insufficient infrastructure capacity (Water, Sewer, and Electricity).** This places the Technical Services department at a very critical role in terms of basic services provision of erven or integrated human settlement, where implementation of infrastructure projects should be aligned to the direction of development as stipulated on the SDF. Currently the municipality is struggling to deliver new townships due to unsuccessful townships agreements and bulk connections, for example Sabie Extension 10 and Lydenburg 6 where it has been developed and later vandalized by the Community (Map 03). However, a step in the right



direction has started where council took a decision to build low-cost housing in Sabie extension 10 and the project has commenced from the financial year 2016/17 and was completed around 2017/18 financial year. Refurbishment of service infrastructure still needs to be explored for the newly approved townships within entire municipality and especially Lydenburg Ext 6, as the area carries a lot of potential to provide residential stands to the people of Mashishing and for the municipality to gain through revenue collection once the area has been revived and restored.

Lydenburg Extension 6 has been one area or parcel of land that has a land availability agreement with MEGA and has restricted the municipality from benefiting as outlined above i.e. service infrastructure vandalised and provision of land for the residents of Thaba Chweu. In the coming cycle of the IDP, Council should ensure to service the area as well as to dissolve the land availability agreement to ensure that the land is utilised to serve the people of Thaba Chweu.

Map 03: MEGA Projects

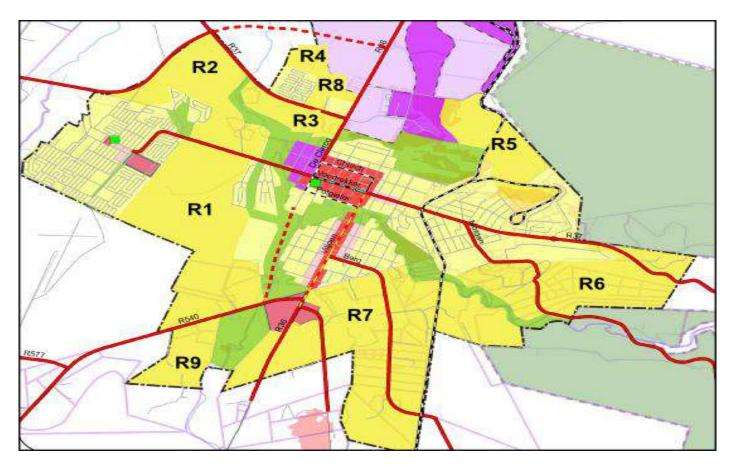


Future Developments and Direction of Development

The maps to follow outline how the Thaba Chweu Spatial Development Framework directs development of even node/service centre in Thaba Chweu.



The map below shows future development in the Mashishing/Lydenburg development areas. Thaba Chweu through the help of Human settlement has managed to conduct or implement all the necessary activities in support of the outline of development in the SDF. It can be reported that the following residential extensions have been achieved R1 and R2, these areas have undergone all the town planning processes and they are at an advance stage to be proclaimed. The municipality still seeks sector departments to assist in assigning funds to service these areas on behalf of the municipality as the municipality's financial position hasn't been at its best to implement capital projects. In the quest to support compact development, land owners within the urban edge will continuously be monitored to ensure that infill development is encouraged.



Map 04: Lydenburg/Mashishing Future Development Area



The map above shows the direction in terms of the future development, however infrastructure is a hindrance since there is not enough bulk to service the proposed areas. Technical services is currently busy with Master plans that will unlock development and ensure that bulk services and constant maintenance is conducted to deliver sustainable services.

Non availability of bulk is an immense effect on our revenue collection since we cannot charge the bulk services amount where we do not have capacity and these affect the Municipal revenue to expand or even conduct proper maintenance to services.

Below is a table with estimates on the number of households envisaged from developing the areas indicated on the map above for easy planning and budgeting for services, it should be noted that the land for the roads has been taken into consideration. Again it must be noted that the township establishment processes have been concluded on R1 & R2 and development will further be encouraged in the remaining areas and once again installation of services and bulk infrastructure will be essential in these areas.

Lydenburg / Mashishing Land Use		Household Estimates		
Land Use Category	Land Area (ha)	Developable Land Area	Average Density	Number of Units
High Intensity Mixed Use	91,94			
Low Intensity Mixed Use	37,59			
New Mixed Use	52,23			
Predominately Residential (existing)	1049,10			
Residential Extensions (new): Total	1959,64	1371,75		28540
Area R1	420,91	294,64	30u/ha	8839
Area R2	214,44	150,11	30u/ha	4503
Area R3	71,35	49,94	30u/ha	1498
Area R4	26,29	18,40	30u/ha	552
Area R5	160,14	112,10	15u/ha	1681
Area R6	298,29	208,80	15u/ha	3132
Area R7	649,59	454,71	15u/ha	6821
Area R8	25,43	17,80	30u/ha	534
Area R9	93,21	65,25	15u/ha	979
Major Open Space	467,80			
Industrial (existing)	263,34			
Industrial Extensions (new)	508,92			
Lydenburg / Mashishing: Total	4430,55			

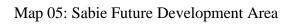
 Table 10: Envisaged Housing Development Units

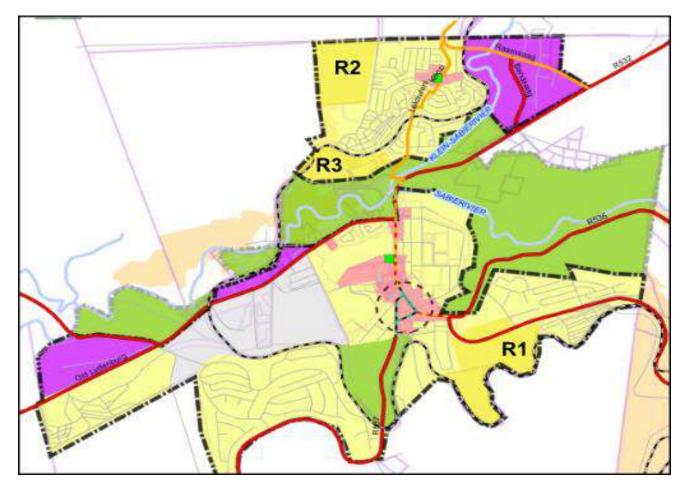
Mashishing/Lydenburg is the area that has the highest number of informal settlements, mainly due to none or minimal development of serviced land for people to buy and build houses. Many



of the socio- economic studies conducted on these informal settlements show that the community is willing to buy sites, hence many of them resorts to either illegally occupying of the very same areas identified for future development or 'buying' from those who claim to have the powers to sell the stands.

The Municipality is in a process of selling stands in Mashishing, Sabie and Graskop to try and curb the illegal occupying of Municipal properties, this will also allow the Municipality to collect revenue for future developments and maintenance of current infrastructure. The process has since been started in Sabie, and the response to those who qualify according to the criteria set by council prior to the advert circulating has been positive. The municipality is further go







The Map above shows the direction of the future development in Sabie, after riots early in 2016, the municipality embarked on implementation of some of the formalisation, currently **R3 and R1** is being developed where Thaba Chweu and Mpumalanga Department of Human Settlements are funding the two processes respectively.

For **R1**, township establishment is underway to ensure integrated human settlement and also to formalize the informal settlement opposite Harmony Hill (known as Polar Park).

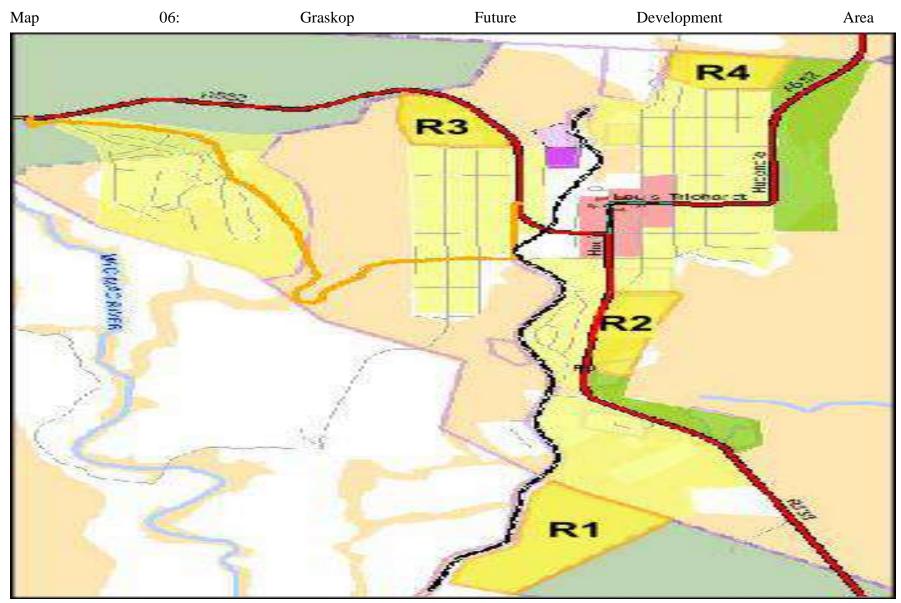
For **R3**, formalization of Simile informal settlement (Area 3, 4 and 5) to be followed by electrification of the area. This will eradicate the loss of revenue where people are using services for free or illegal.

Below is the table interpreting the map above on the future developments.

Sabie / Simile Land Use Budget			Household Estimates				
Land Use Category	Land Area (ha)		evelopable and Area	Average Density	Number of Units		
Mixed Use	41,62						
Predominately							
Residential (existing)	523,11						
Residential Extensions							
(new): Total	98,43	6	8,90		1563		
Area R1	48,04	3	3,63	15u/ha	504		
Area R2	31,53	2	2,07	30u/ha	662		
Area R3	18,86	1	3,20	30u/ha	396		
Major Open Space	376,67						
Undetermined	132,73						
Industrial	112,90						
Sabie / Simile: Total	1285,46						

Table 11: Envisaged Housing Development Units (Sabie)

Graskop Future Development Area



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Thaba Chweu Local Municipality



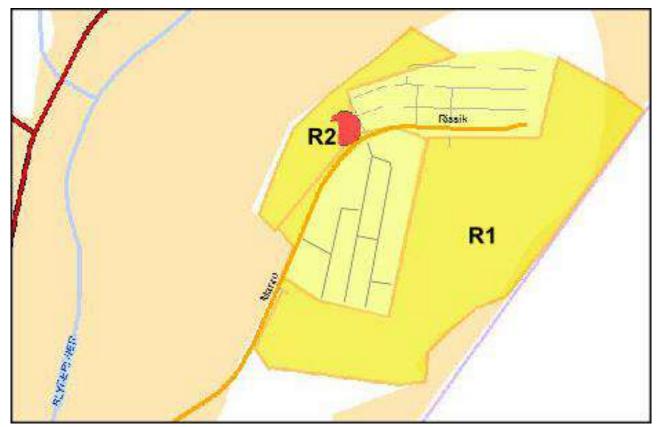
Below is the table interpreting the map above on the future developments.

Graskop Land Use Budge	Household Es	Household Estimates					
Land Use Category	Land Area (ha)	Developable Land Area	Average Density	Number of Units			
Mixed Use	14,56						
Predominately Residential (existing)	228,78						
Residential Extensions (new): Total	57,78	40,44		1010			
Area R1	26,93	18,85	30 u/ha	565			
Area R2	11,49	8,04	30 u/ha	241			
Area R3	10,36	7,25	15 u/ha	109			
Area R4	9,00	6,30	15 u/ha	95			
Major Open Space	39,23						
Industrial (existing)	1,79						
Industrial Extension (new)	1,78						
Graskop: Total	345,22						

 Table 12: Envisaged Housing Development Units (Graskop)

Pilgrims Rest

Map 07: Pilgrim's Rest Future Development Area





Below is the table interpreting the map above on the future developments.

Pilgrim's Rest Land Us	Pilgrim's Rest Land Use Budget			Household Estimates				
	Land Are	ea	Developable	Average	Number			
Land Use Category	(ha)		Land Area	Density	of Units			
Pelgrims Rest Total	74,93							
Historic CBD	9,69							
Museum Town	29,41							
Predominately								
Residential (existing)	21,63							
Residential Extensions			13,16		293			
(new): Total	18,80							
Area R1	11,73		8,21	30 u/ha	246			
Area R2	2,23		1,56	30 u/ha	47			

 Table 13: Envisaged Housing Development Units (Pilgrim's Rest)

For Pilgrim's rest it's imperative to note that for geological reasons it is important to do a socio economic study to find out whether it's feasible to relocate the community to a safer area. To continue developing the area will be expensive since it will need different engineering services and foundations, because there's existing structures it will also be more difficult to plan the area and the area is highly dolomitic which reflects on the safety of the people.

Northern Areas

Below is the table interpreting the map above on the future developments.

Map 08: Northern Areas Future Development Area





Moremela, Leroro, Matibidi I	Households E	Households Estimates			
Land Use Category	Land Area (ha)	Developable Land Area	Average Density	Number of Units	
Mixed Use	115,50				
Predominately Residential (existing)	1420,60				
Residential Extensions (new): Total	97,56	68,29		1366	
Area R1	14,56	10,19	20 u/ha	204	
Area R2	25,48	17,84	20 u/ha	357	
Area R3	57,52	40,27	20 u/ha	805	
Major Open Space	81,47				
Moremela, Leroro, Matibidi: Total	1742,56				

Table 14: Envisaged Housing Development Units (Northern Areas)

The technical department must consider Infrastructure Investment aimed at realization of the future development planned from Lydenburg, Sabie, Graskop, Pilgrims Rest and Northern Areas (Matibidi, Leroro and Moremela) as proposed on the SDF.

Infrastructure Demands to meet the proposed developments are summarised in tables below

The basic services will be set out per town as per the proposed developments, again technical services will play a vital role to ensure that we achieve our objective.

Lydenburg / Mashishin	Lydenburg / Mashishing							
Area	Land Area (ha)	Number of Units	Average Density	Water Demand (l/d)	Sanitation Flow (l/d)			
New Mixed Use	313351,4			141008146				
Residential Extensions (new)	1371,75	28540		17123767	14269806			
Area R1	294,64	8839	30u/ha	5303439	4419532			
Area R2	150,11	4503	30u/ha	2701973	2251644			
Area R3	49,94	1498	30u/ha	898950	749125			
Area R4	18,40	552	30u/ha	331257	276047			
Area R5	112,10	1681	15u/ha	1008876	840730			
Area R6	208,80	3132	15u/ha	1879226	1566022			
Area R7	454,71	6821	15u/ha	4092427	3410356			
Area R8	17,80	534	30u/ha	320396	266996			
Area R9	65,25	979	15u/ha	587224	489353			

Table 15: Estimated Water Demand for Housing Development in Lydenburg



Sabie/Simile					
	Land Area	Number	Average	Water	Sanitation
Area	(ha)	of Units	Density	Demand (l/d)	Flow (l/d)
Residential Extensions					
(new)	111,73	1456		937445	781204
Area R1	33,63	504	15 u/ha	302628	252190
Area R2	31,53	662	30u/ha	397200	331000
Area R3	13,20	396	30u/ha	237617	198014

Table 16: Estimated Water and Sanitation Demand for Housing Development in Sabie/Simile Sabie/Simile

Table 17: Estimated Water Demand for Housing Development in Graskop

Graskop					
	Land Area	Number	Average	Water	Sanitation
Area	(ha)	of Units	Density	Demand (l/d)	Flow (l/d)
Residential Extensions					
(new)	40,44	1010		606019	505016
Area R1	18,85	565	30u/ha	339290	282741
Area R2	8,04	241	30u/ha	144758	120631
Area R3	7,25	109	15u/ha	65260	54383
Area R4	6,30	95	15u/ha	56712	47260

 Table 1: Graskop: Water and Sanitation Demand

Table 10. Detimated W	Voten Demond for	Hausing Develo	menant in Dilaminula Daat
Table 18: Estimated w	valer Demand for	Housing Develo	pment in Pilgrim's Rest

Pilgrim's Rest							
Area	Land Area (ha)	Number of Units	Average Density	Water Demand (l/d)	Sanitation Flow (l/d)		
Residential Extensions (new)	13,16	293		175947,16	146623		
Area R1	8,21	246	30u/ha	147811	123176		
Area R2	1,56	47	30u/ha	28136	23446		

Table 2: Pilgrim's Rest: Water and Sanitation Demand

Table 19: Estimated Water Demand for Housing Development in Northern Areas

Moremela, Leroro, Matibidi						
Area	Land Area (ha)	Number of Units	Average Density	Water Demand (l/d)	Sanitation Flow (l/d)	
Residential Extensions (new)	68,29	1366		819533	682944	

_					-233 V.
Area R1	10,19	204	20 u/ha	122272	101893
Area R2	17,84	357	20 u/ha	214063	178385
Area R3	40,27	805	20 u/ha	483198	402665

Moremela, Leroro, Matibidi: Water and Sanitation Demand

All the tables outline what Technical Services should strive to address and also ensure that their project planning must directly be informed by the requirements set above particularly key basic services which include bulk water, sanitation, electricity and expansion of roads to support traffic flows.

Current Projects

- Township Establishments
 - Through the provincial Department of Human Settlements, Thaba Chweu is currently busy with *Township establishment and Formalization of the Farm Grootfontein (Polar Park informal settlement)* however there were challenges with acquiring a portion of land owned by York timbers. The department facilitated the land acquisition with the assistance of CAPSTAN and it was finalised and as it stands the portion of land has been purchased. With some unforeseen financial and administrative challenges faced by the department. The process was halted for sometime and its only in the 2021/22 FY that the process was fully active with pegging of sites for the surveyor General diagram to get approved. Regular progress meetings are held to ensure that the process is finalised timeously.
- Formalization in Sabie
 - Service provider was appointed in 2016 for 400 units and studies which need to be conducted as part of the township establishment are underway and an application (rezoning, street closure, park closure and subdivision) was approved by council. An approved SG diagram was issued by the surveyor general. There is a challenge with the number households in the area which is about 1000; however York Timbers is in the process of assisting with the outstanding amount to finish the project. Whilst waiting for York to assist, TCLM appointed a service provider for Area 3 and 4 and the application was submitted and deliberated in the Municipal Planning Tribunal (MPT) and it will be finalised.
- Pilgrim's Rest (Newtown) township establishment/formalization
 - Service provider was appointed to conduct all the necessary study to conclude on the level of development to be brought into the pilgrim's Rest precinct. A socioeconomic study was conducted on the area and it was discovered that the occupants of the area are willing to relocate as the area is dolomitic and not suitable for habitation. The process of land acquisition has commenced and the department of Human Settlement is overseeing the process on the arears that have been.



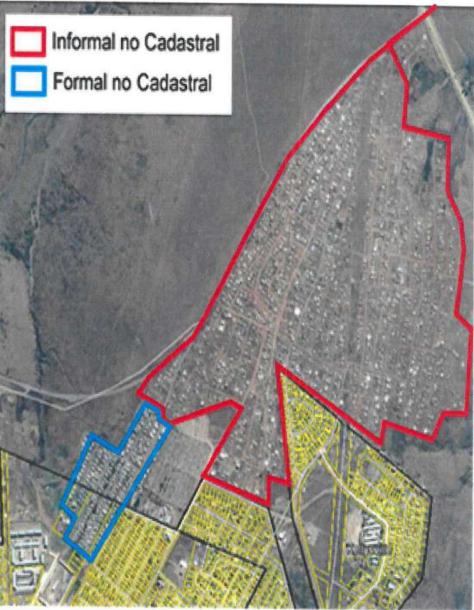
- Leroro Township correction
 - This project (Leroro township establishment) is semi complete and has been prioritised for correction and completion in the future years. The correction relates to the services rendered which overrides the layout plan which was never concluded.
- Mashishing Formalisation
 - Formalisation of Mashishing Informal Settlements mainly Manjenje, Marikana, Nkandla managed to be prioritised by the Department of Human Settlements and the formalisation/township Establishment processes are well underway the informal settlements mentioned above after final approval will be recognised as Mashishing Extension 9 (Manjenje and Marikana), Mashishing Extension 10 (Riverside Informal Settlement) and Lydenburg Extension 110 (Nkandla Informal Settlement). All these are underway and will be completed in due course.
 - This project is funded in partnership with the provincial Department Human Settlement. Which has since started to formalise Marikana and Manjenje Informal settlements and the process is unfolding properly. Socio Economic studies have been conducted in the areas and the land development applications have also been submitted to TCLM and have since been approved. The only outstanding activities which need to be concluded in this process are obtaining the relevant environmental authorisation, pegging and obtaining the general plan from the surveyor general.

The most important thing that the municipality together with the relevant sister departments have to ensure its set up is to obtain funding for the installation of services. The municipality must strengthen its relationship with the private sector to ensure that both sectors collaborate to supply the relevant services to impact positively to the economy and outlook of the municipality.

Map 09: Informal Settlement in Lydenburg



Mashishing/Kellysville No cadastral & an existing informal settlement







The focus area's work under this commission can be classified into three categories for easy presentation and understanding of the magnitude of civil engineering work that must be done, namely:- a) **Backlog** (areas without infrastructure in townships and rural areas), b) **Maintenance** (Managing existing infrastructure), c) **New Infrastructure** (To support the SDF for future growth and development demand). Given the scenario our analysis and proposed recommendations will be guided by the three categories.

a. <u>Roads Analysis (Priority Roads and Streets)</u>

Take note that TCLM have a draft maintenance plan which once approved by council will replace this analysis and inform project planning moving forward. However this analysis still applies pending the approval. The said maintenance plan which is under development will include a comprehensive analysis of all road networks in the municipality. This assessment includes roads outside the municipal functions and jurisdiction i.e provincial, national and SANRAL.

a. The tables below summarises facts and figures on roads where investment is required.

Municipal Competency

Lydenburg (Also see Map on the next page/s)

New Roads/street					
Mashishing	Indian Centre				
Township	Ext 06	Lyden	ourg T	own	Total (All)
992m (refer to the	952m (refer to				
map)	the map)	154m	154		
375m (refer to the	1080m (refer to				
map)	the map)	193m	193	part of joubert st	
336m (refer to the					
map)		502m	502	river st	
406m (refer to the					
map)		117m	117	brug st	
654m (refer to the					
map)					
636m (refer to the					
map)					
429m (refer to the					
map)					
Lydenburg Ext 108,					
109 and 110 (+-7km)					
10.828km	2.032km	966m			13.672km

Table 20: Road Condition Analysis in Lydenburg (Areas in need of new roads)

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17 (Revised 2022)



Table 21: Road Condition Analysis in Lydenburg (Areas in need of refurbishment)

Refurbishment				
				Total
Lydenburg Town		Indian Centre	e Ext 06	(All)
Breytenbach st	564m	First (1st) st	793m	
Joubert st	445m	Fith (5th) st	920m	
Burhmann st	1.8km			
Kerk st	1.3km			
Kriel St	684m			
Brown Street	720m			
Greyling St	181m			
Preller St	596m			
Lange st	985m			
Kantoor st	1.2km			
Viljoen st (Part 1)	565m			
Eufees st	565m			
Lydenburg st	1.3km			
Barac st	392m			
Schurink st	350m			
Kuit st	350m			
Rosouw st	800m			
Ruiter st	150m			
Beetge st	380m			
* Between Beetge & Rabie st*	173m			
Morgan st	490m			
Goodman st	460m			
* Voortrekker st between Spa O				
rama store & Nedbank*	80m			
Chris Lombard st	310m			
Lombard st	758m			
Schoeman st	758m			
Viljoen st (Part 2)	909m			
Marais st	744m			
Noord st	467m			
Goud st	1.2km			
Berg st	1.3km			
Total	18.914km	Total	1713	20.627km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17(Revised 2022)

Table 22: Road Condition Analysis in Lydenburg (Areas in need of road re-construction)

Re-construction					
Mashishing Township	Lydenburg Town		Total (All)		
Voortrekker st (Mashishing					
Road/Mohlala Road)	2.04km	De Clerq st	500m		
Ext 06 (Part 2)	344m	De Villiers st	522m		

Total

3.331km **Total** 1022km 4.753km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17(Revised 2022)

Table 23: Road Condition Analysis in Lydenburg (Areas in need of pothole patching)

Patching of Potholes				
Mashsishing Township		Lydenburg Town		Total (All)
Mashsishing*Voortrekker st*	900m	Jansen st	877m	
Kelly's Ville	1km	De Beer st	563m	
		Johannes Coetzee st	563m	
		Fouries st	618m	
		*Above Finsberry		
		st*	230m	
Total	1.9km	Total	2.851km	4.751km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Sabie (Also see Map on the next page/s)

Table 24: Road Condition Analysis in Sabie (Areas in need of refurbishment)

Refurbishment				
Sabie Town		Simile		Total (All)
Milkwood st	1.6km	Mhlanga st	375m	
Firewood st	414m	Lekhuleni st	621m	
Acasia st	382m	Ngqungqulu st	494m	
Maliveld st	126m	Matsane st	111m	
Simons st	126m	Fakudze st	236m	
street below Maliveld st	126m			
Total	2.774km		1.837km	4.611km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Table 25: Road Condition Analysis in Sabie (Areas in need of new roads)

New Roads/street				
				Total
Simile		Harmony Hill		(All)
Simile (<i>refer to the map</i>)	1.02km	Harmony Hill (refer to the map)	573m	
	1.02k		573	
Total	m	Total	m	1.593km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Table 26: Road Condition Analysis in Sabie (Areas in need of pothole patching)

Patching of Potholes						
Harmony Hill	l	Sabie Town		Simile		Total (All)
				Hlokohloko		
Nelson st	685m	Lea st	797m	st	114m	

Nolens st	406m	Kerk Ave	386m		
Patric Cres st	460m	Maliveld st	392m		
		Third (3rd) Ave	197m		
		Fisrt (1st) Ave	120m		
		Potgietr st	195m		
		Fourth (4th) st	104m		
		Second (2nd)	106m		
		Nelson st	396m		
		Dwars st	70m		
		Andrew st	431m		
		Old Lydenburg rd	7.8km		
		Mopani St	420m		
		Knoppiedoring St	440m		
		Power St			
		Simmons St	320m		
		Firewood St	340m		
	1.551k				
Total	m	Total	12.764km	114m	12.764km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17(Revised consultations 2022)

Table 27: Road Condition Analysis in Sabie (Areas in need of road re-construction)

Re-construction		
Sabie Town		
Second (2nd) st	245m	Total (All)
Source: TCIM Technical Report 2016/17		

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Graskop (Also see Map on the next page/s)

Table 28: Road Condition Analysis in Graskop (Areas in need of road refurbishment)

Refurbishment				
Graskop Town		Graskop Ext 05		Total (All)
Loustrichard Ave	454m	Bookombloom st	195m	
Richardson Ave	525m	Rockyrapid st	415m	
Bloedriver Ave	115m			
Paul Kruger Ave	442m			
Voortrekker st	442m			
Vermeulen Ave	425m			
Kerk st	1040m			
Oorwinning st	1080m			
Total	4.523km	Total	610m	5.133km

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Table 29: Road Condition Analysis in Graskop (Areas in need of new roads)

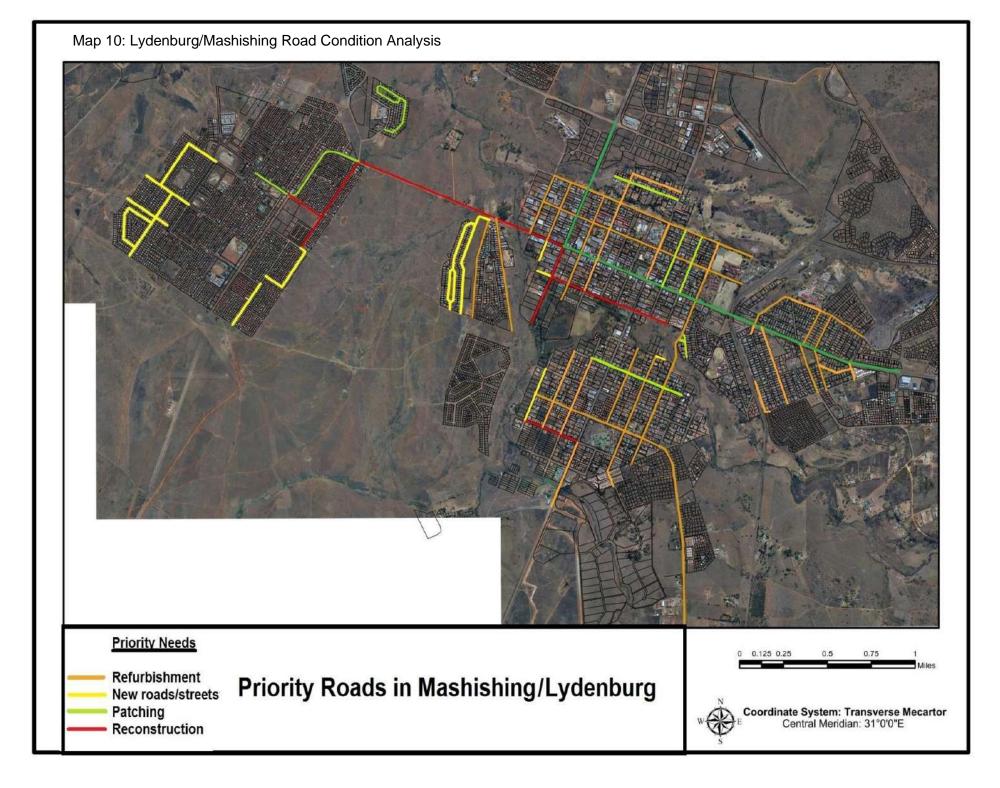
New Roads/street				
Graskop Town		Ext 05		Total (All)
De Lange st	600m	Ext 05 (refer to map)	1.233km	

				20
Voortrekker st	222m			
Kerk st	127m			
Bloedriver Ave	113m			
Oorwinning st	190m			
President st	150m			
Settlers Ave	233m			
Total	1.635km	1	l.233km	2.868km

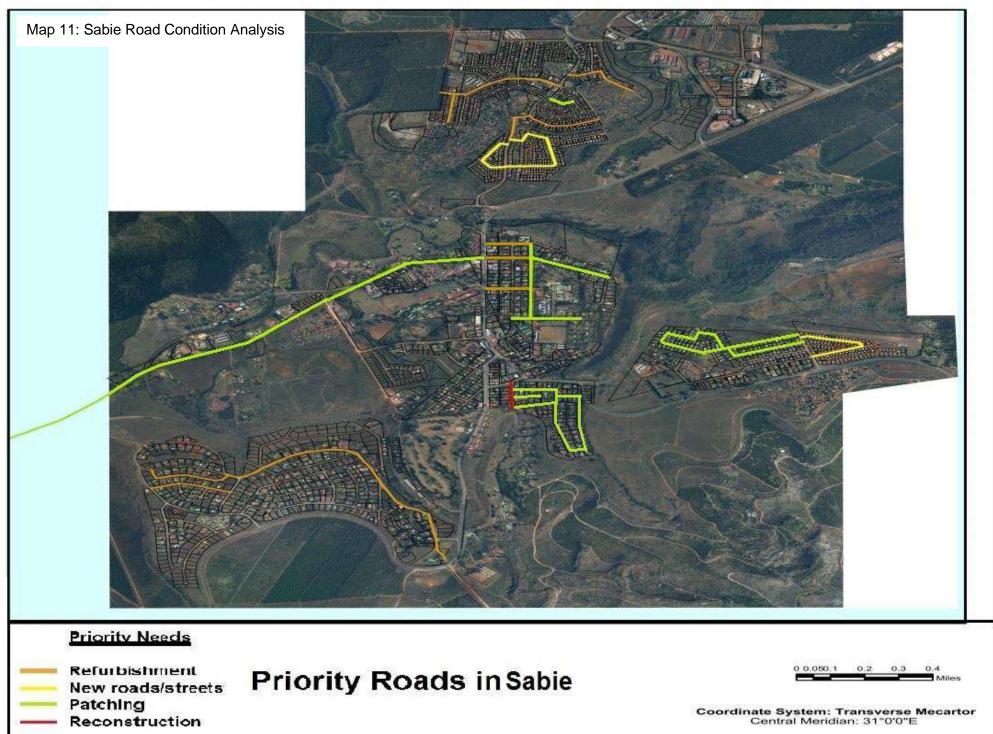
Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Table 30: Road Condition Analysis in Graskop (Areas in need of road re-construction)

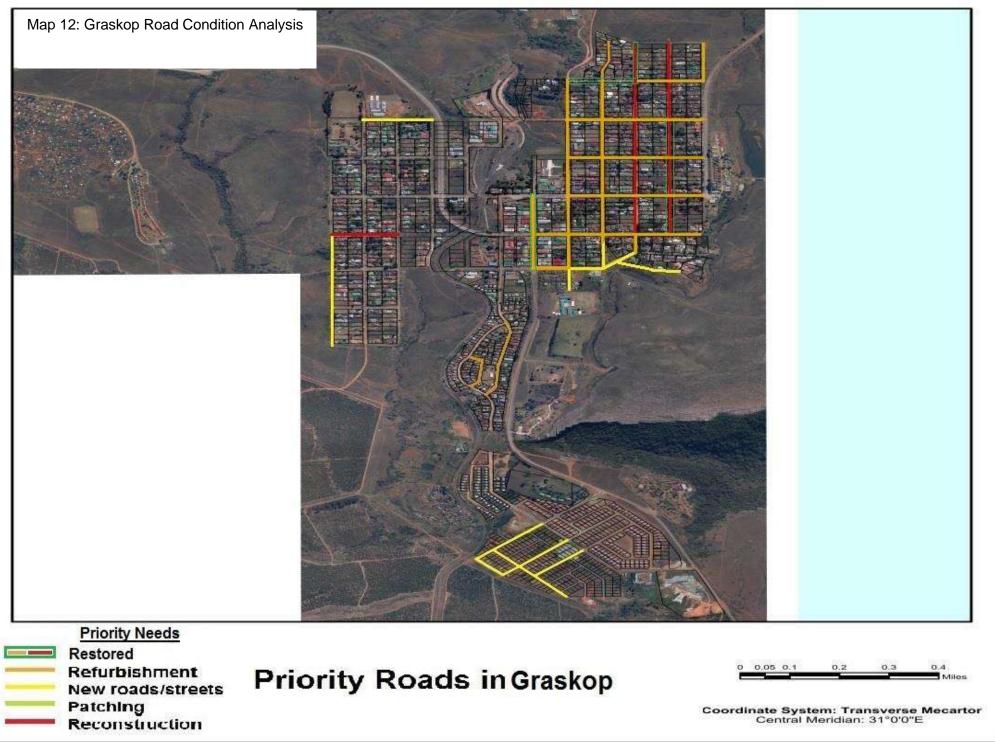
Re-construction		
Graskop Town		Total (All)
President st	946m	
Leibenitz st	422m	
Richardsson st	216m	
Cnr Jan Van Rensburg and Kleridon		
St	600m	
Rocky Rapid St (Ext 5)	405m	
Willow St	70m	
Total	2.659km	2.659km
Source: TCLM Technical Report	rt 2016/17 (Revised	d 2022 Consultations)



SABIE ROADS STATUS MAP



GRASKOP ROADS STATUS MAP





b. Roads and Street Signage (Street Names, Road Marking, Traffic Signs)

There are no road marking in all roads and streets and this must be done while the roads are refurbished. The street names are dilapidated in all streets in all the town's roads and streets and must maintained.

Provincial & National Competency

The following economic routes are at critical stage for refurbishment in our municipality and are in need of urgent attention in order to revive the economy of our main towns whose economy depends largely on tourism.

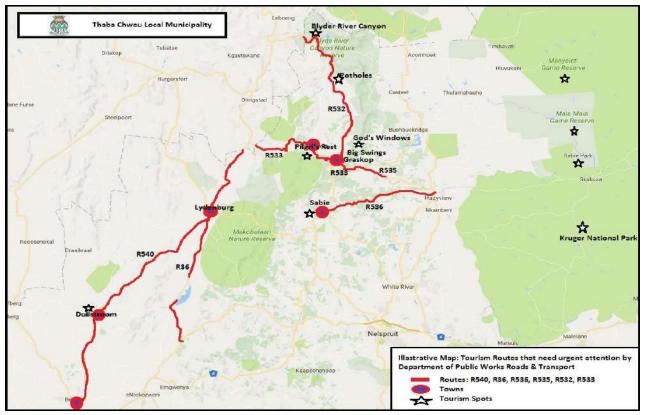
Routes	Affected Towns & Tourism Spots	Ward/s affected
R540	Belfast, Dullstroom, Lydenburg	01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 12,14
R36	Lydenburg, Pilgrim's Rest	04,05
R533	Pilgrim's Rest, Graskop,	13,10
R532	God's Window, Potholes, Byder River Canyon	10, 08, 09
R535	Kruger Park, Kruger National Park, Hazyview	10
R536	Sabie, Hazyview, Kruger Park, Kruger National Park	07

Table 31: Provincial and National Route Condition Analysis

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

The Map below illustrate the situation which could described as economic lockdown

Map 13: Provincial and National Route Condition Analysis



Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17



C. ELECTRICITY

(a) Capacity Upgrade

The municipality has in this financial year funded the development of a comprehensive maintenance plan which should take precedent over prioritisation of key maintenance programme in the municipality, once approved by council it will then inform all priority project planning. Currently this analysis applies for current and future planning. The analysis concluded that an additional electricity source should be constructed and that exercise was completed when the Duma Substation was constructed and its operating fully, the municipality has since ensured that a maintenance budget.

(b) <u>Backlog</u>

Note that the electrification in most of the farm community is done by Eskom and this backlog will dramatically be reduced in the next few years. (Refer to the Annexure: Stakeholders projects)

	Table 55. Electricity Dacking in Thomy Areas						
Ward No.	Type of service required	Total Number ofHH&Businessesinneed of service	Type of infrastructure (3-5 years)	Priority Areas			
04	Electrification of households	573	New built (access to electricity)	Belskop,Langdraai,Doornhoek,Goedehoop,Coromandel,Bultkop,Uitwakfontein.			
05	Electrification of households	921	New built (access to electricity)	Draaikraal, kiwi, Rooikrans and Bosfontein.			
06 & 07	Electrification of households	520	New built (access to electricity)	Sabie			
08	Electrification of households	64	New built (access to electricity)	Matibidi			
09	Electrification of households	89	New built (access to electricity)	Leroro, Moremela			
10	Electrification of households	22	New built (access to electricity)	Graskop, Graskop Ext 5, Glory Hill.			
11	Electrification of households	539	New built (access to electricity)	Kagcagca, KaBenni, Roseugh.			
13	Electrification of households	516	New built (access to electricity)	PilgrimsNewtown,Darksgully,Carmine,Brownshill,Ohrigstad dam,Spekboom,Boomplaas,Buffelsvlei.			

 Table 33: Electricity Backlog in Priority Areas

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality

			A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OFTA CONTRACTOR O
	Total	3244	
a	TOTION 1 1 1		

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

There are backlogs also in the newly formalised informal settlements in Mashishing and sabie which need to be catered for in this new cycle of the IDP to ensure that the percentage of distribution losses is reduced drastically.

(c) Maintenance

Ward No	Type of service required	TotalNumberofHH & Businessesinneed of service	Assets in need of maintenance	Priority Areas
01, 02 & 03	Preventative Maintenance	All households	Switchgears, Transformers, Streetlights, High Mast Lights and Overhead lines (LV&MV)	Mashishing
06 & 07	Preventative Maintenance	All households	Switchgears, Transformers, Streetlights, High Mast Lights and Overhead lines (LV&MV)	Sabie, Simile and Harmony hill
10	Preventative Maintenance	All households	Switchgears, Transformers and Overhead lines (LV&MV)	Graskop, Graskop Ext 5 and Glory hill
12	Preventative Maintenance	All households	Switchgears, Transformers, Poles and Overhead lines (LV&MV)	Lydenburg town and surrounding farms
14	Preventative Maintenance	All households	Switchgears, Transformers and Overhead lines (LV&MV)	Skhila, Industrial areas and surrounding farms

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Facts and Figures on electricity access

Table 35: Electricity Backlog in TCLM

Local Municipa	lNumber of	households	not	Share of tota	l households
area	connected*		•	%	
Year Comp	2011	2016		2011	2016
Thaba Chweu	5 103	3 535		15.3%	9.5%

Source: Statssa 2016

D. <u>Water Analysis</u>

Status Quo



Two of the three towns (Graskop and Sabie) face infrastructure challenges in terms of water while Mashishing is confronted by a water source challenge.

Supply and Demand

Mashishing is the only town currently experiencing major challenges from both the infrastructure and water source point of view. The bulk water storage has been upgraded with additional steel reservoir for emergency supply only, old valves were replaced by The Department of Water and Sanitation to combat water losses through leaks. In terms of sustainable supply in Lydenburg Town and its potential growth triggered by mining investment. There might be a need for more storage capacity upgrade and water source identification and or upgrade of catchment in Lydenburg dam or a bulk line from Kwena Dam to supplement Lydenburg Dam. Indeed the need to draw water form Kwena Dam is on the lips of the municipality, however great consideration needs to be made as the City of Mbombela is in the process of constructing a regional dam. It is only after this, that Thaba Chweu can tap into the same dam for water supply.

1. Sabie

Here the yield of the current source is not under immediate threat. It is on the infrastructure where investment will have to be made. The municipality has completed the following projects in the financial year 2017/18 to curb the problem:

- Water link pipelines to Ext 10 and Saw mill Crossing;
- Sabie New pump and Gravity pipeline for Harmony Hill;
- New Rising Main to Tweefontein reservoirs.

These coupled with the replacement of asbestos water pipeline in the network which has been implemented even till the 2021/22 financial year will bring stability in the water supply of the area for the foreseeable future.

2. Graskop

The arrival of the Chinese and the Extension 5 housing settlements coupled with the informal settlement in the Graskop Hostel area have stretched the current existing supply scheme close to a maximum. In the past winter, shortages of water and the decrease in pressure in the high lying areas have indicated a need for the system to be reassessed. The municipality has is currently completing one bulk line upgrade in Graskop Town to cub the problem.

3. Northern Areas (Matibidi, Leroro and Moremela)



The limitations of the current supply by means of boreholes in the area can never be over emphasized also considering the population growth in the recent areas. On the other hand, the outcome of the allocation review of the **water use license** is much awaited as this will bring much needed relief to provide much needed support to the borehole system that can hardly cope. There is about seven million mega litters flowing in these areas on a daily basis. The demand in these areas is about 1 million mega litters and we are of a view that sustainable water supply in these areas can be achieved. A full scheme will be needed (catchment, water bulk line, water treatment plant and reservoirs) to resolve the current water challenges. The current reservoirs and reticulation lines can be refurbished.

The municipality continuously sets aside a budget for the refurbishment of the existing boreholes to ensure a level of sustainable supply of water. However, the Municipality needs intervention from the political sphere of Government to assist with the issuing of the Water license in the Northern areas. Though strides have been taken when public participation processes were conducted in January 2022 in support of the application for the water use licence. Provincial treasury through the Regional bulk infrastructure grant (RBIG) have made available funds to conduct the plenary/concept/feasibility studies required in the 2022/23 Financial year.

4. Rural areas (Farm Areas, South western part of TCLM)

Boreholes will continue to play a critical role in these areas. Much of these settlements do not have electricity. Considering the size of some of them, water tankers may just be an ideal solution currently. The main issue in these areas is land ownership; once this is resolved a sustainable solution will be provided. However in some areas where a partnership in a form of service level agreement can be reached boreholes will be drilled to improve access to basic portable water. The Private sector (i.e Booysendaal) through Social Labour Plans are continuously assisting council with maintenance and drilling of boreholes in the farm areas to address the backlogs experienced.

5. Coromandel

In addition the proposed gravity line from the river, a borehole or two will have to be provided as a back-up plan especially during winter.

Facts and Figures on water access and source

Water access by HH

Table 36: Water Access Backlog in TCLM

Local Municipal area	Number of hou access*	seholds without	Share of total ho	useholds %
Year Comp	2011	2016	2011	2016

Thaba Chweu 1 730 4 082 5.2% 11.0%

Source: Statssa 2016

Water Access by source

 Table 37: Water Access by source in TCLM

Access type	Number of Households with access
Piped (tap) water inside the dwelling/house	11222
Piped (tap) water inside yard	17465
Piped water on community stand	3341
Borehole in the yard	987
Rain-water tank in yard	-
Neighbours tap	261
Public/communal tap	651
Water-carrier/tanker	-
Borehole outside the yard	1299
Flowing water/stream/river	1452
Well	202
Spring	-
Other	141
Total	37109

Source: Statssa 2016

E. Sanitation

There is a need to consider rerouting, integrating and gravitating some of sewer networks in various extensions of the Lydenburg town to ease the current pressure. Taking into consideration the recent population growth in Mashishing, a potential boom both residential and business that might trigger a need for bulk network capacity and sewer treatment works upgrades in the town centre. The dire need for the above becomes even critical with the sewer spillages the municipality is faced with as an institution. The Mashishing sewer plant needs to be revived and restored back to a functional state to ensure that sewer is treated in the required manner to reduce and eliminate the risks of being a health hazard. In Graskop we have completed a pump to curb the strain of sewer system.

Table 38: Sanitation Priority Service requirements in TCLM

Ward	Type of service required	Total Number ofHH'saffectedby this service	Possible Interventions	PriorityServiceAreasPriorityServiceAreas
10	Sewer	450	Sewer Substation Construction	Graskop

Source: Statssa 2016

Facts and Figures on Sanitation Access



Table 39: Sanitation Access in TCLM

Local Municipal area	Number of	f households without toilets	Share of total households		
Year Comp	2011	2016	2011	2016	
Thaba Chweu	980	326	2.9%	0.9%	
Sources States a 2016				· ·	

Source: Statssa 2016

2.5.3 Community And Social Related Facilities

The focus area's work under this commission focuses on public and social services facilities as guided by the guideline provided. Our analysis comprises of the following categories: **a**) **Maintenance** (Managing existing infrastructure), **b**) **New Infrastructure** (where our analysis proves the need), **c**) **Social Services' Management** (Non infrastructure and related services). Given the scenario our analysis and proposed Recommendations will be guided by the three categories.

A. Public Parks

(a) Maintenance

Table 40: Public Parks Condition Assessment

Go	od: No ser	vice needed Mo	oderate: Need for Partial	Maintenance	Bad: Need for Full maintenance
Ward Affected	No. of Parks	Name	Service type needed	Current Management	Priority Service for the next two years
01	01	Mashishing Public Park	Completionofstructuresandlandscaping	Internal Policy	Need for Signage
02	01	Vezi Nyawo Park	Proper demarcation	Internal Policy	Landscaping & Facilities
03	01	Mandela Village	SLA management Leases to Ziyapopa	Internal Policy	Needs Facilities
04	01	Coromandel Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	New Picnic Tables & Playground Equipment, Signage
05	01	Kelly's Ville Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Soil needs leveling, Plant Grass & Trees Repair equipment (Swing saw, merry go round, sliding
06	01	Sabie Kaap Public Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Procure Playground Equipment, Peal Fence & Waste Bins Signage
07	01	Tricher Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Procure Playground Equipment, Peal Fence & Waste Bins Signage
12	03	Voortrekker street Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Grass Cutting, Braai stands Peal fence, Repair of Playground



					and the second
					facilities
		Morgan Street Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Procure Playground Equipment, Peal Waste Bins as well as general maintenance (Cutting of grass)
		Indian Centre	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Revamp of merry-go-rounds in Indian area, repair of playground equipment
14	02	Lydenburg Park	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Revamp of repair of playground equipment and re-grassing
14	02	Gustav Park	Closing	Internal Policy	No maintenance recommended
Total		11			

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17



Pictures 02: Snapshots from Public Park's Assessment





Thaba Chweu Local Municipality

Map 14:Public Park Points in Lydenburg/Masishing THABA CHWEU PARKS MAP







B. Environment and Servitude

Ward Affected	Number and type of servitude	Service type needed	Current Zoning	Priority Service for the next two years
12&14	7 servitude (75m2)	Grassing	Open spaces/vacant stand	Grass cutting
Ward Affected	Number of street municipal trees	Types of trees	Current management	Priority street with trees that are due for removal/New plantation
03, 12&14	Buiten street, Kuit street	Jacaranda	No management	Lydenburg street (removal)
12	De Souza	Jacaranda	Some of residents are poisoning the tree (3 are affected)	Trimming Only & Awareness

Table 41: Public Priority Servitude in Lydenburg

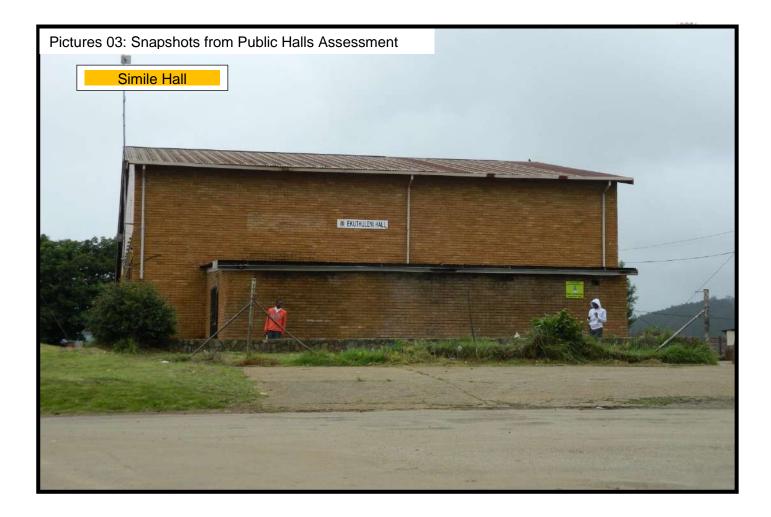
Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

C. Public Communal Halls

Table 42: Public Halls Condition As	ssessment in TCLM
-------------------------------------	-------------------

Ward Affected	Number of Halls	Name	Service type needed	Current Management	Priority Service for the next two years
09	02	Moremela Community Hall	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Ceiling, Window glasses, window glasses, painting and toilets, furniture (Chairs) in Leroro Hall
		Leroro Community Hall	Maintenance		Need for general maintenance and toilets in Moremela Hall
10	01	Graskop Town Hall	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Need for general maintenance
06	01	Simile Community Hall	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Renovation in Simile (Doors, Lights, Windows, furniture & Toilets)
07	02	Harmony Community Hill Hall	N/A	Internal	Private
07	02	Sabie Town Hall	N/A	Policy	Good State (lights, equipment, decluttering)
01	01	Mashishing Community Hall	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Good State
12	01	Lydenburg Town Hall	Maintenance	Internal Policy	Need for general maintenance
Total	08				





D. Stadiums & Recreational Halls

Tuble 15, I ublic Reciputional I actitude Condition I issessment in I Chili	Table 43: Public	Recreational	Facilities	Condition .	Assessment in	TCLM
---	------------------	--------------	------------	-------------	---------------	------

Ward Affected	No. Stadiums/ Recreational Halls	Name	Service type needed	Current Management	Priority Service for the next two years
03	01	Mashishing Sport Centre	N/A	No Policy	Good Condition
07	01	Harmony Hill	Maintenance	No Policy	Grassing, Poles
04	01	Coromandel	Maintenance	No Policy	Grassing, Poles
05c	01	Kelly's Ville	Maintenance	No Policy	Grassing, Poles
09	01	Moremela			Mass lights, Grassing, Moremela Stadium
08	01	Leroro	Maintenance	No Policy	Full Refurbishment (First phase completed success fully, there is a need for the second phase to be completed.
06	01	Simile	Construction	No Policy	Construction of

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality



						Phase stadium		the
		Rooikat Sport Centre				Good Co	onditio	n
12	02	Lydenburg l Centre	Recreational	Maintenance	No Policy	Full Ref	ırbishr	nent
Total	09							

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17









E. Taxi Rank

Ward	Number of	Service type needed	Current	Priority Service for		
Affected	Taxi Rank		Management	the next two years		
01	01	New Taxi Rank	No Management	New construction		
12	01	New Taxi Rank	No Management	New construction		
07	01	New Taxi Rank	No Management	New construction		
08	01	New Taxi Rank	No Management New construction			
09	01	New Taxi Rank	No Management	New construction		
		Refurbishment Taxi	No Management	Construction of		
10	01	Rank		toilets and hawker		
				stalls.		
Total		06				

Table 44: Public Taxi Rank Condition Assessment in TCLM

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

F. Public Cemeteries

Ward Affected	Number of Cemeterie s	Service type needed	Current Managemen t	Priority Service for the next two years
01, 02, 03	02	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	The one cemetery has reached its full capacity and a new cemetery has been established. There is a need to plant shade trees and facilities
12	02	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	Cast New Berm at new section No facilities at the old cemeteries (Water, Toilets & Fence)
05	2	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	Shade Trees at kelly's Ville
6&7	2	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	Need for fencing of the harmony Hill cemetery. No toilets, & Electricity in Simile
10	1	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	No toilets, water & Electricity and the current cemetery will reach its full capacity soon. There is a need for a new site.
04	1	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	Shade Trees
09	5	Maintenanc	Internal	No toilets, Water & Electricity in all

Table 45: Public Cemetery Condition Assessment in TCLM

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality

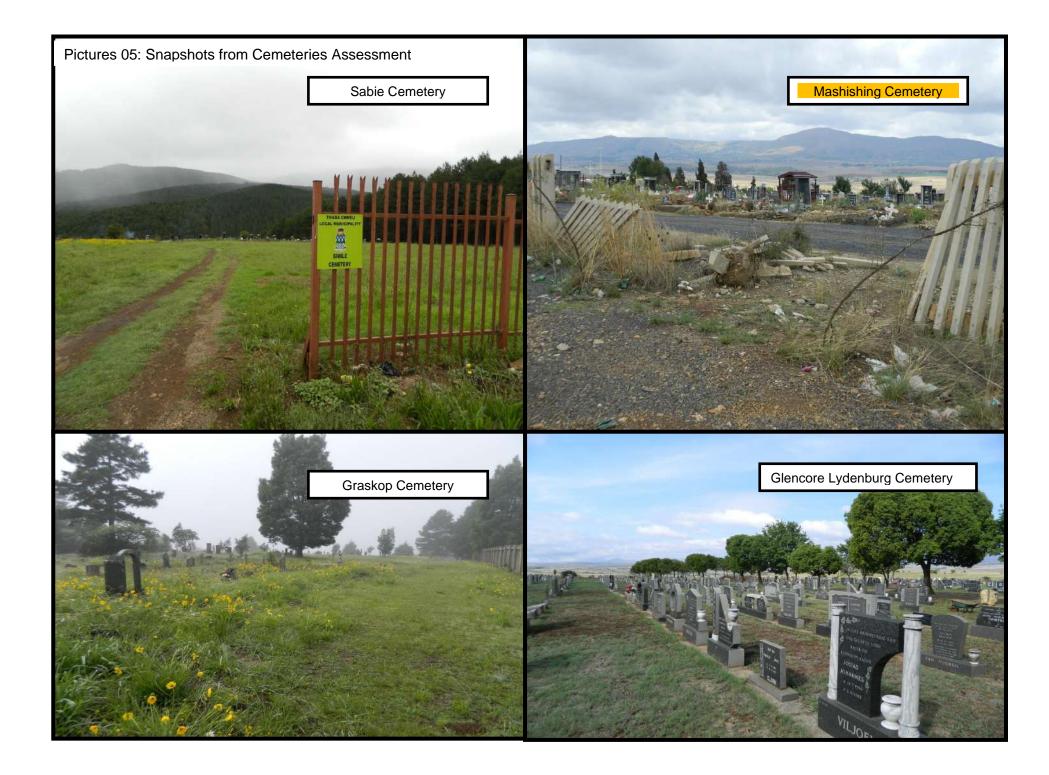


		e	Policy	graveyards
08	7	Maintenanc e	Internal Policy	All are fenced except Brakeng and there is need for Toilets, water & electricity

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

Pictures 05: Snapshots from Cemeteries Assessment





G. Land Fill sites

Ward Affected	Name	Number of Land Fill Sites	Type of Management	License status	Status of Land fill sites
01, 02, 03, 12 & 14	Lydenburg	01	Outsourced	Licensed	Need for proper management
6&7	Sabie	01	Outsourced	Licensed	Reached capacity and not well located next residential area (licensed for closure)
10	Graskop	01	Outsourced	Licensed	Manageable
13	Pilgrim's Rest	01	Belongs to Public Works	No information	Full transfer of rights to Thaba Chweu
Total		04			

Table 46: Landfill site Condition Assessment in TCLM

Source: TCLM Technical Report 2016/17

H. Social Services whose competency resides with Provincial and National Departments.

These services are under the management of the said departments within their internal policies and legal frameworks; however the municipality plays a role in coordinating the planning, approvals and needs as raised by relevant stakeholders. Having said this, the assessment only looks into accessibility and functionality affecting various communities in TCLM.

(i) Schools

List of Schools in TCLM



Ward	Area	Name of School	Status (Functional)	
01.02.0	Mashishing	Yes		
	Mashishing	Mashishing Secondary School	Yes	
5	Mashishing	Sizo Primary School	Yes	
	Klikspruit/Kwena		Yes	
0.4	Dam	Umthombopholile Primary School		
04	Coromandel	Coromandel Primary School	Yes	
	Klipspruit	Laerskool Klipspruit	Yes	
	Boomplaats	Enkeldoorn Primary School	Yes	
	Kellysville	Primêre Skool Kellysville	Yes	
	Draaikraal	Houtenbek Primary School	Yes	
	Kiwi	Kiwi Primary School	Yes	
05	Bosfontein	Bosfontein Primary School	Yes	
05	Mashishing (Ext 02)	Lesodi Primary School	Yes	
	Mashishing (Ext 02)	Lydenburg Primary School	Yes	
	Skhila	Marifaan Primary School	Yes	
	Skhila	Skhila High School	Yes	
	Shaga	Shaga Primary School	Yes	
0.6			Yes	
06	Simile	2	Yes	
	Sabie	3	Yes	
	Sabie	Laerskool Sabie	Yes	
	Sabie	Harmony Hill Primary School	Yes	
	Sabie		-	
	Sabie	Pinocchio Daycare Centre	-	
	Matibidi	Shakwaneng Primary School	Yes	
	Matibidi	Matibidi Primary School	Yes	
08	Matibidi		-	
00	Matibidi		Yes	
		2		
		· · · · · ·		
09				
		· · · ·		
	*	2		
10		· · · · ·		
10	Graskop Graskop Primary School		ary SchoolYesnoolYesnoolYesnoolYesnoolYesyesYesle Primary SchoolYesnary SchoolYesoruitYesary SchoolYesellysvilleYesary SchoolYeshoolYesary SchoolYesary SchoolYesschoolYesary SchoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesaratory School-re Centre-mary SchoolYesy SchoolYesy SchoolYesy SchoolYesy SchoolYesy SchoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYesschoolYes <t< td=""></t<>	
	Coromandel Klipspruit Boomplaats Kellysville Draaikraal Kiwi Bosfontein Mashishing (Ext 02) Mashishing (Ext 02) Skhila Skhil			
		· · · · · ·		
11		•		
		• •		
10 11 12 78 Page		• •		
	Spekboom	*		
13		e Primêre Skool Kellysville Yes Houtenbek Primary School Yes Kiwi Primary School Yes g (Ext 02) Lesodi Primary School Yes g (Ext 02) Lydenburg Primary School Yes Skhila High School Yes Skhila High School Yes Shaga Primary School Yes Lindani Primary School Yes Ses Memezile Secondary School Yes Yes Hoërskool Sybrand Van Niekerk Yes Yes Harmony Hill Primary School Yes Yes Woodlands Preparatory School - Pinocchio Daycare Centre - Shakwaneng Primary School Yes Yes Yes Hlong Secondary School Yes Yes Yes Hlong Secondary School Yes Yes Yes Dientjie Primary School Yes Yes Yes LM Kganane Secondary School Yes <t< td=""></t<>		
	Pilgrims Rest	School		



Ward	Area	Name of School	Status (Functional)
	Pilgrims Rest	Pilgrims Rest Primary School	Yes
14	Lydenburg	Laerskool Lydenburg	Ys

(ii) Health Services

Clinics

Ward No.	Area	Clinic Name	Status (Funcional)
01,02,03	Lydenburg	Mashishing Clinic	Yes
		Clinic-Sabie	Yes
06,07	Sabie	Clinic - Simile	Yes
		Harmony Hill Clinic	Yes
	Moremela,		-
08,09	Leroro,		-
	Matibidi		
10	Graskop	Clinic- Graskop	Yes

<u>Hospitals</u>

Ward No.	Area	Name of Hospital	Status (Functional)
14	Lydenburg	Lydenburg Hospital	Yes (Dilapidated)
07	Sabie	Sabie Hospital	Yes
08	Matibidi	Matibidi Hospital	Yes

(iii)Libraries

Ward No.	Area	Name of Library	Status (Functional)
		Lydenburg Regional	No (under refurbishment)
01,02,03,05	I wdan huna /Mashishin	Library	
c,d&e,12&1	Lydenburg/Mashishin	Lydenburg Public	Yes
4	g	Library	
		Library - Mashishing	Yes
10	Graskop	Library – Graskop	Yes
		Library - Sabie (On	-
07&07	Sabie	Layout)	
		Library – Simile	Yes
08&09	Leroro	Leroro Library	Yes

(iv)Other Social Services

Service Name	Area	Status (Functional)
Police Station	Lydenburg Sabie	Yes



		1
	Graskop	
	Pilgrim's Rest	
	Dientjie (near Moremela	
	Village)	
Post Office	Lydenburg	
	Sabie	Var
	Graskop	Yes
	Pilgrim's Rest	
Magistrate's Court	Mashishing Magistrate's	
	Court (Lydenburg)	
	Sabie Magistrate's Court	Yes
	Graskop Branch Court	res
	Pilgrim's Rest Periodical	
	Court	
Department of Home Affairs	Lydenburg	
1	Sabie (mobile unit –	Yes
	unconfirmed)	
Department of Labour	Lydenburg	V
1	Sabie	Yes
Department of Social	Lydenburg	
Development		
South African Social	Lydenburg	
Security Agency (SASSA)	Graskop	
	Matibidi	

2.5.4 Institutional and Governance analysis

The final reviewed organisational structure of the Municipality will be approved in council with the strategy document (IDP) and its main goal is to implement the IDP. Below is a table which outlines the vacancy rate of Thaba Chweu which is at 25%. The municipality still has to improve on employment through gender, however various groups are represented (i.e people living with disabilities as well as the youth).

Name of Municipality	Municipal building accessible to disable people	Status of organogram (approval date)	Total No of Posts	Total no of Posts Filled	No of Post Vacant	Vacancy Rate %	No of Males	No of Females	Employment of Disable people in Municipality	People employed under the age of 35 year
Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	Yes	31 March 2022	605	449	156	25%	274	175	9	90

Below are the purpose & functions of the various units within the municipality.

EXECUTIVE MAYOR

OFFICE OF SPEAKER

PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE AND MANAGE FUNCTIONING OF MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Ensure council meets at least quarterly.
- 2. Preside over Council Meetings
- 3. Facilitate and liase with municipal stakeholders
- 4. Monitor compliance on the implementation of council resolutions
- 5. Ensure councilors comply with code of conduct.
- 6. Ensure compliance with council and council committee rules and standing orders.
- 7. Render administrative support to the municipal public account committee(MPAC)



PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE AND MANAGE THE PROVISION OF SERVICE DELIVERY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATION GOVERNING LOCAL GOVERNMENT.

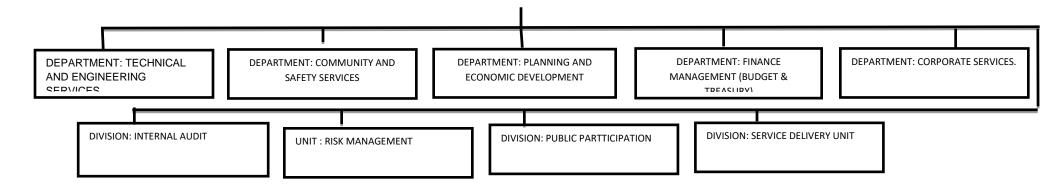
FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage Technical and engineering services.
- 2. Manage community and safety services
- 3. Coordinate Municipal planning and economic development
- 4. Manage financial matters.
- 5. Manage corporate services
- 6. Render internal Audit services
- 7. Render risk management services
- 8. Coordinate public participation
- 9. Manage service delivery units
- 10. Oversee the provision of services by Thaba Chweu local economic development Agency (Thaleda)

OFFICE OF THE EXECUTIVE MAYOR

FUNCTIONS:

- Identify, evaluate and priorities the needs of the municipality and make recommendations to the council.
- Develop key performance areas against which progress to be measured and evaluated.
- 3. Ensure implementation of policies and by laws.
- Provide general political guidance over the fiscal and financial affairs (budget) of the municipality.
- 5. Oversee the provision of services to the



OFFICE OF THE COUNCIL WHIP

PURPOSE: TO RENDER ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT THE CHIEF WHIP. FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Liaise with the different political parties to ensure representation council and council committees.
- 2. Maintains sound relations between the various political parties.
- 3. Informs the whips of all parties on important matters on the council agenda
- 4. Assist the speaker to count votes in the council meeting.
- 5. Facilitate the interaction between the executive and legislative oversight structures in the municipality.
- 6. Resolve disputes between the speaker, executive mayor or members of the mayoral committee.

THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE AND MANAGE THE PROVISION OF SERVICE DELIVERY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATION GOVERNING LOCAL GOVERNMENT

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage Technical and engineering services.
- 2. Manage community and safety services
- 3. Coordinate municipal planning and economic development
- 4. Manage financial matters.
- 5. Manage corporate services
- 6. Render internal Audit services
- 7. Render risk management services
- 8. Coordinate public participation
- 9. Manage service delivery units
- 10. Oversee the provision of services by Thaba Chweu local economic development Agency(Thaleda)

DEPARTMNET: TECHNICAL SERVICES

<u>PURPOSE:</u> TO MANAGE THE PROVISION OF TECHNICAL SERVICES

Functions:

- 1. Manage municipal development projects.
- 2. Manage the maintenance of roads and storm water
- 3. Manage the provision of water and sanitation services
- 4. Manage the provision of electricity and mechanical services.

DEPARTMENT: COMMUNITY SERVICES

PURPOSE: TO MANAGE COMMUNITY AND PUBLIC SAFETY SERVICES. Functions:

1. Manage traffic law enforcement services

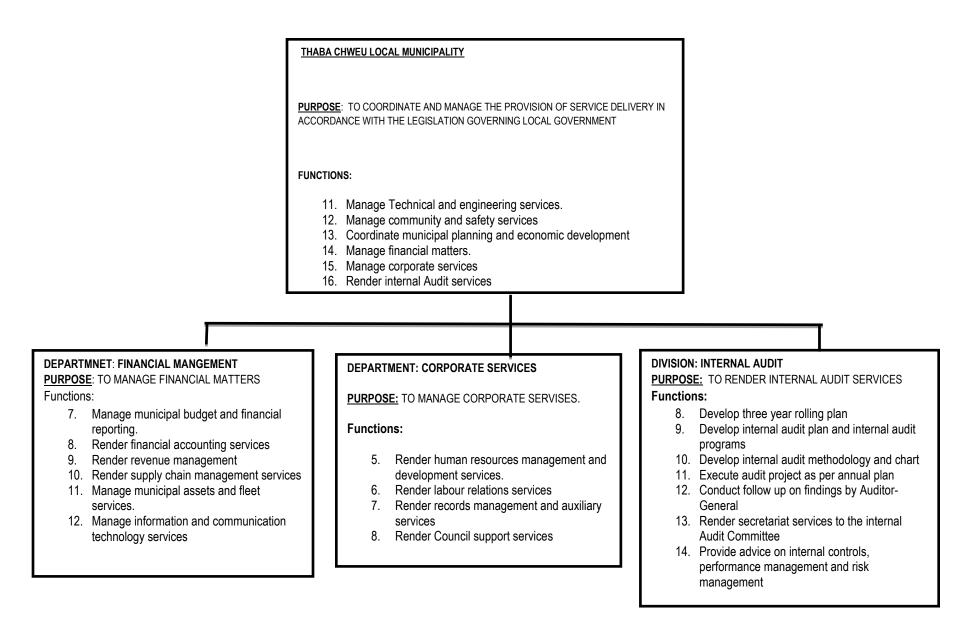
- 2. Render fire and disaster management and environment services.
- 3. Manage the provision of security services.
- 4. Coordinate waste management and environmental services.
- 5. Manage library, culture, sport, recreation, and museum services.
- 6. Manage youth development programmes
- 7. Manage Transversal Services

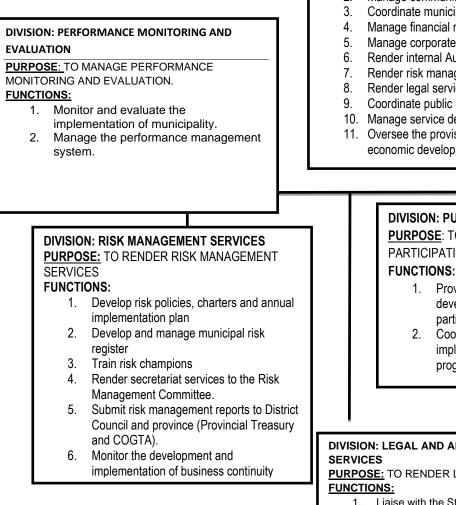
DEPARTMENT: PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT <u>PURPOSE</u>: TO COORDINATE MUNICIPAL PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.

Functions:

- 1. To promote local economic development services
- 2. Coordinate the development and implementation of integrated plan (IDP)
- 3. Manage performance, monitoring and evaluation
- 4. Coordinate the provision of housing
- 5. Render development planning, building control and Land use management services.

PUR ACC	 ABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY RPOSE: TO COORDINATE AND MANAGE THE PROVISION OF SERVICE DE CORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATION GOVERNING LOCAL GOVERNMENT INTIONS: Manage Technical and engineering services. Manage community and safety services Coordinate municipal planning and economic developme Manage financial matters. Manage corporate services Render internal Audit services Coordinate public participation Manage service delivery units Oversee the provision of services by Thaba Chweu local development Agency(Thaleda) 	nt
 DEPARTMNET: FINANCIAL MANGEMENT PURPOSE: TO MANAGE FINANCIAL MATTERS Functions: Manage municipal budget and financial reporting. Render financial accounting services Render revenue management Render supply chain management services Manage municipal assets and fleet services. Manage information and communication technology services 	 DEPARTMENT: CORPORATE SERVICES PURPOSE: TO MANAGE CORPORATE SERVISES. Functions: Render human resources management and development services. Render labour relations services Render records management and auxiliary services 4. Render Council support services 	DIVISION: INTERNAL AUDIT PURPOSE: TO RENDER INTERNAL AUDIT SERVICES Functions: 1. Develop three year rolling plan 2. Develop internal audit plan and internal audit programs 3. Develop internal audit methodology and chart 4. Execute audit project as per annual plan 5. Conduct follow up on findings by Auditor-General 6. Render secretariat services to the internal





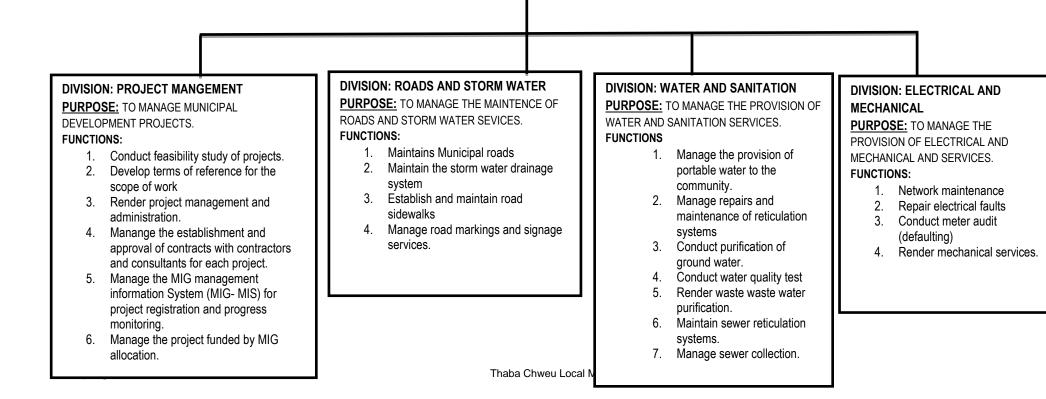
PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE AND MANAGE THE PROVISION OF SERVICE DELIVERY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LEGISLATION GOVERNING LOCAL GOVERNMENT FUNCTIONS: 1. Manage Technical and engineering services. 2. Manage community and safety services 3. Coordinate municipal planning and economic development 4. Manage financial matters. 5. Manage corporate services 6. Render internal Audit services 7. Render risk management services 8. Render legal services 9. Coordinate public participation 10. Manage service delivery units 11. Oversee the provision of services by Thaba Chweu local economic development Agency (Thaleda) **DIVISION: SERVICE DELIVERY DIVISION: PUBLIC PARTICIPATION** PURPOSE: TO MANAGE THE RENDERING OF PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE PUBLIC SERVICE DELIVERY IN SERVICE UNITS. PARTICIPATION FUNCTIONS: FUNCTIONS: 1. Manage and ensure the rendering of 1. Provide support to community service delivery in all Municipal Units development workers and community (Graskop, Sabie ,and Norhern Areas. participation activities 2. Coordinate and monitor the implementation of the Ward committees **DIVISION: COMMUNICATION** programmes PURPOSE: TO MANAGE COMMUNICATIONS SERVIVES. FUNCTIONS: 1. Provide internal and external communication services. Manage website of the municipality and social media. 2. Coordinate presidential issues and render m 3. DIVISION: LEGAL AND ADMINISTRATION monitoring and liaison. Render branding and advertising. 4. PURPOSE: TO RENDER LEGAL SERVICES 5. Receive and respond promptly to customer complaints enquires. 1. Liaise with the State Attorneys and 6. Register customer complaints on the Municipal ac State Law Advisors. System and forward to the relevant department. 2. Administer municipal contracts. 7. Register customer complaints on the Municipal ac Provide legal advice to management 3. System and forward to the relevant department. and council. Represent Council on litigation 4. Make follow up with relevant department. 8. matters. ۵ Maintain and undate complain register

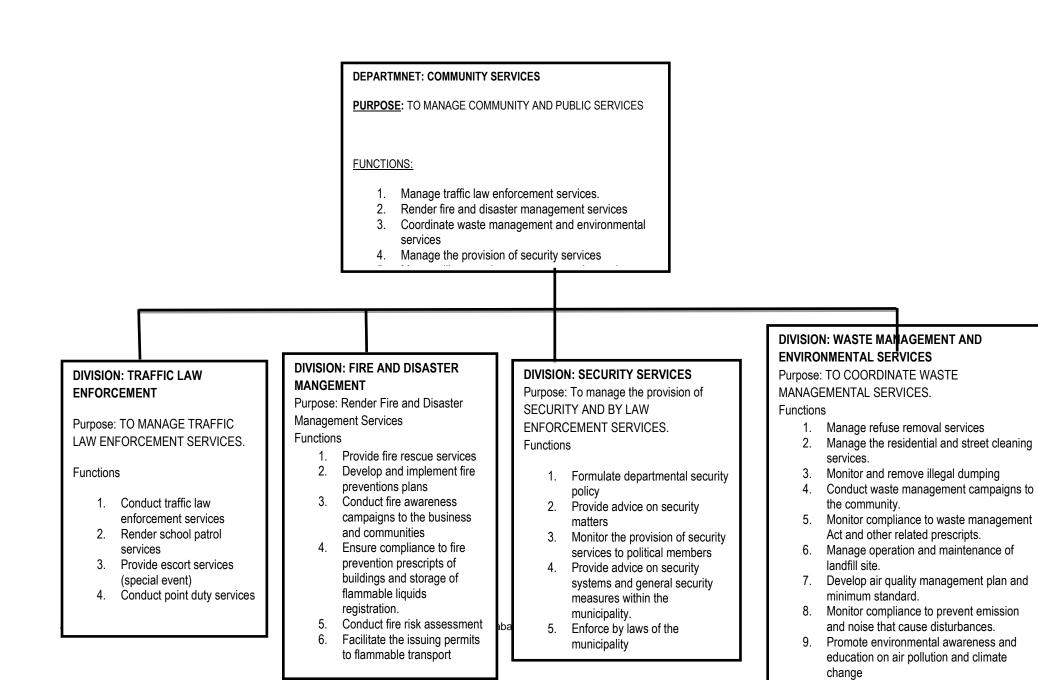
THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

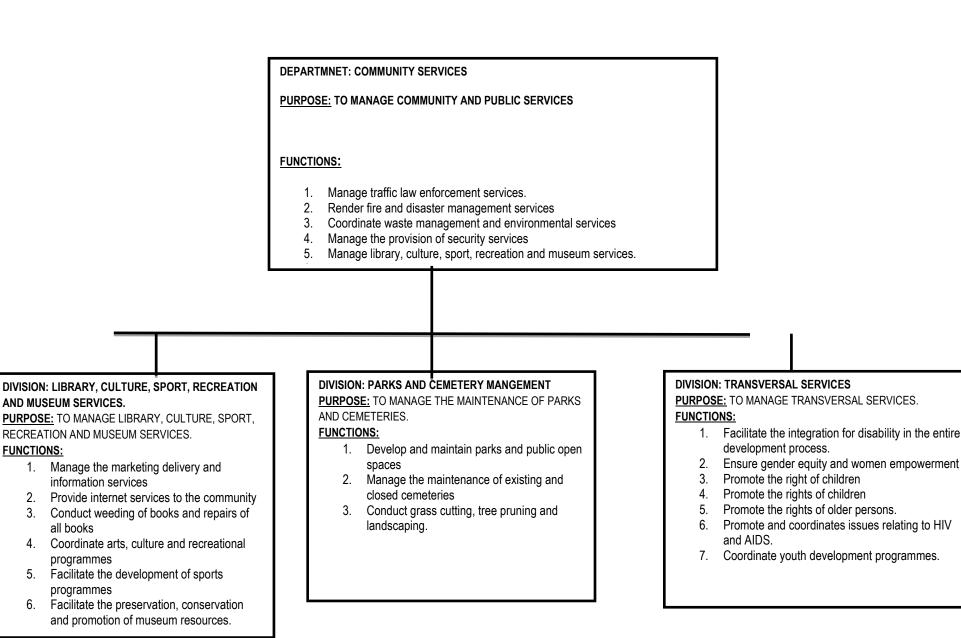
DEPARTMNET: TECHNICAL SERVICES <u>PURPOSE:</u> TO MANAGE THE PROVISION OF TECHNICAL SERVICES

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage municipal development projects.
- 2. Manage the maintenance of roads and storm water
- 3. Manage the provision of water and sanitation services
- 4. Manage the provision of electricity and mechanical services.







DEPARTMENT: PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMEMNT

PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE MUNICIPAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Promote local economic development services.
- Coordinate the development and implementation of integrated development plan (IDP)
- 3. Manage performance, monitoring, and evaluation.
- 4. Coordinate the provision of housing.
- 5. Render development planning, building control and Land use management services.

DIVISION: LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PURPOSE: TO PROMOTE LOCAL ECONOMIC

DEVELOPMENT SERVICES.

FUNCTIONS:

- Facilitate the development and review of the municipal Local Economic Development (LED) strategy
- 2. Monitor the implementation of LED programmes and evaluate the impact thereof.
- Mobilise and coordinate public/ private sector support to municipal LED programmes
- 4. Identify and market new economic opportunist.
- 5. Process applications for business licenses.
- 6. Promote tourism within the Municipality.
- 7. Manage the registration of business.
- 8. Monitor compliance to business specification and utilization.

DIVISION;INTERGRATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP)

PUPOSE: TO CO-ORDINATE THE DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF INTERGATED DEVELOPMENT PLAN (IDP)

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Facilitate the development of integrated development planning.
- 2. Monitor the implementation of IDP.
- 3. Make inputs to policy making bodies.
- Facilitate the development of services delivery and budget implementation plans.

Thaba Chweu Local Municipality

		DEPARTMENT: PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	
		PURPOSE: TO COORDINATE MUNICIPAL PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT. FUNCTIONS: 1. Promote local economic development services. 2. Coordinate the development and implementation of integrated	
		 Coordinate the development and implementation of integrated development plan (IDP) Manage performance, monitoring of human settlements. Coordinate in provision of human settlement. Render development planning, building control and land use management services. 	
DIVISIO	N: HUMAN SETTLEMENT		DIVISION: DEVELOPMENT PLANNING
PURPOS	E: TO COORDINATE THE PROVISION OF HUMAN		PURPOSE: TO RENDER DEVELOPMENT PLANNIN
SETTLEN	IENT.		BUILDING CONTROL AND LAND USE MANAGEMM
<u>FUNTIO</u>	<u>NS:</u>		SERVICES.
1.	Facilitate the identification and registration of		FUNCTIONS:
2.	potential beneficiaries Conduct consumer education services.		1. Conduct building inspections.
3.	Develop and maintain data of information		 Administer town planning applications. Issue enforcement letters.
	settlements.		 Process land use applications.
4.	Capture potential beneficiaries on national housing		5. Provide GIS information for development
5.	needs register (NHNR) Facilitate the registration for subsidy.		planning.
5. 6.	Provide feedback to beneficiaries.		 Initiate land use investigation and determin land potential.
7.	Liaise with the successful beneficiary and		
	contractors.	Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	

DEPARTMENT: FINANCE MANAGEMENT (BUDGET AND TRESURY)

PURPOSE: TO MANAGE FINANCIAL MATTERS.

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage municipal budget and financial reporting.
- 2. Render financial accounting services.
- 3. Render revenue management services.
- 4. Render supply chain management services.
- 5. Manage municipal assets.

DIVISION: BUDGET AND FINANCIAL REPORTING

PURPOSE: TO MANAGE MUNICIPAL BUDGET AND FINANCIAL REORTING.

FUNTIONS:

- 1. Compile budget estimates
- 2. Align budget with the integrated development plan of the municipality
- 3. Reconcile paymaster General Account
- 4. Manage suspense accounts
- 5. Establish and maintain an accounting database.
- 6 Comnile financial statement

DIVISION: EXPENDITURE MANGEMENT

PURPOSE: TO RENDER FINACIAL ACCOUNTING SERVICES.

FUNTIONS:

- 1. Render expenditure control services.
- 2. Manage and administer the payroll.

DIVISION: INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

PURPOSE: TO MANAGE INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY SERVICES. FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage the municipal ICT operations
- 2. Ensure the implementation of disaster ICT management system.
- 3. Manage the provision of information technology support services.
- 4. Render network support services.

DIVISION: REVENUE MANAGEMENT

PURPOSE: TO RENDER REVENUE MANAGEMENT SERVICES.

FUNTIONS:

- 1. Identify potential revenue sources.
- 2. Manage debtors account of the Municipality.
- 3. Render water meter reading services.

DEPARTMENT: FINANCE MANAGEMENT (BUDGET AND TRESURY)

PURPOSE: TO MANAGE FINANCIAL MATTERS. FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage municipal budget and financial reporting.
- 2. Render financial accounting services.
- 3. Render revenue management services.
- 4. Render supply chain management services.
- 5. Manage municipal assets.

DEPARTMENT: SUPPLY CHAIN MANGEMENT

PURPOSE: TO RENDER SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT SERVICES.

FUNCTIONS:

- 1. Manage acquisition and demand planning services.
- 2. Render supply chain performance management services.
- 3. Administer database of suppliers
- 4. Develop and manage the implementation of supply chain management policy.
- 5. Render logistics management services.

DIVISION: ASSET MANAGEMENT

PURPOSE: TO MANAGE MUNICIPAL ASSESTS FUNTIONS:

- 1. Manage movable and immovable assets.
- 2. Develop asset management plan
- 3. Manage performance and asset acquisition processes.
- 4. Verify physical assets and identify assets for disposal.
- 5. Facilitate the safeguarding of assets.
- 6. Maintain and reconcile assets register

DEPARTMENT: CORPORATE SERVICES PURPOSE: TO MANAGE CORPORATE SERVICES. FUNCTIONS: 1. Render human resource management and development services. 2. Render labour relations services. 3. Render secretariate services. 4. Render Records management and auxiliary **DIVISION: LABOUR RELATIONS DIVISION: SECRETARIAT SERVICES DIVISION: HUMAN RESOURCE** MANGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT **PURPOSE:** RENDER LABOUR RELATIONS PURPOSE: TO RENDER HUMAN SERVICES. SERVICES RESOURCE MANGEMENT AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES. FUNCTIONS: FUNCTIONS: 1. Handle grievances, dispute and 1. Render human resources condition

of services 2. Manage human resource

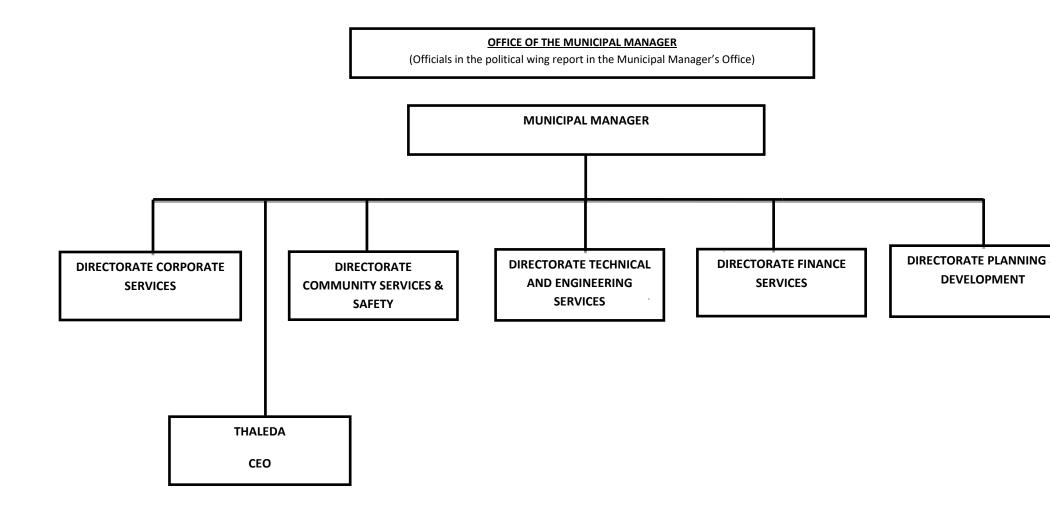
FUNCTIONS:

- organizational strategy and planning.
- Manage human resource utilization 3. and capacity development.
- 4. Render occupational health and safety services.
- 5. Administer human resources management system.
- 6. Coordinate employee performance management system.
- 7. Coordinate employee health and wellness services.

- discipline, arbitration and conciliation matters.
- 2. Facilitate collective bargaining.
- 3. Ensure maintenance of discipline within the municipality.
- Render advisory service on labour 4. relations matters to management.
- 5. Conduct capacity building on labour relation matters to management.
- 6. Manage strikes.

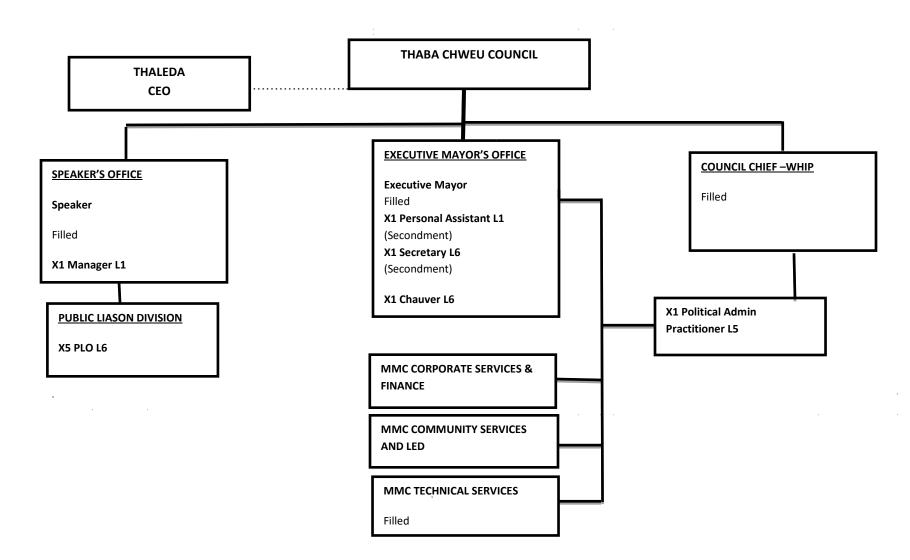
PURPOSE: TO RENDER SECRETARIAT

- 1. Render secretariat services to council and council committees.
- 2. Write reports to the portfolio committees, mayoral committee and council resolutions.
- 3. Manage council resolutions.
- 4. Compile agendas for council committees.
- 5. Render auxiliary support services.



THABA CHWEU LOCAL MUNICIPALITY

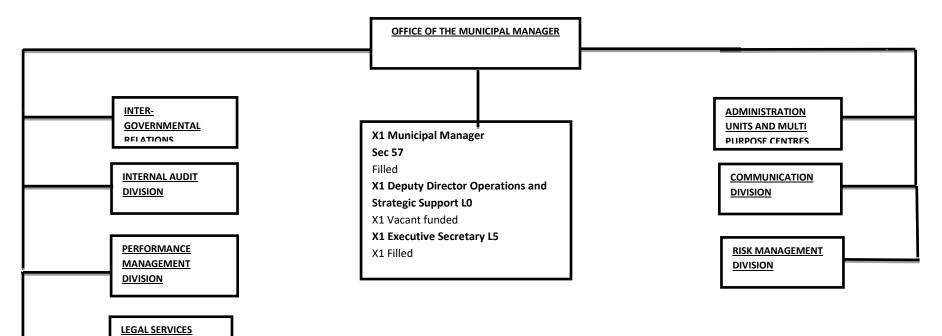
REVIEWED STRUCTURE FOR 2022/2023 START DATE :01 JULY 2022



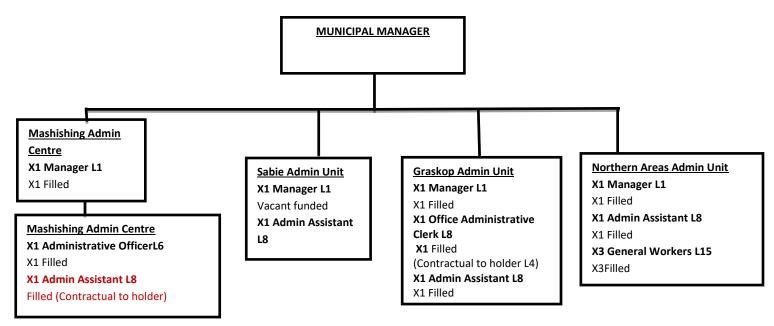


VIII

STRATEGIC SUPPORT

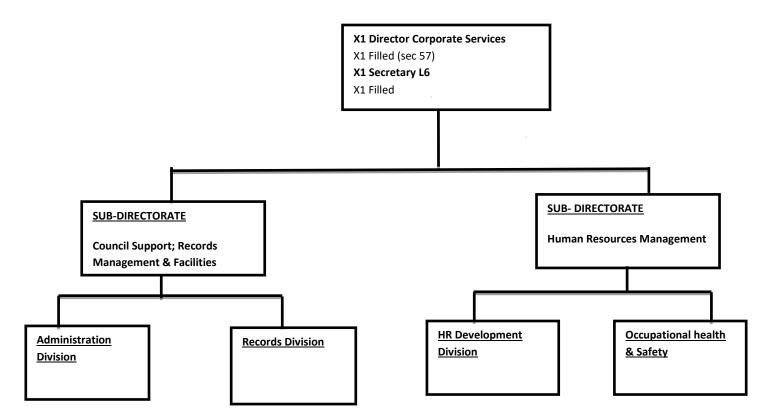


ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS AND MULTI PURPOSE CENTRES

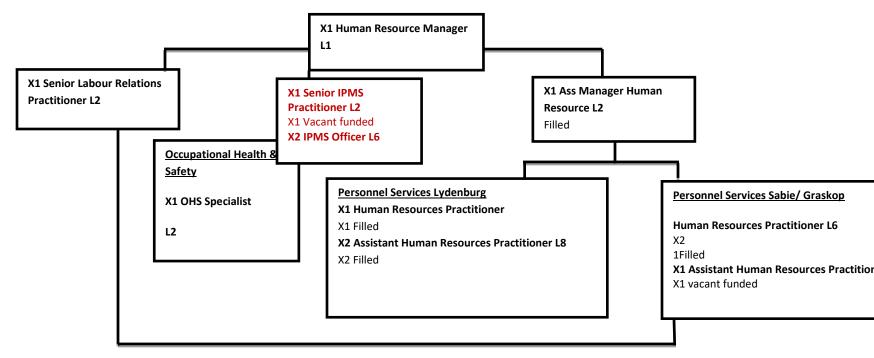


DIRECTORATE: CORPORATE SERVICES

VIIIV

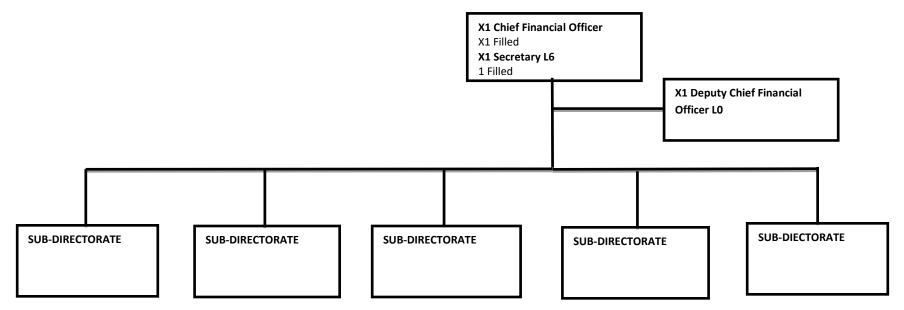


DIRECTORATE - HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT



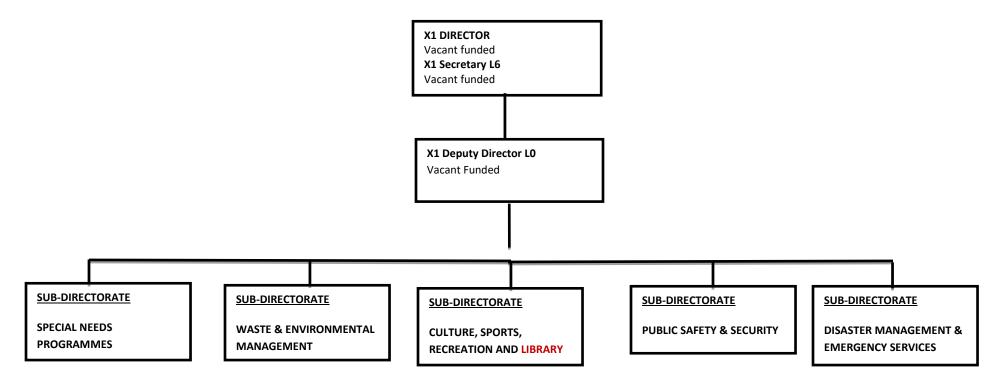


VIIIV

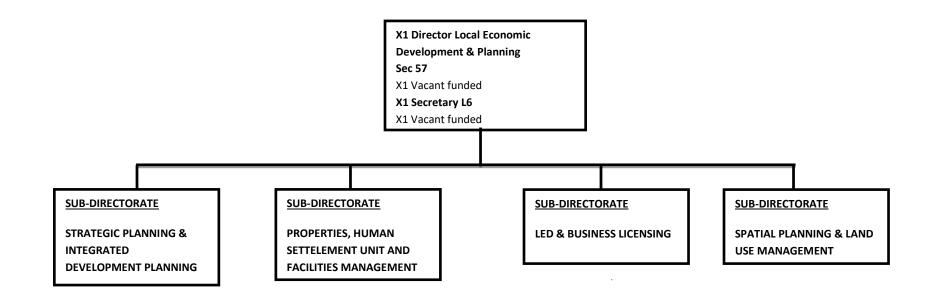


DIRECTORATE: COMMUNITY SERVICES

VIIIV

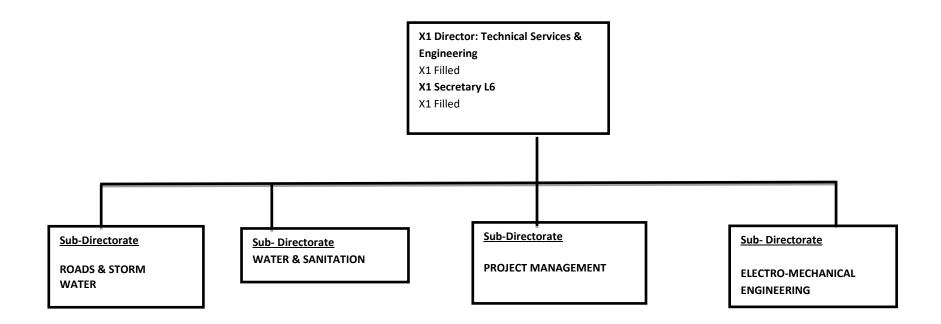


DIRECTORATE: PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT



DIRECTORATE: TECHNICAL & ENGINEERING SERVICES

VIIIV





It must be noted that the above organizational structure is a high level structure with the functions for each directorate. A few additions have been made on the structure by introducing a number of new positions and they are as follows: Corporate services has included a section for Individual Performance Management System (IPMS), LED & Planning included a section for properties as well as a municipal valuer whilst the Technical Directorate included a technician for water and sanitation care, lastly the Finance department has established a unit which will be responsible for financial reporting as well as compilation of annual financial statements (AFS).

Performance Management System (PMS) Application

PMS Policy Framework in place

Individual PMS	Application	Status of performance agreements
None	No	No one signs
Organizational	Application	Status of performance
PMS		agreements

Table 47: PMS Assessment in TCLM

The municipality had partnered with GIZ to develop the system for the implementation of IMPS, the municipality has since engaged the district municipality to get the ball moving and budget and plans have been set aside to introduce the system in the municipality and that will take place in the 2022/2-23 financial year.

A. Delegation of powers

Delegation of powers to be done through the process of organogram implementation; starting from senior management to lower management.

B. Municipal Sector Plans/Policies

The municipal policies that are required for the transformation of the institution are not adequately applied to give effect to the required transformation needs from human resource and other resources and tools, financial resources and other tools including policies that have a direct impact and implication on service delivery. Development and review of policies and sector plans must be done in line with this new IDP. Table 47 presents a summary of some referenced policies within the municipality.

Policy name	Approved	Application	Department
Fraud Prevention Plan	Yes	Yes	Office of the
			Municipal Manager
Risk Management Implementation Plan	Yes	Yes	Office of the
			Municipal Manager
Recruitment And Selection Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services

Table: 48. List of Sector Plans, Policies



	•		1
Remuneration Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Whistleblowing Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Unpaid Leave Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Support Personnel Uniform And	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Protective Clothing Policy			_
Study Aid And Leave Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Student Assistance Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Private Work Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Placement Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Personal Protective Equipment Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Legal Aid Policy For Councilors And	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Employees			
Imprisoned Employee Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Housing Allowance Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Exit Management Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Employing Non Full-Time Employees	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Employee Assistance Programme.	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
	Yes	Yes	
Education Training And Development Policy	1 es	res	Corporate Services
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Yes	Yes	Comorata Samijaas
Bereavement Policy			Corporate Services
Attendance Of Seminars Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Attendance And Punctuality Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Appointment And Selection Senior	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Manager Policy	X 7		
Annual Leave Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Dress Code Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Alphabetical Generic List Of Policies	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Allowances Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Acting Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Usage Of Official Vehicle Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Travelling And Subsistence Policy For	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Officials And Councilors			
Succession Planning	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Substance Abuse Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Smoking Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Sexual Harassment Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Secondment Of Senior Manager Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Scarce Skills Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Payroll Management And Administration	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Policy			
Overtime Policy For Employees	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Occupational Health And Safety Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Nepotism Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Mentorship Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Media Statement Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Gift Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Disciplnary Code And Procedure Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Disciplinary Code And Floctatic Folley	103	100	Corporate Services



			4
Confidentiality Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Chronic Illness Policy	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Performance Management Framework	Yes	Yes	Corporate Services
Policy (Amended)			
Internet and Computer Usage Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Revenue Enhancement Strategy (Draft)	No	No	Finance
Asset Management Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Bad debt; writing off	Yes	Yes	Finance
Credit Control and Debt Collection	Yes	Yes	Finance
Policy			
Creditors Procedure Manual and	Yes	Yes	Finance
Creditors Payment Policy			
Customer Care Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Fleet Management Revised Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Free basic electricity	Yes	Yes	Finance
Indigent Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Investment policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Rates Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Tariff Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Supply Chain Policy	Yes	Yes	Finance
ICT Strategy	Yes	Yes	Finance
Water Service Development Plan/ Water	Yes	Yes	Technical Services
demand Management Plan	105	105	reclinical Services
Roads Master Plan	Yes	No	Technical Services
Electrical Master Plan	Yes	No	Technical Services
Spatial Development Framework	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
Wall to Wall Land Use Scheme	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
	168	1 es	LED & Flaining
Policy/Strategy	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
Housing Chapter (Under Bulk Service Contribution Policy			Ŭ
	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
Standard Operating Procedure-Illegal	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
Occupation of Municipal land (Land Invasion)			
Dolomite Risk Management Strategy	Yes	Yes	IED & Dlanning
<u>_</u>	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
Local Economic Development Strategy			LED & Planning
Informal/Street Trading By Law	Yes	Yes	LED & Planning
Disaster Management Plan	Yes	Yes	Community
Competenting	V	V	Services
Cemeteries	Yes	Yes	Community
	NZ	X 7	Services
HIV/AIDS Strategy	Yes	Yes	Community
Tuto a material XV and Marcola Marcola Di	V.	N.	Services
Integrated Waste Management Plan	Yes	Yes	Community
	37		Services
Libraries	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services

			2
Museum & Game Reserve	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services
Pauper Funerals	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services
Public Health	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services
Public Open Spaces	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services
Public Participation Strategy	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services
Recreation and Sports Development	Yes	Yes	Community
1 1			Services
Rental of Halls	Yes	Yes	Community
			Services

C. By-Laws

Table 49: List of By-Laws

Name Of By-Law	Particulars Of Promulgation/ Amendments	Department
Standard By-laws relating to the poultry	• Original Promulgation: Administrator's Notice No. 2208 of 9 October 1985.	Community Services
and businesses involving the keeping	 Adopted: Local Authority Notice No. 3329 of 8 November 1989. 	
of animals, birds, poultry and pets	• Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 512 of 20 April 1988.	
	• Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1280 of 2 November 1988.	
Abattoir By-laws	• Adopted: Administrator's Notice No. 933 of 1981.	Community Services
Cemetery By-laws	• Adopted: Local Authorities Notice No. 2110 of 22 June 1994.	Community Services
Bursary Loan Fund By-laws	 Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 163 of 11 February 1981. 	Corporate Services (HR)
Irrigation Water By- laws	• Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 858 of13 August 1969.	Technical Services
Standard By-laws regulating the	• Original Promulgation: Administrations Notice No. 423 of 22 April 1970.	Technical Services
Safeguarding of Swimming pools and	 Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 1608 of 20 September 1972. 	
Excavations.	• Administrator`s Notice No. 1856 of 29 December 1971.	
Standard Library By- laws	• Original Promulgation: Administrations Notice No. 254 of 16 June 1993.	Community Services
	• Adopted: Local Authority Notice No. 306 of 2 February 1994.	
Building By-laws	• Adopted: Local Authorities Notice No. 5050 of	Technical Services



		4-20
	22 December of 1993.	
Standard By-laws relating to fire Brigade Services	• Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 1771 of 23 December 1981.	Community Services
Standard Electricity By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 1959 of 11 September 1985. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 425 of 5 March 1986. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 327 of 16 March 1988. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 465 of 10 	Technical Services
	October 1990.	
Standard Finance By- laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 927 of 1 November 1967. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 324 of 27 March 1968. 	Finance Department
	• Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 286 of 19 March 1969. as adopted under Administrator`s Notice No. 1342 OF 26 November 1969.	
	• Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 439 of 6 April 1977 as adopted under Administrator`s Notice No. 600 of 18 May 1977.	
	• Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 439 of 6 April 1977 as adopted under Administrator`s Notice No. 600 of 18 May 1977.	
	• Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 439 of 6 April 1977 as adopted under Administrator's Notice No. 600 of 18 May 1977.	
	• Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 439 of 6 April 1977 as adopted under Administrator`s Notice No. 600 of 18 May 1977.	
	• Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 439 of 6 April 1977 as adopted under Administrator's Notice No. 600 of 18 May 1977.	
	 Adopted: Administrator's Notice No. 164 of 13 February 1980 as adopted under Administrator's Notice No. 1380 of 24 September 1980. 	
	• Adopted: Administrator's Notice No. 488 of 6 May 1981 as adopted under Administration's Notice No. 1202 of 23 September 1981.	
Uniform Public Health By-laws and Regulations	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 148 of 21 February 1951. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 480 of 	Community Services
	 Adopted: Administrator's Notice No. 226 of 4 Adopted: Administrator's Notice No. 226 of 4 	



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Standard By-laws	 April 1962. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 548 of 28 May 1969. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 878 of 25 October 1972. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 826 of 23 May 1973. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 200 of 20 February 1980. Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice 	Community
Relating to Dogs	 No. 1387 of 14 October 1981. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 788 of 30 June 1982. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 1891 of 8 October 1986. 	Services
By-laws for the levying of fees relating to the inspection of any business premises as contemplated in section 14(4) of the Licenses Ordinance , 1974	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 743 of 18 June 1976. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 94 of 23 January 1980. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 617 of 3 June 1981. 	Community Services
StandardBy-lawsRelating toCafé`sRestaurant`sandEating House	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 492 of 27 April 1977. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 1255 of 31 August 1977. 	Community Services
Standard Health By- laws Relating to Pre- school Institutions	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 81 of 1992. Adopted: Local Authority Notice No. 3253 of 1 September 1993. 	Community Services
Uniform Market By- laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 939 of 5 December 1956. Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 392 of 19 June 1963. 	Community Services
Milk By-laws and Regulations	• Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 1390 of 12 August 1983.	Community Services
Standard Public Amenities By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 60 of 14 September 1990. Adopted: Local Authority Notice No. 4636 of 19 December 1990 	Community Services
By-laws Relating to Parks, Gardens and other Open Spaces	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 252 of 20 April 1938. 	Community Services
Parking Meter By-	• Original Promulgation: Administrator's Notice	Community



		233
laws	No. 1269 of 8 August 1973.Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1387 of 27 October 1976.	Services
Standard Drainage By-laws	• Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 139078 of 5 January 1994.	Technical Services
Refuse (Solid Wastes) and Sanitary By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 200 of 20 February 1980. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1277 of 1 August 1984. 	Community Services
Pound Regulations	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 2 of 2 January 1929. 	Community Services
Control and Supervision of Hawkers	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 359 of 15 December 2000. 	Community Services
Standard Street and Miscellaneous By- laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 368 of 14 March 1993. 	Community Services
By-laws for the Control of Temporary Advertisement and Pamphlets	 Original Promulgation: Administrator's Notice No. 1478 of 12 September 1973. Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 944 of 28 August 1979. Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 1396 of 28 November 1979. Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 1796 of 19 October 1983. Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 1767 of 3 October 1984. Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 4097 of 14 November 1990. Amended: Administrator's Notice No. 3231 of 28 August 1991. 	Community Services
By-laws on Fixing fees for the issue of Certificates and Furnishing of Information	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 713 of 21 September 1960. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 2172 of 28 November 1984. 	Corporate Services
Vacuum Removal By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 616 of 14 November 1934. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1274 of 1 August 1984. 	Corporate Services
Standard Traffic By- laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 773 of 6 July 1988. Adopted: Local Authority Notice No. 3328 of 8 November 1989. 	Community Services
Municipal Aerodrome By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice 	Technical Services



		400
	No. 1606 of 1 November 1978.	
	 Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1387 of 28 November 1979. 	
Standard Food Handling By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 1317 of 16 August 1972. 	Community Services
	 Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 24 of 3 January 1973. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 378 of 30 March 1977. 	
	 Correction Notice IRO Administrator's Notice No. 378 of 30 March 1977: Placed under Administrator's Notice No. 807 of 29 June 1977. Adoption of Administrator's Notice 378 of 30 March 1977: Administrator's Notice No. 991 of 27 July 1977. 	
Standard Water Supply By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 21 of 5 January 1977. 	Technical Services
	 Adopted: Administrator`s Notice No. 1092 of 10 August 1977. Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1278 of 1 August 1984. 	
Grazing By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 1599 of 3 November 1982. 	Community Services
	 Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 4417 of 5 December 1990. 	
Caravan Park By- laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 1401 of 20 September 1978. 	Community Services
Swimming Bath By- laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 938 of 7 December 1960. 	Community Services
	 Amended: Administrator`s Notice No. 1387 of 15 August 1984 	
Taxi Rank By-laws	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 373 of 3 December 1999. 	Community Services
By-laws Regarding Preparation of Food at Registered Private Kitchens	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 616 of 14 November 1934. 	Community Services
Thaba Chweu Spatial Planning and Land Use Management By-	 Original Promulgation: Administrator`s Notice No. 7 of 2016. 	LED & Planning



		10
laws		
Informal Trading By-	Approved by Council and promulgated	LED & Planning
Law		
Out-Door	Approved by Council and promulgated	LED & Planning
Advertising By-Law		
Impound By-Law	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
Fire & Rescue	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
Services By-Law	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
Waste Management	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
By-law	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
Car-Guard By-Law	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
Public Parking By-	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
Law	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
Traffic & Crime By-	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
Law	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
Mini-Bus Taxis By-	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
Law	promulgation once approved by council)	Services
CCTV Camera By-	Draft Status (Awaiting public comments and	Community
Law	promulgation once approved by council)	Services

2.6 Stakeholder Participation analysis

The community priority perceptions are sequenced in terms of what comes first according to what has been raised by the community.

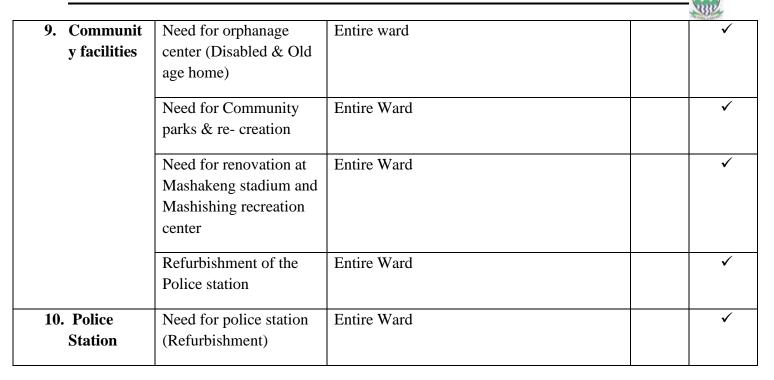
Disclaimer: In this document Opex refers to short term issues & Capex refers to medium to long term issues.

2.6.1 Community based perception on priority needs

Table 50: Community Priority Need Perception

	Ward 01			
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex
1. Job Opportunit ies	Need for jobs	Entire ward	~	~
2. Roads and Storm	Storm water drainage system	All streets in this ward		✓

Expansion of streets	Grens street, Blio street, seventh street, Saal		\checkmark
	Street, Meester Street & Soccer street		
Need for Speed humps	Nuwe Street Pos Str, Jock Laan Str, Meester Str, Blio Str	✓	
Potholes repairs	All streets	✓	
Road Signage	All streets with speed humps	\checkmark	
ty Power cut during windy days, winter seasons & rainy seasons	Newstand (From traffic lights main street (Hoof straat), Majubane, Beverly Hills, Kellysville, Ext 2, Potloodspruit & Finsbury), Ext 21		~
	Every manholes within peoples properties (e.g. Stand No 1077 meters street, stand 1031, Soccer Street and stand No. 1179 Saal Street.	V	
There is a blockage of sewer lines	CMI location, Corner of soccer street and sixth street	✓	
	All households, Excluding 93 Houses next Lesodi Primary School, Mashishing Community Health Centre	✓	
Need for replacement of asbestos roofs for old houses	-New stand -CLM Houses -14 Houses - Sgodiphola		~
Need for housing sites with infrastructure services	Entire ward		✓
Need for RDP Houses	Entire Ward		~
Need for land for development	Entire ward		~
n Need for a secondary school	Entire ward		~
	Potholes repairs Road Signage ty Power cut during windy days, winter seasons & rainy seasons Need for sewer main holes upgrade There is a blockage of sewer lines ef Need for refuse removal Need for replacement of asbestos roofs for old houses Need for housing sites with infrastructure services Need for RDP Houses Need for land for development Meed for a secondary	Potholes repairsStr, Blio StrPotholes repairsAll streetsRoad SignageAll streets with speed humpstyPower cut during windy days, winter seasons & rainy seasonsNewstand (From traffic lights main street (Hoof straat), Majubane, Beverly Hills, Kellysville, Ext 2, Potloodspruit & Finsbury), Ext 21eNeed for sewer main holes upgradeEvery manholes within peoples properties (e.g. Stand No 1077 meters street, stand 1031, Soccer Street and stand No. 1179 Saal Street.There is a blockage of sewer linesCMI location, Corner of soccer street and sixth streetefNeed for refuse removal absets roofs for old housesAll households, Excluding 93 Houses next Lesodi Primary School, Mashishing Community Health CentreNeed for housing sites with infrastructure services-New stand -CLM Houses - SgodipholaNeed for RDP HousesEntire wardNeed for land for developmentEntire ward	Str. Blio Str Potholes repairs All streets ✓ Road Signage All streets with speed humps ✓ ty Power cut during windy days, winter seasons & rainy seasons Newstand (From traffic lights main street (Hoof straat), Majubane, Beverly Hills, Kellysville, Ext 2, Potloodspruit & Finsbury), Ext 21 e Need for sewer main holes upgrade Every manholes within peoples properties (e.g. Stand No 1077 meters street, stand 1031, Soccer Street and stand No. 1179 Saal Street. There is a blockage of sewer lines CMI location, Corner of soccer street and sixth street ✓ ef Need for refuse removal All households, Excluding 93 Houses next Lesodi Primary School, Mashishing Community Health Centre ✓ n Need for replacement of asbestos roofs for old houses -New stand -CLM Houses -14 Houses -Sgodiphola Entire ward Need for RDP Houses Entire ward n Need for land for development Entire ward n Need for a secondary Entire ward



	Ward 02			Classification	
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Ope x	Capex	
1.job opportunity	Need information for job opportunities, Business sites and youth empowerment	Entire ward	✓		
2.Roads and	Need for storm water drainage system and culverts	Entire ward		~	
storm water	Paving of streets and walkways	Ext 06,07&08, Link street, 3rd Street (Cnr Onderwys Str towards Ext 8), Bhambatha Str, Holomisa Str, Thambo Str, Shaka Str, Mukaba Str, Malope Str & Khayelisha Str, Siyabonga Str, , Chris Hani, Eight Str, Langer Str, Mashishing Ext 8 (Taxi Route), Ext 108 (Taxi Route) and 110 (Taxi Route)		~	
	Need for new alternative Road	From Town To Location		✓	



				VIIV
		From Ext 08 to Maria Trost(MARHOMEN)		
	Construction of New Streets	Ext 6, 7, 8, mashishing Ext 108 and Ext110		✓
	Potholes repairs/resealing of roads	All streets in ward 02		✓
	Need for speed humps	Chris Hani street, Grens street, Pos street, Sirkel street and Entire Ward		✓
	Need public transport in their area	RDP @Ext6, 7, 8, 108 and 110		~
	Signage and signs on speed humps	All streets with speed humps, T-junctions and intersection		√
	Expansion of streets	All street (Loop Str, Fountain Str, Dam Str, Lange Str, Link Str, Sadle Str, Blio Str and Part of Hoef Str)		✓
3.Electricity	Need for High Mast Light/Apollo	Ext 06,07,08,108,110 and Rockvile		\checkmark
	Problem of Power cut (Upgrading of electricity transformers)	Entire ward	~	
	Need for household connection	Ext 07,08,108 and 110	~	
4. Sewage	Need for fixing of the sewer blockage	New stand, Rock Ville, Dunuza, Cross Road, Ext 06,7,8,108 and 110		~
5.Weste and refuse removal	Need for cleaning of illegal dumping sites	Ward 02	~	
Temovar		Ext06,07 and 08	~	
	Waste collection			
	Need waste dumping container at corner roads	Entire wards	~	



				AND A
6.Housing	Need for RDP Houses		✓	
7.Land	Need for sites for residential development	Ext 07,08,108, and 110		✓
	Need for sites for agricultural development/farming and business site	Ext 06,07,08,108 and 110		✓
8. Education	Need for a Primary & Secondary School	Entire ward		√
	Need for Crèche	Ext 07,08,108 and 110		✓
9. Community Facilities	Fencing of Ext 8 Graveyard & designated parking	Ext 08		~
	Need for park, sports center, play ground and shopping complex	Entire Ward		~
	Refurbishment of Mashishing Recreational Centre	Mashishing		✓
10.Police station	Need for police station (Refurbishment)	Entire Ward		✓
	Need for water supply	Ext 08 & 07, New RDPs Ext6, Nkandla Informal Settlement, Riverside, Boxani and Dunuza		✓
11.Water	Need for installation of new pipes and meters	Ext 08, Informal Settlementa, Part of Dunuza, new RDPs @Ext 6,7,108 and 110	~	
	Need for toilets or households sewer connection	Ext 06 ,07,08,108 and 110	~	
12.Human Settlement	Need for formalization of settlement	Ext 07,08,108 and 110		√
	Need for fully serviced sites for residential development	Entire Ward		√



				200 K
	Need for RDP houses	Entire ward		~
	Need for tittle deeds	Entire Ward		✓
	Wrong awarded for RDP house	Ext 07,08 and 108		✓
	Need for status report for RDP houses	Ext 07,08 and 108		~
13. Mashishing CRU, Old	Maintenance of water pipes and electricity needed	Ward 02	~	
Hostel & CMI Hostel	People who stay illegally in hostel must be removed	CRU, OLD AND CMI Hostels	~	
	Enforce occupants (< R3500 earners)	CRU, OLD AND CMI Hostels	~	

	War	d 03	Classi	fication
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Ope x	Capex
1. Roads and storm water	Need for paving of streets	Ext 05, 06, 08, 1 st street hot, and all gravel streets, Matjotjombeni, Entrance to Mashishing High, Meester Str, Sibusiso Street, Skolier Street, 3rd Street		~
	Need for potholes repairs/Refurbishment of roads	Skolier Street, Jabu street, 3rd Street s& Entire ward	✓	
	Need for speed humps Need for storm water drainage	Early success creche Entire ward- Tshamahansi	✓	~
2. Waste Manage ment	Need for dumping bins Need for rehabilitation of illegal dumping sites/Awareness campaigns	All streets Entire ward	✓ ✓	



					VIIV
3.	Need for	Sites for residential development	Ext 06		\checkmark
	Land	Business sites	Entire ward		✓
4.	Jobs opportu nities	Need for jobs and youth empowerment/Skills Programmes	Entire ward		✓
5.	Electric ity	Need for electricity connection	Part of Ext 06 & Boxani		~
		Need for street lights	Ext 08		✓
		Need for powercuts to be stabilized	Entire Ward		~
		Need to combat illegal connection	Entire Ward		~
6.	Water	Need for water supply	Nkandla Informal Settlement section & Ext 8	~	~
		Need for water purification	Entire ward	~	
7.	Sanitati on	Need for new connection	Part of Ext 06 and entire Ext 08		\checkmark
	on	Need for maintenance of the sewer pipeline	Entire ward		~
		Need for toilets	Boshani		\checkmark
8.	Animal Control	Need for grazing areas	Ext 08		✓
9.	Job creatio n	Need for job creation	Entire ward		✓
10.	Housin g	Need for housing/RDP Houses	Entire ward		1
		Wrong awarded for RDP Houses	Ext 08		~



11.Public Facilities	Need for rehabilitation centers and recreation center	Entire ward	~
12.Education	Need for primary school and high school	Entire ward	~

	Ward 04		Classifie	cation
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex
	Ward	04: Klipspruit		
1.Solar	Need for Solar system	Klipspruit		 ✓
2.Water	Need for boreholes	Badfontein, Bultkop		✓
	Need for Jojo Tanks (Storage)	Klipspruit	✓	
3.Electricity	Need for new connection	Klipspruit		✓
4.RDP Houses	Need for RDP houses	Klipspruit	✓	
5.Job Creation	Need for Job opportunities	Entire Klipspruit		 ✓
6.Sanitation	Need for sanitation	Badfontein/Klipspruit		~
7.Land	Need for land	Entire Klipspruit		✓
8.Sanitation	Need for VIP toilets	Badfontein/Klipspruit		~
9.Health	Need for an effective Mobile Clinic	Entire Klipspruit	~	
10.Waste Management	Waste collection	Entire Klipspruit		~
12.Road signage	Need for road signage at pedestrian crossing	Badfontein	~	
13.Education	Need for a crèche	Badfontein		 ✓
15.Luucation	Need for ABET school	Badfontein		~

14.Public Facilities	Need for a home based care centre	Klipspruit		✓
	Ward 0	4: Coromandel		
1.Community	Need for community hall	Coromandel	✓	
Facilities	Need for a library	Coromandel	✓	
2.Health	Need for a clinic	Coromandel & Bultkop	✓	
3.Public safety	Need for a police station	Coromandel	✓	
	Need for a 24 hour service	Badfontein	✓	
4.Education	Need for a Primary School	Coromandel	✓	
	Need for Library	Coromandel	✓	
5.cleaning campaign	Need for cleaning campaign	Coromandela	✓	
6.Roads & Stormwater	Maintenance of stormwater Lines (Unblock clogged systems)	Coromandel	√	
	Need for paving of all internal streets	Coromandel & Bultkop		~
	Need for maintenance of roads	Coromandel (from the provincial road to the residential area)		~
7.Human Settlement	Need for RDP houses	Entire ward (Coromandel & Bultkop)		~
	Need for reconstruction of cracked RDPs & Asbestos built RDP Houses	Coromandel		~
8.Job Opportunities	Need for sustainable employment opportunities	Entire Ward	✓	~
9.Municipal satellite office	Need for the re-opening of the municipal satellite office (Burnt Park refurbished)	Coromandel		~
10.Water	Need for water supply	Coromandel (RDP section)	✓	



				Nonine and the
	Need for upgrade of water pump machine (there is no regular supply of water)	Coromandel		✓
	Need for boreholes	Bultkop	~	
11.Sanitation	Need for sewer connection	Coromandel		~
	Need for VIP toilets	Boschhoek, Bultkop, Vermont		~
12.Electricity	Need electricity connection	Coromandel, Boschoek, Bultkop		~
	Need for installation of meter reading in old households	Coromandel	✓	

	Ward 05		Classifi	cation
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex
	Ward 05: D	praaikraal		
1. Human Settleme	nt Need for RDP houses	Emasehleni, Draikraal, Emahlangeni, Mgababa, & Street wise		✓
2. Educatio	n Need for a primary school	Draaikraal		✓
3. Health	Need for clinic	Draaikraal		✓
4. Roads an Transpo	1 8	Draikraal, Emahlangeni, Mgababa, Street wise		~
	Need for a vehicle bridge	Emasehleni, Draikraal, eMhlangeni, Mgababa, Kliprivier		✓
5. Water	Need for fixing of boreholes	Emasehleni, Draaikraal & Street wise	✓	
	Need for portable clean water	Emasehleni, Draikraal, Emahlangeni, Mgababa,	✓	
6. Land	Need to speed up the land claims	Draikraal		✓



				ALL REAL
7. Electricity	Need for household connection	emhlangeni, Emasehleni,		✓
		Draikraal, Emahlangeni,		
		Mgababa & Street wise		
	Combat of Illegal connection	Draikraal,	\checkmark	
8. Communit	Need for community park	Draaikraal		✓
y Facilities		Diamina		
y racintics				
9. LED	Need for job opportunities	Entire ward		~
	Ward 05: Bo	osfontein	<u> </u>	
1. Land	Need to speed up the land claims	Kiwi, Shaga, Bosfontein,	✓	
	1 1	Matoporong, Skapskraal 1 &2		
2.Education	Nord for ADET School	Shage & Desfortsin	✓	
2.Education	Need for ABET School	Shaga & Bosfontein	v	
	Need for scholar Transport	Boschfontein	✓	
	······································			
3.Roads and	Need for paving of roads &	Kiwi, Shaga, Bosfontein,	\checkmark	
Transport	Access Roads	Skapskraal 1 &2; Skheu &		
		Beetgekraal, Motorspruit		
	Grading of access Roads	Entire Ward (Motoporong)	✓	
	(Temporary Measure)	Entrie ward (Motoporolig)	•	
	(Temporary Measure)			
4.Electricity	Need for household connection	Kiwi, Shaga, Rooikraans,		✓
		Motorspruit, Skapskraal 1 &2		
5.Water	Need for portable clean water	Bosfontein, Kiwi, Shaga,		✓
5. Walt1		Rooikraans, Ponong		
		Matoporong, Skapskraal 1 &2		
	Refurbishment of boreholes	Skapskraal 1&2		✓
6.Clinic	Need for clinic	Boschfontei		 ✓
7.Human	Need for RDP houses	Kiwi, Shaga, Bosfontein.,	<u> </u>	✓
Settlement		Skapskraal 1&2		
		······································		
8.Sanitation	Need for VIP toilets	Shaga cemetery,		~
11.Health	Need for an accessible Clinic with	Shaga/Boshfontein		 ✓
	an ambulance			

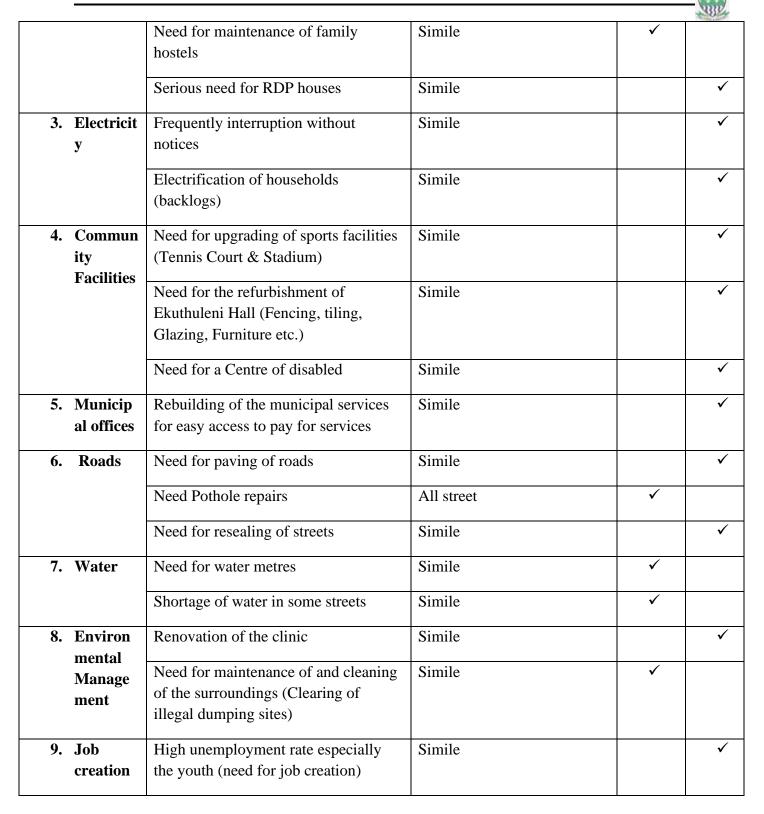


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12.Community Facilities	Need for community parks	Kiwi & Shaga		~
13.Other	Need for a mobile SASSA office	Bosfontein		✓
	Need for the Siyatentela Project	Entire Ward		✓
	Ward 5:Enk	eldoring	<u> </u>	
1. Water	Need for Jojo Tanks	Enkeldoring	✓	
	Regular supply of water by water tanker	Enkeldoring	~	
2. Housing	Need for RDP/adequate housing	Enkeldoring		✓
3. Electricity	Need for new connections			✓
4. Sanitation	Need for ablution facilities			✓
5. LED	Need for youth workshops/SMME development/training programmes	Enkeldoring	~	
	Ward 05: Ke	lly's Ville	<u> </u>	
1. Toilets	Needs for toilet	Kelly's Ville , Ext 09, Shelela Hostels, Majenje, Majubane	~	
2. Water	Need for portable clean water	Kelly's Ville , Ext 09, Bevels Hills, Majubane, Shelela Hostel,Manjenje	~	
3.Electricity	Need for streetlight repair	Kelly's Ville Acacia Street,Majubane	~	
	Need for fixing of High Mast Light	Kelly's Ville, Majubane, Ext 9	~	
	Need for household connection	Kelly's Ville cemetery, Ext 09, Majubane, Shelela Hostel, Bevels Hill, Marikana Informal Settlement Informal Settlementa, Majenje		✓
	Combat of Illegal connection	Kelly's Ville, Beverly Hills	√	
4.Human	Need for RDP Houses	Ext 09, Kelly's Ville, Majenje,	✓	



	-			A CELE
Settlement		Bevels Hills, Majubane		
5.Land	Need land for residential	Kelly's Ville, Ext 09, Shelela		✓
	development & Church Sites	Hostels, Majenje, Majubane		
	Need for land for Sports ground	Ext 09	✓	
6.Roads & Storm	Need for paving of access streets	Ext 09,		~
water	Need for resealing/regravelling of	Kelly's Ville, Majubane,	✓	
	access roads	Bevels Hill, Shelela Hostel		
	Need for speed humps	Majubane	\checkmark	
	Need for refurbishment &	Entire ward	✓	
	installation of stormwater lines			
7.Job	Need for jobs for the youth	Entire ward		✓
Opportunities				
8.Waste	Combat illegal dumping and	Kellysville		 ✓
Management	refurbish/restore dumping spots			
9.Sanitation	Need for Toilets	Kelly's Ville cemetery	\checkmark	
10.Education	Need for primary school	Ext 09		~
11.Community	Need for renovation of parks	Ext 02, Kelly's ville	✓	
Facilities	Need for church sites	Kelly's ville	\checkmark	

Ward 06			Classification	
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex
1. Land	Need for sites for housing development (middle- and high- income earners)	Simile		✓
	Need for allocation of stands in Ext 10	Simile	~	
2. Housing	Formalization of all informal settlement	Simile		✓



Ward 07	Classification



Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex
1. Roads and Storm Water	Road Maintenance	In front of municipal offices, Nelson Street, Nolens Street, Short Street Mount Anderson (Mopani Street), firewood street, Assegai Street (Total Rebuid), Knoppiesdoring Street in Sabie Ext 9; Nelson Street, Nolens Street, Short Street, Milkwood, Short Str, Fourth Str, Second Str, Malieveld Str, Power str, Lea Str, Simons Str, Kerk Str & Old Lydenburg Road	✓	✓
	Need for paving of roads, Construction of (New Roads) and access streets	Harmony Hill, Simile, Harmony Hill Ext 2 (Phola Park), Harmony Hill RDP Section,		✓
	Need for storm water drainage system	Simile, Harmony Hill Ext 2 (Phola Park), RDP Harmony Hill & Sabie Town		✓
	Need for speed humps & Rumble Strip	Assegai Street, Harmony Hill (Nolen Str, Parker Str, Watkins Str), R537 (Rumble Strip)	~	
	Need for Street and services signage	Sabie Town Entrance and other services access streets and government buildings	~	
	Need for maintenance of streetlights	In walk-way streets and residential areas in Sabie	√	
2.Electricity	Need for maintenance and installation of transformers	Harmony Hill and Harmony Hill Ext 2 (Phola Park)	~	~
	Need for electricity household connection	Simile, Harmony Hill Ext 2 (Phola Park).	~	~
	Need for prepaid meter installation/Remove illegal connections	Entire ward	v	✓
	Need for maintenance of	Entire Ward	~	~



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	Electrical Infrastructure			
	Need for a cherry Picker	Entire Ward	~	~
3. Unemployment/Loc al Economic Development	Need for creation of permanent Jobs	Entire ward		
4.Land	Need for identification/acquisition of land	For community parks, Commercial Uses, Churches, Disability Centre and Disabled School, Dumping sites & Taxi Rank	~	~
	Need for portable drinkable water	Sabie (Nelson Street)	~	
	Need for water supply maintenance and new connections	Simile, Harmony Hill Ext 2 (Phola Park), New RDP houses area.		~
5. Water	Need security system for the water pumps	Entire Ward		~
	Need for an additional Water pump	Entire Ward		~
	Need for the refurbishment of railway pump station			~
6. SMME Development	Support for local SMMEs & overall development	Entire Ward	~	
7. Community	Need for renovation	Sabie Community Hall, Harmony Community Hall.	~	~
facilities	Need for cleaning of Cemetaries	Sabie/Harmony Hill	~	
8. Human Settlements	Need for RDP houses	Harmoy Hill Ext 2/Phola Park		~
9. Refuse Removal/Wa ste	Need for an additional waste removal truck	Entire Ward		~

Management

Ward 08			Classification		
Priority N	leed	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Cape x
		Need for bulk water supply	Ward 08		~
1. Wa	ater	Need for maintenance of boreholes	Ward 08	~	~
		Need for building a new water tank	Kanana, Didimala, Ratanang, Hlapetsa, Mahuduwa Sections		~
2. Ele	ectr	Need for Electricity	Mogogobeni Apara, Mosehleng, Phomola Mabitleng, Hlapetsa Mphatho & Ratanang		v
icit		Need for maintenance of streetlights	Ward 08	√	
		Need for high mast lights	Ward 08		✓
3. Ro	ads	Need for refurbishment/paving of access roads	Road to Sewuwe Cemetery, Clinic Road, Road to Kadishi School, Ratanang (New Stand), Hlapetsa, Mahuduwa, Mamurapama, Hlong Road, Dikwateng, Brakeng & Koporasie.		✓
		Need for re-gravelling of access roads	Ward 08	✓	
		Need for grading the road to New Stands	Kanana, Mogogobeng, Brakeng	~	
4. Ho	unci	Need for new RDP houses	Ward 08		✓
ng		Need for completion of housing projects	Ward 08	✓	~
5. Sai	nita	Need for toilets (Households)	Ward 08		✓
tio		Need for completion of toilets projects	Seuwe, Mamorapama, Apara, Hlapetsa,		~



					Falls -
			Mahuduwa And Didimala Cemeteries		
		Need for a shopping centre/complex	Ward 08		~
6.	Com munit	Need for telecommunication mast (Network Aerial)	Mamorapama, Kanana, Hlapetsa And Phomola Sections	~	~
	y Facilit y	Need for maintenance of sports field/mini stadium	Ward 08	~	
		Need for a community hall	Ward 08	~	
		Need for a Community Library	Ward 08	~	
7.	LED	Need for job opportunities	Ward 08		
8.	Healt h	Need for availability of staff (Doctors & other vacancies)	Matibidi Heath Centre (Hospital)	~	
9.	Social servic	Need for regular effective services	Moremela Thusong Centre	√	
	es (Hom e affairs	Need for upgrading/Maintenance of cemeteries	Ward 08	~	
)	Need for maintenance of palisades	Didimala Cemetery		~
10.Ag	ricultur	Need for tractors	Ward 08	~	

Ward 09				cation			
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex			
	Ward 09 : Moremela						
1. Water	Need for sustainable bulk water supply	Entire ward		✓			
	Need for clean portable water	Entire ward	~				
	Need for regular repairs of	Entire ward, Kanana	~				



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		boreholes			
2.	Roads and Transport	Need for easy access of public transport	Entire ward (All roads)		~
		Tarring and grading of roads	Main roads and streets (Kanana), Cemetaries & Morothong		✓
		Need for easy access of public transport	Entire ward (All roads)		~
3.	Community facilities	Refurbishment of community Halls & Municipal Offices	Moremela		~
4.	Land	Need land for infrastructure development (cemeteries, clinics, parks)	Entire wards		✓
5.	Health	Need for HIV & TB campaign programmes	Entire ward	✓	
		Need for a mobile clinic (atleast twice a week)	Moremela	✓	
6.	Education	Need for Pre-School	Entire ward		✓
		Need for a Secondary School	Entire ward		~
		Need FET College (satellite centres)	Entire ward		✓
7.	LED	Need for small business support	Entire ward		✓
8.	Human Settlement	Need of RDP houses	Entire wards		
9.	Sanitation	Need for sanitation system	Entire ward		 ✓
10.Ele	ectricity	Need for household connection	New household		✓
		Need to fix the constant power cut problem	Entire ward	✓	
		Need for maintenance of streetlights	New Stands	✓	



		Ward 09: Ler	10.100		Aller
		ward 09: Ler	010.		
1.	Water	Need for sustainable water supply &	Tshabeleng & Mphatho (Entire ward		✓
2.	Health	Need for permanent clinic Structure	Leroro		~
3.	Roads and storm water	Need for roads and storm water drainage system	Entire ward		~
		Need for paving of roads	Tshabelang (Luthern Church section), Road to LM School,		~
		Need for grading of Roads	Boromachine		~
4.	LED	Need for socio-economic opportunities & Job Opportunities	Leroro	✓	
5.	Land	Need for land for development & Grazing Land	Leroro		~
6.	Education	Need for learnership Opportunities & FET College	Entire ward	✓	
7.	Community facilities	Need for community facilities	Entire ward	✓	
8.	Human Settlement	Need for RDP houses	Entire ward		~
9.	Sanitation	Need for proper sanitation/Toilets	Leroro		~
10.Ele	ectricity	Need for electricity (Streetlights and new connection)	Entire ward (Police View& Ratanang)		v

Ward 10			Classification	
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex



	Ward 1	0: Graskop		2004
1. Roads and Storm	Need for total rebuild of roads	Part of Kleridon Street & Jan Van Rensburg, Rocky Rapid Street in Glory Hill Ext 5, Willow Street.		
water	Need for tarring of roads (New roads)	Panaroma High School, Graskop Ext 5 and Graskop Hostel Informal Settlement (Proposed Graskop Ext 7). Construct a sidewalk between town & Graskop Ext 5 (R522 Road)		×
	Refurbishment/Maintenance of Roads	Church Street, Louis Trichardt street???? Are they strategic streets??? and Oorwinning Street	✓	
	Need for regravelling of main roads	Graskop Ext 5 (All roads) & Graskop Hostel Informal settlement (Main Roads)	~	
	Need for road marking for safety of pedestrian (School Children) and replacement of existing and construction on new Signage (Illegal Dumping & Street names)	Graskop Town, Landfill site, Graskop Ext 5	~	
	Need for a total upgrading of all storm lines	Graskop Town and All areas		√
	Rebuild of pedestrian bridge	Joining Graskop town (By Delange Street) and Graskop Hostel Informal Settlement (Proposed Graskop Ext 7)		×
2. Water	Need for refurbishment of all water supply pipes	Entire Graskop town (Glory Hill, Graskop Ext 05, Graskop Hostel Informal Settlement-Proposed Graskop Ext 7)		√
	Need for water supply & Storage (Reservior)	Graskop Ext 05 (Newly built RDP houses & Graskop Hostel Informal Settlement (Proposed Graskop Ext 7)		✓



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	Need for maintenance of Water Infrastructure i.e., Installation/Refurbishment of control Panel & Foot Valves	Main Graskop Water pump station	~	
	Need for upgrading of water taps	Graskop Town (Cemetery site) & Graskop Hostel Informal Settlement	✓	
	Need for the refurbishment and extension of sewerage treatment plant because of the new development that came. (Ease the pressure)	Ext 05 (Chinese project, Newly built RDP houses)		×
3. Sanita	Need for household connection to the main sewer line	Ext 05 (59 previous RDP projects), Glory Hill (11 previous RDP houses)	✓	
tion	Need for toilets	Ext 05 (Informal settlement), Graskop Hostel, Graskop (cemetery site), Panaroma waterfalls (Big swing), Natural bridge,	V	
	Need for maintenance of all toilets and construction of new toilets	Graskop taxi rank & Cemetary	✓	
	Maintenance of existing WWTP	Graskop	\checkmark	
	Need for streetlights (Installation and Maintenance)	Graskop Ext 05 Main Street & Side Entire ward	√	
4. Electr	Need to fix and maintain electrical street boxes	Glory Hill & Graskop Town	✓	
icity	Need for maintenance and upgrading of streets lights	Graskop Town	✓	
	Need for replacement of existing High Mast Lights to LED or brighter bulbs	Graskop Ext 05, Glory Hill Ext 5	✓	
5. Safety & Securi	Need for a security system for all municipal services infrastructure i.e water pump and the electricity	Graskop Town (All pump stations, treatment plants etc.)	~	



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	ty/Dis aster	system			
	Mana	Installation of CCTV	Graskop Town	√	
	gemen t	Procurement of a fire engine/Truck and rescue service	Graskop	✓	~
		Need to upgrade the control office (emergency Room)	Graskop	✓	
		Need for formalization of human settlement to be finalised	Graskop Hostel, Glory Hill & Ext 05		~
		Need for fixing of cracked & Incomplete RDP houses	Glory Hill & Nkandla Informal Settlement (Ext 5)		~
6	Huma n Settle ment	Need for & RDP houses	Graskop Town		~
0.		Need for converting of Graskop Hostels to family units	Graskop Hostels	✓	
		Identification of land for mixed residential purposes/Affordable housing (Township Establishments)	Graskop		~
		Facilitate a fair process of allocation of RDP housing to deserving people	Graskop		~
7.	Waste mana	Need for proper Land Fill site management (Spray for flies)	Graskop	✓	
	gemen t	Need to combat illegal dumping	Graskop & Nkandla Informal Settlement Graskop Ext 5	✓	
8.	Cemet	Need for maintenance of cemeteries	Graskop (Cemetery site)	✓	
	eries	Need for the expansion of existing cemetery & Construction of toilets	Graskop	~	√
9.	LED	Need for new market stalls & standardization and management of market stalls	Graskop town & Taxi rank	✓	
		Need for the establishment of a	Glory Hill	✓	



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	Youth Development centre			
	Need for a 24 hours new clinic	Graskop town & Surrounding areas		
10. Healt	Need for an ambulance	Graskop	✓	
h	Need for a medical waste storage facility	Graskop	√	
	Need for total upgrading and maintenance of taxi rank	Graskop taxi rank	√	
11. Com	Need for the existing tennis court & soccer field to be resuscitated	Graskop Town & Graskop Hostel informal settlement	✓	
munit y	Need for the establishment of a Youth Development centre	Glory Hill	✓	
Facilit ies	Land needed for sports and park facilities	Graskop town	√	
	Need for the existing library to be refurbished (new books and amend operating hours)	Graskop Town	~	
12. Land	Need for an access to land for all development	Entire ward	✓	
	Need for Extension of Land at Laerskool Graskop for building of classrooms	Graskop Town		
	Ward 10: Sekwayi/Pa	art of Hlabekisa /Ngwetsi		
1. Water	Need for water (Bulk water supply)	Ngwetsi		
2. LED	Need for job opportunities	Ngwetsi	\checkmark	
3. Electr icity	Need for supply and maintenance of street lights	Hlabekisa	✓	
	Need for new connections	Ngwetsi Nchuruge (New Stands)		✓
	Need for High Mast light (Apollo)	Ngwetsi	✓	
4. Healt h	Need to move Bourke's Luck Clinic nearer to the community	Ngwetsi		



					+ asset
		Need for awareness Campaigns	Ngwetsi		✓
5.	Roads	Need for road	Morelepong to the bridge and cemetry		~
		Fix the storm water drainage on the newly paved road	Hlabekisa		~
		Need for grading of Access road	Ngwetsi	✓	
6.	Land	Need for land for residential development	Entire ward, Ngwetsi		√
		Need for fair allocation of land	Entire ward	√	
	Educa tion	Need for Skills Development Programme	Ngwetsi		~
8.	Huma	Need for housing/RDP	Ngwetsi		~
	n settle ment	Need to fix the Housing List	Ngwetsi	~	
9.Sanit	tation	Need for sanitation	Entire ward		✓
	Com munit	Need for support in terms of providing TLB for burial services		√	
	y faciliti	Need for fencing of cemetery	Existing Cemetery	~	
	es	Need for a Taxi Rank	Port Holes	~	
		Need for sport facility	Hlabekisa		~
		Need for a library	Hlabekisa		~
	Waste Mana gemen t	Need for waste collection	Entire ward		

Ward 11				ation
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex



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1.	Land	Need for the acquisition of Land for human settlement	Brondal, Hendriksdal & Sipsop		~
		Need for land for Commercial and Social Uses	Brondal, Hendriksdal & Sipsop		~
2.	Water	Need for clean water	Brondal, Hendriksdal & Malherbe		~
		Need for a repair/Maintain boreholes	Brondal, Hendriksdal & Malherbe		✓
3.	Health	Need for a mobile clinic (at least a service for twice a week)	Witklip		~
4.	Waste Manageme nt	Need to deal with illegal dumping	Brondal, Hendricksdal and Sipsop	√	
5.	Education	Need for a pre-school Need for a secondary school	Witklip, Brondal, Hendriksdal & Malherbe		✓
6.	Electricity	Problem of power cut and unstable power supply	Kamadolo Village & Witklip		~
7.	Institution al (communic ation)	Need communication alert of electricity blackouts, water supply breakdown and turnaround time	Witklip, Witklip, Brondal, Hendriksdal & Malherbe		~
8.	Housing	Need for housing	Malherbe, Witklip, Brondal, Hendriksdal		✓
9.	Sanitation	Need for sanitation	Malherbe Witklip, Brondal, Hendriksdal		~
10.	Job creation	Need for job creation	Entire ward		✓
11.	Animal control	Need for animal control	Witklip		✓
12.	. Safety	Need to reduce crime in the area	Brondal, Hendricksdal and Sipsop	✓	✓



	Ward 12			
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex
1. Sewer and sanitation	Need for public toilets	Lydernbug and surrounding Area		~
2. Roads and Storm Water	Need for rebuilding/Refurbishment of roads and paving of pavements	Voortrekker Street (Viljoen to Barack/Greyling), Barack/Rossouw Street, Brown Street, Preller Str, Beetge Str, Dreyer & Rabie Str		✓
	Need paving of roads walkways and storm water refurbishment	Lydenburg Town		·
	Need for a pedestrian Bridge over railway line	Between Chris Lombaard & Van Staden Street as well as Ruiter Str & McGee Street		~
	Need for an alternative road into Lydenburg from Nelspruit (Precautionary measure should train bridge collapse)	Voortrekker Road		v
	Need for fixing of storm water drainage system & increase diameter of pipes	Lydenburg Town	~	
	Need for installation & Maintenance of road marking, street names and signage	Lydenburg Town	~	
3. Electricity	Need for additional MVA supply of electricity (explore alternative sources)	Lydenburg Town		
	Replacement of old electrical infrastructure.	Lydenburg		~
	Need for Street lights in residential	Lydenburg Town	~	



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4. Water	Improve the status of water quality (Blue-Drop)	Lydenburg Town	✓	
	Need for refurbishment of water reticulation network	Lydenburg Town		✓
	Need for the refurbishment & upgrade of water purification plant	Lydenburg Town		~
	Need increase the current water capacity	Lydenburg Town		✓
	Need for maintenance of water reticulation network	Lydenburg Town	~	
5. Land fill sites	Need for new land fill sites	Lydenburg Town		✓
	Create small independent dumping site with Skip bins	Lydenburg Town		✓
6.Disaster Management Centre	Need for upgrading of fire fighting vehicles and equipment (fire Hydrants)	Entire ward		~
	Upgrade & furnish disaster Centre	Lydenburg	~	~
7.Enviromental health	Control and management of pollution factors affecting environment. (Sewer Spillages)	Lydenburg Town		✓
	Need for implementation of By-Laws	Lydenburg Town		~
8.Human Settlement	Need for RDP Houses	Lydenburg Town		\checkmark
9.LED/Job creation	Venture into waste recycling & sorting	Lydenburg		✓
	Need for an LED Hub/Information Centre	Lydenburg	✓	

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10.Land	Need for access to land for development, Residential (Gap Market), skills development centre (consider existing buildings) & private hospital	Lydenburg Town	✓
11.Education	Need for primary and high school, Technical College & Nursing college.	Lydenburg Town	×
12.Council infrastructure and equipment	Upgrade of workshops and testing station, tools and equipment and vehicles	CBD and surrounding areas	×
14.Public Facilities	Need for an orphanage & Homeless Shelter	Lydenburg town	~
	Need for the refurbishment of the recreational Hall	Lydenburg Town	~

	Ward 13				
Priority Need	Problem Statement	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex	
Ward 13: Pilgrim's	Rest	I			
1. Human Settlement	Need for Housing	Pilgrim's Rest	✓		
2. Land	Need for land for development purposes (human settlement and commercial), town ship establishment	Pilgrim's Rest	✓		
3. Sanitation	Need for toilets	Pilgrim's Rest		~	
4. Community services and facilities	Fencing of cemetery and cleaning	Pilgrim's Rest		~	
	Need for municipal satellite offices for easy payment of services	Pilgrim's Rest		~	



					4334
		Need for library	Pilgrim's Rest		\checkmark
5.	LED	Need for re-opening of shops	Pilgrim's Rest Town		~
		Need for Job opportunities	Pilgrim's Rest		√
		Need SMMEs and other business initiatives	Pilgrim's Rest	~	
6.	Safety & security	Need for crime prevention for locals and tourists	Pilgrim's Rest Town	~	
7.	Roads	Need for establishment of internal roads/streets	Pilgrim's Rest Darkskaal		~
8.	Water	Need for water supply	Pilgrim's Rest Skomsplaas		\checkmark
9.	Education	Need for permanent structure (Primary and secondary)	Pilgrim's Rest Primary and Secondary school		~
		Ward 13: Ol	nrigstad Dam		
	1. Human Settleme nt	Need for housing	Ohrigstad Dam		~
	2. Water	Need for fixing of borehole for sustainable water supply	Ohrigstad Dam	~	
	3. LED	Need SMMEs and other business initiatives	Ohrigstad Dam		~
		Need for job opportunities	Ohrigstad Dam		✓
4.Com faciliti	munity	Need for fencing of cemeteries	Ohrigstad Dam		~
lacinu	es	Need for bridge on one of the cemetery	Ohrigstad Dam		~
		Need for an upgrade of the sport ground	Ohrigstad Dam		√
	4. Health	Need for mobile clinic	Ohrigstad Dam		✓
	5. Educati	Need for primary school	Ohrigstad Dam		✓
	on	Need for Creche	Ohrigstad Dam		✓



		-			VIIV
6.	Roads	Need for graveling of access roads	Ohrigstad Dam		✓
7.	Sanitati on	Need for Toilets	Ohrigstad Dam	~	
8.	Waste Manage ment	Need for waste collection	Ohrigstad Dam	~	
		Ward 13:	Spekboom	I	
1.	Land	Need for purchase of land	Spekboom		✓
2.	Human Settleme nt	Need for Housing	Spekboom		✓
3.	Electrici ty	Need for electricity/solar	Spekboom	~	
4.	Water	Need for an additional borehole	Spekboom	✓	
		Need for fixing of borehole electricity	Spekboom	~	
5.	Sanitati on	Need installation of toilets	Spekboom		√
6.	Health	Need for mobile Clinic twice a week	Spekboom	~	
7.	Educati on	Need for upgrade of Spekboom primary school	Spekboom		✓
8.	Roads	Graveling of roads	Spekboom	~	
9.	Waste manage ment	Need for waste collection	Spekboom	✓	
		Ward 13:	Boomplaas	I 	
1.	Land	Need for speeding up of land claims	Starsie and Valencia		√
					I



				A REAL
	Formali zation	Town Planning processes to be initiated (Township Establishment)	Boomplaats Farm	✓
	Water & Sanitati on	Need for water & Sanitation (Subject to formalization)	Boomplaats Farm	~
	Electrici ty	Need for Electricity (Subject to formalization)	Boomplaats Farm	✓
5.	Roads	Need for roads (Subject to formalization)	Boomplaats Farm	✓
	Public Facilitie s	Need for Cemetery & Parks (Subject to formalization)	Boomplaats Farm	✓
		Ward 13	3: Skhila	
1.Land		Need land for residential development (Extension of Skhila)	Skhila	✓
		Need for cemetery sites	Skhila	✓
2.Water		Need for portable clean water	Skhila	\checkmark
3.Human settlement		Need for RDP Housing	Skhila	~
4.Commur Facilities	nity	Hostels	Need overall maintenance of the Hostel and its basic services	~
		Need for Taxi Rank	Skhila	\checkmark
5.Roads an water	nd storm	Need for storm water drainage system	Skhila	~
		Need for paving of internal streets	Skhila	~
6.Electricit	ty	Need for repair of streetlights	Skhila	✓
		Combat of Illegal connection	Skhila	✓

			- 20 Ft
7.Health	Need for clinic	Skhila	\checkmark

	Ward 14			Classification	
Priority Need	Problem Statement/Need	Location/ Affected areas	Opex	Capex	
1. Sewer & Sanitation	Total refurbishment of the Lydenburg Main sewer plant (Skhila) -Sewer Spillages	Lydenburg & Surrounding		v	
	Need fixing of the illegal sewer dump	Ext 02 (Near Indian Centre)	~		
	Refurbishment and upgrading of entire reticulation network	Lydenburg Town		✓	
	Refurbishment and upgrading (Capacity) of entire reticulation network	Lydenburg Town		4.	
	Need for toilet Facilities (Public Toilets)	Lydenburg Town		5.	
2. Roads and Storm Water	Need for rebuilding of main roads and paving of pavements in CBD	Part of Viljoen, Buhrmann, De Clerq, First street, Kerk, all streets in Lydenburg Ext 2 (Indian Centre), De Villiers Street, Breytenbach Street & Voortrekker.		6.	
	Need for expansion of Streets	Voortrekker Street up to Mashishing	 ✓ 		
	Need for a complete refurbishment of storm water drainage system	All street in Lydenburg Town	 ✓ 		
	Need for road marking and signage maintenance	Entire Ward	 ✓ 		



				ARE
	Need for maintenance & Installation of street names	Entire Ward	✓	
	Need for speed humps	Internal Strategic roads	✓	
3. Electricity	Need for maintenance of streetlights and Traffic Lights	Lydenburg Town	~	
4. Water	Refurbishment of water reticulation network	Lydenburg Town		√
	Improve the status of water quality (Blue-Drop)	Strategic street	v	
5. Land fill sites & Waste Management	Need for upgrading of current land fill sites and identify new land fill sites.	Lydenburg Town	7.	•
	Placement of skip bins @ the entrance (Curb Illegal Dumping)	Lydenburg	8.	√
	Need for the Installation of illegal dumping signage	Lydenburg	9.	~
6. Disaster Management Centre	Need for upgrading of fire fighting vehicles and equipment.	Lydenburg Town		√
7. Council infrastructure and equipment	Upgrade of workshops and testing station, tools and equipment and vehicles	Lydenburg Town Surrounding areas	10.	
8. Environmental Health	Control & Management of pollution factors	Entire Ward	√	 ✓
	By Law implementation & enforcement (Traffic Control, Noise pollution)	Entire Ward	✓	
	Need for public toilets	Lydenburg Town	✓	
9.Human Settlement	Need for Title deed rectification	Lydenburg Ext 2	✓	
	Need for development of land (Residential purposes low to middle class group)	Lydenburg	v	

10.LED/Employment	Need for employment facilities @	Lydenburg	\checkmark	
opportunities	the Landfill site/Recycling facilities			

Stakeholder's Priorities

Non-Governmental, Non-Profit, Disability Forum and Other Civic Organisations Priority Needs (these are sustained Priorities)

Summary of TCLM based Needs from NGOs, NPOs and other Civic Organisations			cation	
Priority Issue Problem Statement		Opex	Cape x	
1. Public and Private Infrastructure Services Access	Need for all building control policies to be revised to accommodate disability people for all new developments	~		
2. Road walk-ways	Need for a disability Desk in SabieProvide safe walk-ways to cater for disabled persons on all streets	✓ ✓		
3. Human Settlement	Housing allocation for disabled persons must be designed to cater for disable persons and be built in close proximity to social services	~		
4. LED	Need for consideration of disabled persons on all posts advertised particularly on senior or key positions	~		
	Need for integration of disabled companies in TCLM SCM data base	~		
	Need for consideration of companies owned by disabled persons for work done by TCLM and other Private Companies	~		
	Need for a targeted percentage programmes aimed at empowering disabled persons	~		
	Need socio-economic empowerment for the youth to avoid drug abuse	~		
5. Community and Social	Need for disability sports dedicated programmes	✓		
Development	Need for awareness programmed for social inclusion of disabled persons	~		
	Need for awareness programmes for the youth to avoid drug abuse	~		
	Need for an establishment of peer council to champion awareness for substance abuse	~		
	Need for skills development programme for young people targeted at post rehabilitation phase	~		
6. Land and Land Uses	Need for land for Churches in all Towns	√		
	Need for land-use audit on churches to combat illegal churches	~		
	Need for strict reasonable land use compatibility for	\checkmark		

	churches		
7. Other	Need for reasonable tax and rates for all NPOs & NGOs	~	
	NGOs		

Local Business Priority Needs

Summary of TCLM based Needs from NGOs, NPOs and other Civic Organisations			Classification	
Priority Issue	Problem Statement		Capex	
1. Bulk Infrastructure Services (to cater for new potential development)	Roads Expansions on main streets (Voortrekker Street up Mashishing & Viljoen Street) and Maintenance of critical tourism routes		✓	
Province and society	Water Supply increase i.e upgrade bulk availability Sewer supply increase i.e upgrade bulk availability Electricity supply increase i.e upgrade bulk		× × ×	
	availability and Service Eskom Debt Maintenance of service delivery infrastructure (Transformers, substations, sewer and stormwater		✓	
2. Investor Attraction (Incentives) Enhance tourism	Sewer supply increase i.e upgrade bulk availability Bulk service contributions must be reasonable enough compared to neighbouring towns for easy		✓ ✓	
	preferences Ensure SDF or spatial plans are easy available or placed on strategic areas for investor attraction purposes	~		
	Provide invectives for small and other potential investors	✓		
3. Basic Public services	Maintenance of street names in all streets priority be given to main roads and streets since this a municipality	√		
	Maintenance of open and public spaces	 ✓ 		
	Road Marking must also be given attentionImprove billing services for effectiveness andefficiency purposes	✓ ✓		
	Fixing property address in all Towns	✓		
	Apply and enforce all by-laws for basic services (littering, Advertising, trading, etc) Improve on communication between to council and	✓ 		

Non-External (Governance or Internal Issues) issues raised in all the meetings of all stakeholders

Stakeholders	Issues	Statement problems
General Public	Policies and	Need for effectives systems for all community based services





	systems	(Billing, Communications, Complain centre, call centre, breakdown	
		services reported, review of policies, Management of landfill sites)	
	Human	Need to improve or fire staff who are not customer friendly (learn	
	Behaviour	from private sector e.g Banks)	
	Personnel	Align resources to directly respond to public problems	
	Internal	Avoid reactional approach by being pro-active on government issues	
	Control		
	Service	Improve planned maintenance on all basic services and notifies the	
	delivery	public efficiently (Maintenance of transformers, electrical	
		infrastructure etc.)	
Business	Policies and Need for effectives systems for all community-based services		
	systems	(Billing, Communications, Complain centre, call centre, breakdown	
		services reported)	
	Human	Need to improve or fire staff who are customer friendly (learn from	
	Behaviour	private sector e.g., Banks)	
NGOs & NPOs	Policies and	Need for effectives systems for all community-based services	
	systems	(Billing, Communications, complain centre, call centre, breakdown	
		services reported)	
	Human	Need to improve or fire staff who are customer friendly (learn from	
	Behaviour	private sector e.g., Banks)	

2.7 SWOT Analysis

The previous chapter provided the base information on municipal resource availability (internal and external) and different characteristics crucial to inform development planning, economic development and growth. TCLM has made an analysis from its external (physical) and internal (Institutional) base information in order to come up with SWOT analyses which is crucial to inform prioritization planning accordingly. Based on this information within the municipal jurisdiction, appropriate analyses have been concluded based on the aforesaid aspects and other sources contained in sector plans. Table 20 presents the SWOT analysis of the municipality.

SWOT ANALYSIS				
Strengths	Weaknesses			
 Current stability of council, 	 Non-Implementation of the Credit control & 			
 Motivated employees 	Debt collection policy			
 Filled critical posts 	 Lack of master and operating updated sector 			
 Master plans development in process 	plans in some departments			
 Intensive involvement with 	 Lack of adequate staff in key directorates 			
stakeholders including communities	 Lack adequate assets (Yellow Fleet) 			
 Best tourism destination which 	 Lack of finance and financial support 			
strengthen economic growth	 Insufficient budget to fund IDP 			
 Support tourism accommodation and 	projects/Unfunded Budget			
recreational facilities	 Decline in revenue collection 			
 Access to private sector investment 	 Shortage of skills 			
opportunity.	 Failure of overcoming basic services back-log 			
 Significant natural resources. 	 Insufficient land for development 			
 Local sponsor from mining sectors 	 Insufficient support from provincial 			



 Pull factors (Mining activities occurring within TCLM and neighbouring municipality) Reporting Lines are established and functional 	 departments (Service Delivery Support) Lack coordination of plans through the IDP Limited development due to dolomite risks Lack of tourism strategies
 Property Rates Collection (Revenue) Strong work force (employees) Proper placement or utilisation of personnel Chance of programmes/workshops for promotion of dedication and commitment of employees Best tourism destination for LED Availability of mineral resources Potential pull factors (Mining and tourism) for investors Favourable weather for settlement preferences and other recreational activities Malaria free region Wonderful scenic landscapes Study case references for other places (Historical sites) 	 Escalating Eskom Debt Demoralisation of dedicated officials Lack of retention plans (promotion of resignation of professionals) Poor performance by directorates Service delivery protest due to inherited social service back-log Developmental risk on dolomite areas Tourism risk on mountains roads (mist) Dilapidated infrastructure Unfunded community priority need projects due to lack of funding Unemployment and high prevalence of poverty Poor-payment municipal services and illegal connection to municipal services



3 CHAPTER **3** (Good Governance & Learning and Points of Improvement: AG's Report)

3.1. Council Functionality

Good governance is often used to describe the desired objective of a Local government as espoused in Section 152 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa. In this regard the municipality has place compliance with legislation and the following issues at the top of its transformation agenda to improve the current status:

- Asset management
- Compliance to council policies and other legal requirements
- Financial management (effectiveness and efficiencies)
- Efficient delivery of basic services
- Oversight management

This is manifested in our values and motto contained in this document.

The municipality has never managed to obtain an unqualified audit outcome in the past years since 2008/2009 financial year, and there has been matters emphasised by the Auditor-General which needs urgent attention. The narrative took a positive turn when in the 2017/18 financial year the municipality obtained a qualified Audit with findings. The municipality maintained it for another year until the 2020/21 financial year, when the municipality obtained an unqualified Audit outcome this proofs that there are improvements in the institutional management systems.

Council

The TCLM Council was sworn in on the first meeting of Council on the 22nd of November 2021, after the 01st of November 2021 election. The Council comprises of 27 Councillors, fourteen (14) of which are ward Councillors, and the remainder is proportional representation. Council meetings are chaired by the Speaker of Council. The Council sits every quarter (excluding special council meetings).

Mayoral Committee

The Mayoral Committee is comprised of 4 (four) Councillors (The Executive Mayor and 3 (three) Members of the Mayoral Committee). The Mayoral Committee is chaired by the Executive Mayor and sits at least once a month (excluding special sittings).

Section 80 Committees

Council established three Section 80 Committees, namely, the Finance and Technical Services, Social Development Services, LED & Planning, Corporate Services. The three Committees are chaired by the Members of the Mayoral Committee and shall sit on a monthly basis to deal with



the reports and consider items submitted by Administration for further recommendations to the Mayoral Committee.

Section 79 Committee Meetings

Section 79 Committees are Committees of Council established to monitor and play oversight role on the implementation of Council's resolutions. The Section 79 Committee meets once in two months to play such oversight. These Committees are chaired by non-executive Committee members. The composition of these committees is as follows:

- Local Geographical Names Committee
- Thaba Chweu LM Labour Forum
- Rules & Ethics Committee
- Agenda Committee
- Municipal Public Account Committee (MPAC)
- Municipal Planning Tribunal (MPT)

Municipal Public Account Committee (MPAC)

This committee plays an oversight role out-side the administration environment. Their role is to scrutinise performance reports obtainable from internal departments. The committee comprises of seven members of the mayoral committee and two directors in TCLM. The committee also scrutinise the audit report both internally and externally and provide council with the steps to take as corrective measures.

Municipal Planning Tribunal (MPT)

Council approved the appointment of the MPT under Council Resolution A24/2016, the term has since lapsed, and an advert has been published for the calls of nominations and there were no submissions made. The municipality is still in the process of extending nominations to external sector department to form part of the tribunal. The committee's role is to process Land Development Applications (i.e., Township Establishment Applications, Hearings etc.) and the committee sits as and when there are applications received.

3.2. Internal Auditing and Risk Management

Internal audit plays an important role in supporting the municipality's operations. It provides assurance on all the important aspects of risk management strategy and practices, management control frameworks, practices and governance.

The Standard for the Professional Practice of Internal Audit number 2100 stipulates that the role of the internal audit is to add value, evaluate and improve the organization's risk management, control and governance processes. The internal audit function must also provide assurance that the systems of internal controls are adequate and effective to manage the risk at a level that is acceptable to management.



Internal control is defined broadly and encompasses those elements of an organization (including its resources, systems, processes, culture, structure and tasks) that taken together support the achievement of the organizational objectives.

The scope of the internal audit function is broad and includes those systems of internal controls that are in place to achieve the following objectives:

- To provide independent, objective assurance and consulting services,
- To assess and evaluate the municipal performance information,
- To evaluate and improve the effectiveness of ICT controls,
- To develop the three-year rolling internal audit plan,
- To perform ad-hoc assignment as requested by council and management,
- To ensure uniform implementation of internal audit process and structured,
- To coordinate the activities of the audit committee,
- To interact with all spheres of government.

Risk Management

The municipality has established the Risk Management Unit and has staff to manage risk and compliance. The Risk Assessment is conducted annually and completed by the Risk Management Unit. The objectives of the unit are as follows:

Objectives:

- Implementation of purposeful, systematic risk identification, risk assessment, risk evaluation and risk mitigation management strategies to ensure the achievement of entity goals and objectives including adhering to the municipality's mandate,
- The identification of risk mitigation strategies and controls to reduce risk expose, and improve the management of significant and cross entity,
- Regular assessment, evaluation and prioritisation of risks with a view to ensure optimal risk management and related results, and
- Enable entity wide risk management within the strategic and operational activities of TCLM and ensure that it becomes part of its corporate culture.

The risks identified affecting the Integrated Development Plan implementation are contained in the strategic risk and operational risk registers available on request and are reported on quarterly.

Audit Committee

The audit committee is an independent advisory body which must advise the municipal council, the political office- bearers, the accounting officer and the management staff of the municipality, on matters relating to:

• Internal financial control and internal audits



- Risk ManagementAccounting policies
- The adequacy, reliability, and accuracy of financial reporting and information
- Performance management

To ensure effective government and compliance with the MFMA, DORA and other applicable legislations. The municipality uses a shared service from EDM.

3.3. Performance Management System

The municipality has an established PMS system with a PMS Manager who focuses on an organisational level and enables the cascading of PMS to lower levels of staff. The IDP therefore placed key performance indicators in the IDP Action programme that are measurable per annum for a period of five years where performance reports and SDBIPs can be derived to evaluate performance progress on IDP implementation. The municipality is approving the organogram and the PMS policy simultaneously as to ensure the smooth implementation of the IDP over the next five years.

In this current IDP cycle the municipality will be implementing Individual Performance Management System. This function will be placed and implemented in the corporate directorate and will ensure that all staff members perform duties in line with their job description and will be able to monitor individual performance thereof.

Other role players in oversight committees

Supply Chain Management

According to MFMA Section 111, each municipality must have a Supply Chain Management Policy which gives effect to the provisions of this Act, It further says under section 112, the policy of a municipality or municipal entity must be fair, equitable and transparent, competitive, cost effective and comply with the prescribed regulatory framework for Municipal Supply Chain Management. TCLM has a supply chain policy that governs all financial management. The following committees have been established:

- Bid Specification Committee
- Bid Evaluations Committee
- Bid Adjudication Committee

It must be noted that the specification committee is not a standing committee but sits as in when there are specific projects to be done and it comprises of different people who are drawn from the affected departments from time to time.

Complaint Centre



TCLM supported by MISA represented by CoGTA is in a process of upgrading a complaint centre with a call desk to manage complains and automatically create a job card for traceable reasons. The complaints are thereafter directed to relevant department for responses. This system serves as a monitoring tool for community issues relating to municipal service. There is also a dedicated individual who deals with petitions, however there is a need for the establishment of a committee to comprehensively deal with submitted petitions in the spirit of good governance.

3.4. Stakeholder's involvement and value proposition

The challenge that TCLM always face is involvement of sector department on annually IDP participation processes. Specific attention has been given to different stakeholders (specifically the mines) for their role when it comes from corporate social responsibilities.



4. CHAPTER 4 (Strategies)

This chapter presents the strategic approach of the municipality which is a requirement in terms of section 26 (b) of chapter 5 of local government legislation (Municipal System Act 32 of 2000) which compels the IDP to reflect: (a) the municipal council's vision for the long term development of the municipality with special emphasis on the municipality's most critical development and internal transformation needs, (c) the council's development aims and its internal transformation needs, (d) the council's development strategies which must be aligned with any national or provincial sectoral plans and planning requirements binding on the municipality in terms of legislation.

4.1. Vision

Custodian of sustainable service delivery, economic development, and good governance

4.2. Mission

Improving socio-economic conditions by improving service delivery and growing the economy through sound governance

4.3. Core Values

- *Putting people first,*
- Delivery of quality service,
- Uphold local government laws,
- Investor friendly

4.4. Motto

"Re direla batho"

4.5. Municipal Priorities for the next five years

After conducting the community consultations water came out as a first priority and was sufficient to be placed as first priority, however during the strategic planning sessions and the current financial state of the municipality it was then agreed that Revenue Enhancement would be first priority in the institution and this particular priority if implemented successfully all the financial crisis the municipality has would be dealt with and council will be able to implement capital projects from its own revenue.

Priority Issue		Key Is	ssues to be address
1. Water	and	-	Bulk (Storage, Network & Capacity) upgrade in Lydenburg
Sanitation		•	New Bulk (Licence, Storage, WTWP, Network/ Reticulation)
			supply construction in Matibidi, Leroro & Moremela
		•	Maintenance of sewer lines in Lydenburg, Sabie & Graskop

Table 52: 1	Municipal	Priorities
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	*
	 Bulk (WWTP, Network & Capacity) upgrade in Graskop
	 Refurbishment and upgrade of WWTP
2. Roads &	 Refurbishment of roads/streets
Stormwater	 New construction of roads in formal townships (Newly
	formalised areas, existing formal areas)
	 Refurbishment of storm water drainage system in all towns
	 Paving of roads
	 Maintenance of road infrastructure
3 Electricity	 New connection of households for new development & Backlog
	 Bulk upgrade (network & capacity) for growth
	• Maintenance of existing network (poles, overhead lines and
	safety mechanisms)
4 Waste Management	 Alternative land fill site for Lydenburg
& Environmental	 Improve management of Land fill sites
Management	 Extend Collection to rural (Matibidi, Leroro & Moremela) and
B	farm areas
	 Facilitate and coordinate monitoring and compliance to NEMA
	(neighbouring mining community and the institution)
	 Facilitate and promote safety, protection and cleanliness of
	environment through various programmes
5. Public Facilities	 Maintenance of Parks, Halls, Sports facilities, Cemeteries and
5. I done I dennies	municipal servitudes and related facilities
6. LED/Employment	 Facilitate PPP investment in Lydenburg, Sabie, Graskop and
Opportunities	CPAs farms
opportunities	 Facilitate catalytic investment in the municipality
	 Facilitate and coordinate the exploitation mining, tourism and
	agricultural opportunities aimed at socio-economic improvement
	in the municipality
	 Strengthen skills development for the unemployed and SMMEs
7. Human	
Settlement	radiation of housing derivery in fine with registration and
Settlement	council policies Acquisition of L and
	Acquisition of Land
	 Issuing of Title deeds (New & Re-registration)
8. Safety & Security	 Safeguard all municipal Infrastructure
9. Disaster	• Need for disaster management equipment i.e fire truck, jaws of
Management	life etc.
10. D	Refurbishment of control rooms/Disaster centre
10. Revenue	 Tariffs reviews on critical services under which policies and by-
Enhancement	laws applies
	 Combat illegal electricity and water connections
	 Review SLAs on council assets



	1914 C
11. Spatial	 Formation of informal settlements in Lydenburg
Planning/SDF	 Township establishment (Brown field development) in
Implementation	Lydenburg
12. Social	 Support the mainstreaming of social programmes aimed at
Programmes	improving different special social groups
mainstreaming	
13. Education	• Facilitate development and expansion of Schools, Libraries and
	further education and training
14. Institutional	 Office Space (Renovation of Municipal Offices &
Transformation	Reconstruction of Municipal Offices)
	 Compliance to legislation
	 Individual Performance management implementation
	 Organogram Responsive to IDP Priorities (Pyramid Structure)

4.6 Strategic Objectives (Code=SO#) for the municipality

- 14.1.1. (1) Provide access to quality & Sustainable services in line with council mandate (SO1)
- 14.1.2. (2) Realisation of harmonious development within the municipal jurisdiction (SO2)
- 14.1.3. (3) Increase revenue base and ensure sound financial viability (SO3)
- 14.1.4. (4) Enhance/Promote economic development and growth (SO4)
- 14.1.5. (5) Improve institutional transformation and resource management (SO5)
- 14.1.6. (6) Ensure effective and good governance (SO6)
- 14.1.7. (7) Strengthen IGR & stakeholder relation (SO7)
- 14.1.8. (8) Mainstreaming of social advocacy and marginalised groups (SO8)

4.7 Goals

In order to realize the **Strategic Objectives** council has set itself the following goals that must be achieved by 2027

Code#	Goal
G1	1. Grow municipal revenue by 2027
G2	2. Improve the capacity of water supply in urban areas of municipality by 2027
G3	3. Provide sustainable water supply in the northern areas and farm communities of the municipality by 2027
G4	4. Improve the capacity of sewer lines and water waste treatment plants in urban areas of the municipality by 2027
G5	5. Eradicate sewer leakages and spillages in the urban areas of the municipality by 2027
G6	6. Improve the condition of road networks in the urban areas of the municipality by 2027
G7	7. Improve the capacity of electricity supply in Lydenburg by 2027

Table 54: Municipal Goals



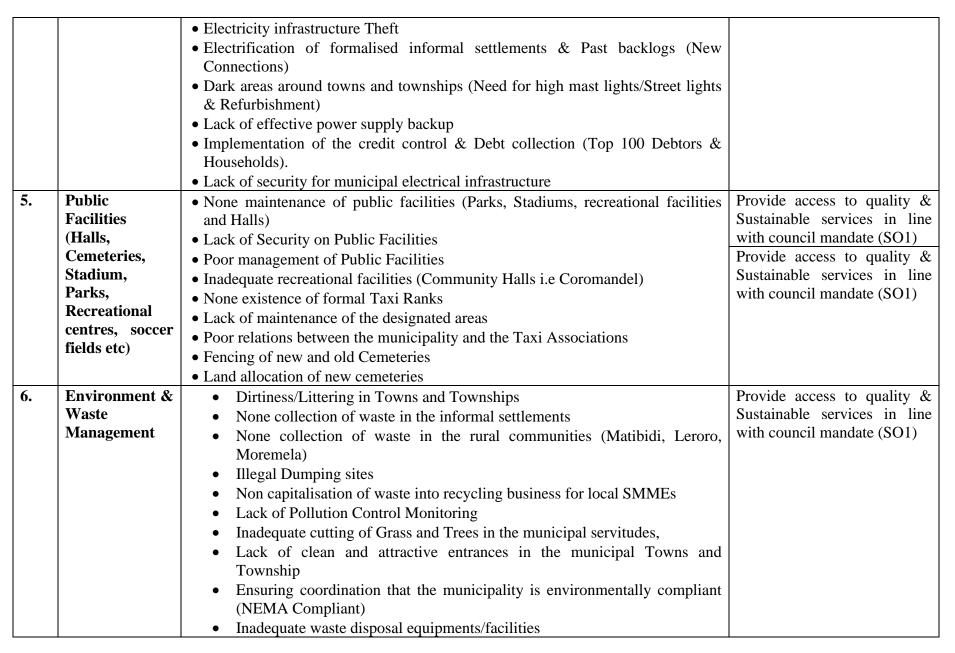
G8	8. Eradicate informal settlements and discourage land invasion in urban areas of the municipality by 2027
G9	9. Reduce the Eskom debt account by 2027
G10	10.Facilitate economic development and growth by 2027
G11	11.Improve the maintenance of council public facilities by 2027
G12	12.Improve state of governance in the municipality by 2027
G13	13.Improve the implementation of social/Transversal programmes and services in the municipality by 2027
G14	14.Improve state of service delivery and facilitate the state of labour practice in privately owned land in the farm and forestry communities by 2027

To effectively bring about an effective strategy that will work for the municipality, the municipality has crafted development objectives as required by MSA which are directly linked to the problem statements identified in the situational analysis and consultations outcomes of communities and other key stakeholders consulted during the development of this plan. The strategy identifies focus areas and sequences them per priority. The prioritising strategy therefore is driven by the following principles; namely: (i) Population size (concentration) within a given area/s, (ii) Commonality i.e common issues raised by communities, (iii) Economic impact as well as (iv) Socio-economic impact of such priority area/s. The said factors do not overrides approved council master plans or other district, provincial and or national frameworks aimed at achieving national objectives or other technical reports with substantial scientific evidence on certain areas of resource needs and intervention. This strategy and the said principles drives how projects and programmes are prioritised and implemented in various areas of the municipality in the five years of the plan.

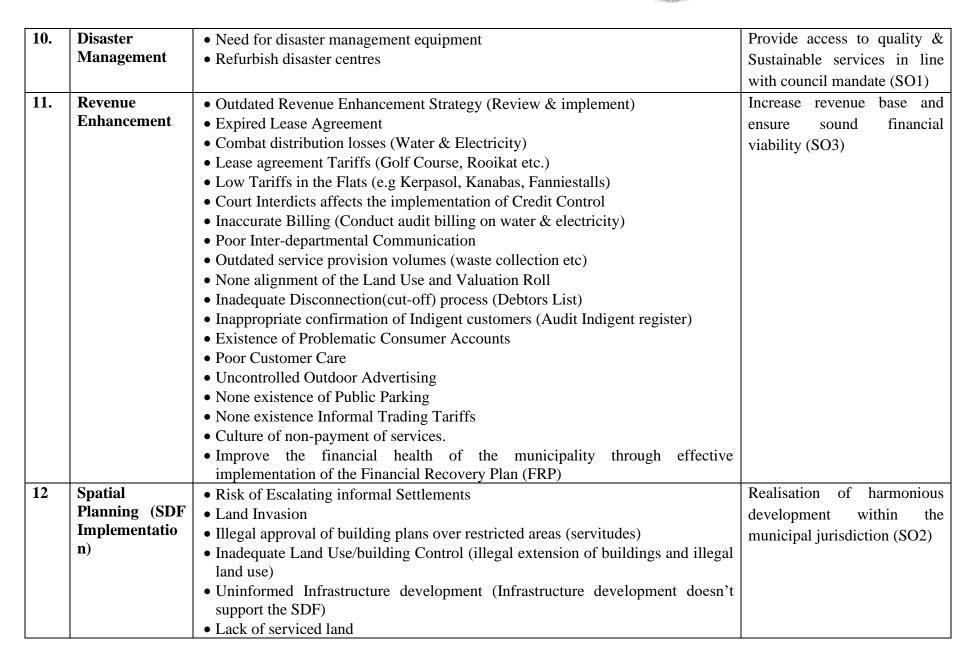
4.8. Alignment of Priorities and Strategic Objectives

Table 54: Municipal Development Objectives

No	Focus Areas	Problems Description	Strategic Objectives [Code=SO#]
1.	Water	• Improve Bulk Water Supply (Demand + Supply)	Provide access to quality &
		• Provide portable water supply	Sustainable services in line
		• Lack of water use licence in the northern areas	with council mandate (SO1)
		• Illegal Connection of Water (water distribution losses)	
		• Dilapidated water infrastructure (Pipelines/Networks, treatment plants	
		Maintenance of Boreholes	
		• Installation of meters in households without meters	
		• Conduct water meter audits & Replace faulty meters	
		• None existence of Water infrastructure in Informal Settlements	
		• Poor water quality	
		• Lack of security for municipal water & sanitation infrastructure	
2.	Roads	• Dilapidation Road Network (need refurbishment & New construction)	Provide access to quality &
		Inadequate Road Signage or Incorrect Signage	Sustainable services in line
		None existence or Incorrect Street Names	with council mandate (SO1)
		• Lack of maintenance of Road Signs, Street Names and Robots	
		• Gravel Roads Networks (Need grading & Paving)	
		• None maintenance or none existence of Road Walkways	
		• Dilapidating Storm Water infrastructure	
		• Speeding vehicles in townships (Installation of Speedhumps)	
3.	Sanitation	• Develop & implement water & sanitation master plans	Provide access to quality &
		• Improve Bulk Sanitation Supply (Demand + Supply)	Sustainable services in line
		Illegal Connection of Sewer & New Connections	with council mandate (SO1)
		• Dilapidating infrastructure (Sewer Plants)	
		• None existence of Sewer infrastructure in Informal Settlements	
		• Lack of security for municipal water & sanitation infrastructure	
4.	Electricity	Lack of Electrical Maintenance Plans	Provide access to quality &
		• Illegal connection (Conduct Meter audits & Replace faulty meters)	Sustainable services in line
		• Dilapidating Electricity Network (upgrade + maintenance)	with council mandate (SO1)
		• Improve Electricity Capacity (Network and Bulk)	



7.	LED	 Implementation of the IWMP Land Fill sites life span exhaustion Poor Management of Landfill sites Fencing of Landfill sites Outdated LED Strategy and implementation of the strategy Effective functionality of the LED Forum Lack plans for job creation and poverty alleviation None usage of the Unemployment Graduates Database for municipal programs Linkages of the Internships/Learnerships to the Unemployment Graduates Database in both the public and private sector) Inadequate linkage of EPWP and CWP programs of the municipality (Strengthening) Immerging Contractor Program Management (Control and Education) Linkages of the Immerging Contractor with other public and private sector None existence of value chain programs from various commercial developments (Facilitate value chain linkages of local SMMEs to private/public sector) Facilitate the involvement of local mines in the implementation of the IDP and support local SMMEs (Mining Exploration and development) Facilitate eco-tourism development for the municipality SMME Support 	Enhance/Promote economic development and growth (SO4) Ensure effective and good governance (SO6) Strengthen IGR & stakeholder relation (SO7)
8.	Human Settlement	 Incorrectly registered Title Deeds Double allocation of stands Delay in issuing long outstanding Title Deeds Updating of municipal property registration (Title Deeds) Housing Needs Register update (Review of the Housing Chapter) Fraud and Corruption in allocation of houses and stands Inadequate Squatter Control/Land use enforcement/control Effective and efficient management of rental stock 	Realisation of harmonious development within the municipal jurisdiction (SO2) Ensure effective and good governance (SO6)
9.	Safety & Security	Safeguard all municipal infrastructure	Provide access to quality & Sustainable services in line with council mandate (SO1)





Lack basic service delivery in privately owned land	
• Abusive labour practice in the farm community	
 conduct awareness campaigns/implementation of consequence management 	
• Ensure the institution has updated by laws and policies	
• Poor ICT Network Infrastructure	
None existence of ICT Data Centre	
 Insufficient gate protector and licensed software 	
• In-effective and continuous management of the municipal website	
• Insufficient tools of trade (laptops and computers)	
• Insufficient Office Space, Board Rooms and Council Chamber.	
• Ensure effective implementation of the communication strategy and ensure	
effective communication	
• ensure Business Continuity for the institution	

Alignment of the Strategy

The flow of the strategy is summarised in the table below, it simply indicate what role does each factor play and contribute in the entire process flow that leads to the realisation of the strategy vision.

Strategic Objective	Goals (Code=G#)	Priority Focus Areas	Development Objectives/Operational
(Code=SO#)		(Code=P#)	Objectives (Code=DO#)
SO1	G1,G2,G3,G4,G5,G6,G10	P1,P2,P3,P4,P5,P7,P13	DO1 – DO57
SO2	G7	P7	DO64 - DO75
SO3	G8,G11	P8	DO76 – DO86
SO4	G9	P9	DO87 – DO97
SO5	G12, G14	P10	DO98 – DO122 & DO123 - DO128
SO6	G12, G14	P10	DO98 – DO122 & DO123 - DO128
SO7	G12, G14	P10	DO98 – DO122 & DO123 - DO128
SO8	G13	P13	DO129 – DO133

Table 55: Municipal Strategy Alignment



4.9. Alignment of the strategy to National, Provincial and other local imperatives and guidelines

In terms of section 24 of the Municipal Systems Act - (1) The planning undertaken by a municipality must be aligned with, and complement, the development plans and strategies of other affected municipalities and other organs of state so as to give effect to the principles of cooperative government contained in section 41 of the Constitution. (2) Municipalities must participate in national and provincial development programmes as required in section 153(b) of the Constitution." It is therefore important for our municipality to align its strategic approach with national and provincial development programmes. Although the national, provincial and district are summarized in the following tables. The following highlights are the key elements of **National Development Plan (NDP).** The NDP is a step in the process of charting a new path for the country. The broad goal of this plan is to eliminate poverty and reduce inequality by 2030. The key focus areas of this plan are summarised in the figure below:

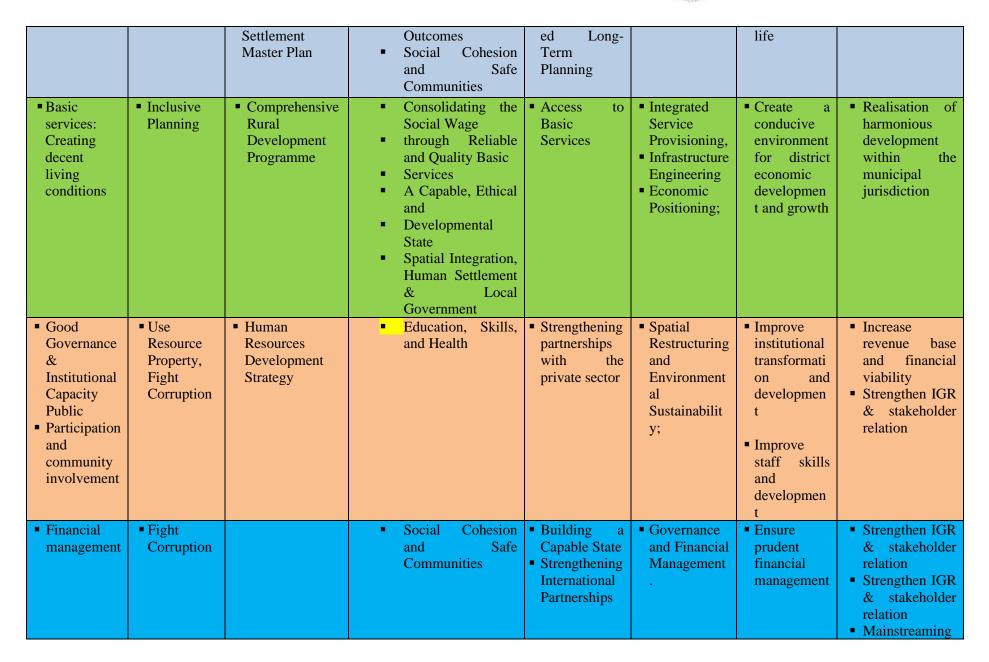
Sketch 05: Strategy Alignment to National Imperatives





Alignment of the strategy to National, Provincial and other local imperatives and guidelines

National I Municipalities	KPAs for	Provincial KPAs fo	District Munici	TCLM Focus			
Back to Basics (KFAs)	National Development Plan	MP V2030	Medium Term Strategic Framework MTSF (2019- 2024) Priorities	State of the Province Address	District Development Model (Focus Areas)	Ehlanzeni District IDP Focus	TCLM IDP Focus
Basic services: Creating decent living conditions	 Expand Infrastructu re Create Jobs 	 Mpumalanga Economic Growth & Development Path 	Economic Transformation and Job Creation	 Growing the Economy and Creating Jobs Leveraging state power for the radical socio-economic transformatio n agenda Revitalization of township and rural economies Land Reform and Rural Development Growing our Tourism industry 	 People Development Economic Positioning; 	 Deliver Services and implement projects in line with the Mandate of EDM Create a conducive environment for district Economic developmen t growth 	 Provide access to quality services in line with council mandate Enhance economic development and growth
Basic services: Creating decent living conditions	 Expand Infrastructu re Unite the Nation 	 Infrastructure Master Plan, Mpumalanga Spatial Framework & Human 	 Adequate Infrastructure to Facilitate Achievement of Prioritised 	 Integrated and Sustainable Human Settlements Institutionaliz 	 Integrated Service Provisioning, Infrastructure Engineering 	 Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of 	 Realisation of harmonious development within the municipal jurisdiction



Integrated Development F	Plan 2022 - 2027		<u></u>	
				of social advocacy and marginalised groups
Table	56:	Municipal	Strategy	Alignment

<u>-</u>

4.10. Localised Strategy Guidelines

4.10.1. Localised Strategic Guidelines for SDF (Code=LSG/SDF#)

Spatial development framework is summarised in this chapter 05 giving effect to the principles of spatial correction and inclusion in the municipality

- 4.10.1.1. Legislation and Policies
 - 4.10.1.1.1. Spatial Planning and Land Use Management Act
 - 4.10.1.1.2. The White Paper on South African Land Policy
 - 4.10.1.1.3. The Housing Act
 - 4.10.1.1.4. The Housing White Paper
 - 4.10.1.1.5. Green Paper on Development and Planning
 - 4.10.1.1.6. National Environmental Management Act
 - 4.10.1.1.7. The Mining Charter 2016
- 4.10.1.2. Spatial Development Principles
 - 4.10.1.2.1. Correction of historically distorted spatial patterns.
 - 4.10.1.2.2. Spatial integration (rural/urban, poor/rich, black/white, housing/workplace)
 - 4.10.1.2.3. Spatial Justice (Spatial Sustainability, Efficiency, Spatial Resilience, Good Administration)
 - 4.10.1.2.4. Diversity of land uses
 - 4.10.1.2.5. Discouragement of urban sprawl/densification/compact towns and cities.
 - 4.10.1.2.6. Environmentally sustainable land development practices.
 - 4.10.1.2.7. Spatially coordinated sectoral activities
- 4.10.1.3. Land Development Guidelines
 - 4.10.1.3.1. Provision for development of urban and rural land, existing and new settlements.
 - 4.10.1.3.2. Discouragement of land invasions (without ignoring reality of informal land use processes).
 - 4.10.1.3.3. Equitable access to land
 - 4.10.1.3.4. Tenure security
- 4.10.1.4. Housing Ownership
 - 4.10.1.4.1. Enforces integration of housing development with existing communities for mining employees where housing development for mining labour applies
 - 4.10.1.4.2. Enforces a contribution towards housing ownership of mining employees in consultation with labour organization

4.10.2. Localised Strategic Guidelines for LED (Code=LSG/LED#)

LED strategy to be reviewed aimed at mainstreaming the guidelines contained hereunder

- 4.10.2.1. Legislation and Policies
 - 4.10.2.1.1. Constitutional mandate for municipalities to promote social and economic development.
 - 4.10.2.1.2. The White Paper on Local Government encourages municipalities to address unemployment and to promote LED.
 - 4.10.2.1.3. Employment generation based on economic growth and competitiveness is a major goal of the GEAR (Growth, Employment and Redistribution) Programme.
 - 4.10.2.1.4. The mining charter 2016 (redefines the contribution of local mining companies on local development)
 - 4.10.2.1.5. The Forestry Charter
 - 4.10.2.1.6. The Tourism Charter
 - 4.10.2.1.7. Minerals and Petroleum Resources Development Act 2002
- 4.10.2.2. Principles
 - 4.10.2.2.1. Redistribution of economic resources and opportunities for the benefit of all residents through economic growth and development based primarily on local resources.
 - 4.10.2.2.2. Some of the socio-economic needs (i.e. Priority Issues) will be best addressed through LED initiatives.
 - 4.10.2.2.3. Sector-specific or location-specific economic development guidelines, such as Spatial Development Initiatives (SDI), agricultural development policies, tourism development strategies etc.
 - 4.10.2.2.4. Community development is enforced at 1% of the annual mine turnover on labour sending areas
 - 4.10.2.2.5. Enforces a 60% procurement of capital goods from a locally based BEE companies of which 30% of the 60% must be given to SMMEs
 - 4.10.2.2.6. Enforces a 70% procurement of consumables from a locally based BEE companies of which 30% of the 70% must be given to SMMEs
 - 4.10.2.2.7. Social labour plan is required to be in line with the IDP of the municipality in labour sending areas
- 4.10.2.3. Localised Strategic Guidelines for LED should include;
 - 4.10.2.3.1. Focal economic sectors for promotion (e.g. tourism, agro-based industries, processing industries).
 - 4.10.2.3.2. Basic principles of promotion (e.g. focus on labour-intensive techniques, viability, and sustainability).
 - 4.10.2.3.3. Major instruments of promotion.
 - 4.10.2.3.4. Major target groups (type of enterprises) and intended beneficiaries (e.g. women, school leavers).



4.10.2.3.5. Focal geographic areas.

4.10.3. Localised Strategic Guidelines for Poverty Alleviation and Gender Equity (Code=LSG/PAGE#)

Transversal strategy, Employment Equity Plan & Emerging SMMEs support plan to be reviewed & developed aimed at mainstreaming the principles contained hereunder

- 4.10.3.1. Legislation and Policies
 - 4.10.3.1.1. Constitution Section 26, 27 regarding basic needs and Section 9 regarding gender equality.
 - 4.10.3.1.2. Children's Act
 - 4.10.3.1.3. Sexual offenses Act
 - 4.10.3.1.4. National Health Act
 - 4.10.3.1.5. Criminal Procedure Act
 - 4.10.3.1.6. Act 70 for Substance abuse
 - 4.10.3.1.7. Older Person's Act
 - 4.10.3.1.8. Sustainable Development Goals
 - 4.10.3.1.9. National Development Plan
- 4.10.3.1.10. Immigration Act
- 4.10.3.1.11. Traffic in Person Act (Tip)
- 4.10.3.1.12. RDP (Reconstruction and Development Programme).
- 4.10.3.1.13. White Paper on Local Government.
- 4.10.3.1.14. SALGA Handbook on "Gender and Development".
- 4.10.3.2. Poverty Alleviation
 - 4.10.3.2.1. Crucial role of local government in meeting basic needs of the poor (access to basic services).
 - 4.10.3.2.2. Creating opportunities for all to sustain themselves through productive activity.
 - 4.10.3.2.3. Establishing a social security system and other safety nets to protect the poor and other disadvantaged groups.
 - 4.10.3.2.4. Empowerment of the poor/encouraging the participation of marginalised groups.
- 4.10.3.3. Gender Equity
- 4.10.3.4. South Africa's National Policy Framework for Women's Empowerment and Gender Equality (2002).
- 4.10.3.5. Women's Charter for Effective Equality (1994).
- 4.10.3.6. The Promotion of Equality and Prevention of Unfair Discrimination Act, 2000 (No. 4 of 2000).

- 4.10.3.7. SADC Declaration on Gender and Development and its Addendum on Violence Against Women.
 - 4.10.3.7.1. Addressing existing gender inequalities as they affect access to jobs, land, housing, etc.
 - 4.10.3.7.2. Focusing efforts and resources on improving the quality of life especially of those members and groups that are most often marginalised or excluded, such as women.
 - 4.10.3.7.3. Inclusiveness by empowerment strategies which focus on women.
 - 4.10.3.7.4. Understanding the diverse needs of women and addressing these needs in planning and delivery processes.

4.10.4. Localised Strategic Guidelines for Environment (Code=LSG/ENV#)

The current SDF already covers all aspects contained hereunder, however an Environmental plan will be developed to mainstream the principles contained in this section

- 4.10.4.1. Legislation and Policies
 - 4.10.4.1.1. Principles of Chapter 1 of the National Environmental Management Act.
 - 4.10.4.1.2. Local Agenda 21.
 - 4.10.4.1.3. National Environmental Management Plans.
 - 4.10.4.1.4. Provincial Environmental Implementation Plans.

4.10.4.2. Principles

- 4.10.4.2.1. avoiding pollution and degradation of the environment;
- 4.10.4.2.2. avoiding waste, ensuring recycling or disposal in a responsible manner;
- 4.10.4.2.3. minimising and remedying negative impacts on the environment and on people's environmental rights;
- 4.10.4.2.4. considering the consequences of the exploitation of non-renewable natural resources;
- 4.10.4.2.5. avoiding jeopardising renewable resources and ecosystems;
- 4.10.4.2.6. paying specific attention to sensitive, vulnerable, highly dynamic or stressed ecosystems;
- 4.10.4.2.7. minimising loss of biological diversity; and
- 4.10.4.2.8. Avoiding disturbance to cultural heritage sites.

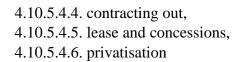
4.10.4.3. The Guidelines may include

- 4.10.4.3.1. a list of especially endangered or degraded resources;
- 4.10.4.3.2. a list of locations which may require restrictions for utilisation;
- 4.10.4.3.3. a list of economic activities which needs special attention with regard to environmental impact; and
- 4.10.4.3.4. Risks of environmental disasters.

4.10.5. Localised Strategic Guidelines for Institutional (Code=LSG/INST#)

Part of what will be enforced includes delegation of powers to managers below section 56 as well as implementation of IPMS in order to have an effective government systems and controls aimed at realising good governance

- 4.10.5.1. Legislation and policies
 - 4.10.5.1.1. White Paper on Local Government, Section F.
 - 4.10.5.1.2. Employment Equity Act
 - 4.10.5.1.3. National Skills Development Act
 - 4.10.5.1.4. Consequence Management Policy
 - 4.10.5.1.5. Systems Act Section 59
 - 4.10.5.1.6. SCM Policy and Regulations
 - 4.10.5.1.7. MFMA Section 65
- 4.10.5.2. Guidelines
 - 4.10.5.2.1. Market related tariffs for all leased properties
 - 4.10.5.2.2. Risk Management Action Plans
 - 4.10.5.2.3. Municipal Budget
- 4.10.5.3. Develop delivery capacities for accessible, affordable, basic needs orientated, integrated, sustainable and efficient quality services on an accountable basis.
 - 4.10.5.3.1. objectives-and results orientated management;
 - 4.10.5.3.2. effectiveness-and efficiency orientated management ("value for money"); and
 - 4.10.5.3.3. service-and client orientated management
 - 4.10.5.3.4. performance-based contracts;
 - 4.10.5.3.5. service orientated codes of conduct;
 - 4.10.5.3.6. Deconcentrating of operational responsibility by giving more power and skills to the frontline workers; and
 - 4.10.5.3.7. consultative decision-making approaches within the administration
- 4.10.5.4. Selection of appropriate forms of service delivery
 - 4.10.5.4.1. corporatisation,
 - 4.10.5.4.2. public-public partnerships,
 - 4.10.5.4.3. public-community partnerships,





5. CHAPTER 5 (Key Plans of the IDP)

5.1. Financial Plan and Capital Expenditure Plan for the next three years

5.1.1. Executive Summary

The council of Thaba Chweu Local Municipality approved the IDP/Budget Process Plan in its council sitting of 29 July 2021 as per resolution number A110/2021. The Budget process plan outlined the key deadlines for the preparation of the Annual Budget, annual review of the Integrated Development Plan and budget related policies.

Section 34 of the Municipal system act no 32 of 2000 as amended requires the municipality to review its IDP based on its performance assessments and changing circumstances.

Section 24(1) and (2) of the Municipal Finance Management Act No 56 of 2003, it states that the municipal council must at least 30 days before the start of the budget year consider approval of the annual budget.

Subsection 2 states that an annual budget -

- (a) must be approved before the start of the budget year;
- (b) is approved by the adoption by the council of a resolution referred to in section 17(3)(a)(i); and
- (c) Must be approved together with the adoption of resolutions as may be necessary
 - (i) imposing any municipal tax for the budget year;
 - (ii) setting any municipal tariffs for the budget year
 - (iii) approving measurable performance objectives for revenue from each source and for each vote in the budget
 - (iv) approving any changes to the municipality's integrated development plan; and
 - (v) approving any changes to the municipality's budget related policies.

National Treasury issued MFMA circular No.115 & 116 for 2022/23 MTREF budget, the contents of the circular and its purpose is to guide municipalities in drafting and tabling credible funded budgets while also ensuring compliance to budget regulations.

5.1.2 DISCUSSION/ DELIBERATIONS

In terms of Regulation 16 of Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations on consideration of annual budget by municipal councils, it states that: At least 30 days before the start of the budget year the mayor must for purpose of section of the Act table the following documents in the municipal council-

(a) a report summarizing the local community's views on the annual budget.

(b) any comments on the annual budget received from National Treasury and Relevant provincial treasury.

• Thaba Chweu Local Municipality tabled its draft 2022/2023 to 2024/2025 MTREF budget in council on the 31 March 2022 in terms of section 16(2) of the MFMA as per



council resolution No. A63/2022. The following resolutions were taken:

• That council approves the draft annual budget for 2022/2023 -2024/2025 Medium Term Revenue and Expenditure Framework as follows:

Description		Draft Budget 2022/2023		Draft Budget 2023/2024		Draft Budget 2024/2025	
Revenue	R	777,286,003	R	775,457,624	R	803, 152, 182	
Operational Expenditure	-R	759,464,113	-R	793, 189, 750	-R	828,665,669	
Capital Expenditure	-R	123,861,700	-R	96,094,600	-R	81,265,062	
Surplus / (<mark>Deficit</mark>)	-R	106,039,810	-R	113,826,726	-R	106,778,549	

- That, Council approves the Draft Tariff Structure for the services provided by the municipality as contained in the tariff policy
- **o** That, council approve the tariffs to be increased on inflation rates as follows:

Residential 4.8% Business 4.8% Government 4.8% Electricity services 7.48% subject to NERSA approval.

- That, Council approves the following reviewed budget related policies:
 - Asset management policy Budget policy Cash management and investment policy Out of pocket reimbursement policy
 - Supply Chain Management policy
 - Creditor's payment policy
 - .. Credit control and debt collection policy
 - ...Debt impairment and write-off policy
 - .. Indigent Policy
 - .. Inventory Policy
 - .. Cash received and banking policy
 - .. Property rates policy
 - .. Tariff policy
 - .. Unclaimed deposits
 - .. UIFW Policy
- o That, Council approves the draft IDP 2022/2027.
- That a copy of the Draft IDP document be submitted to the office of MEC for Cooperative Governance and Traditional Affairs for comments within 10 days of its adoption as stipulated by the legislation – Section 32 (l) (a) of the Municipal Systems Act, 2000.
- That the Draft IDP/Budget 2022/23 be made public for the community provide comments.

5.1.3 Public Participation feedback



Based on the consolidated feedback from the communities as per the council approved consultation program on IDP and Draft Budget, the community priorities are as follows:

- 1. Water & Sanitation
- 2. Roads & Stormwater
- *3. Electricity*
- 4. Waste Removal
- 5. Public Facilities
- 6. LED/Unemployment
- 7. Human Settlements
- 8. Safety & Security
- 9. Disaster Management
- 10. Revenue Enhancement
- 11. Spatial Planning/SDF Implementation
- 12. Environmental Management

5.1.4 Key stakeholders consulted:

- Mpumalanga Department of Co-operative Governance
- Ehlanzeni District Municipality
- Local stakeholders (Business Chambers through LEDF, NGOs, General Public, and other civic organisations, All Wards)
- National and Provincial Treasury

5.1.5 Summary of the outcome of the consultations:

- Need for the sustainable delivery of all basic services is still a great concern (i.e., effective, and sustainable water supply, safe and improved road conditions-Street names/signage, Improved electrical supply and refurbished electrical infrastructure, Safe environment (Streetlighting, raw sewer spillages on streets & deal with illegal dumping), extension of waste in the rural areas with special attention to SMME development in waste.
- Housing is still a great concern i.e., Title deed registrations and de/re registrations (Tallies with the finding by Treasury on the decrease in property rates billing/revenue) as well as sustainable human settlements.
- Concern of asbestos built/roofed houses in Mashishing, Pilgrims, simile
- Local Economic Development & the increase in unemployment was another great concern
- The condition of our public facilities (Furniture, their outlook)
- General concern of the theft & vandalism of municipal infrastructure as well as to improve our disaster centre. (Effective & efficient)
- Residents need meters to be installed and replaced in other areas. (Indigent).

5.1.6 Observations against alignment to planning framework:

It can be reported that the projects being implemented in the previous financial years together



with the upcoming financial year are in support of the Spatial Development Framework. The Municipality must work harder in securing funding both internally and externally to expand its scope on infrastructure refurbishment projects throughout the municipal jurisdiction.

5.1.7 Engagement with Provincial Treasury:

The municipality met with Provincial Treasury on the 4 May 2022 in council chambers to discuss the draft budget. The following findings were noted by Provincial Treasury and formed part of the discussions in addition to the detailed presentation of management. Provincial Treasury assessed the draft budget under the following elements and their findings are also raised under the same elements:

- a) Credibility
- b) Relevance
- c) Sustainability
- d) Cash flow management (Table A7)
- e) Funding Compliance (Table A8)

A.) Credibility:

- a) The municipality has tabled a budget with an operating deficit of R96 million for 2022/23 MTREF as opposed to the Provincial Treasury assessment reflecting a deficit of R144.8 million. The difference is because of debt impairment understatement by the municipality.
- b) Budget assumptions seems to be unrealistic as most revenue items indicates drastic decreases and increases which are not in line with the CIP of 4.8 percent.
- c) The 2022/23 Operating revenue budget indicates an increase of 1.5 percent while the Operating expenditure budget is set to increase by 0.9 percent when compared to 2021/22 adjusted budget.
- *d) The total Employee related cost including Remuneration of Councillors constitutes 35.7 percent of the total budgeted operating expenditure of R759.4 million.*
- e) Electricity bulk purchases are budgeted to decrease by 9.8 percent while NERSA approved 9.6 percent tariff increase for Eskom.
- f) Contracted services budget contributes 14.2 percent to the total operating expenditure which is higher than the norm of 2-5 percent stipulated in MFMA Circular 71 although the budget was severely reduced by 27.9 percent.
- g) All Trading services are budgeted to realise a surplus for the year except for Waste management with a deficit translating to 34 percent for the 2022/23 MTREF and the deficit of 34 percent is also observed for the two outer years.
- *h)* National grants constitute 80 percent to the sources of funding the capital budget which indicates a high level of grant dependency as the municipality is unable to collect own revenue.
- *i)* Both operational and capital grants do not reconcile to the Division of Revenue Bill hence they are understated. Total capital grants amounted to R111.2 million as opposed to R115.9 million and operational grants amounted to R183.3 million as opposed to R192.8 million.
- j) Depreciation was not budgeted per service which is a concern as the total cost associated with rendering services must be considered.



B) Relevance:

- a) The mayor tabled in Council the IDP and budget time schedule in July 2021 to comply with section 21 of the MFMA. The schedule was submitted to both Provincial Treasury and National Treasury.
- b) The 2023-2026 consultative meetings were published on relevant media platforms.
- c) *IDP* consultations were scheduled for the 09th to the 24th of April 2022 took place and were successful.
- *d)* The municipality tabled the 2022/23 MTREF budget on the 31st of March 2022 to comply with s18 of the Municipal Finance Management Act No 56 of 2003 and the A1 Schedules were directly drawn from the financial system.
- e) The municipality submitted the 2022/23 MTREF budget data strings on the 1st of April 2022 as set out in MFMA Circular 115. However, most of the budget related documents as set out in the MBRR were not submitted.
- f) Some draft budget documents and related policies are not yet placed on the municipality's website which is in contravention with s75 of the MFMA.
- g) The budget checklists of Compliance to Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations (Government Gazette 32141) were not conducted due to the non-submission of draft budget document together with supporting documents. This indicates that the municipality does not comply with the section in the MBRR.

C) Sustainability:

- a) Based on the Provincial Treasury funding assessment, it is estimated that after taking into account the application of cash and investments the municipality will have a deficit of R1.2 billion in 2022/23 followed by a deficit of R1.3 billion in 2023/24 and R1.4 billion in 2024/25 budget year.
- b) The budget for renewal and upgrading of existing assets translates to 17.7 percent which is not sufficient as it is below the expected norm of 40 percent whilst the budget for Repairs and maintained as a percentage of PPE equates to 6 percent which is also below the 8 percent norm.
- c) The municipality is unable to restructure the long-term component of trade payables due to the absence of signed repayment plan with Eskom.
- d) In terms of Provincial Treasury assessment, the current ratio is standing at 0.2 which suggests that Current Liabilities amounting to R1.2 billion exceeds the current assets of R221.6 million. It is therefore evident that the municipality does have sufficient cash to meet short term financial obligations.

Recommendations raised by Provincial Treasury:

- a) The municipality provide sufficient justification for all excessive increases and decreases that are not in line with the projected CPI growth of 4.8 percent as stipulated in the MFMA Circular No.115.
- b) The municipality should re-consider the budgeted allocation of R12.6 million for internally generated funds due to the operating deficit projected on table A4.
- c) The municipality implement aggressively the revenue strategy and all other related policies to improve the revenue base.



- d) The municipality make adequate provisions for Depreciation per service and Repairs and maintenance expenditure budget to prevent breakdowns and interruptions to service delivery.
- *e) The budget provision for debt impairment should be informed by the municipal collection rate.*
- *f) Municipality continue to engage ESKOM to enter into payment agreement to be able to restructure the debt.*
- g) All draft budget documents and related policies for 2022/23 MTREF be uploaded on the LG portal on the PDF format and be published on the municipality's website to comply with s75 of the MFMA.
- *h)* The municipality utilize the tariff setting tool and methodology issued on the National Treasury website to ensure that tariffs are cost reflective in order to improve budgeting and financial sustainability.
- *i)* Put stringent measures on Cost containment and eliminate nonpriority spending.
- *j) Monitor the implementation of the Financial Recovery plan (FRP) in order to improve the financial sustainability.*
- k) The municipality must table the Provincial Treasury assessment findings and recommendations to Council and provide certainty that the recommendations were considered, and changes effected prior the adoption of the final budget.

5.1.8 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF THE FINAL ANNUAL BUDGET FOR 2021/2022 TO 2023/2024 MEDIUAM TERM REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK

Description		Final Budget 2022/2023		Final Budget 2023/2024		Final Budget 2024/2025	
Revenue	R	828 784 003	R	889 288 624	R	955 146 382	
Operational Expenditure	-R	885 051 199	-R	924 724 444	-R	966 119 424	
Capital Expenditure	-R	123 861 700	-R	96 094 600	-R	81 265 062	
Surplus / (Deficit)	-R	180 128 896	-R	131 530 419	-R	92 238 104	

Total revenue for 2022/2023 financial year is projected at R 828.7 million of this balance R520 million (63%) must be internally generated through charging of assessment rates and services. R308.7(37%) million will come in the form of Grants, which is Equitable share and other capital grants.

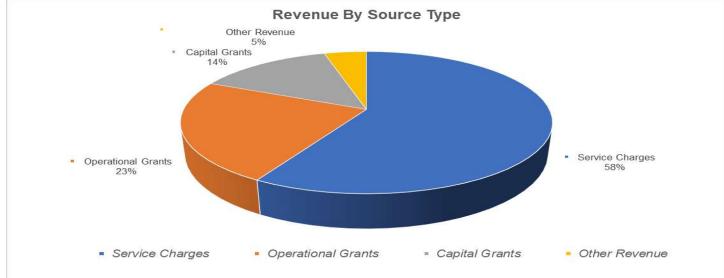
The budget as summaries above indicates a deficit of (-R180 million) which is made of total non-cash items budgeted at R185 million.

5.1.9 REVENUE PER COMPONENT:



Source Type		inal Budget 2022/2023		Final Budget 2023/2024	Final Budget 2024/2025			
Service Charges	R	483 698 155	R	504 884 010	R 527 603 791			
Operational Grants	R	192 866 000	R	208 246 000	R 227 390 000			
Capital Grants	R	115 907 000	R	138 248 000	R 160 536 000			
Other Revenue	R	36 312 849	R	37 910 614	R 39 616 592			
Grand Total	R	828 784 003	R	889 288 624	R 955 146 382			

The below chart depicts revenue percentages per component:



SERVICE CHARGES SOURCES:

Revenue By Source	Final Budget 2022/2023			Final Budget 2023/2024	Final Budget 2024/2025		
Service Charges	R	483 698 155	R	504 884 010	R	527 603 791	
Property rates	R	116 112 863	R	121 221 829	R	126 676 811	
Service charges - electricity revenue	R	235 879 021	R	246 257 698	R	257 339 294	
Service charges - water revenue	R	59 721 324	R	62 349 062	R	65 154 770	
Service charges - sanitation revenue	R	21 978 044	R	22 945 078	R	23 977 607	
Service charges - refuse revenue	R	25 791 150	R	26 925 961	R	28 137 629	
Interest earned - outstanding debtors		24 215 752	R	25 184 383	R	26 317 680	

Key budget assumptions used to estimate Rates and Service Charges budget:

- The 2021/2022 actual performance as at 31 March 2022 was used as a baseline to estimate revenue for the 2022/2023 MTREF to ensure budget projections remain realistic and achievable.
- The municipality expect the collection rate of 85% to be realised in 2022/2023
- The tariffs for household will be increased by 4.8% except for electricity where the increase will be 7.48% subjected to NERSA approval
- The tariffs for business and government will also increase by an average of 4.8%, except



electricity tariffs which will increase by 7.48% subject to NERSA approval

OTHER REVENUE CHARGES:

Revenue By Source		nal Budget 2022/2023		Final Budget 2023/2024	Final Budget 2024/2025		
Other Revenue	R	36 312 849	R	37 910 614	R	39 616 592	
Rental of facilities and equipment	R	3 025 507	R	3 158 629	R	3 300 767	
Interest earned - external investme		491 694	R	513 329	R	536 429	
Dividends received							
Fines, penalties and forfeits	R	1 229 052	R	1 283 131	R	1 340 872	
Licences and permits	R	91 197	R	95 2 1 0	R	99 494	
Agency services			R	-	R	-	
Other Revenue		1 475 398	R	1 540 315	R	1 609 630	
Gains on disposal of PPE	R	30 000 000	R	31 320 000	R	32 729 400	

Key Budget assumption for other revenue:

- That the municipality will improve on the current performance of 2021/2022 Budget and addition income of R30 million will be realised from disposal of developed land.
- The miscellaneous tariffs will also increase by 4.8%.

Revenue By Source	F	inal Budget 2022/2023		Final Budget 2023/2024	Final Budget 2024/2025		
		(00.000.000	_		_		
Operational Grants	R	192 866 000	R	208 246 000	R	227 390 000	
Equitable share	R	187 934 000	R	205 246 000	R	224 390 000	
Financial Management Grant	R	3 000 000	R	3 000 000	R	3 000 000	
EPWP grant	R	1 932 000	R	-	R	-	
Capital Grants	R	115 907 000	R	138 248 000	R	160 536 000	
MIG	R	53 907 000	R	56 248 000	R	58 589 000	
WSIG	R	40 000 000	R	40 000 000	R	20 900 000	
INEP	R	20 000 000	R	12 000 000	R	12 539 000	
RBIG	R	2 000 000	R	30 000 000	R	68 508 000	
Budget assumptions for Operational a	nd Ca	pital grants:					

OPERATIONAL AND CAPITAL GRANTS:

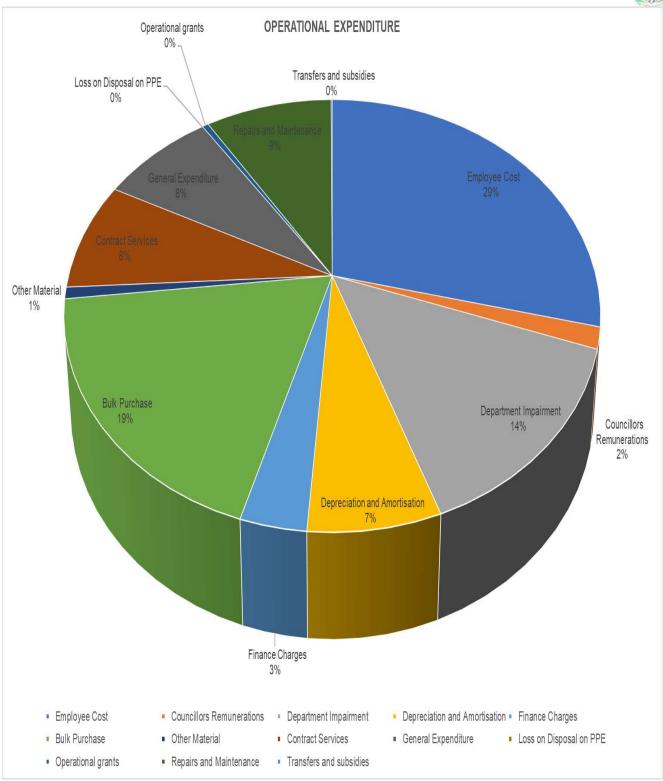
The grants amount as indicated are allocated in the DoRA framework for 2021/2022 and we expect that grants will be received as per DORA allocation.

5.1.10 OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE PER TYPE:

Opertaional Expenditure By Type	Final Budget 2022/2023			inal Budget 2023/2024	Final Budget 2024/2025		
Employee Cost	R	254 915 983	R	266 132 286	R	278 108 239	
Councillors Remunerations	R	14 122 691	R	14 744 090	R	15 407 574	
Department Impairment	R	125 000 000	R	130 500 000	R	136 372 500	
Depreciation and Amortisation	R	60 000 000	R	62 640 000	R	65 458 800	
Finance Charges	R	30 000 000	R	31 320 000	R	32 729 400	
Bulk Purchase	R	165 000 000	R	172 260 000	R	180 011 700	
Other Material	R	7 679 999	R	8 017 919	R	8 378 725	
Contract Services	R	73 150 008	R	76 368 608	R	79 805 196	
General Expenditure	R	70 880 518	R	73 999 261	R	77 329 228	
Loss on Disposal on PPE			R	-			
Operational grants	R	3 932 000	R	4 836 000	R	4 836 000	
Repairs and Maintenance	R	80 370 000	R	83 906 280	R	87 682 063	
Transfers and subsidies	R 800 000		R	835 200	R	872 784	
GRAND TOTAL		885 051 199	R	924 724 444	R	966 119 424	

OPERATIONAL EXPENDITURE DEPICTED PER CHART







Budget assumption on operational expenditure:

- Employees cost in 2021/2022 is anticipated to increase by less than 4.9% as per collective agreement guidelines.
- Councillors' remuneration is also expected increase by less than 4.9% as per the previous upper limit's baseline.
- Debt impairment was determined based on the targeted annual collection rate of 85%
- Depreciation and impairment will be contained within estimated budget of R60 million. The assets policies will remain unchanged in 2022/2023.
- The municipality increased bulk purchases by 9 % per treasury and NERSA guidelines.
- *Repairs and maintenance, general expenditure and material and supplies budget will be contained within the allocated budget.*
- Contracted services budget is informed by the current running contracts. Value for money will be performed on all existing contracts.
- Transfers and Subsidies is budget allocated to THELEDA to augment their operational running costs.
- Finance charges are based on the current debt balance of the Eskom account and estimated using the current billing by Eskom.
- Material and supplies budget will be contained within the estimated budget.
- *Repairs and maintenance amounting to R80.3 million constitute 9% of total operational budget which is R885 million.*

5.1.11 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BUDGET BREAKDOWN

5.1.11.1 Municipal Infrastructural Grant:



	MIG		Durch	Status (Not Registered,	P	anned MIG	Р	lanned MIG	P	anned MIG
MIS Form ID	Referen ce Nr	Project Name	Project type	Registered, Design & Tender, Construction.	Exp	enditure for 2022/23	Ex	penditure for 2023/24	Exp	2024/25
367881	MIG/MP 1981/W/ 20/21	Installation of 25 Boreholes in Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	Water	Registered	R	3 781 783				
352641	MIG/MP	Provision of Water Reticulation at Emshinini Township	Water	Registered	R	784 389	R	65 611	R	-
366093	1995/RS T/20/22	Refurbishment of Potgieter Street at Mashishing Lydenburg.	Roads	Registered	R	324 015			R	-
366075	1994/RS T/20/22	Refurbishment of De Clerq Street at Mashishing Lydenburg (Voortrekker).	Roads	Registered	R	454 714	R	-	R	-
367884	MIG/MP 1984/S/ 20/21	Refurbishment of Sanitation Infrastructure in Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	Sanitation		R	8 808 304	R	-	R	-
429583		Refurbishment of Streets in Mashishing Township (Mandela Street)	Roads	Waiting for approval letter from CoGTA.	R	-	R	-	R	12 794 20
429618		Refurbishment of Streets in Mashishing Township (Thambo Street)	Roads	Waiting for approval letter from CoGTA.	R	-	R	-	R	12 794 20
429552		Refurbishment of Streets in Mashishing Township (Gwala Street)	Roads	Waiting for approval letter from CoGTA.	R	-	R	-	R	5 443 96
429601		Refurbishment of Streets in Mashishing Township (Second Street)	Roads	Waiting for approval letter from CoGTA.	R	-	R	1 537 936	R	2 434 13
429734		Construction of Sabie Stadium (Phase 2)	Sport	Waiting for Technical Report to be recommended by Provincial Department of Sport and Recreation.	R	_	R	14 933 452	R	3 910 89
429767		Upgrading of Leroro Stadium (Phase 2)	Sport	Waiting for Technical Report to be recommended by Provincial Department of Sport and Recreation.	R		R	9 244 167	R	9 765 76
401295	MIG/MP 2087/S/	Installation of Water Reticulation in Coromandel in	Water			_		3 244 107	ĸ	970570
-01233	21/22	Thaba Chweu Local Municipality	vvaler	Registered DWS has approved	R	1 580 628	R	-	R	-
433726		Coromandel Sewer Reticulation Project	Sewer	Technical Report/Waiting to be appraised.	R	-	R	4 106 158	R	
		Provision of Water Reticulation at Mashishing X8	Water	Technical Report still with DWS.	R	12 624 849		-	R	-
278397		Refurbishment of Morothong-Kanana Street at Moremela (Tshirelang)	Roads	Registered	R	-	R	13 859 068	R	-
		Construction of Emshinini Gravity PipelLine	Water	Technical Report at DWS	R	10 348 208	R	10 348 208		
		Provision of Sewer Reticulation at Mashishing X8	Sewer	Technical Report still with DWS.	R	16 286 593	R	-	R	-
					R	51 211 700	R	54 094 600	R	47 143 16

5.1.11.2 Water Service Infrastructure Grant & INEP



								MUSE
GRANT FUNDED PROJECTS	DEPARTMENT	FUNDING	Final Budget 2022/2023			inal Budget 2023/2024	Final Budget 2024/2025	
WSIG PROJECTS:			R	40 000 000	R	20 000 000	R	20 000 000
Savie AC Pipes Replacement Phase 2	Technical Services	WSIG	R	6 900 000				
Mashishing EXT 7 Sewer Recticulation	Technical Services	WSIG	R	3 500 000				
Mashishing WWTW	Technical Services	WSIG	R	29 600 000	R	20 000 000	R	20 000 000
INEG PROJECTS:			R	20 000 000	R	12 000 000	R	12 000 000
Electrification of 150HH in Graskop(Hostel)	Technical Services	INEG	R	2 777 702	R	2 791 591	R	2 931 170
Electrification of 80HH in Mashishing EXT 108	Technical Services	INEG	R	1 481 440	R	1 488 847	R	1 563 290
Electrification of 220HH in Phola Park	Technical Services	INEG	R	4 074 146			R	-
Electrification of 190HH in Nkanini Phase 3	Technical Services	INEG	R	3 518 420	R	3 536 012	R	3 712 813
Electrification of 220HH in Manjenje Phase 1	Technical Services	INEG	R	4 074 146			R	-
Electrification of 220HH in Riverside Phase 1	Technical Services	INEG	R	4 074 146	R	4 183 550	R	3 792 727
INTERNAL FUNDED PROJECTS			R	12 650 000	R	10 000 000	R	10 000 000
Procurement of transformers	Technical Services	Own Revenue	R	3 600 000	R	5 000 000	R	5 000 000
Procurement of mini sub	Technical Services		R	3 600 000	R	5 000 000	R	5 000 000
Procurement of cherry picker x 2	Technical Services		R	1 000 000	R	-	R	-
Procurement of Roller machine	Technical Services		R	1 000 000	R	-	R	-
Procurement of cable fault machine	Corporate		R	800 000	R	-	R	-
Procurement of high capacity shredder	Corporate		R	200 000	R	-	R	-
Procurement of camera for MPAC	Corporate		R	50 000	R	-	R	-
Jaws of Life x 3	Community services		R	2 000 000	R	-	R	-
Procurement of lazer cam 4	Community services		R	400 000	R	-	R	-

5.1.12 BUDGET RELATED POLICIES MATERIAL CHANGES

The municipality has developed fleet management and loss control policy which must be tabled before council for approval.

The below policies are also tabled as reviewed with no material changes except to the policies indicated above.

- Asset management policy
- Budget policy
- Cash management and investment policy
- Out of pocket reimbursement policy
- Supply Chain Management Policy
- Creditor's payment policy
- Credit control and debt collection policy



- Debt impairment and write-off policy
- Indigent Policy
- Inventory Policy
- Cash received and banking policy
- Property rates policy
- Tariff policy
- Unclaimed deposits
- UIFW Policy

Summary of material changes to Indigent Policy:

- Pensioners will apply once for indigent status, once approved their accounts will be vetted against home affairs on an annual basis instead of them re-applying.
- o Threshold to qualify for indigent will be increased from R4 000 to R5 000.
- Foster care and child grant will be excluded when calculating total household income.
- Indigent status will be granted for one property in case of applicant owning more than one property.
- *R500 amount will be applicable as payment for indigent household who consume more than 10KL of water and whose meters are found to have been tempered with.*

5.1.13 CONCLUSION

The table budget for 2022/2023 budget is estimated at R828.7 million, with 63% of the budget to be internally generated. The funding plan as previously approved by council and the progress to date which is noted with this item, need to be fast-tracked. All bottlenecks impeding the administration to fully implement revenue enhancement strategies, credit control and debt collection processes must be unlocked. The level of political buy-in and support in implementing these activities will be the core driver to the success of realising this budget. It's now the time that our common efforts under our slogan that says **"Re direla batho"** must be lived by all of us.

Eskom account as highlighted by Provincial Treasury makes this budget to be unfunded, hence the need to ensure the success on the implementation of FRP and the funding plan activities. The account is now above R1 billion (which is above the total final annual budget). It renders the financial viability of Thaba Chweu to be uncertain. Management have structured the debt between current and non-current liabilities though there is no repayment agreement that is currently signed with Eskom. This classification is supported by accounting standards that demands transactions to be classified in terms of *substance over form*.

Though Stringent measures have been captured in the budget projections such as containment of costs on overtime, travelling allowance, cellphone allowance, contracted services, and prioritized vacant posts. Directors have the responsibility to assist the accounting officer in fulfilling this mandate.

5.2. Audi Action Plan

Thaba Chweu	Local Munici	ipality received	an unqualified	Audit opinion	with	findings for the
2020/21	financial	year. <u>The</u>	Action	Plan	in	summary:



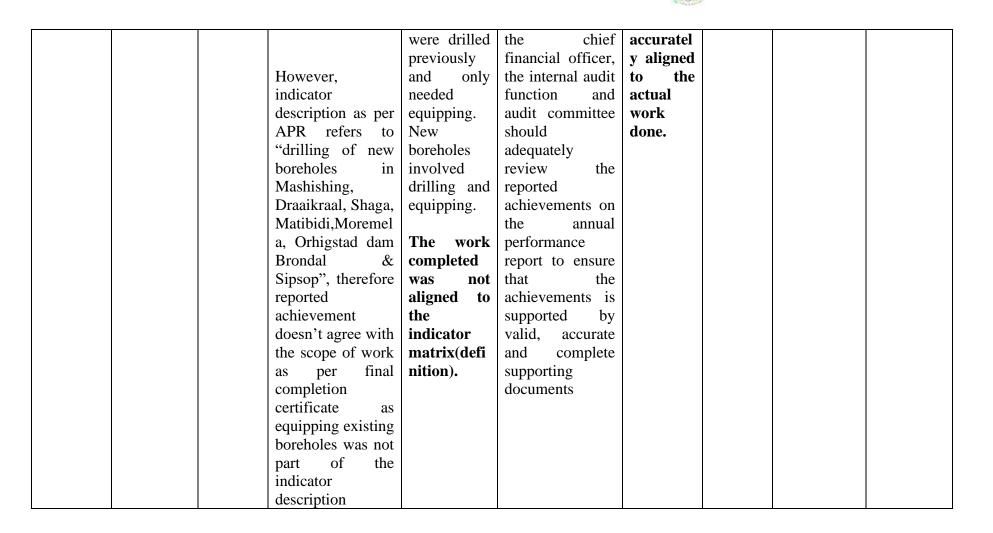
No	AUDIT FINDING	IMPAC T OF THE FINDI NG	NATURE OF AUDIT FINDING	ROOT CAUSE	RECOMMEND ATIONS	DETAIL ED REMED IAL ACTION	ACTIO N DATE	RESPONS IBLE DEPART MENTS	RESPON SIBLE OFFICIA LS
Audit of predeter mined objective s									
1	Reported achieveme nt doesn't agree to work done as per the completion certificate	Misstate ment	During the audit of predetermined objectives, we identified that final signed completion certificate for the Refurbishment of Water treatment works in Thaba Chweu Local Municipality stated that the works were at the following Water Treatment facilities: Coromandel WTW, Sabie	This was a Covid-19 projecct and no feasability study was conducted and these funds were made available to attend to all existing problems in Water Treament Plants (WTP) and Pump	should adjust the annual performance report to ensure that only the performance achievements that are supported by valid portfolio of	This was an emergenc y interventi on due to the crisis which when it comes to health issues, the Governm ent prioritise d the issues which	20-Jul- 22	Technical Services	Director: Technical Services & Manager: PMU

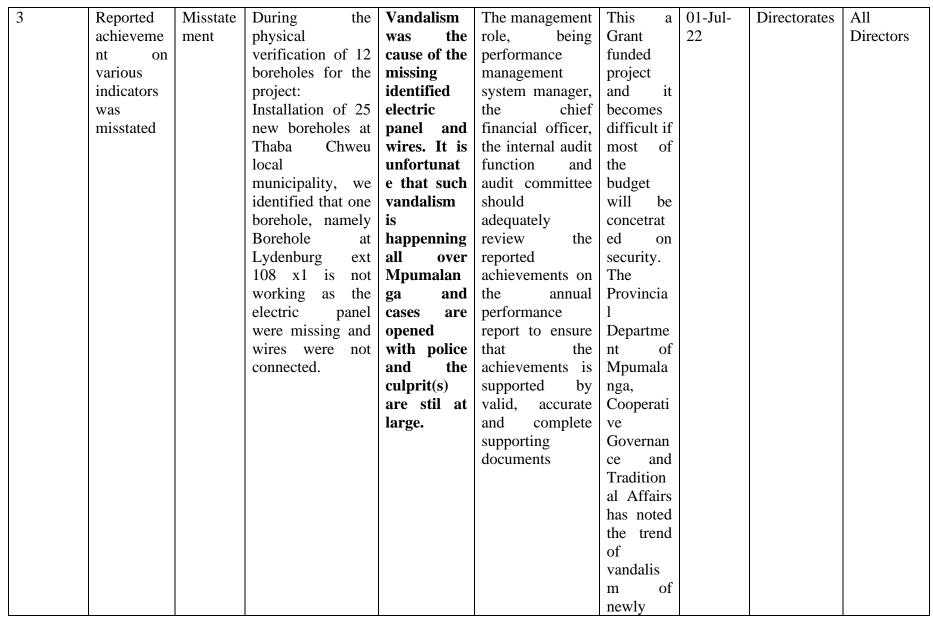
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WTW, Moremela		might	
WTW, Graskop	during	curb the	
Raw Water and		spread of	
Booster WTW	ion G Seal,	the	
and Mashishing		pandemic	
WTW. In the	Engineers	, so no	
Annual	only	special	
Performance	identified	remedial	
report only three	scope on the	action can	
water treatment	the three	be done.	
works were	sites and the		
reported namely	budget	PMU &	
Sabie WTW,	could only	PMS to	
Coromandel	cover	perform	
WTW and	theses.	physical	
Mashishing		verificati	
WTW, this result	Manageme	on which	
in the incomplete	nt oversight	will be	
Annual	in ensuring	based on	
Performance	consistency	the	
report as not all	between the	completi	
WTW that were	completion	on	
refurbished were	certificate	certificat	
recorded.	and the	es being	
	actual work	agreed to	
	done.	the work	
		done.	
		The	
		submissi	
		on of	
		POE	
		should be	
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					done in time to ensure that all the reported targets are properly verified by the PMS & IA.			
2 Scope work per comp certifi submi for does agree report perfor ce achiev nt Annu report	as ment Final etion cate tted audit not with ed man reme in l	During the audit of predetermined objectives, we identified that the scope of work as per the final signed completion certificate for the listed below projects is as follows "equipping 6 existing boreholes, drilling and equipping 5 new boreholes, water treatment facilities and power supply".	Drlling of boreholes and successful implementat ion of it consist of drilling and equipping it as a means of water coming out and communitie s are able to draw water out the borehole. Some boreholes	Management should adjust the annual performance report to ensure that only the performance achievements that are supported by valid portfolio of evidence are reported on. The management role, being performance management system manager,	Detail explanati on should be done in the reporting template. The project manager should be clearly defined to the indicator matrix which will be	20-Jul- 22	Technical Services	Director: Technical Services & Manager: PMU







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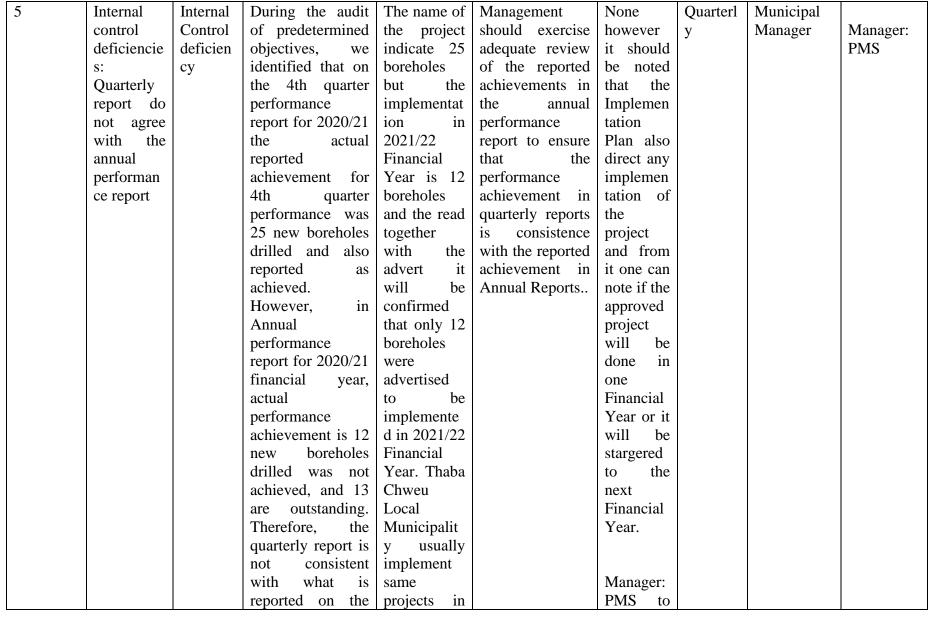
					e impairm ent loss which will then be recorded.			
4 Number of Waste Water treatment works refurbishe d incorrectly reported as achieved.	Misstate ment	During the audit of predetermined objectives, it was identified that indicator "Number of WWTW refurbished at Mashishing Coromandel, Sabie & Graskop", was reported as achieved.	This was also a Covid-19 project, that is, it was done on emergency basis. G Seal identified the pond at Extension 2 and it was attended to and due to	Management should adjust the annual performance report to ensure that only the performance achievements that are supported by valid portfolio of evidence are reported on. The management	The works at the plant will be continuin g in the next Financial Year. Departme nt of Water and Sanitation (DWS) is	Quarterl y	Technical Services	Director: Technical Services & Manager: Water & Sanitation

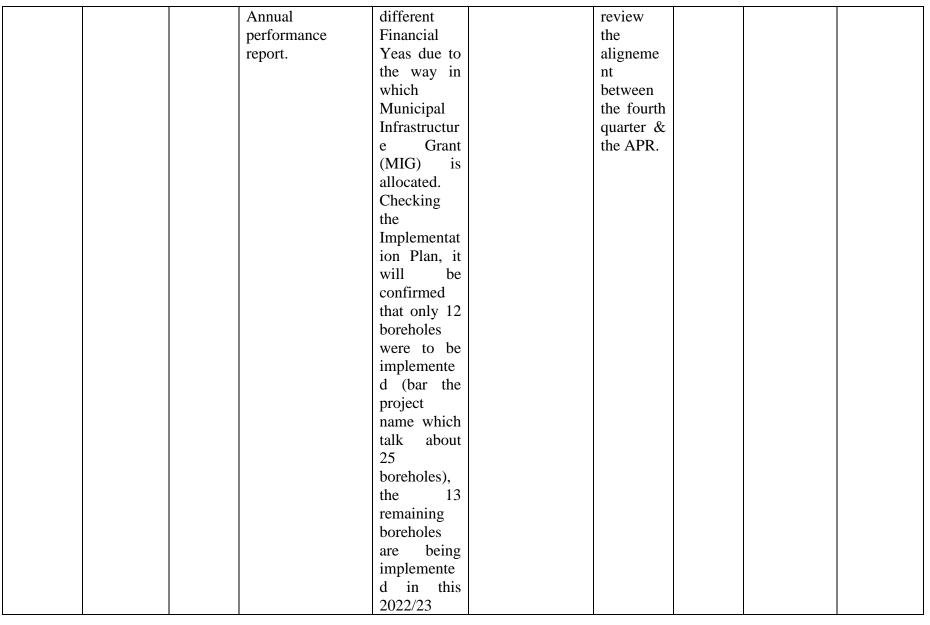


However, through	the the	performance	a Revised		
		–			
an enquiry with	Contractor	management	Technical		
management	no	system manager,	Report		
(PMU) and	Completion	the chief	and if		
physical	Certificate	financial officer,	approved		
verification it was	could be	the internal audit	it will		
noted that the	issued. The	function and	recomme		
indicator Waste	works at	audit committee	nd		
water treatment	Lydenburg	should	increased		
works (WWTW)	Waste	adequately	budget		
refurbished was	Water	review the	for		
not achieved as	Treatment	reported	implemen		
there was no work	Works	achievements on	tation of		
done on the waste	works is	the annual	the		
water treatment	still	performance	remaining		
works in	continuing	report to ensure	scope of		
Coromandel,	and due to	that the	works.		
Sable and	vandalismin	achievements is			
Graskop. And	g of the	supported by			
also the one in	plant the	valid, accurate			
Mashishing is in	original	and complete			
progress and not	scope was	supporting			
yet completed.	changed to	documents			
We further	prioritised				
inspected the POE	fencing,				
sent for the	lighting and				
indicator and	cleaning.				
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certificate for the	in ensuring				
project.	consistency				
F- 0 ,000	between the				
	seeween me				

		reported targets and the actual work done.			

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	Financial Year and the Implementat ion Plan will confirm this. Manageme nt oversight in ensuring that there is alignement between the fourth quarter and the APR.		
Strategic planning and budgetin			
budgetin g			



6	Non-	Non-	During the	Due to the	0	Manager	30-Jun-	Local	Manager:
	complianc	Complia	planning phase of	COVID	needs to ensure	IDP will	22	developmen	LED
	e areas	nce	the audit, the	pandemic,	that they monitor	continuou		t & Spatial	
	identified		following areas of	COGTA	compliance with	sly refer		planning	
	on		non-compliance	issued a	all applicable	to all			
	strategic		were identified:	directive to	laws and	legislatio			
	planning			all	regulations on	ns which			
	and		• Amendments to	Municipaliti	strategic	govern			
	budgeting		the Integrated	es to amend	planning and	the			
			Development Plan	all projects	budget	developm			
			(IDP) were not	to focus onl		ent of the			
			publicized for	water &		IDP as			
			public comment	sanitation		well as			
			for a period of at	related		possible			
			least 21 days	projects as a		amendme			
				measure to		nts of the			
			• The	mitigate the		plan. And			
			municipality	spread of		further			
			didn't consult the	COVID.		consult			
			district			with the			
			municipality			district			
			(Ehlanzeni			for			
			District) on			comment			
			proposed			S			
			amendments to be			however,			
			made on the IDP			in a case			
						where a			
						directive			
						has been			
						issued.			
						The			
						municipal			
						ity will be			



						bound to adhere to the directive.			
Consequ ence manage ment									
7	Complianc e: Investigati on not done on prior years' irregular, unauthoriz ed and fruitless and wasteful expenditur e and transgressi ons reported in	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of compliance with law and regulation, auditors was unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence that disciplinary steps were taken against officials who had incurred irregular expenditure and wasteful expenditure as required by	Oversight from managemen t in ensuring that UIFW resulting from prior year is fully investigated.	Management should ensure that controls are in place to assist the department to comply with section 32(2)(b) of the MFMA	The UIFW in relation to 2017-18 to 2019- 20 to be reffered to the Disciplin ary board committe e for further investiaga tion.	30-Jun- 23	Disciplinary board committee	Manager: Internal Audit, Manager: Legal Services & Chief Risk Officer

the	section 32	(2)(h)			
2019/					
manag					
nt rep					
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	proper	and			
	complete re				
	that were	not			
	maintained	as			
	evidence	to			
	support	the			
	investigation	s into			
	irregular,				
	unauthorised				
	expenditure	and			
	fruitless	and			
	wasteful				
	expenditure				
	incurred in	the			
	2019/20 as	at 30			
	June 2021	as			
	disclosed in	the			
	financial				
	statements as	s this			
	was not pro				
	to the audit				
	Further	we			
	couldn't co				
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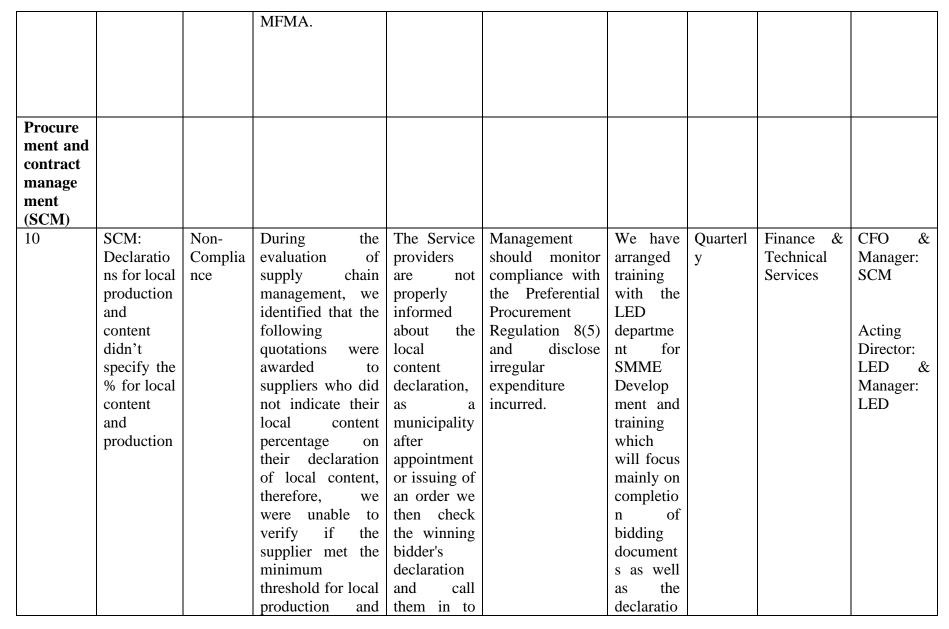
8	Complianc e: Allegation	Non- Complia nce	on prior year transgressions reported in the 2019/20 management report on financial misconduct and other SCM improper conducted reported in the "fraud and consequence management section" of the 2019/20 management report as at 30 June 2021. During the audit of compliance with law and	oversight from	Management should ensure that controls are in place to assist	Assistant Manager: Labour ralations	30-Jun- 22	Corporate Services	Director Corporate Services &
	s of financial misconduc		regulation, auditors was unable to obtain	managemen t in ensuring that detailed	in place to assist the municipality to complies with	relations will ensure			Assistant Manager Labour
	t were not investigate		sufficient appropriate audit	progress report on	treasury regulation	that the detailed			Relations
	d		evidence that investigations	allegations of financial	section 171(4)(a) of the MFMA.	reports on allegation			
			were conducted	misconduct		s of			
			into below allegations of	which were investigated.		financial miscondu			
			financial	mvesugateu.		ct which			

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VIIV.



Perform ance manage ment, monitori ng and reporting			misconduct committed by officials, as required by MFMA.			were investigat ed is submitted for audit purposes.			
9	Performan ce manageme nt, monitoring and reporting: instances of non- complianc e identified	Non- Complia nce	During the audit on the processes followed in performance management, monitoring and reporting, the following instances of non- compliance were identified; Ø When assessing the Mid-year budget and performance assessment, the performance for THALEDA was not assessed as required by	Submission were not received from THALEDA	Management should ensure that appropriate controls are in place to assist the municipality to complies with section 32(2)(b) of the MFMA	A report was sent to the new THALED A board outlining the reporting responsib ility of the accountin g officer	30-Jun- 22	Municipal Manager	Acting Deputy Director: Operations & Strategic support





			content of % that was stipulated on the quotation advert and if calculations were done on local content and production %	come and complete the document in full prior reporting to the DTI.		ns for local content.			GDO A
Q ww av su w no th m lo pr ar	Quotations vere warded to uppliers who did ot meet	Non- Complia nce	During the execution stage of the audit, we identified that the following supplier were awarded quotations bid without meeting the minimum local production and content: Required % as per advert: Ø PPE clothing is 70%	The Service providers are not properly informed about the local content declaration, as a municipality after appointment or issuing of an order we then check the winning bidder's declaration and call them in to come and complete the document in	and regulations and ensure that there are proper reviews of the procurement processes to ensure the Preferential Procurement Regulations, SCM policy and SCM regulations are complied with for the procurement of	We have arranged training with the LED departme nt for SMME Develop ment and training which will focus mainly on completio n of bidding document s as well as the declaratio ns for local content.	Continu ously	Finance & Technical Services	CFO & Manager: SCM Acting Director: LED & Manager: LED

				full prior reporting to the DTI.				
12	SCM: Request for Quotations didn't include requireme nt for local production and content together with the required %.	Non- Complia nce	During the execution stage of the audit, we identified that for the following request for quotation, the minimum threshold for local production and content was not specified. The nature of the item bought require the local content requirement be applied, however, the request did not state that, as result we were unable to verify if the	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that request for quotations include requirement for local production and content together with the required %.	Management should perform adequate review and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there are proper reviews of the procurement processes to ensure the Preferential Procurement Regulations, SCM policy and SCM regulations are complied with for the procurement of	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM

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VIIV.



			supplier met the minimum threshold for local production.		all goods and services.				
13	Tenders awarded to suppliers without confirming that the tax status of the supplier is compliant	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of supply chain management on the competitive bidding process, we identified the following: • The municipality awarded the bid to the following suppliers when the tax status of the bidder was not confirmed to be compliant before the award is made.	The CSD report attached was a summary which did not stipulate the tax status prior to appointment	Management should ensure that for all procurement of goods and services through tender processes, the SCM Regulations are complied with by the municipality	A detailed CSD report is printed by the SCM office to ensure complian ce with the SARS requireme nts prior appointm ent.	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM
14	SCM: Awards made to	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of SCM, we identified that the	The CSD report attached	Management should ensure that SCM	A detailed CSD	Continu ously	Finance	
	suppliers who were not tax compliant		following suppliers were awarded a quotation when	was a summary which did not stipulate	processes follow and comply with SCM regulations and ensure that	report is printed by the SCM office to			CFO & Manager: SCM



			they were not tax compliant:	the tax status prior to appointment	awards are not made to suppliers whose tax matters are in order.	ensure complian ce with the SARS requireme nts prior appointm ent.				
Wi bid sub a I aff tha not and sta by	inning Co dder nce bmitted B-BBEE fidavit at was t signed d umped t the mmissio r of	omplia	During the audit of procurement and contract management, it was noted that a supplier who submitted a B- BBEE affidavit that was not stamped by the commissioner of oath was awarded points on B- BBEE when they shouldn't have been as the supplier didn't submit an original certified copy of the B-BBEEE. Therefore this led to incorrect supplier being awarded quotation as per the	The municipality did not consider the signatures on the BBBEE as some of the affidavits were printed from the DTI which are not commission ed by the commission er of oaths.	Management needs to review and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there is a proper review on SCM processes for procurement of goods and services to ensure that these comply with all the SCM regulations	The SCM office is currently ensuring that the BBBEE submitted are cruitinise d for signatures by the commissi oner of oath.	Continu ously	Finance	CFO Manager SCM	&

			calculations below:							
16	SCM: Evaluation criteria applied in evaluating the quotations are not the same as those indicated in the original request for quotations.	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of quotations, we identified that the request for the quotations on the table below did not stipulate that suppliers will be evaluated on functionality but the bid quotations committee evaluated the suppliers on functionality. Request for quotations did not specify the following; • That suppliers will be evaluated on functionality, • The evaluation criteria for measuring functionality	The evaluation criteria was included on the minutes for evaluation purposes.	Management needs to review and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there is a proper review on SCM processes for procurement of goods and services to ensure that these comply with all the SCM regulations. The requests for quotations should be specific on the following; • That suppliers will be evaluated on functionality, • The evaluation	The evaluatio n criteria has been removed only the preferenci al procurem ent is applied for all bid above R30 000.00 and below R200 000.00	Continu ously	Finance	CFO Manager SCM	&:

	·. · 6		
• The points for	criteria for		
each criteria and,	measuring		
if any, each sub-	functionality		
criterion; and	• The points for		
• The minimum	each criteria and,		
qualifying score	if any, each sub-		
for functionality	criterion; and		
	• The minimum		
We were also	qualifying score		
unable to	for functionality		
determine if the			
quotation that			
failed to obtain			
the minimum			
qualifying score			
for functionality			
was not an			
acceptable			
quotation as the			
minimum			
threshold was not			
stated on the bid			
bulletin but rather			
only stated on the			
minutes for bid			
quotation			
committee where			
it was stated that			
"based on the			
functionality			
score the above			
bidders certainly			
qualify for further			

			evaluation on the basis that each has scored above the threshold" although it's not clear what the threshold is as it was not stated on the request for quotation. The below table has details:						
17	Competitiv e bidding: No tax clearance certificate and Municipal rates on the tender file	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of competitive bidding process, the following was identified: (a) For the bid file of the appointed service provider in the table below, there was no evidence of the CSD report nor tax clearance and Municipal rates and taxes, therefore we were unable to assess whether the winning	The tender document was missing and the AG could not verify nor audit the supporting documents.	Management should ensure that there are sufficient controls in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations and that prior to procurement of any goods and services from the different suppliers, confirmation is obtained that the tax matters of the suppliers are in order	Scanning of all document s after appointm ent has been made to ensure safeguard ing and safekeepi ng of bid document s.	Ongoin g	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM

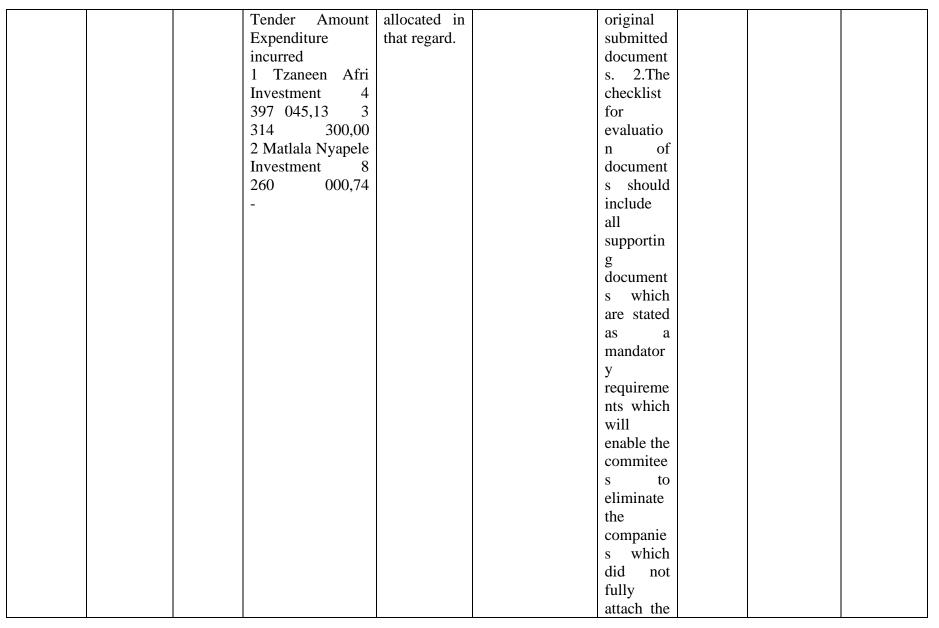
provider	s tax		
matters	was		
declared	by SARS		
	order at		
the time	of award.		
Further	we could		
not verif	y that the		
	l tax and		
rates	vere in		
order at	the time		
of the	award.		
No. N	ame of		
bidder	Tender		
Number	Tender		
Amount			
Expendit	ure		
Amount			
1.	Matlala		
Nyapele			
Investme	nt		
TCM/T1			
02	8 260		
000,74			
(b) F	or the		
suppliers			
	the tax		
clearance			
certificat			
	in the bid		
utuened		<u> </u>	I

	file relates to the
	2019 financial
	period and there
	was no additional
	evidence provided
	to confirm if the
	supplier's tax
	matters were in
	order at the time
	of the award.
	No. Name of
	bidder Tender
	Number Tender
	Amount
	Expenditure
	Amount
	1 Minathi
	Consulting
	TCM/T38/2018/1
	9 1 921
	464,58
	739 558,20
	2 Batatise
	Consulting
	TCM/T38/2018/1
	9 1 438
	727,28 1
	074 075,98
	3 Zonk
	Engineering
	TCM/T48/2017-
	18 1 344
	651,28 1
I	

			103 200,75 Total 4 704 843 ,14 2 916 834 ,93						
18	CIDB: Awarded supplier did not submit CIDB Certificate s	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of Procurement and contract management, we identified that the appointed suppliers listed on the table below did not submit CIDB certificate: therefore we could not verify if that the supplier's grading complied with the required grading as per the advert/tender requirements No. Tender name	The tender document/ supporting documents was missing and the AG could not verify nor audit the supporting documents. The time it was evaluated the BBBEE certificate was available, that is why there were points	Management should review and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there are proper reviews of the procurement processes to ensure the SCM policy and SCM regulations are complied with for the procurement of all goods and services	1. Scanning of tender files after appointm ent will assist in ensuring that all departme nts requiring document s after appointm ent are provided with scanned document s not	Ongoin g	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM

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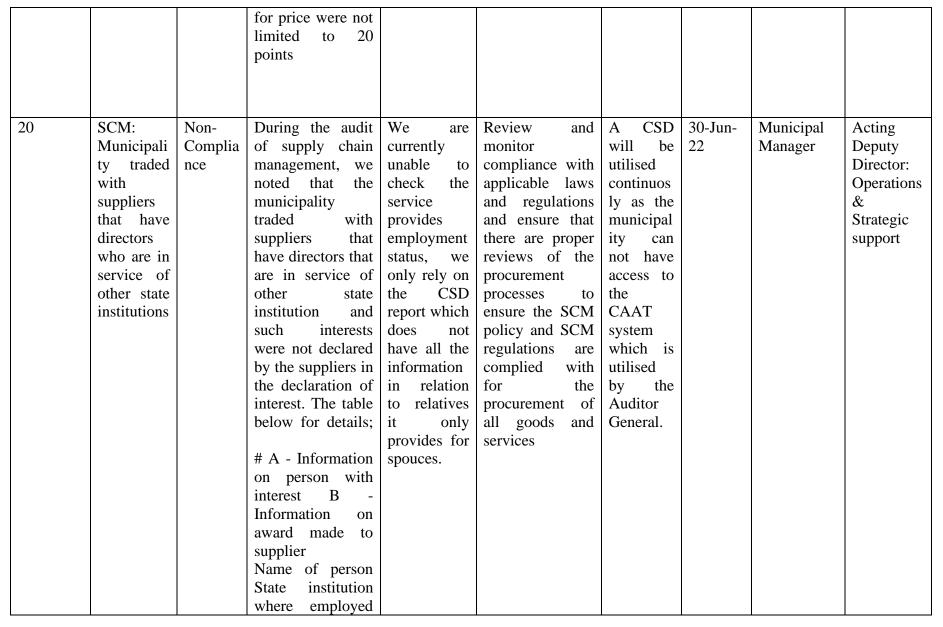
VIII



						mandator y required document s.			
19	SCM: Preferentia l Procureme nt Regulation s (PPR) – points calculated incorrectly and not in accordance with PPR regulations	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of competitive bidding we identified that the evaluation of tender's points were incorrectly allocated as these were not in accordance with the PPR 6(2). The points were not allocated to supplier based on price and BBBEE which has lead client calculations for points being more than 100 as required by PPR. The table below has details:	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that points calculated for functionalit y are correct and in accordance with PPR regulations	services through tender process, SCM Regulations are		Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM

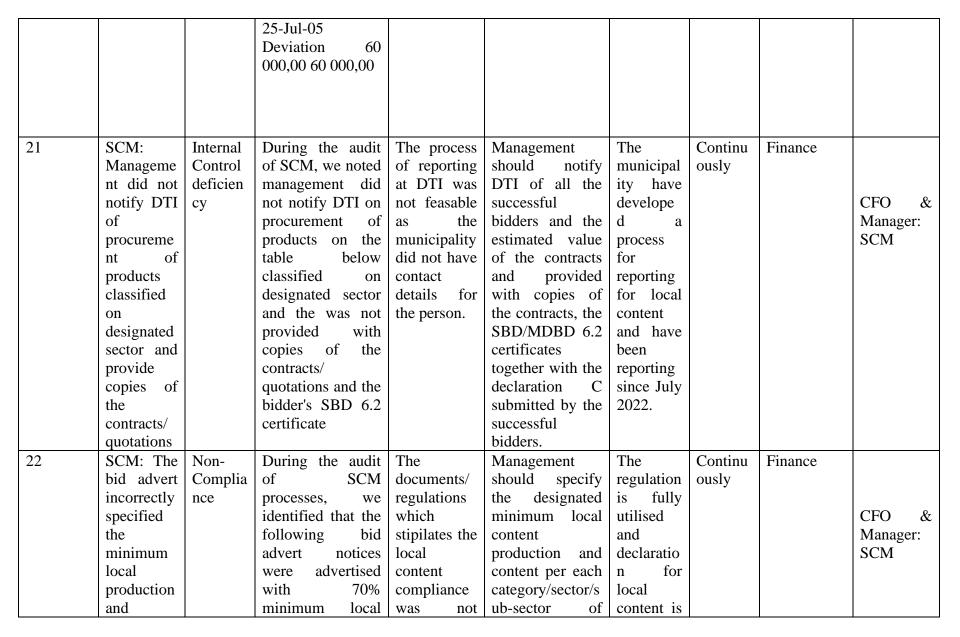
Supplier name		
Points calculation		
as per BAC report		
Auditor		
recalculations		
Variance		
Minathi -		
Winning bidder		
107 92 15		
Monde		
Consulting -		
losing bidder 82		
82 0		
Perozz Consulting		
Engineers - losing		
bidder 75 75 0		
The supplier that		
had highest points		
was selected,		
however the		
allocation of		
points was not		
done in		
accordance with		
Preferential		
Procurement		
Regulations as the		
points for		
functionality were		
not limited to 80		
points as required		
by PPR and points		

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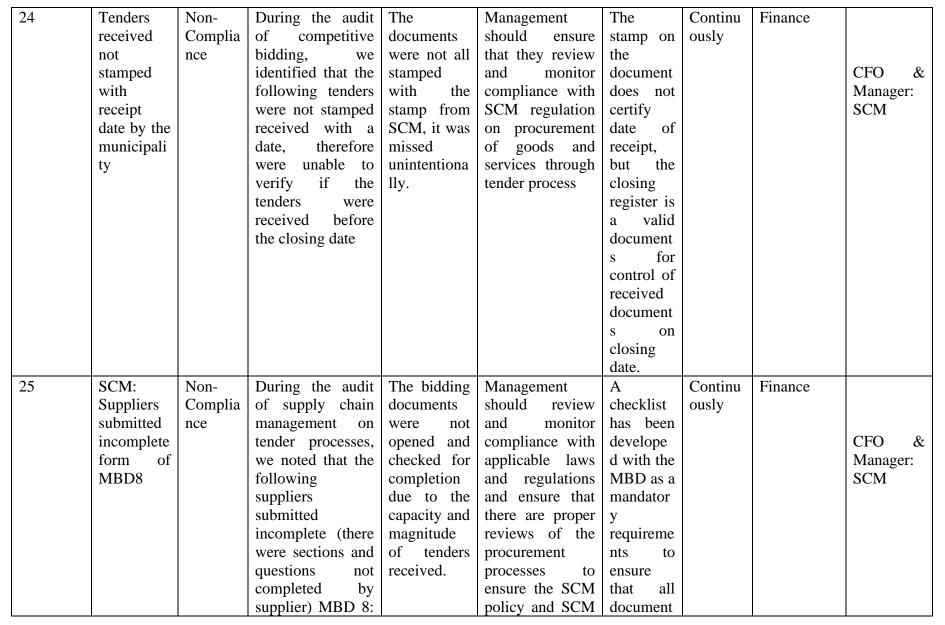
	Position/ job title	
	Appointment date	
	Resignation/	
	termination date	
	if applicable	
	Supplier name	
	Date from when	
	person had	
	interest	
	Description of	
	award Total rand-	
	value of award	
	Expenditure	
	(Payments) -	
	current year	
	1 MAKGOBA	
	MANEYA	
	SAMUEL South	
	African Social	
	Security Agency	
	No Information	
	Received 1-Apr-	
	05 N/A	
	MABULE RAIL	
	JV PMM	
	GENERAL 21-	
	Dec-11 Contract	
	440 459,20	
	440 459,20	
	2 MALOPE	
	GODFFREY	
	MADALA MP:	
	HEALTH	
I		

COMMUNITY
HEALTH
WORKERS 1-
Apr-20 N/A
NARE AND
GONEGO
BUSINESS 15-
Mar-12 Quotation
70 000,00 152
452,24
4 MTHEMBU
MILDRED
MPHO CEF SOC
Limited SWHPM
- SOLAR WTR
PROJECT
MANAGER 14-
Sep-20 N/A KSB
PUMPS AND
VALVES 16-Oct-
06 Quotation 42
674,66 95
131,74
5 MALOPE
GODFREY
MADALA MP:
HEALTH
COMMUNITY
HEALTH
WORKERS 1-
Apr-20 N/A
REAGETSWE
TRADING 257



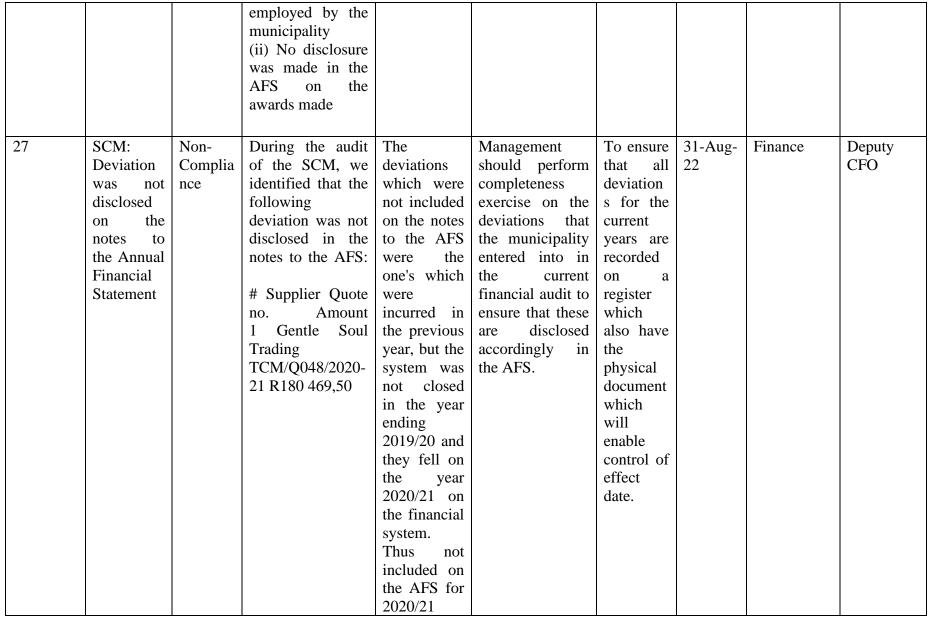


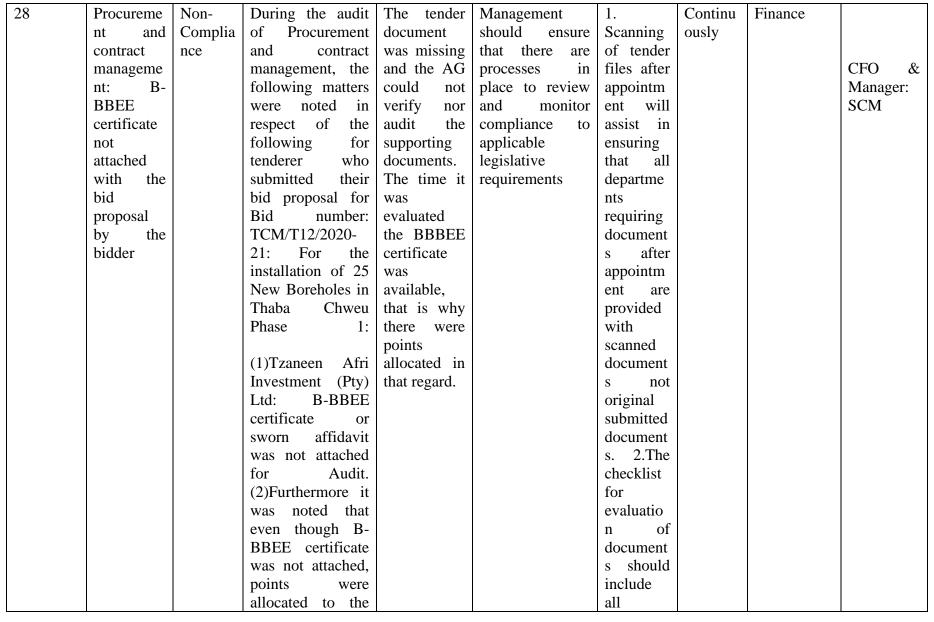
	content % for Clothing.		production and content on Clothing instead of 100%:	available or printed for the SCM office to implemente d.	procured on their	implemen ted as per the regulation s.			
23	Suppliers 0	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of competitive bidding, we identified the following; (i) Suppliers on the table below submitted SBD 4,SBD 8 and SBD 9 instead of MBD 4,MBD 8 and MBD 9: Certificate of Independent Bid Determination as requested on the bid documentation on the mandatory requirements	The specificatio ns committee sat and discussed the documents and were approved, and when sent to the consultant for printing that is where the error occurred, where incorrect MBD's were included on the physical documents.	policy and SCM regulations are	s which are	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM





		Declaration of bidders past supply chain management practices forms that are not in terms of 25 - 3 Oct 05 Circular 25 - SCM Guide and Bid Document		regulations are complied with for the procurement of all goods and services	filled and commissi oned by the commissi oner of oarth.			
Awards to close family members of persons in service of the state	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of supply chain management, we identified that the municipality traded with supplier that was related to someone who is employed by the municipality however the following was not done: (i) Interest was not declared by the supplier in the declaration form that they are related to someone	We are currently unable to check the service provides employment status, we only rely on the CSD report which does not have all the information in relation to relatives it only provides for spouces.	applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there are proper reviews of the procurement processes to	municipal ity can not have access to the CAAT system which is utilised by the	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM



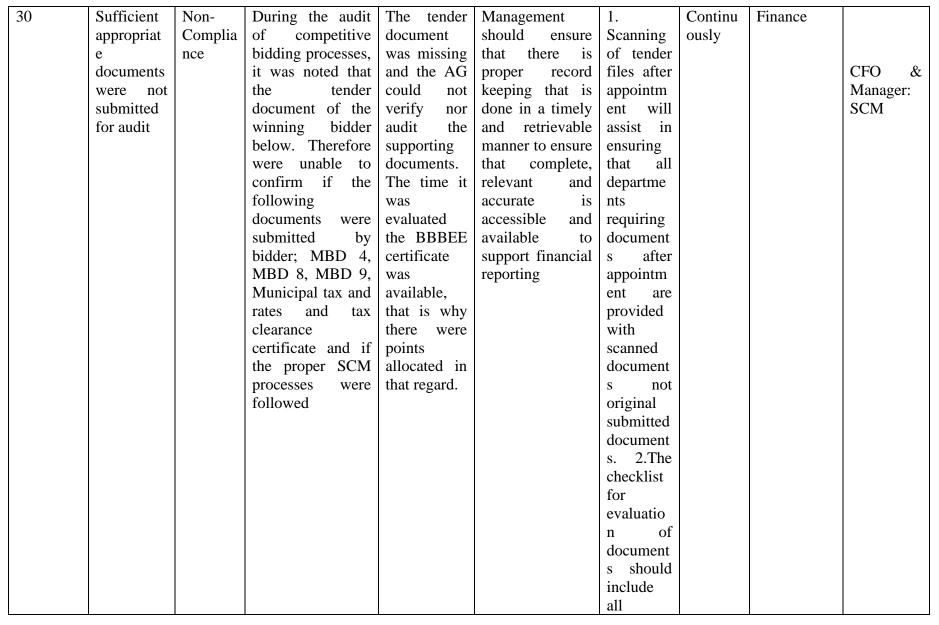


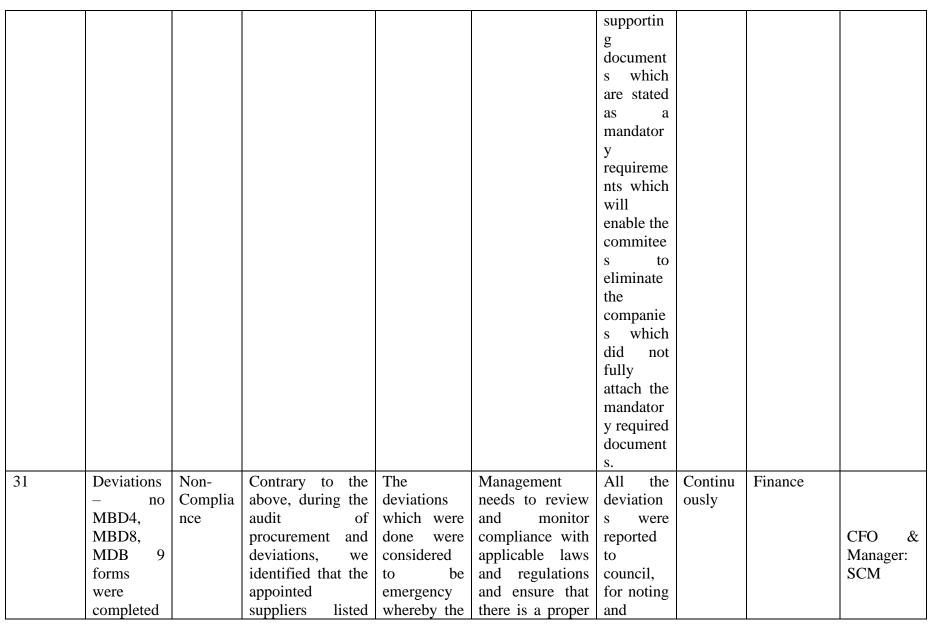


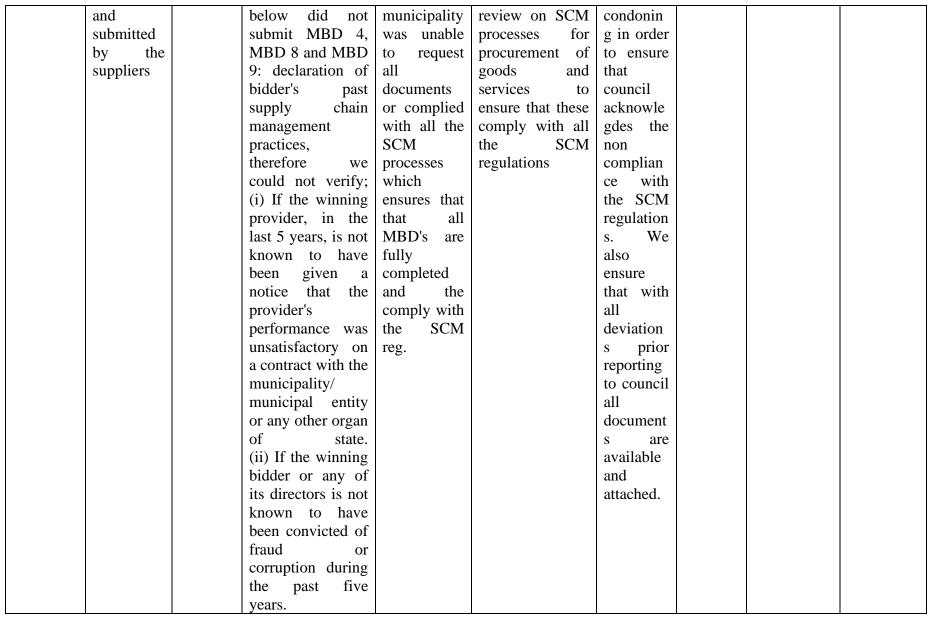
			winning bidder.			supportin			
						g			
			The service			document			
			provider would			s which			
			have scored the			are stated			
			highest points			as a			
			even without the			mandator			
			BBEEE			у			
			certificate,			requireme			
			therefore finding			nts which			
			is raised as an			will			
			internal control			enable the			
			deficiency on the			commitee			
			SCM processes			s to			
			and allocation of			eliminate			
			points as part of			the			
			Preferential			companie			
			Procurement			s which			
			Regulation.			did not			
						fully			
						attach the			
						mandator			
						y required			
						document			
		NT	D 1 1	T (1 (*	M	S.		T '	
29	Deviations did not	Non-	During the audit		Management	The	Continu	Finance	
	did not meet the	Complia	of procurement and contract	of COVID	should ensure that there are	COVID	ously		
	meet the definition	nce		there was a challenge	sufficient	regulation s have			CFO &
	of being		management - deviation process,	when in	controls in place	s have been			Manager:
	classified		the following was	comes to	to ensure	lifted and			SCM
	as an		identified:	gatherings,	compliance with	all SCM			SCIVI
	emergency		(a) the deviations	and thus	applicable laws	processes			
	emergency		(a) the deviations	und unus	applicable laws	processes	<u> </u>		



				r		
			U	are		
dic		difficult for	for procurement	followed		
		the	of goods and	with		
bei	ing classified as	procurement	services	regards to		
an	emergency as	process to		procurem		
Co	ovid-19 has	unfold as		ent of		
bee	en around for	regulated.		COVID		
ma	ore than a year,	Service		related		
the	erefore the	providers		procurem		
Mu	unicipality	could not		ent.		
		access the				
pla	anned ahead	municipal				
and		buildings				
SC		for				
	-	procurement				
Co	ovid 19 PPE.	of				
		documents,				
		submissions				
		as well as				
		other				
		necessary				
		processes				
		thurs				
		rendered				
		impossible				
		to comply to				
		the SCM				
		regulations				
		and thus the				
		deviation				
		process was				
		followed.				

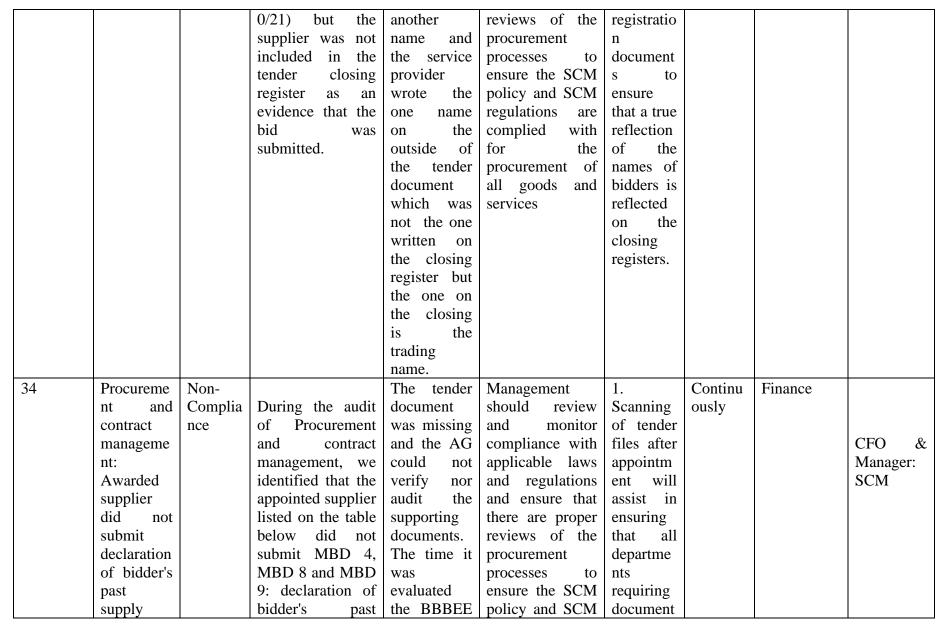








32	Procureme	Non-	During the audit	There	Management	The	Continu	Finance	
	nt and	Complia	of procurement	municipality	should review	structure	ously		
	contract	nce	and contract	did not have	and monitor	has been	J		
	manageme		management we	a contract		reviewed			CFO &
	nt:		noted that	managemen	MFMA	in order			Manager:
	Contract		contract	t in place to	116(2)(b).Manag	to ensure			SCM
	Manageme		management was	ensure that	ement should	that			
	nt not		not properly	all contracts	implement	contract			
	properly		implemented as	are managed	contract	managem			
	implement		per the contract	and	management as	ent is			
	ed in terms		management	monitored	per the contract	available			
	of contract		clause on the	efficiently	management	within the			
	manageme		service level	and	clause on the	institution			
	nt clause		agreement signed	effectively.	service level	. This will			
	as per		on behalf of the		agreement	enable the			
	service		municipality and			municipal			
	level		the service			ity to			
	agreement		provider and/or			comply			
			contract, see table			with			
			below for the			regards to			
			contract			the			
			management			managem			
			clause that was			ent of the			
			not complied			contracts.			
	~		with:				~ .		
33	Supplier	Non-	During the audit	The bid	U	To ensure	Continu	Finance	
	awarded	Complia	of competitive	documents	should review	that all	ously		
	tender was	nce	bidding, it was	were	and monitor	our			GEO A
	not		noted that the	submitted	compliance with	0			CFO &
	included in		following supplier	by a	11	registers			Manager:
	the tender		was awarded a	company	and regulations	have full			SCM
	closing		tender	which was	and ensure that	names as			
	register		(TCM/MM04/202	trading as	there are proper	per			





chain	supply chain	certificate	regulations are	s after	
manageme	management	was	complied with		
nt	practices,	available,	for the	ent are	
practices	therefore we	that is why	procurement of	provided	
	could not verify;	there were	all goods and	with	
	(iii) If the winning	points	services	scanned	
	provider, in the	allocated in		document	
	last 5 years, is not	that regard.		s not	
	known to have			original	
	been given a			submitted	
	notice that the			document	
	provider's			s. 2.The	
	performance was			checklist	
	unsatisfactory on			for	
	a contract with the			evaluatio	
	municipality/			n of	
	municipal entity			document	
	or any other organ			s should	
	of state.			include	
	(iv) If the winning			all	
	bidder or any of			supportin	
	its directors is not			g	
	known to have			document	
	been convicted of			s which	
	fraud or			are stated	
	corruption during			as a	
	the past five			mandator	
	years.			У	
				requireme	
				nts which	
				will	
				enable the	
				commitee	



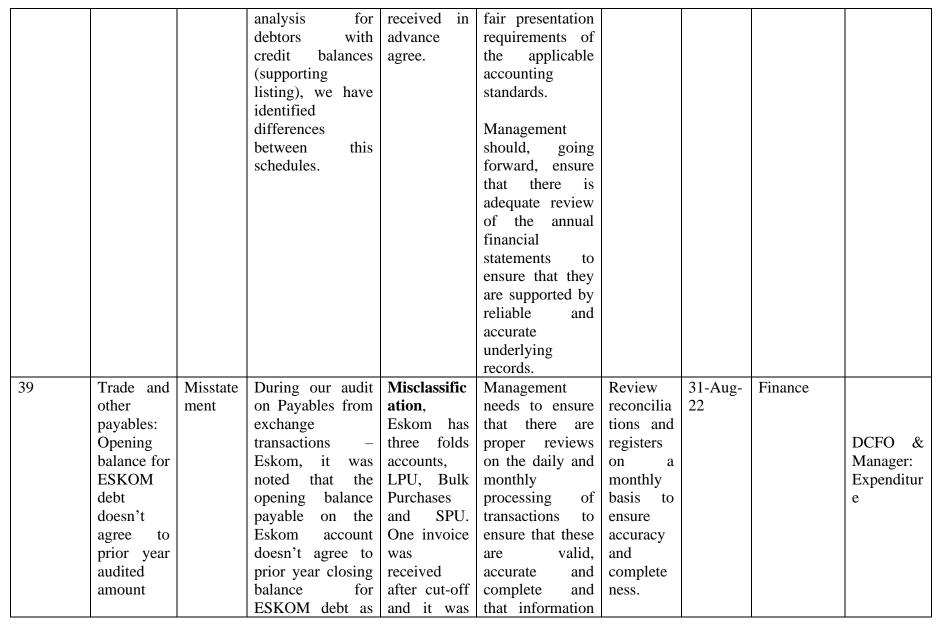
						s to eliminate the companie s which did not fully attach the mandator y required document s.			
35	SCM: Suppliers submitted incomplete MBD8	Non- Complia nce	During the audit of supply chain management on tender processes, we noted that the following suppliers submitted incomplete (there were sections and questions not completed by supplier) MBD 8: Declaration of bidders past supply chain management practices forms that are not in terms of 25 - 3 Oct 05 Circular	The bidding documents were not opened and checked for completion due to the capacity and magnitude of tenders received.	Management should review and monitor compliance with applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there are proper reviews of the procurement processes to ensure the SCM policy and SCM regulations are complied with for the procurement of all goods and services. Management needs to also	A checklist has been develope d with the MBD as a mandator y requireme nts to ensure that all document s are filled and commissi oned by the commissi oner of oarth.	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM

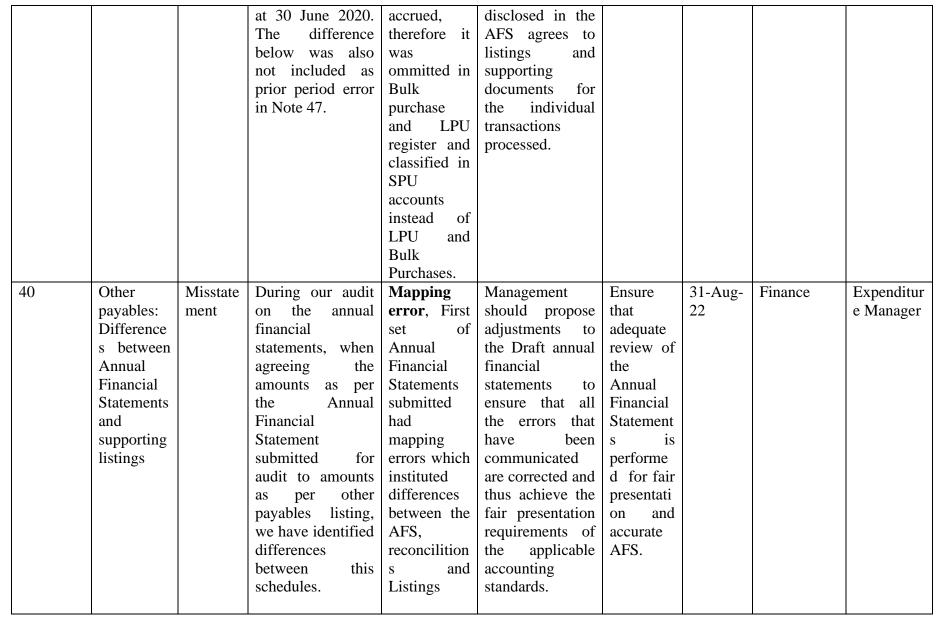


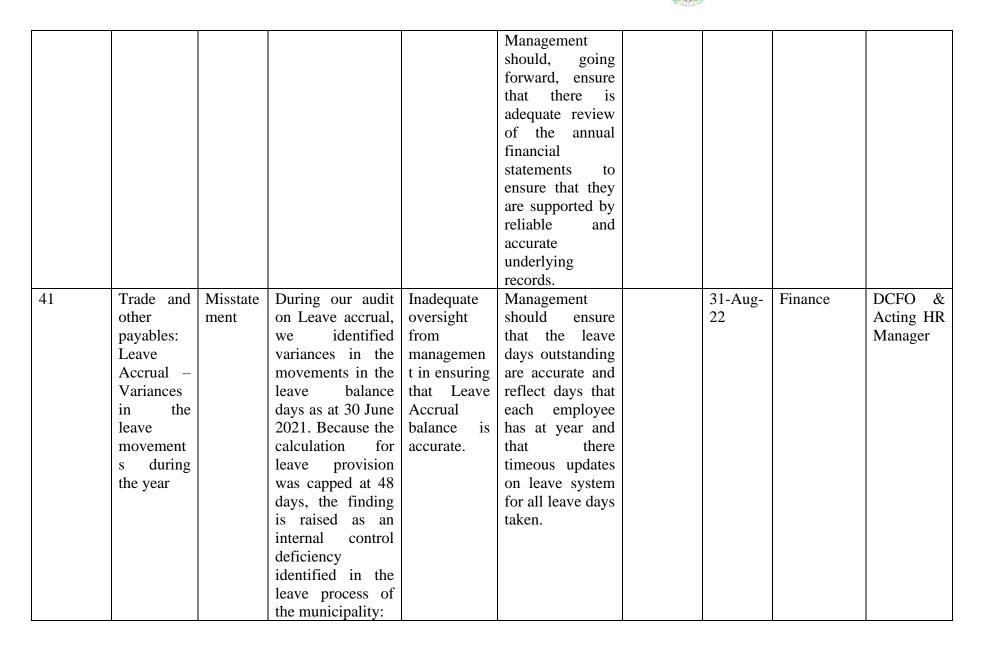
36	Procureme nt of COVID 19 related PPE was not economica 1	Internal Control deficien cy	25 - SCM GuideandBidDocument.Thetablebelowhasdetails:Duringtheauditof SCM, we notedthefollowing;(i)Prices at whichCOVID 19 relatedPPEwerepurchasedat aremorethanrecommendedpricesonannexureA of theMFMACircular102- EmergencyProcurementinResponsetoNationalStateDisaster, thereforeprocurementwas	The procurement of the PPE was done prior to the issuing of the regulation which stipulated the pricing of PPE.	applicable laws and regulations and ensure that there are proper reviews of the procurement processes to	utilised for all procurem	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM
Trade			procurement was not economical.		services				
and other payables									

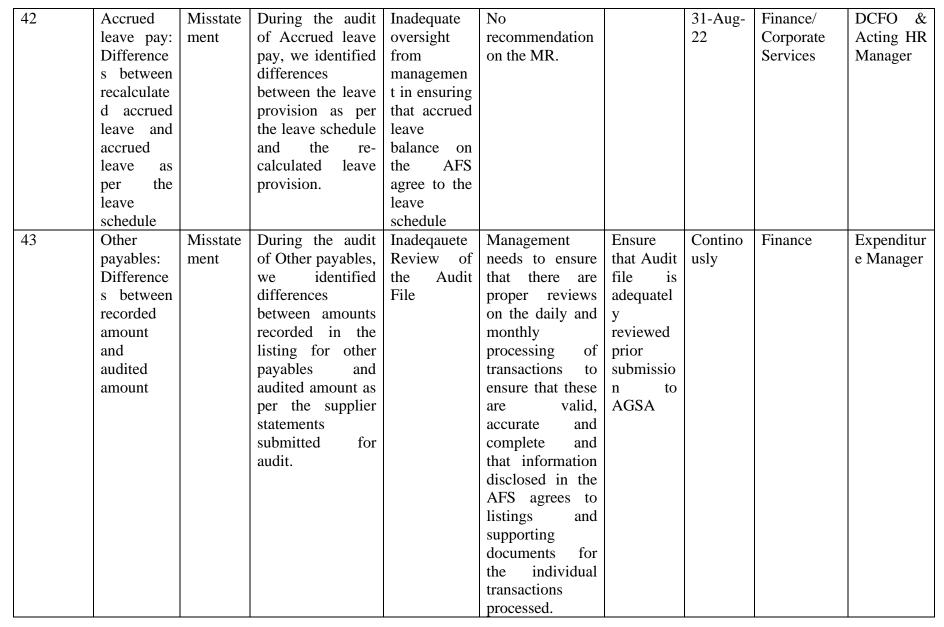


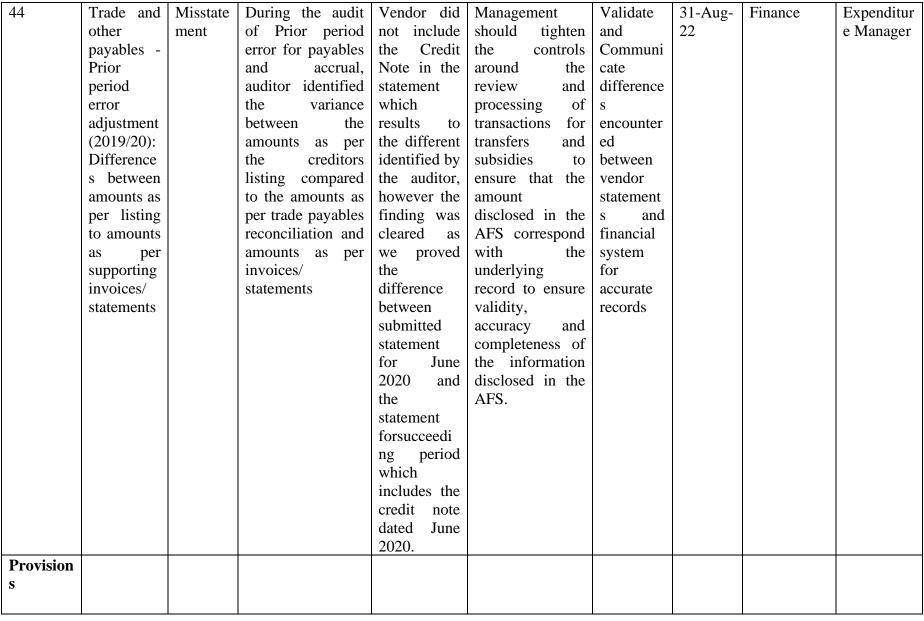
37	Trade	Misstate	During the audit	Inadequate	Management		Monthly	Finance	Manager:
	payables:	ment	of trade and other	oversight	needs to ensure				Expenditur
	Difference		payables, we	from	that there are				e
	s between		identified	managemen	proper reviews				
	amounts as		differences	t in ensuring	on the daily and				
	per		between the	that	monthly				
	creditors		amounts as per	creditors	processing of				
	listing and		the creditors	listing and	transactions to				
	amounts as		listing and the	amounts as	ensure that these				
	per		amounts as per	per supplier	are valid,				
	supplier		the supporting	statements	accurate and				
	statements		documents	agree.	complete and				
			(supplier		that information				
			statements) that		disclosed in the				
			were submitted		AFS agrees to				
			for audit.		listings and				
					supporting				
					documents for				
					the individual				
					transactions				
20		10.00		T 1	processed.		21.4	T '	
38	Payments	Misstate	During our audit	Inadequate	Management		31-Aug-	Finance	
	received in	ment	on the annual	oversight	should propose		22		
	advance -		financial	from	adjustments to				
	Difference		statements, when	managemen	the Draft annual				DCFO &
	s between Annual		agreeing the	t in ensuring	financial				Manager:
	Financial		amounts as per the Annual	that Annual Financial	statements to ensure that all				Expenditur
	Statements		Financial	Statements	the errors that				e
	and		Statement	and	have been				
	supporting		submitted for	supporting	communicated				
	listings		audit to amounts	listings for					
	instings		as per debtors age	payment	thus achieve the				
			us per debtors age	Puymon	thus dome ve the	I	I		

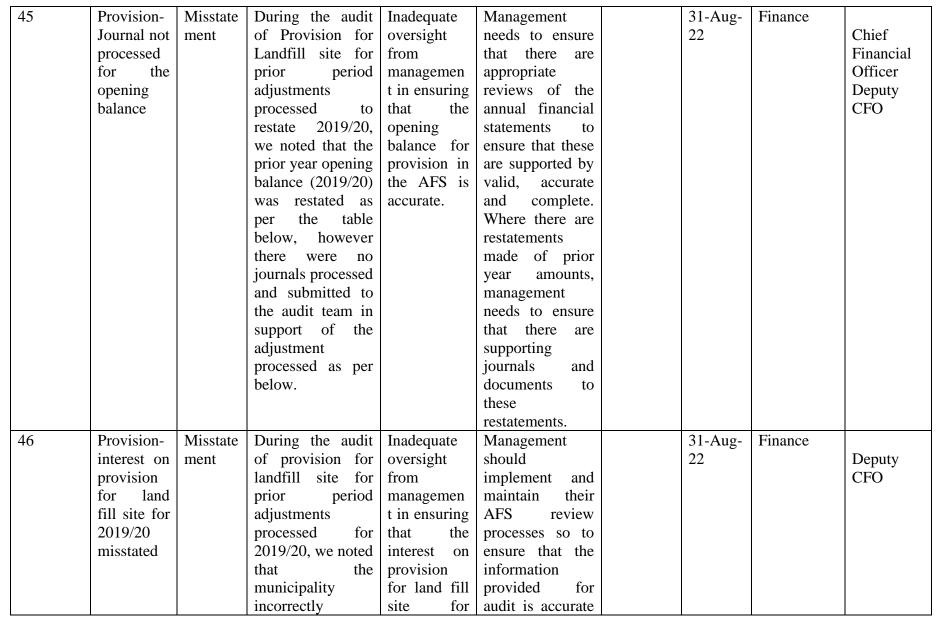






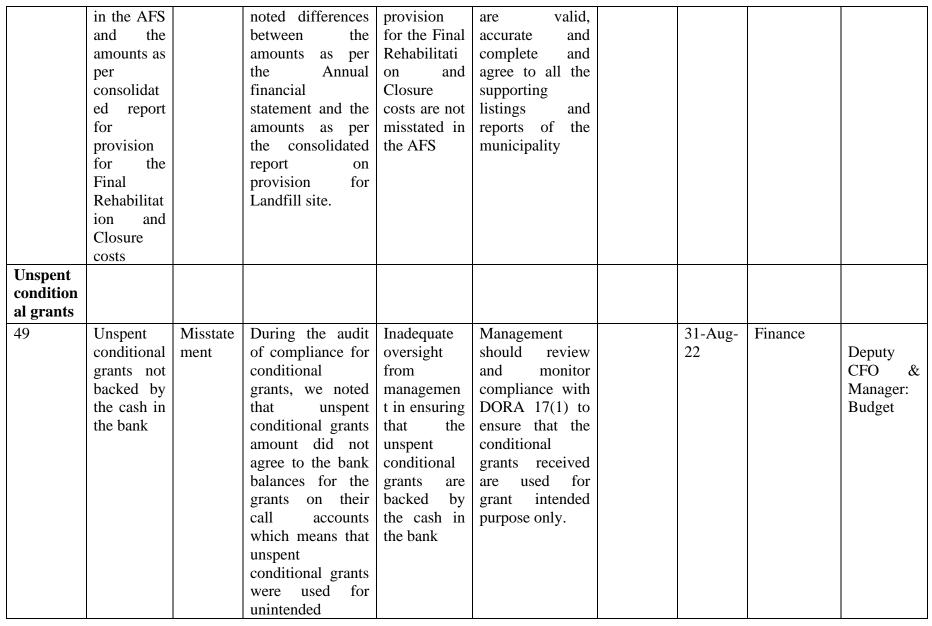


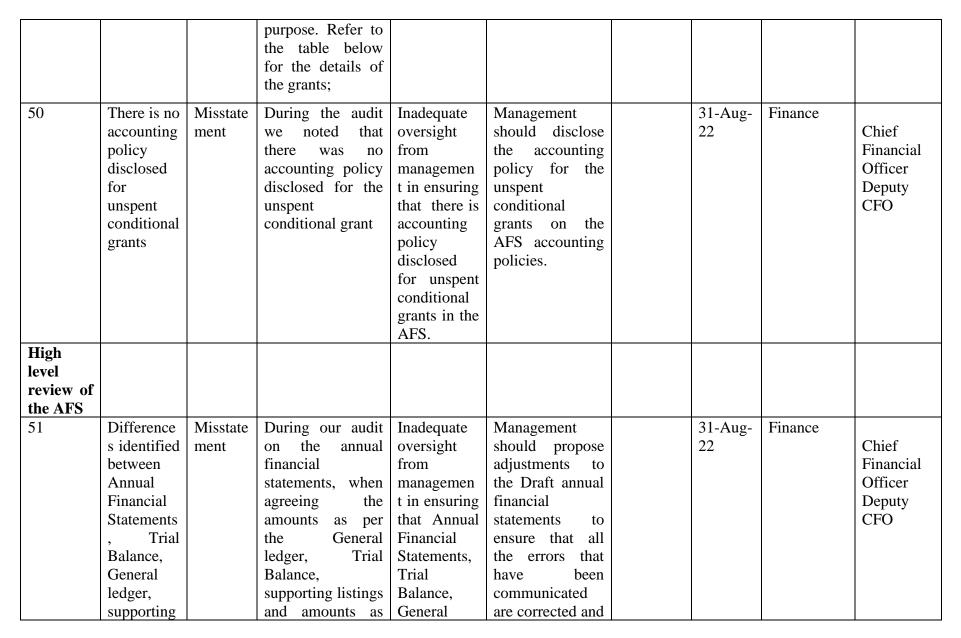


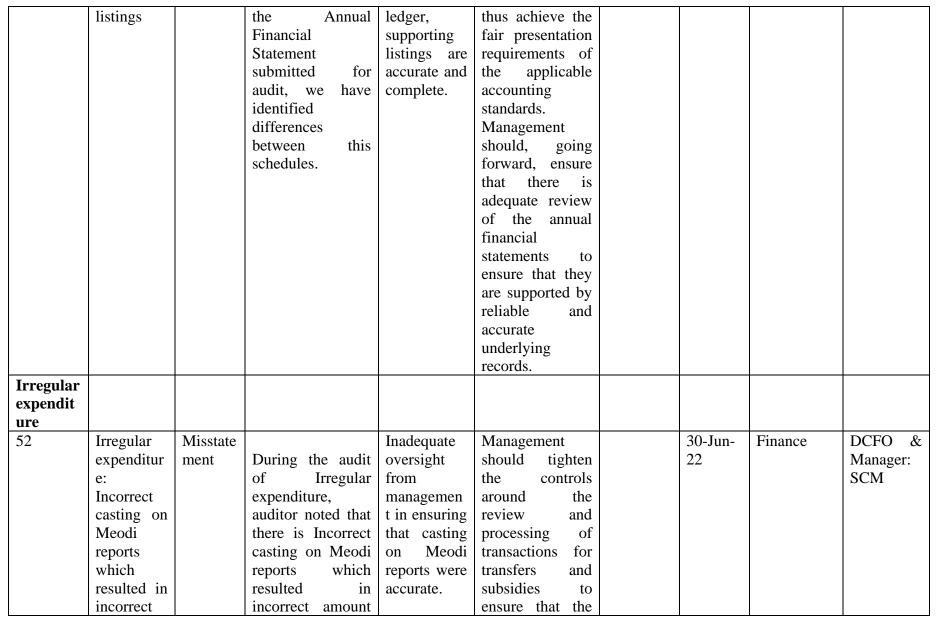




			deducted a change in provision instead of increasing it.	2019/20 is not misstated	and reliable.				
47	Provisions opening balance as per GL and note 16 to the AFS does not agree	Misstate ment	During the audit of provisions, we noted the amount of opening balance as per GL and note 16 to the AFS does not agree,	Based on inspection of the managemen t report from the AGSA we have noted that the finding was fully resolved and no misstatemen t or internal control deficiency was noted	Management should correct the opening balance.	Based on inspectio n of the managem ent report from the AGSA we have noted that the finding was fully resolved and no misstatem ent or internal control deficienc y was noted	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Chief Financial Officer
48	Provision- Difference s between the amounts presented	Misstate ment	During the audit of provision for landfill site- prior period adjustments (2019/20), we	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that the	Management should ensure that there is a proper review of the AFS to ensure that these		31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO

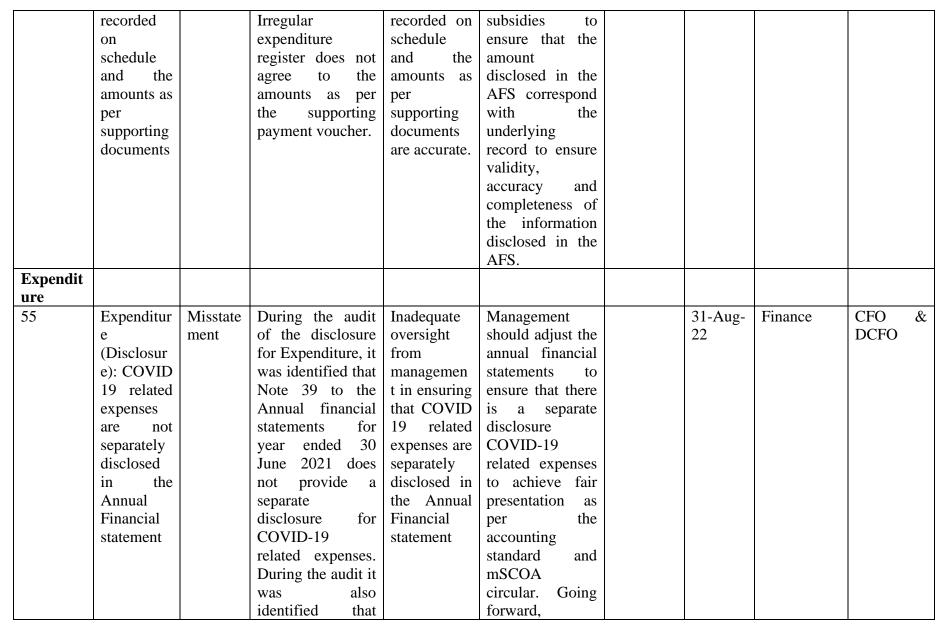








	amount		being presented in		amount			
	being		the AFS		disclosed in the			
	presented				AFS correspond			
	in the AFS				with the			
					underlying			
					record to ensure			
					validity,			
					accuracy and			
					completeness of			
					the information			
					disclosed in the			
					AFS			
53		Misstate	During the audit	Inadequate	Management	31-Aug-	Finance	DCFO &
	1	ment	irregular	oversight	should correct	22		Manager:
	period		expenditure, we	from	the 2020			SCM
	error		noted that the	managemen	opening balance			
	incorrectly		2020 opening	t in ensuring	and the 2020			
	processed		balance have been	that opening	U U			
	on the		incorrectly	balance for	1			
	opening		adjusted instead	irregular	additions			
	balance		of correcting the	expenditure	amount.			
	instead of		2020 irregular	agrees with				
	2019/20		expenditure	the prior				
	additions		additions. Refer to	year AFS.				
54	Irregular	Misstate	the table below. During the audit	Inadequate	Management	31-Aug-	Finance	DCFO &
54	-	ment	of Irregular	oversight	should tighten	22	Finance	Manager:
	e:	ment	expenditure, it	from	the controls			SCM
	Difference		was noted that the	managemen	around the			
	s between		following current	t in ensuring	review and			
	the		year expenditure	that	processing of			
	irregular		amounts recorded	irregular	transactions for			
	amount		in the AFS per the	amount	transfers and			
					und	I		<u> </u>



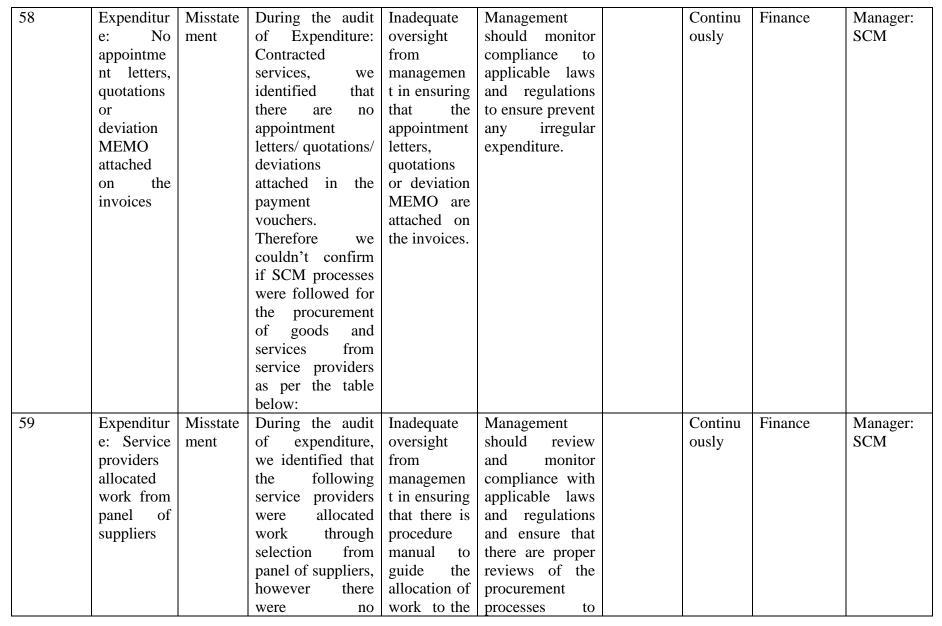
	1	1					1
		there was		management			
		procurement		should			
		made for COVID-		implement and			
		19 PPE, the		monitor			
		procurement		oversight			
		process of which		responsibility			
		was a deviation		regarding related			
		from the normal		internal controls			
		competitive		and compliance			
		bidding process		to ensure that the			
		and for other		annual financial			
		items SCM		statements are			
		processes were		prepared in			
		followed. These		accordance with			
		expenses should		the applicable			
		be disclosed		accounting			
		separately to meet		standards as well			
		the requirements		as legislative and			
		of MSCOA		regulatory			
		circular 109		requirements.			
56	Expenditur Misstate		Inadequate	Management	30-Jun-	Finance	CFO &
	e – Bulk ment	of Expenditure -	oversight	should design	22		Director:
	purchases:	Bulk purchases,	from	and implement			Technical
	No meter	we identified that	managemen	controls to verify			Services
	readings	the municipality	t in ensuring	the accuracy of			~
	are	does not have	that meter	electricity			
	performed	internal controls	readings are	consumption			
	by the	to verify the	performed	charged by			
	municipali	consumption that	by the	Eskom			
	ty on its	the municipality	municipality				
	substations	is being billed for	on its				
	to ensure	bulk purchases by	substations				
	that		to ensure				
	uiut	Liskom, mis was	to clisuit				

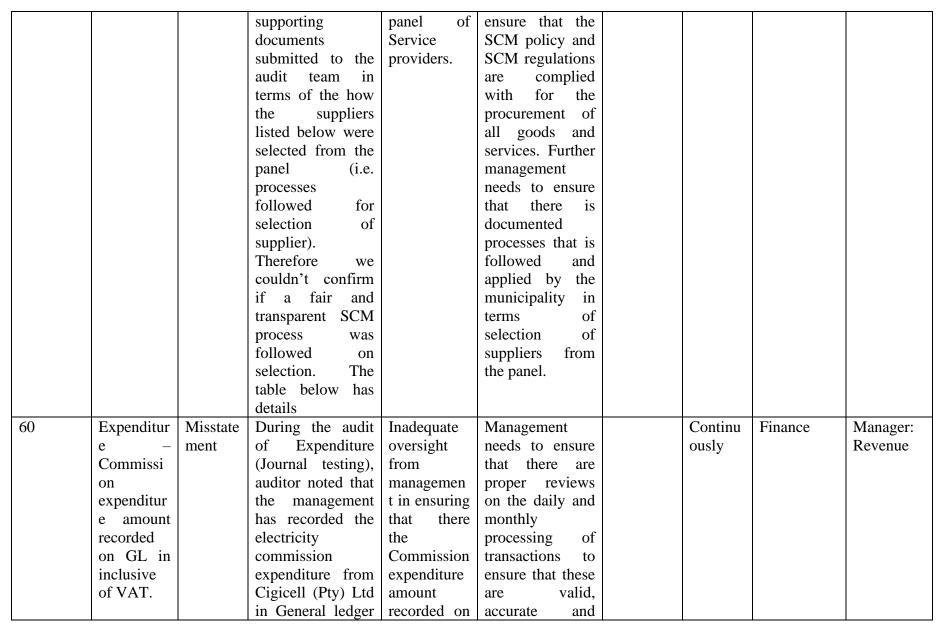
billing	S I	further confirmed	that billings			
from	1	through	from			
ESKO	Μ	discussion held	ESKOM are			
are		with management.	accurate			
accura	te	Per management's				
		assertion, meter				
	1	readings ought to				
	1	be taken on a				
	1	monthly basis as				
		and when an				
	1	invoice from				
		Eskom is				
		received, to verify				
		electricity				
		consumed in that				
		specific month. A				
		comparison				
		should then be				
		made against the				
		amount consumed				
		as per the Eskom				
		invoice to confirm				
	1	that the usage				
		billed by Eskom				
		is correct, and				
		thus ensure the				
		accuracy of the				
		expenditure being				
		recorded.				
		However, this was				
		not done for the				
		municipality				
		during the				

T	1 1	 1	
2020/21 financial			
year and			
management has			
therefore been			
accepting			
ESKOM invoices			
as accurate and			
not performing			
any verification			
checks to confirm			
accuracy of the			
consumption			
billed. Therefore,			
because there are			
no verifications			
performed on			
consumption			
billed by			
ESKOM, there is			
a risk that			
municipality			
might be			
overbilled by			
ESKOM. The			
table below has			
details:			



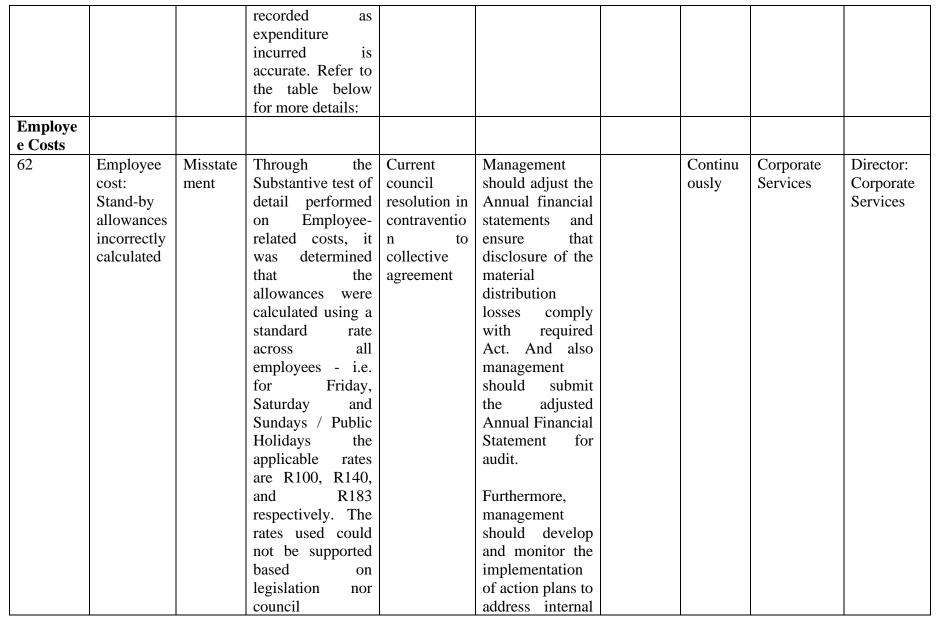
57	Expenditur Misstate	During the audit	Inadequate	Management	Continu	Finance	CFO &	
	e: Panel ment	of Procurement	oversight	should Review	ously		Manager:	
	appointme	and contract	from	and monitor			SCM	
	nt letter	management, it	managemen	compliance with				
	not	was identified that	t in ensuring					
	submitted	there was no	that the	U				
	for audit	proof of	panel	and ensure that				
		appointment	appointment					
		letters for the	letters are					
		suppliers who	attached to	procurement				
		were appointed on	the payment	_				
		the panel on the	vouchers.	ensure that the				
		table below.		SCM policy and				
		Further we could		SCM regulations				
		not confirm the		are complied				
		process that was		with for the				
		followed by the		procurement of				
		municipality for		all goods and				
		the selection of		services. Further				
		these suppliers		management				
		from the panel		needs to ensure				
				that there is				
				documented				
				processes that is followed and				
				applied by the				
				municipality in terms of				
				selection of				
				11				
				the panel.				







		in inclusive of value added tax even though the Municipality can claim the input VAT	GL exclusive of VAT.	disclosed in the AFS agrees to listings and supporting documents for the individual transactions processed.	~	~ .		
61 Expendi e: contractor services There variance between the amounts on invoices and auditor's recalcula d amounts	ed ment are s	During the audit of Expenditure – operating expenses, we identified that there are variances between the invoice recalculated amount and amounts recorded in the financial records (general ledger). Based on audit evidence obtained, management did not perform a recalculation of the invoice amounts to ensure that the amount to be paid and	Invalid Finding, see attached e- mail , there were No varience found between invoices and General Ledger entries for 2020/2021 Audit Period	Management should review the population of Expenditure – Contracted services to ensure that all transactions are recognised at the correct amounts. Going forward, management should ensure that there is adequate review of the processing and recording of Expenditure transactions to ensure that all transactions are recorded at the correct amounts.	Continue with review captured invoices against GL and Supportin g Documen ts	Continu ously	Finance	Manager: Expenditur e





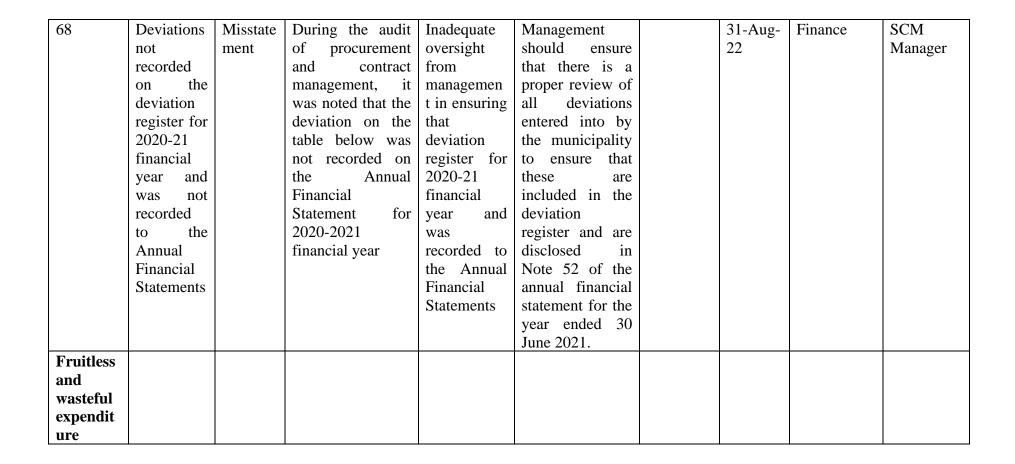
			resolution.		control deficiencies to prevent their recurrence.				
63	Employee costs: Deficienci es in internal controls identified during execution stage of audit	Misstate ment	During the execution stage of the audit, the following internal control deficiencies were identified: 1. Standby authorising forms for standby were signed off after employees had started working.	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that standby authorising forms for standby were signed off after employees had started working.	Management should ensure that all standby authorization forms are signed and approved prior to employees starting with the work.		Contino usly	Community services & Corporate Services	Director: Communit y Services & Acting Chief Traffic Officer Director: Corporate Services & Manager: Water & Sanitation
64	Employee related costs: Amounts as per payroll reports not agreeing to amounts as per AFS	Misstate ment	During the audit of employee costs, we identified variances between amounts as per AFS and amounts as per payroll reports.	Mapping errors, Some components were mapped incorrectly and instuted differences betwenn the	Management should reclassify amounts that were incorrectly mapped to the incorrect component, in order to ensure that the financial statements are a	Ensure that adequate review of the Annual Financial Statement s is performe	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Expenditur e Manager



Employe				AFS and supporting documentati on	fair representation of the Municipality's financial performance. Further, management should implement and maintain their AFS review processes so as to ensure that the information provided for audit is accurate and reliable.	d for fair presentati on and accurate AFS.			
e benefit obligatio n									
65	Employee benefits obligation - Assumptio n/rates used as per expert report don't agree	Misstate ment	During the audit of prior period adjustments on Employee benefit obligation, it was noted that the assumptions and rates used as per expert report for valuation of Long	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that Assumption /rates used as per expert	Management should review the AFS to confirm that all the necessary disclosures are included for both 2019/20 and 2020/21 and that these disclosures		31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO

	1		Т		1	г		
	to	Service awards	report agree	agree to the				
	assumptio	and Post	to	supporting				
	ns &	Employment	assumptions	schedules and				
	inputs	Medical Aid	& inputs	reports used for				
	presented	(PEMA) subsidy	presented in	the preparation				
	in Note 8	didn't agree to	Note 8 of	of the annual				
	of Annual	rates and	Annual	financial				
	Financial	assumptions	Financial	statements				
	Statements	presented in Note	Statements					
	for	8 of the Annual	for 2019/20					
	2019/20	Financial						
		Statements for						
		comparative						
		figures (2019/20).						
66	Employee Miss	tate During the audit	Inadequate	Management	31	l-Aug-	Finance	
	benefit men	of prior period	oversight	should review	22	2		Deputy
	obligation:	adjustments on	from	the AFS to				CFO
	Age Bands	Employee benefit	managemen	confirm that all				
	used for	obligation	t in ensuring	the necessary				
	PEMA as	(2019/20), it was	that age	disclosures in				
	at 30 June	noted that the age	bands used	the AFS for				
	2020 were	bands used for	for PEMA	comparative				
	not	determination of	as at 30	figures are				
	included in	PEMA as	June 2020	supported by				
	Expert	disclosed in the	were	schedules and				
	Reports	annual financial	included in	reports used for				
		statements were	Expert	the preparation				
		not included in	Reports	of the annual				
		the expert reports		financial				
		for 2019/20.		statements				
		Therefore we						
		couldn't confirm						
		if the correct age						

Other disclosur es			bands were used on the calculation of the employee benefit obligation as disclosed in Note 8 of the annual financial statements.					
67	Difference s between amounts disclosed in the AFS and supporting schedule	Misstate ment	During the audit of MFMA additional Disclosure, auditor noted the difference between the Supporting schedule and the Annual financial statement disclosure note.51	oversight from managemen	Management should adjust the Annual financial statements and ensure that the disclosure note presents information that agrees with the listings. Furthermore, management should perform adequate reviews of the annual financial statements to ensure that they are accurate per the listings.	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO
Deviatio ns								





69	Overstate	Misstate	During the audit	Oversight,	Management	Ensure	31-Aug-	Finance	
	ment on	ment	of fruitless and	Exemption	needs ensure that	adequate	22		Expenditur
	fruitless		wasteful	Notice	there are proper	implemen			e Manager
	and		expenditure, it	issued was	reviews of the	tation of			C
	wasteful		was noted that On	not	annual financial	notices			
	expenditur		30 March 2020,	Comprehen	statements to	and			
	e		the Minister of	ded by	ensure that these	circulars			
			Finance published	managemen	are accurate,	issued by			
			an Exemption	t for	valid and	the			
			Notice in terms	implementat	complete	Governm			
			section 177(1)(b)	ion of UIF&		ent.			
			of the MFMA	W					
			(exemption	expenditure					
			notice) exempting	s, hence it					
			municipalities and	emphasises					
			municipal entities	on					
			from " the	COVID19					
			provisions of that	Expenditure					
			Act and	•					
			regulations made						
			thereunder".						
			According to						
			Section $65(2)(e)$						
			of the MFMA:						
			(2) The						
			accounting officer						
			must for the						
			purpose of						
			subsection (1) take all						
			reasonable steps						
			to ensure (e) that all money						
			(c) that all money						

owing by the			
municipality be			
paid within 30			
days of receiving			
the relevant			
invoice or			
statement, unless			
prescribed			
otherwise for			
certain categories			
of expenditure.			
of expenditure.			
Therefore for the			
period 1 June			
2020 to 30 June			
2021, the above			
exemption meant			
that if the			
municipality			
with section			
65(2)(e.), there is			
no non-			
compliance due to			
the exemption.			
If interest was			
levied on			
outstanding			
invoices by			
ESKOM as a			
result of the			
municipality not			

ANN AND

making payments within 30 days during the exemption period, there is no non- compliance to be reported as a result of failure to comply with section 65(2)(e) of MFMA then interest levied as a result should not constitute fruitless and wasteful

VIIIV.

Material

Incorrect inputs

were used

calculate

distributio

losses

losses:

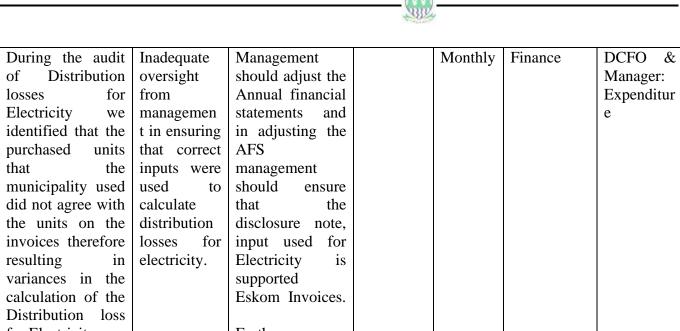
to

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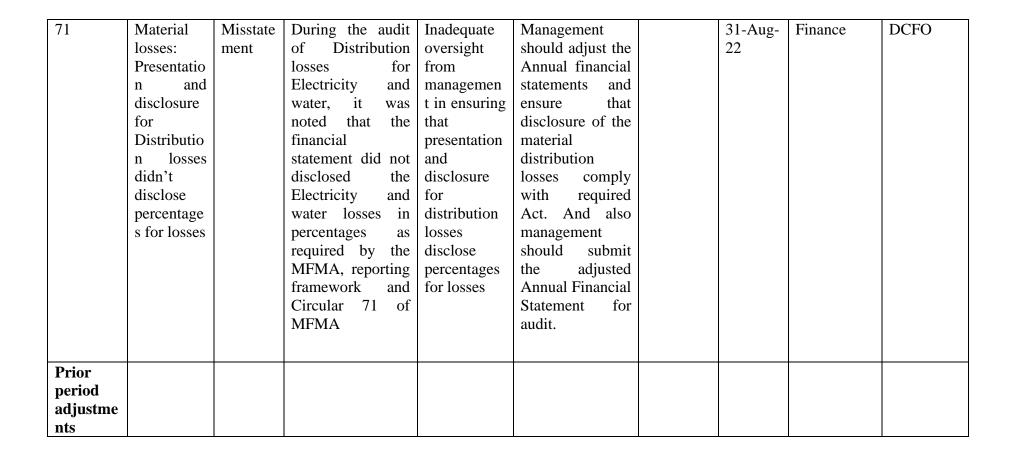
Misstate

ment

of



for	the units on the	distribution	disclosure note,		
electricity	invoices therefore	losses for	input used for		
	resulting in	electricity.	Electricity is		
	variances in the		supported		
	calculation of the		Eskom Invoices.		
	Distribution loss				
	for Electricity		Furthermore,		
			management		
			should perform		
			adequate reviews		
			of Schedules to		
			ensure that are		
			supported by		
			Eskom invoice,		
			thereafter submit		
			the adjusted AFS		
			for audit.		



72	Prior	Misstate	During the audit	Inadequate	Management	31-Aug-	Finance	DCFO
	period	ment	of financial	oversight	should propose	22		
	adjustment		statements for	from	adjustments to			
	s not		year ended 30	managemen	the Draft annual			
	disclosed		June 2021, the	t in ensuring	financial			
	in Note 47		following was	that prior	statements to			
	of the AFS		identified in	period	ensure that all			
			relation to prior	adjustments	the errors that			
			period	were	have been			
			adjustments:	disclosed in				
				Note 47 of				
				the AFS	thus achieve the			
					fair presentation			
					requirements of			
					the applicable			
					accounting			
					standards.			
					Management			
					should, going			
					forward, ensure			
					that there is			
					adequate review			
					of the annual			
					financial			
					statements to			
					ensure that they			
					are supported by			
					reliable and			
					accurate			
					underlying			
					records.			

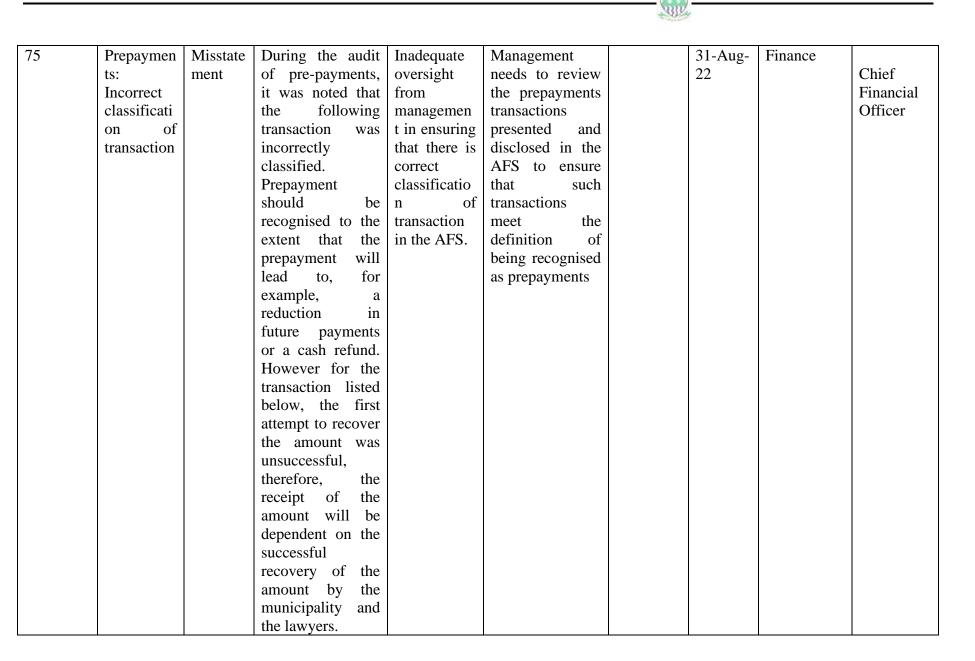
VIIIV.

Prepaym ents								
73	Accountin g policy for financial instrument s is not consistent and complete	Misstate ment	During the review of the accounting policy for financial instruments, accounting policy number 1.9 as per Annual Financial Statements, it was noted that the accounting policy is incomplete as the following areas were not outlined in the policy: (a) Initial recognition criteria (b) Initial and subsequent measurement of the financial instruments (c) Fair value measurement considerations (d) Gains and losses and	oversight from managemen t in ensuring that accounting policy for financial instruments	policies included on the annual financial statements to ensure that these	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Chief Financial Officer

VIIV

			impairment criteria (e) Presentation criteria (f) Derecognition					
74	Prepaymen ts not appropriat ely presented and disclosed	Misstate ment	During the audit of prepayments, it was noted that Note 9 of the Annual Financial Statements for year ended 30 June 2021 is blank and there was no disclosure made in terms of the details of the municipal prepayments that were presented in the statement of financial position.	oversight from managemen	Management needs to ensure that there are appropriate reviews on the AFS on face of financial statement to ensure that all amounts included are supported by the notes to the annual financial statements	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Manager: Expenditur e

Ally .



Segment reporting								
76	Various issues identified on segment reporting, note 53 to the AFS	Misstate ment	During our audit of segment reporting on 53 to the AFS we identified the following; 1. Segment 2: Finance and administration, does not meet the definition of a reportable segment. 2. Segment 5. Planning and development, does not meet the definition of a reportable segment. 3. Segment 8. Other, based on the limited information given on this reportable segment it is impossible to assess whether it	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that there is full compliance to GRAP 18.	Management should review and monitor compliance with GRAP 18.	31-Aug- 22	Finance	DCFO

VIIV

Γ			1	
	meet the			
	definition of the			
	reportable			
	segment.			
	segment.			
	1 Aggregated			
	4. Aggregated			
	segments			
	Ø Note 53 just			
	have the heading			
	"Aggregated			
	segments" and			
	there is nothing			
	stated under it, is			
	it an omission			
	Ø It does not state			
	whether segments			
	were aggregates			
	or not, and			
	Ø If segments			
	were aggregated			
	there is no basis			
	of aggregation			
	5. Segment			
	surplus or deficit			
	Ø The following			
	were not			
	disclosed on			
	segment surplus			
	or deficit;			
	I. Measure of			
	segment			
	surplus/deficit,			
1	- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	I	I	I

 1			1		
	and				
	II. Measurement				
	basis				
	Ø On column				
	total segment				
	deficit or surplus				
	not all number are				
	visible				
	Ø There is an				
	additional				
	reportable				
	segment:				
	Community and				
	social services				
	reported which				
	was not identified				
	as a reportable				
	segment on the				
	paragraph above				
	for types of goods				
	and/or services by				
	segment				
	6. Segment assets				
	and liabilities				
	Ø You just stated				
	a heading				
	"segment assets				
	and liabilities"				
	and there is				
	nothing reported				
	under it				
	7. Explanation of				
	7. Explanation of		I		

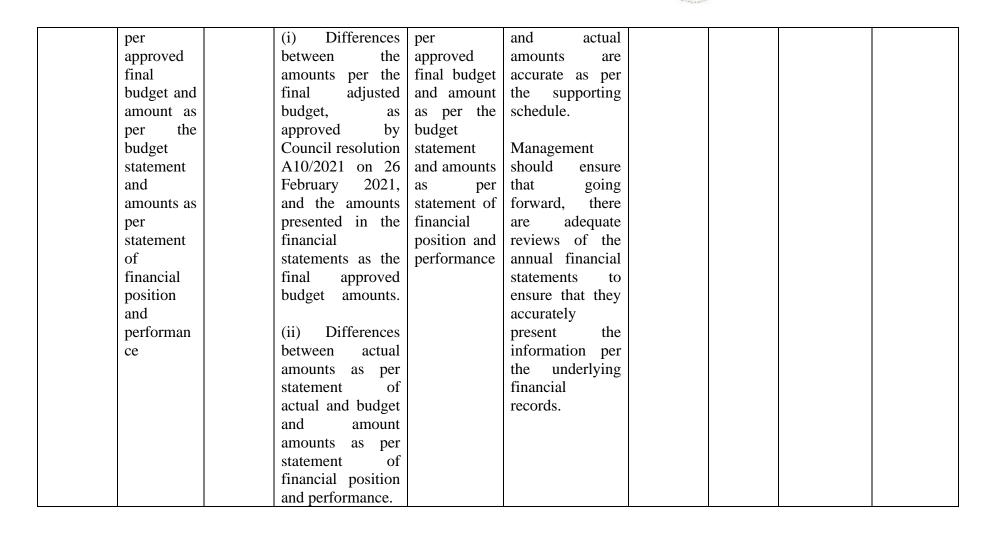
measurements
The following
was not disclosed;
Ø Basis of
accounting for
transactions
between segments
Ø Nature of
difference
between segment
surplus/deficit and
entity
surplus/deficit and
discontinued
operations Ø Nature
asymmetrical
allocations
8. Reconciliation
The following
was not disclosed;
Ø Total segment
amount to
corresponding
entity amount for
every material
item.
9. Geographic
disclosures
The following

Ø External revenues from non-exchange transactions, External revenues from from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, transactions, Total exchange transactions, Total exchange transactions, Total exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- external revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical each geographical			
revenues from non-exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical be information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	was not disclosed;		
non-exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	Ø External		
transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical			
External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	non-exchange		
from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical			
transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	External revenues		
expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical			
current assets attributable to each geographical area, area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from from exchange transactions, Transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current current assets attributable to each geographical attributable	transactions, Total		
attributable to each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	expenditure, Non-		
each geographical area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	current assets		
area, OR Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	attributable to		
Ø The fact the information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical interval	each geographical		
information about External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	area, OR		
External revenues from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	Ø The fact the		
from non- exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	information about		
exchange transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	External revenues		
transactions, External revenues from exchange transactions, Total Image: Current assets attributable to each geographical Image: Current assets			
External revenues from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	exchange		
from exchange transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	transactions,		
transactions, Total expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	External revenues		
expenditure, Non- current assets attributable to each geographical	from exchange		
current assets attributable to each geographical	transactions, Total		
attributable to each geographical	expenditure, Non-		
each geographical	current assets		
	attributable to		
	each geographical		
	area is not		
available and the			
cost to develop it	cost to develop it		
would be	would be		
excessive.	excessive.		
10. Other	10. Other		

			disclosures					
			required by other					
			GRAPs					
			applicable;					
			The following					
			was not disclosed;					
			Ø The amount of					
			impairment losses					
			recognized in					
			surplus or deficit					
			and directly in net					
			assets during the					
			period (GRAP					
			21.78(a) and					
			26.120(a))					
Statemen								
t of								
comparis								
on of								
budget								
and								
actual								
amounts	~	2.61	.		2.6			5.650
77	Statement	Misstate	During our audit		Management	31-Aug-	Finance	DCFO
	of .	ment	on the Statement	oversight	should adjust the	22		
	compariso		of comparison	from	annual financial			
	n between		between budget	managemen	statements to			
	budget and		and actual	t in ensuring	ensure that the			
	actual		amounts, the	that there	budget amounts			
	amounts:		following	are no differences	presented in the Statement of			
	Difference		differences were noted:					
	s between		noted:	between	comparison			
	amount as			amount as	between budget			

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78	Statement	Misstate	During our audit	Inadequate	Management	31-Aug-	Finance	DCFO
	of	ment	on Statement of	oversight	should adjust the	22		
	compariso		comparison	from	annual financial			
	n between		between budget	managemen	statements to			
	budget and		and actual	t in ensuring	ensure that the			
	actual		amounts, it was	that the	statement of			
	amounts:		noted that there	statement of	Cashflow is			
	Statement		was no disclosure	cash flows	presented in the			
	of cash		of the Statement	is disclosed	Statement of			
	flows not		of Cash flow in	in the	comparison			
	disclosed		the Statement of	statement of	between budget			
	in the		Comparison of	comparison	and actual			
	statement		Budget and	of actual	amounts and that			
	of		Actual Amounts	and budget	the figures are			
	compariso				accurate and			
	n of actual				agree to all the			
	and budget				supporting			
					schedule.			
					Management			
					should ensure			
					that going			
					forward, there			
					are adequate			
					reviews of the			
					annual financial			
					statements to			
					ensure that they			
					accurately			
					present the			
					information per			
					the underlying			
					financial			

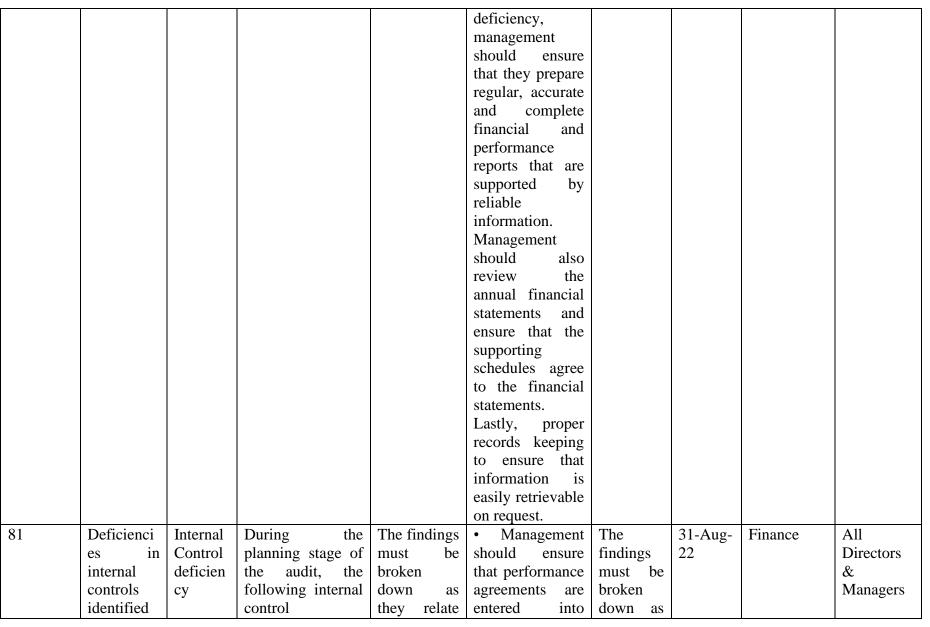
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					records.			
Commit ments								
79	Commitme nts: Difference s between amount as per register and recalculati ons	Misstate ment	During the audit of commitments for prior period adjustments, the following differences were identified: <u>Description</u> <u>Amount as per</u> <u>commitments</u> <u>register</u> <u>Recalculations</u> <u>Difference</u> Acmert Trading enterprise - 3 783 513,32 3 601 752,00 181 761,32 Refurbishment	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that the amount as per commitment register is accurate.	disclosed in the register are correct and that these agree to all	Continu ously	Finance	DCFO & Manager: Expenditur e

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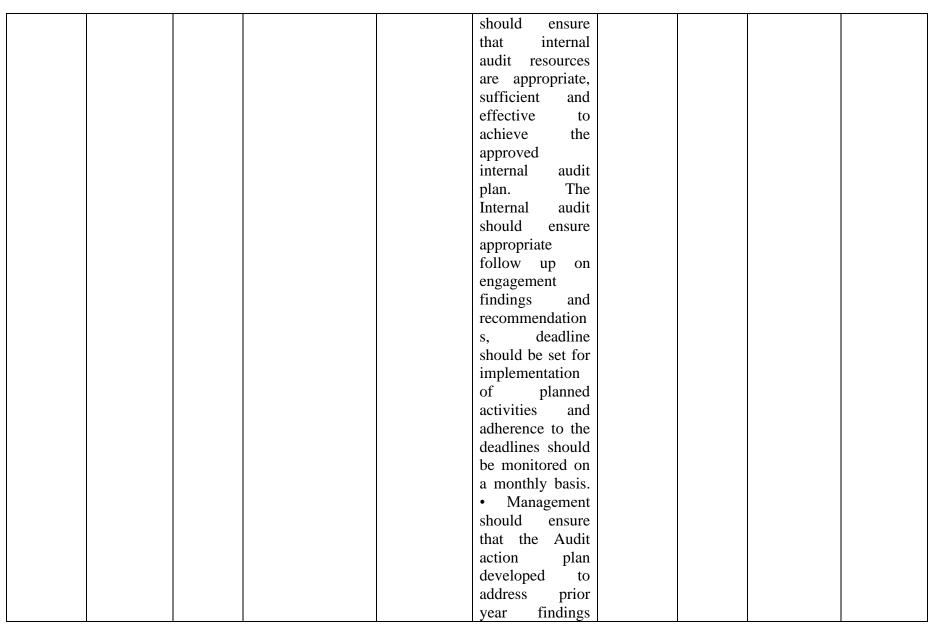
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			and installation of critical water and sanitation infrastructure in Thaba Chweu Municipality					
Other non- complian ce and internal control deficienci es								
80	Limitation of scope - requested informatio n not submitted	Internal Control deficien cy	During the execution phase of the audit, information was requested from management in various requests for information (RFI) to enable us to be able to obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence on which to base our opinion.	Poor record keeping in ensuring that the requested information is submitted for audit purposes.	Management should ensure that the information that all outstanding information is submitted within the agreed upon timelines to prevent the limitation of scope on our audit. To prevent the internal control	Continu ously	Finance	All Directors & Managers





dı	luring	deficiencies were	to differe	between the	they		
	lanning	identified:	areas.	municipality and	relate to		
	tage of	lucilitieu.	urcus.	every level			
	udit			employee to	areas.		
	uun			enhance a	arcas.		
				culture of			
				performance			
				among			
				employees.			
				Management			
				should also			
				ensure that every			
				performance			
				agreement is			
				evaluated to			
				ensure			
				development			
				objectives are			
				met.			
				• Management			
				should perform			
				periodic reviews			
				of policies and			
				procedures in			
				place to ensure			
				that they are			
				aligned to the			
				entity objectives			
				and promote an			
				effective internal			
				control			
				environment.			
				• Internal Audit			
			I	- munai Audit			



includes all
material findings
that were
reported and
must monitor it
to ensure
implementation
of the
recommendation
s that were
issued
• Management
needs to ensure
that there are
appropriate
controls over the
ICT environment
of the
municipality to
ensure continuity
and effective
business
operation.
Further ICT
policies need to
be approved by
delegated
officials so as to
enforce
implementation
of the policies.
of the policies.

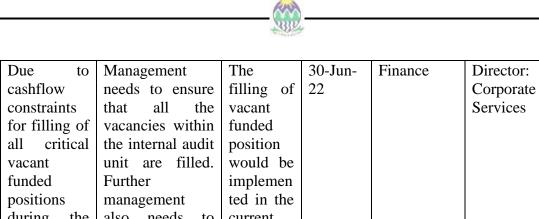
Internal

audit unit Control

Internal

During the audit,

it was noted that



	auun unn		It was noted that			ming of		Corporate
	not fully	deficien	the internal audit		that all the	vacant		Services
	capacitated	су	unit is currently	for filling of	vacancies within	funded		
			not fully	all critical	the internal audit	position		
			capacitated as	vacant	unit are filled.	would be		
			there is a 25%	funded	Further	implemen		
			vacancy due to	positions	management	ted in the		
			vacancy of the	during the	also needs to	current		
			Assistant	financial	ensure that there	year		
			Manager. The unit	year in	is a review of the	through		
			as whole assist the	question.	organizational	phases as		
			municipality in		structure to	guided		
			terms of		ensure that based	through		
			additional reviews		on the capacity	the		
			and oversight		of the	attached		
			responsibilities		municipality,	memoran		
			before external		and audits that			
			audit commences,		are planned to be			
			therefore if the		done by internal	d.		
			unit is not fully		audit, there are			
			capacitated, this		enough			
			will mean that the		resources			
			unit is limited in		available within			
			terms of		the unit to assist			
			performing all		with these			
			planned audits for		responsibilities.			
			each financial					
			year					
Property,								
plant and								
equipme								
nt								



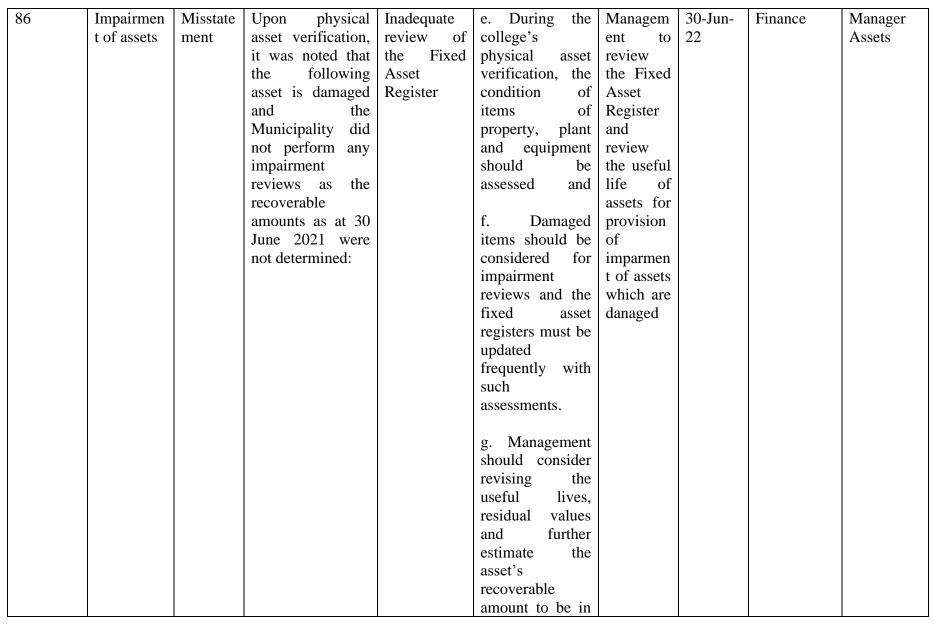
83	Disposal	Internal	Upon review of	Managemen	Management	Managem	N/A	Finance	Manager
	of Assets	Control	the council	t oversight	should ensure	ent to			Assets
		deficien	resolution		that compliance	ensure			
		су	submitted for		is monitored	that			
			audit for the		against all	derecogni			
			disposal of assets		applicable	tion of			
			by the		legislations	assets for			
			Municipality, it		applicable to and	-			
			was determined		policies of the				
			that the approval		municipality to	conducte			
			for the disposals		ensure a sound	d after			
			of assets was done		internal control				
			after the date of		and financial	approval			
			the annual		management				
			financial		system.				
			statement.						
			The Municipality						
			The Municipality has derecognised						
			the assets in its						
			financial records						
			and disclosed in						
			the annual						
			financial						
			statements as						
			disposals for the						
			year ended 30						
			June 2021 without						
			the council						
			approval:						

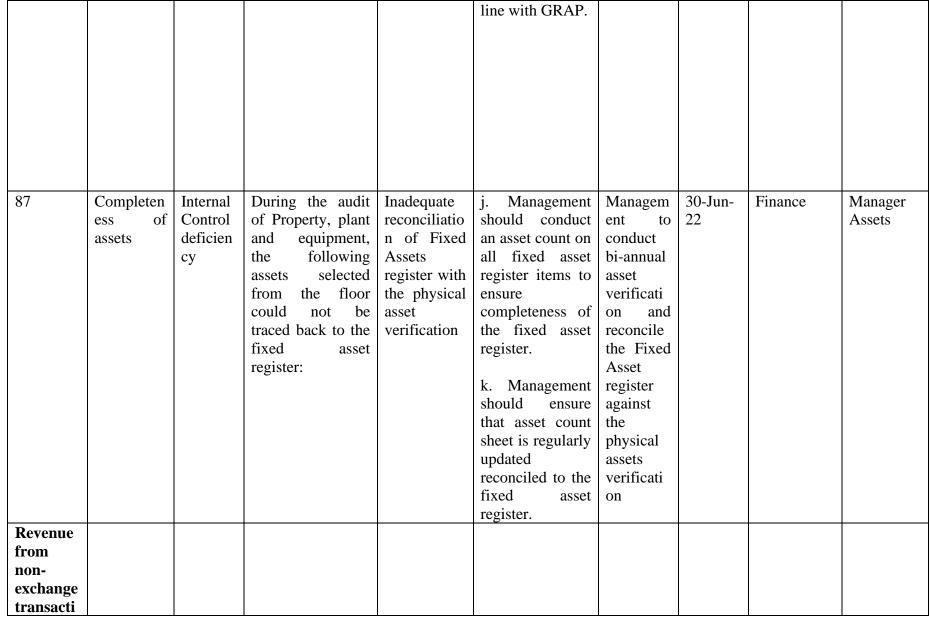


84	Incorrect	Misstate	During physical	Clasifficatio	Management	Managem	Contino	Finance	Manager:
	classificati	ment	asset verification,	n of	should perform	ent will	usly		Assets
	on of		the following	Heritage	an assessment of	reclassify			
	Assets		assets were	assets	the Motor	and			
			selected from		vehicles register	classify			
			Movable Assets		to ensure that all				
			register. However		assets that have	of assets			
			upon our physical		been included	into			
			asset verification,		therein are motor	correct			
			the Assets appear		vehicles and not	classes of			
			to be heritage		heritage assets as	assets			
			assets and not		defined.				
			movable assets as						
			classified by		Management				
			management:		should				
					furthermore				
					process an audit				
					adjustment on				
					the annual				
					financial				
					statements to				
					ensure that they				
					fairly present the				
					financial				
					position of the				
					municipality.				
					As a				
					preventative				
					measure,				
					management				
					should ensure				
					that there is				
					adequate review				



					of the fixed asset register against the GRAP requirements to ensure that assets are classified correctly.				
85	Physical Asset verificatio n	Misstate ment	During physical asset verification, the following assets which were selected from the fixed asset register could not be verified / located:	Inadequate reconciliatio n of Fixed Assets register with the physical asset verification	 c. Investigations should be performed and a comprehensive physical asset verification must be conducted, items reported as stolen should be derecognized from the asset register. d. Asset movement sheet should be reviewed and reconciled to the asset registers frequently. 	Managem ent to conduct bi-annual asset verificati on and reconcile the Fixed Asset register against the physical assets verificati on	30-Jun- 22	Finance	Manager Assets

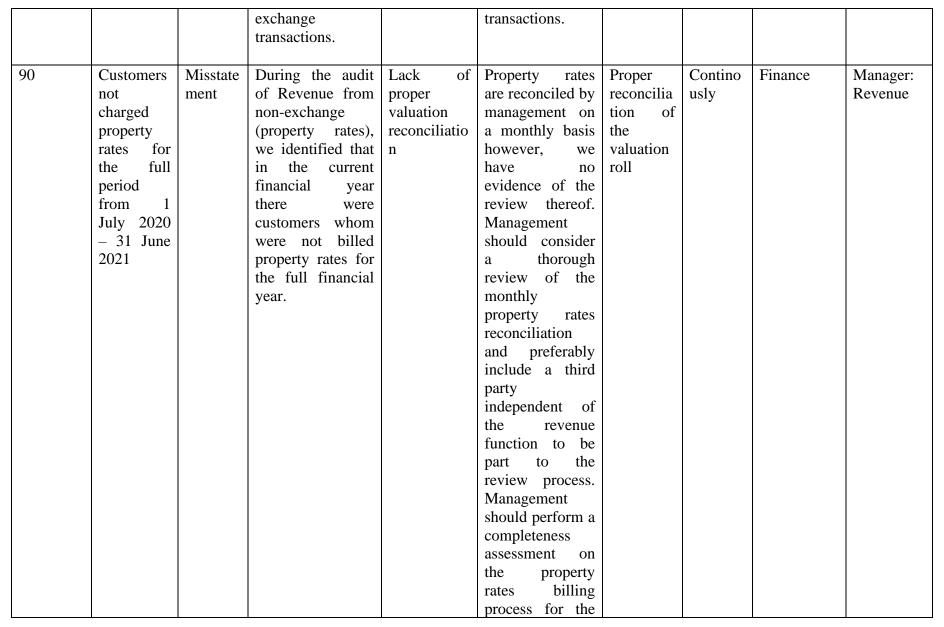




ons									
88	Customers not charged on overdue accounts for the full period from 1 July 2020 – 31 June 2021 where the customer account is overdue	Misstate ment	During the testing of revenue from non-exchange transactions (interest), we identified that in the current year there were customers who were not billed property rates for the full financial year with no council exemptions having been granted by Council.	Property rates are charged on owners accounts and the said accounts were occupier's accounts	Management should perform a thorough review of the monthly reconciliations of property rates and interest and preferably include a third party independent of the revenue function to be part to the review process.	No remedial action required, property rates are levied on the owners' accounts and not occupiers	n/a	Finance	Manager Revenue
89	Revenue from non- exchange transaction s includes items from exchange transaction s	Misstate ment	During the testing of revenue from non-exchange transactions - interest, we identified that interest from exchange transactions were incorrectly classified as interest from non-	Munsoft system settings	Management should ensure system controls are in place to ensure that the interest levied on rates and taxes are correctly classified between exchange and non-exchange	Correct system settings	Contino usly	Finance	Manager: Revenue

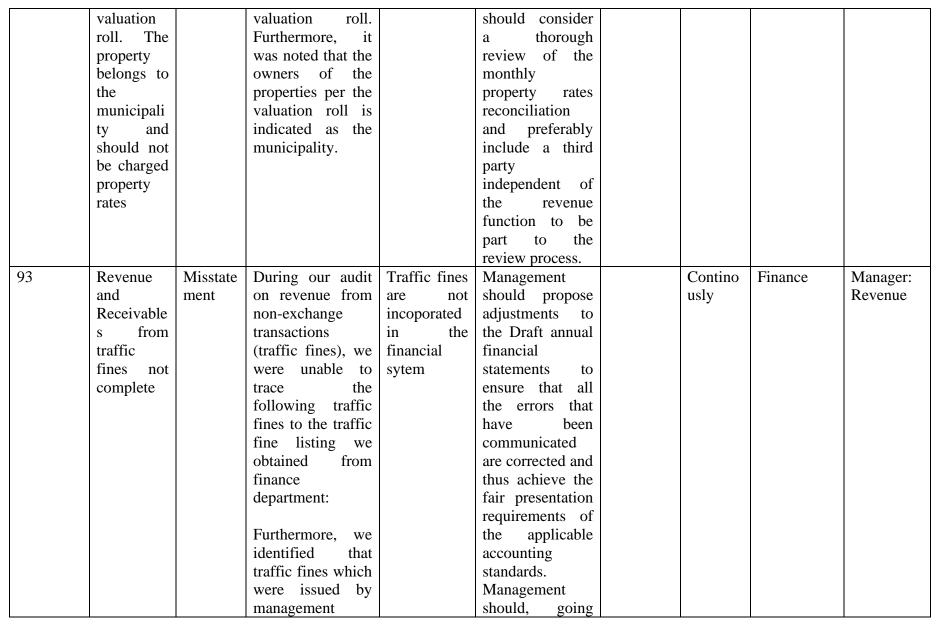
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91	Property owner appearing on the invoice does not agree to the valuation roll	Misstate ment	During the testing of revenue from non-exchange transactions (property rates), we identified that for a selected number of debtors, the property owners appearing on the invoice does not agree to the owners provided on the valuation	Updated valuation roll not received from the Valuer	current financial year to identify the full extent of the misstatement and adjust the annual financial statements accordingly. Management should ensure timeous updated to the valuation roll as well as the supplementary valuation roll on a quarterly basis.	Request updated valuation roll quarterly from the Valuer	Contino usly	Finance	Manager: Revenue
92	Property owner and erf number appearing on the invoice does not agree to the	Misstate ment	roll. During the testing of revenue from non-exchange (property rates), we identified that property owners appearing on the invoice does not agree to the	Updated valuation roll not received from the Valuer	Property rates are reconciled by management on a monthly basis however, we have no evidence of the review thereof. Management	Request updated valuation roll quarterly from the Valuer	Contino usly	Finance	Manager: Revenue





		during the 2020- 21 financial year were omitted from the current year Receivables amount and only recorded in the financial records for post year-end:		forward, ensure that all the traffic fine records from all the locations of the municipality are appropriately accounted for in the annual financial statements.			
94	Misstate ment	 During the audit of Revenue from non-exchange transactions, we identified a variance of R 2 658 947.01 on comparison of the general ledger and the supporting documentation provided with the revenue journals. Further, there was a revenue journal number 434 which does not have supporting documents that support the grant 	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that there are no differences between recorded amounts and supporting documents on conditional grants.	Management should adjust the annual financial statements in order to correctly present the Revenue earned on conditional grants. Management should further follow proper review processes, to ensure that that financial statements are accurate when they are submitted for audit.	Monthly	Finance	Manager: Budget.

			expenditure incurred which raises a difference which is included in the variance stated above.					
Other receivabl es from non- exchange transacti ons								
r d	Debtor recognised does not exist	Misstate ment	During our audit on Receivables from non- exchange transactions we identified that the Municipality have recognised R4 287 565.97 as Other receivables from non- exchange transactions. Based on discussions held with management, the amount relates to a receivable from Ehlanzeni District	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring all debtors recognised they exist	Management should propose adjustments to the Draft annual financial statements to ensure that all the errors that have been communicated are corrected and thus achieve the fair presentation requirements of the applicable accounting standards. Management should, going forward, ensure	Monthly	Finance	Manager: Revenue

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]
Municipality	that there is		
pertaining to	adequate review		
unspent amounts	of the annual		
on grant funding	financial		
that was received	statements to		
by the district	ensure that they		
municipality on	are supported by		
behalf of the	reliable and		
municipality. No	accurate		
supporting	underlying		
documents could	records.		
be provided by			
management to			
support the R4			
287 565.97			
disclosed as a			
receivable.			
Based on a			
debtor's			
confirmation			
performed with			
the District			
municipality, it			
was identified that			
the amount no			
longer exists and			
has been written			
off over the past			
financial years			
based on services			
that were			
performed by the			
district			
	1		

			municipality on behalf of the auditee.					
Statutory receivabl es								
96	Current and prior year amounts as per note 51 to the Annual Financial Statement are overstated	Misstate ment	During our audit on the annual financial statements, we identified the following differences: Overstated of VAT receivable on note 51 page 69.	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring amounts in the AFS are not overstated.	Management should propose adjustments to the Draft annual financial statements to ensure that all the errors that have been communicated are corrected and thus achieve the fair presentation requirements of the applicable accounting standards.	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO

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					Management should, going forward, ensure that there is adequate review of the annual financial statements to ensure that they are fairly presented.			
97	The amount of traffic is not included under statutory receivables in receivables from non- exchange transaction s	Misstate ment	During our audit on receivables from non- exchange transactions we identified that the Municipality did not include the amount of R1 955 615 of traffic fines in the note number 11 under Statutory receivables from non-exchange transactions.	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring amount of traffic is not included under statutory receivables in receivables from non- exchange transactions	Management should propose adjustments to the Draft annual financial statements to ensure that all the errors that have been communicated are corrected and thus achieve the fair presentation requirements of the applicable accounting standards. Management should, going forward, ensure that there is	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO



				adequate review of the annual financial statements to ensure that they are supported by reliable and accurate underlying records.			
Investme							
nt							
property							
98 Investment property: differences in fair values	Misstate ment	• During the audit of investment properties account balance, we identified a projected variance difference R847 540.00. The major cause of the difference is the use of incorrect fair value amounts in the Investment properties register which were then transferred to the annual financial statements.	Undepreciat ed values were incorrectly captured in the Investment register instead of depreciated improvemen ts values.	Management should adjust the Draft annual financial statements to ensure that the fair values of the investment property are presented at the accurate amounts. The chief financial officer, the internal audit function and the audit committee should follow proper review processes, to	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO & Manager: Assets

r						1			1
			• The incorrect		ensure that that				
			use of the fair		financial				
			values in the year		statements as				
			end measurement		well as the				
			of investment		supporting				
			properties also		schedules are				
			affected the fair		accurate when				
			value adjustment		they are				
			(gain) balance		submitted for				
			which was		audit.				
			presented in the						
			statement of						
			financial						
			performance. This						
			would mean that						
			the fair value gain						
			has been						
			understated by						
			R847 540.00						
			(Projected).						
99	Property	Misstate	During our audit	Inadequate	The chief		Monthly	Finance	Manager:
	does not	ment	on Investment	oversight	financial officer,				Revenue
	indicate		property, the	from	the internal audit				
	name of		following was	managemen	function and the				
	owner		identified:	t in ensuring	audit committee				
				properties	should follow				
			• We could not	indicate	proper review				
			confirm the	names of	processes, to				
			ownership of the	owners	ensure that that				
			property with		financial				
			ERF number (-		statements are				
			/31/R/39(99) and		accurate when				
			SG key		they are				
	1	1	~ ~ Key		urej ure	1			

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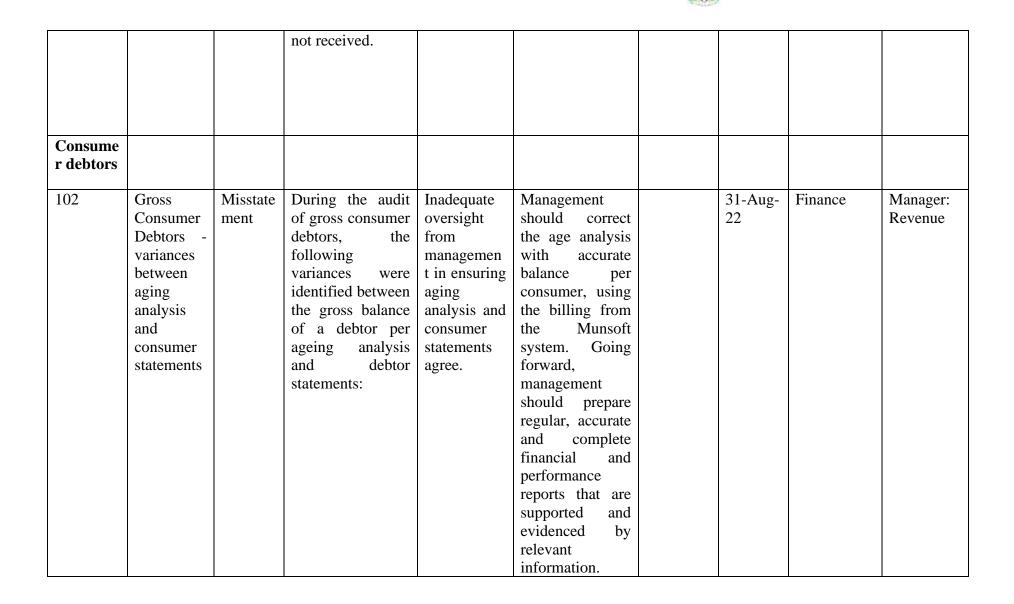
(T0JT00000000	submitted	for		
03100039), as the	audit.	101		
title deed of the	uuun.			
property does not				
indicate the name				
of the owner of				
the property. We				
further could not				
confirm that the				
municipality is				
the rightful owner				
of this property				
included in the				
investment				
property register.				
1 1 7 0				
• We physically				
inspected property				
(ERF1147) with				
the SG key				
T0JT0024000011				
4700000.				
Upon verification,				
we identified that				
the property has				
buildings of				
which the				
investment				
property register				
does not reflect as				
such, there is only				
land reflecting as				
the only part of				

			the property.						
Intangibl e assets									
100	Incorrect carrying amount on intangible assets	Misstate ment	During the audit of intangible assets, the following differences were noted on the carrying amount- 2021 of the intangible assets due to incorrect calculations of amortisation for additions:	Inadequate review of the Fixed Asset Register	Management should correct the carrying amount of intangible assets as at 30 June 2021 to ensure that it is accurate. Management should ensure that there is adequate review of the amortization workings on Intangible assets to ensure the accuracy of the	Managem ent will recalculat e the amortisati on on all assets and pass necessary journals.	30-Jun- 22	Finance	CFO & Manager: Assets

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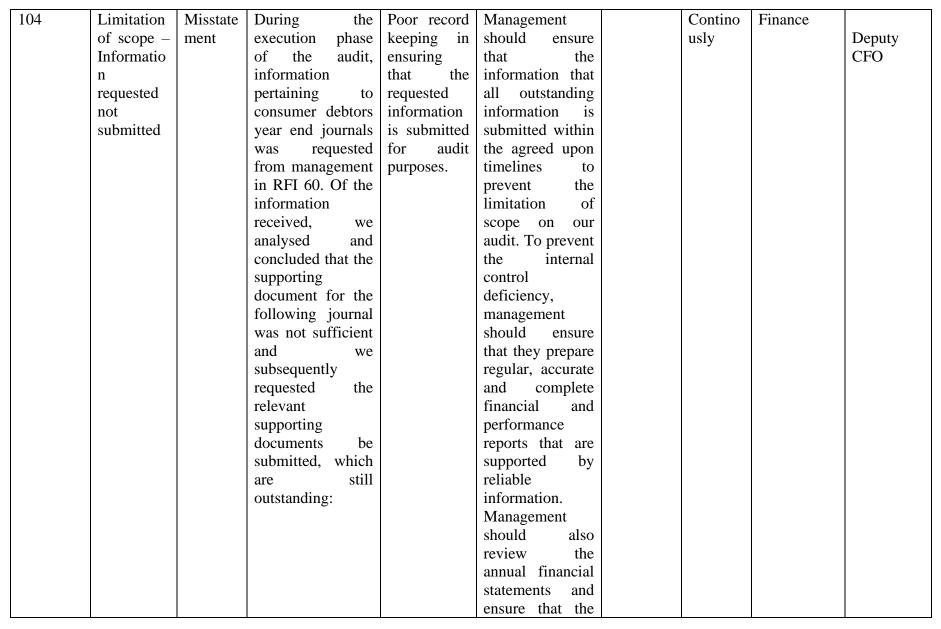


Continge					value that is reported.				
ncies									
101	Limitation of scope – requested informatio n not submitted	Misstate ment	During the audit of Contingencies, information was requested from the attorneys of the municipality to enable us to confirm the disclosure of legal cases that have been disclosed as Contingencies. However, despite numerous engagements with management and the attorneys, most of the requested information was	Poor record keeping in ensuring that the requested information is submitted for audit purposes.	Management should ensure that the information that all outstanding information is submitted within the agreed upon timelines to prevent the limitation of scope on our audit.	AG advice on alternativ e procedure on attorneys who are refusing to comply due to municipal ity owing them.	31-Aug- 22	Municipal Manager	Manager: Legal services





103	Allowance	Misstate	We re-casted the	Inadequate	Management	31-Aug-	Finance	
	for	ment	allowance for	oversight	should correct	22		Deputy
	Impairmen		impairment	from	the financial			CFO &
	t –		calculation, using	managemen	statements by			Manager:
	Difference		the workings	t in ensuring	increasing the			Revenue
	between		provided by	amount in	impairment			
	amount in		management, and	the AFS are	allowance with			
	AFS and		applied the	accurate.	the			
	auditors'		impairment rate to		understatement			
	calculation		the closing		amount. Going			
	S		balance. As per		forwards,			
			our calculations,		Management			
			the allowance was		should prepare			
			understated with		regular, accurate			
			an amount of R3		and complete			
			177 782,96.		financial and			
					performance			
					reports that are			
					supported and			
					evidenced by			
					relevant			
					information, and			
					be consistent in			
					their application			
					of the policy in			
					determining the			
					impairment			
					allowance.			





					supporting schedules agree to the financial statements. Lastly, proper records keeping to ensure that information is easily retrievable on request.			
105	Inconsiste ncies between Note and the balance presented in the Statement of Financial Position	Misstate ment	During the audit of Consumer Debtors, it was noted that Note 13 of the Annual Financial Statements had inconsistencies in the net balances of the service charges, which led to a variance between the balance in the note and the balance in the Annual Financial Statements. The balance consumer debtors per the note was R 49	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that the note and the balance presented in the Statement of Financial Position are consistent.	Management should correct the consumer debtors amount presented in the face of the Financial statement to agree with Note 13 of the Annual Financial statements. Going forward, management should implement and maintain their AFS review processes so as to ensure that the information	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO

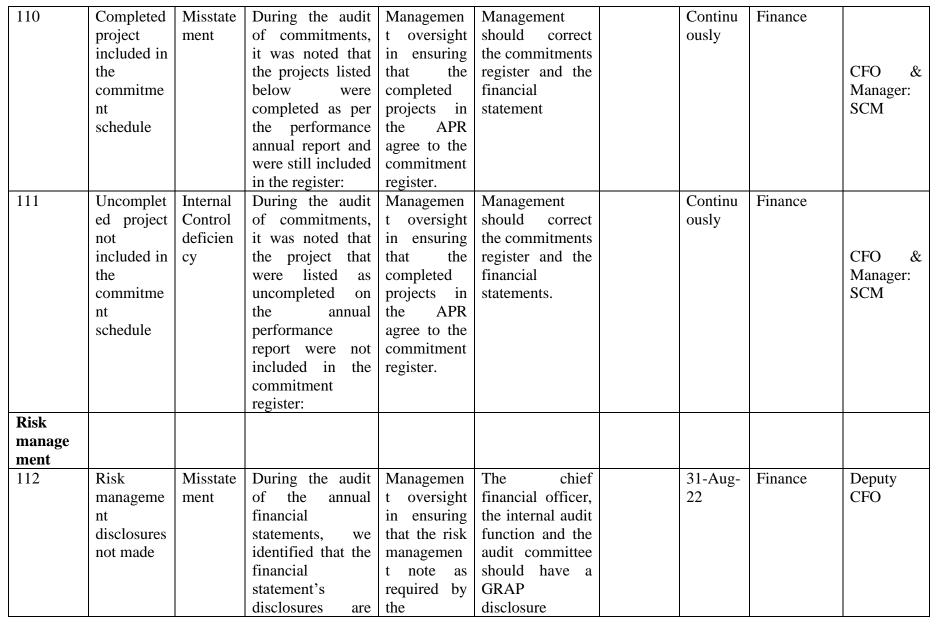


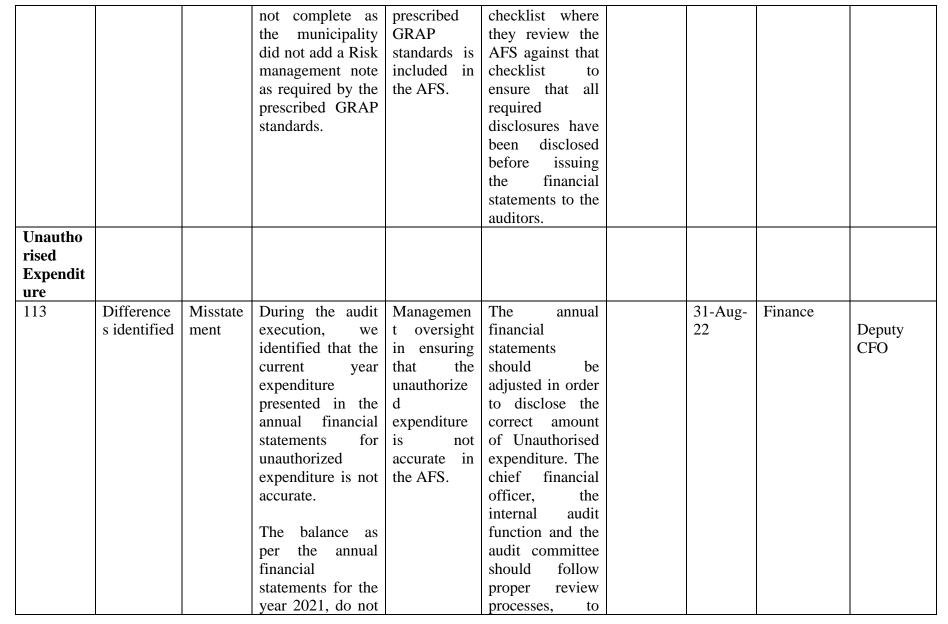
			255 885, with the balance presented in the AFS as R 49 246 797, resulting in a variance of R 9 088.		provided for audit is accurate and reliable.			
106	Overprovis ion for doubtful debts	Misstate ment	During our audit on Consumer Debtors, we identified that the allowance for doubtful debts exceeded the gross receivable, thus resulting in a negative net balance for the service charges	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that doubtful debts are not overstated in the AFS.	Management should adjust the Annual Financial statements and limit the allowance for impairment to the balance of the gross receivable. Going forward, management should implement and maintain their AFS review processes so as to ensure that the information provided for audit is accurate and reliable.	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO
Commit ments and lease agreeme								

nts									
107	5	Misstate ment	During the audit of capital commitments, it was noted that the project value on the signed service level of agreement for the supplier listed below did not agree to the project value on the signed appointment letter:	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that project values on the contract register agree to the amounts on the appointment letters.	municipality with the suppliers in terms of performance obligations to ensure that they correctly record the terms of	Contously		Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM
108		Misstate ment	During the audit of the commitments it was noted that the closing balance of capital commitments as per the prior year audited amounts do not agree to the opening balance per the current year schedule for the	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that opening balances of capital commitment s and prior year audited closing balance	agreement.Managementshouldcorrecttheopeningbalanceonbalanceoncommitmentregister to ensurethat it is correct.There should beadequate reviewsofthecommitmentsregister to ensurethe accuracy andcompletenessof	31-A 22	Aug-	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM



			suppliers below:	listed	agree.	the amounts disclosed.			
109	Errors made in the current year expenditur e	Misstate ment	During the of commitment was noted current expenditure capital commitment not agree to invoices submitted follows:	the s it that year on s did	Oversight in terms of accounting invoices dated before year end but paid in July 2021.	should correct the Commitments amount as disclosed in the	Continu ously	Finance	CFO & Manager: SCM







Cashflow statemen t			agree with the unauthorized expenditure as per the register.		ensure that that financial statements are accurate when they are submitted for audit.			
114	Misstatem ents identified	Misstate ment	During our audit on Cash flow statement, the following differences were identified between management's workings and our audited amounts:	t oversight	statements should be adjusted in order to fairly present the Cash flow statement. The	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO & Manager: Budget

Cash and									
cash equivale									
nts									
115	Difference s between the bank reconciliati on at year end and bank statements at year end	Misstate ment	During the audit of cash and cash equivalents, it was noted that the amounts on the bank reconciliations at year end do not agree to the amounts on bank statement at year- end submitted for audit as follows:	Inadequate oversight by managemen t	Management should adjust the annual financial statements so that the correct amounts of Cash and cash equivalents are reported. Management should further ensure the adequate reviews of the bank reconciliations to ensure that they are accurate and thus ensure the fair presentation of the financial statements.	Ensure that bank statement is attached to the recon to review that amounts agrees	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Manager Budget
116	Difference s between the cash book balance at year end and	Misstate ment	During the audit of cash and cash equivalents, it was noted that the amounts on cash book at year end do not agree to	Inadequate oversight by managemen t to ensure that cash book balances	Management should perform a reconciliation of the cash book balance with the general ledger to ensure the	Ensure that proper verifivati on of amounts	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Manager Budget

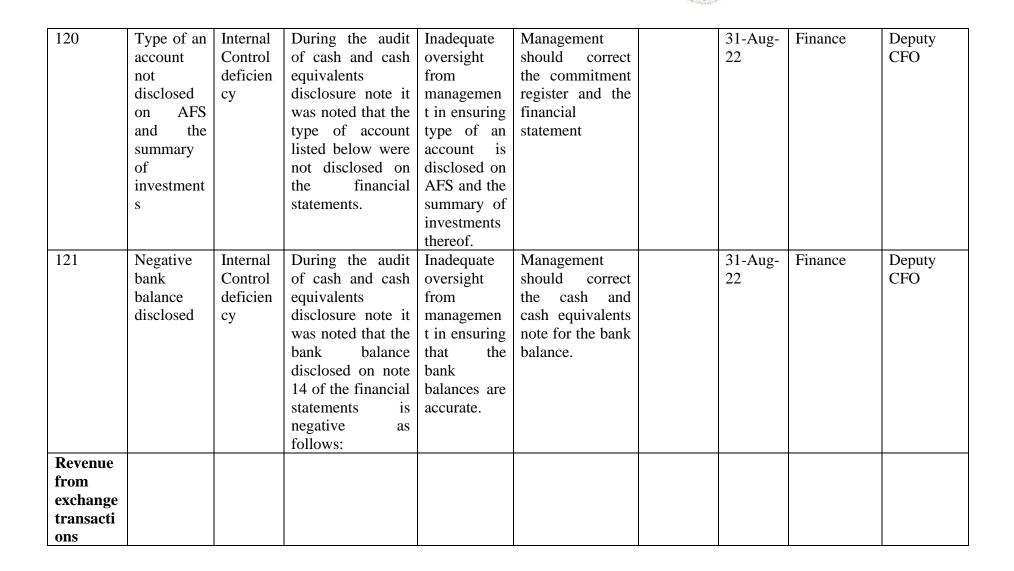


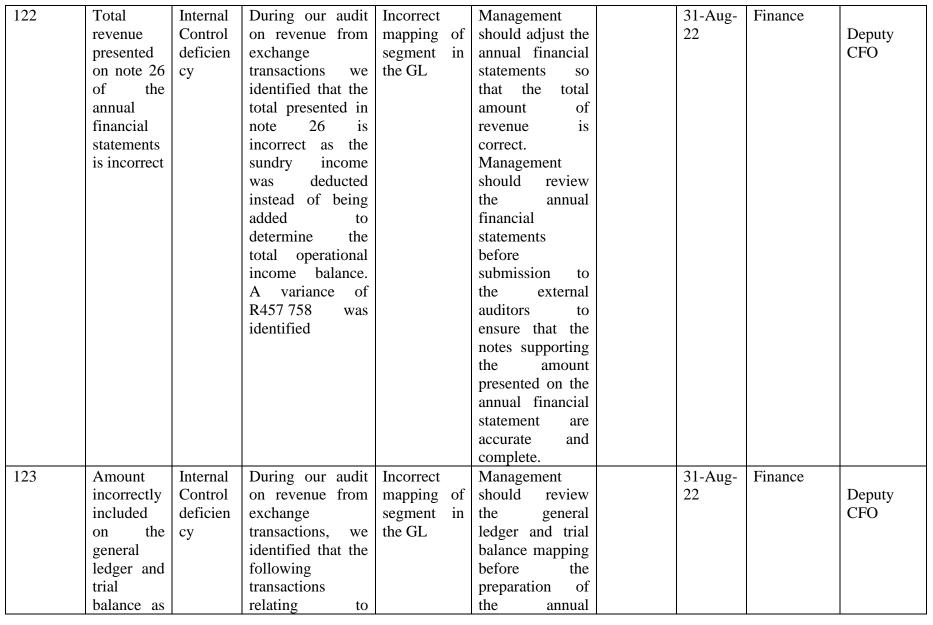
	general ledger at year end		the amounts on general ledger	reconciles with the GL	accuracy of the amounts reported.			
117	Presentatio n and disclosure: Bank balances not disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements	Internal Control deficien cy	During the audit of cash and equivalent it was noted that the balances of each bank account at year end were not included on note 14 to the annual financial statements submitted for audit:	Inadequate oversight from managemen t in ensuring that bank balances disclosed in the notes to the annual financial statements are accurate.		31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO

118	Difference	Misstate	During the audit	This one is	Management		30-Jun-	Finance	Manager
	s between	ment	of cash and cash	that one	should correct		22		Budget
	the cash		equivalents, it was	where we	cash and cash				
	and cash		noted that the	not sure	equivalents				
	schedule		amount of cash	abour the	schedule to				
	and bank		and cash	schedule	correctly account				
	confirmati		equivalents		for the bank				
	ons		schedule do not		balances as at 30				
			agree to the		June 2021.				
			amount on bank						
			confirmations		Management				
			received.		should ensure to				
					prepare regular,				
					accurate and				
					complete				
					financial reports				
					that are				
					supported and				
					evidenced by				
					reliable				
					information.				
119	Completen	Misstate	During the audit	Lack of	Management	Ensure	31-Aug-	Finance	Manager
	ess of bank	ment	of cash and cash	oversight by	should disclose	that all	22		Budget
	balances		equivalents, it was	managemen	the new bank	the			
	disclosed		noted that the new	t	account in the	municpal			
			bank account		annual financial	bank			
			listed below was		statements and	accounts			
			not included in		report the bank	are			
			note 14 of the		account to the	disclosed			
			annual financial		Provincial	on the			
			statement:		Treasury.	AFS			

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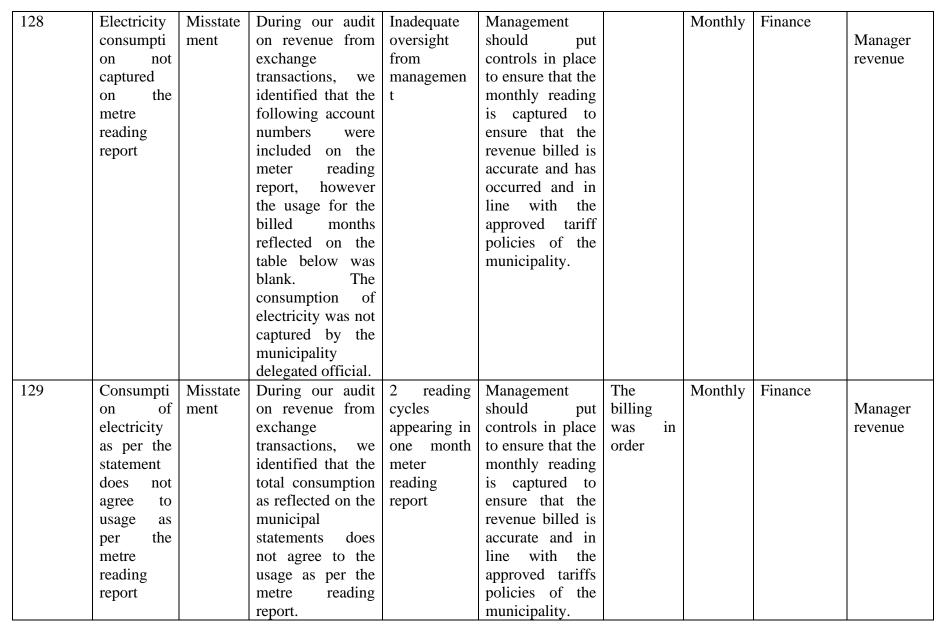


124	revenue from non- exchange transaction s	Internel	revenue from exchange transactions were included in the general ledger and trial balance as revenue from non-exchange transactions.	Inadaquata	financial statements and ensure that the amounts were mapped correctly.	20 hm	MM	
124	Internal control deficiency identified during the audit	Internal Control deficien cy	During our audit on revenue from exchange transactions, we identified the following internal control deficiency when we were reviewing the service level agreement between Thaba Chweu Local Municipality and CIGICELL	Inadequate oversight from managemen t	The municipal manager should review all the service level agreements entered with third parties and confirm that the document is completed appropriately and all the witness have signed the document as these is a legal binding document.	30-Jun- 22	MM	Manager Legal Services

125	Incorrect kilowatts	Internal Control	During our audit on prepaid	Inadequate oversight	The municipal manager should	Implemen t	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Manager
	allocated	deficien	electricity sales,	from	have	electricity	22		Revenue
	to	cy	we identified that	managemen	engagement with	tariffs			Revenue
	customer	Cy	the municipality	t	CIGICELL to	that are in			
	when		allocated incorrect	L	ensure that the	line with			
	buying		kilowatts (kw) for		tariffs are	the			
	electricity		the following		updated before	NERSA			
	clectricity		sales for		beginning of the	approval			
			electricity. The		financial year on	letter			
			allocation was not		the system to	letter			
			in line with the		ensure that the				
			approved tariffs		residents are				
			for prepaid		allocated correct				
			electricity for the		units of				
			2021 financial		electricity.				
			year.						
126	Fair value	Internal	During our audit	Inadequate	Management of		31-Aug-	Finance	
	adjustment	Control	on revenue from	oversight	the municipality		22		Deputy
	s on	deficien	exchange	from	should review				CFO
	investment	су	transactions were	managemen	the annual				
	not		identified that the	t	financial				
	referenced		line item, Fair		statements				
	to any note		value adjustments		against the				
	on the		on investment		GRAP				
	AFS		property as		requirements and				
			presented on the		ensure that the				
			statement of		financial				
			financial		statements of the				
			performance was		municipality are				
			not referenced to		compliant to the				
			any note on the		financial				
			annual financial		reporting				



			statements to provide further details on the revenue.		framework.				
127	Customer account not included on the metre reading report	Misstate ment	During our audit on revenue from exchange transactions, we identified that the following account numbers for conventional electricity were not included on the meter reading for the month billed as per table below. Based on the work done, we therefore conclude that the billing report was not supported by the meter reading report with actual consumption for the month for conventional electricity.	types of Large Power User meters and	controls in place to ensure that the monthly reading is captured to ensure that the	readings	Monthly	Finance	Manager revenue

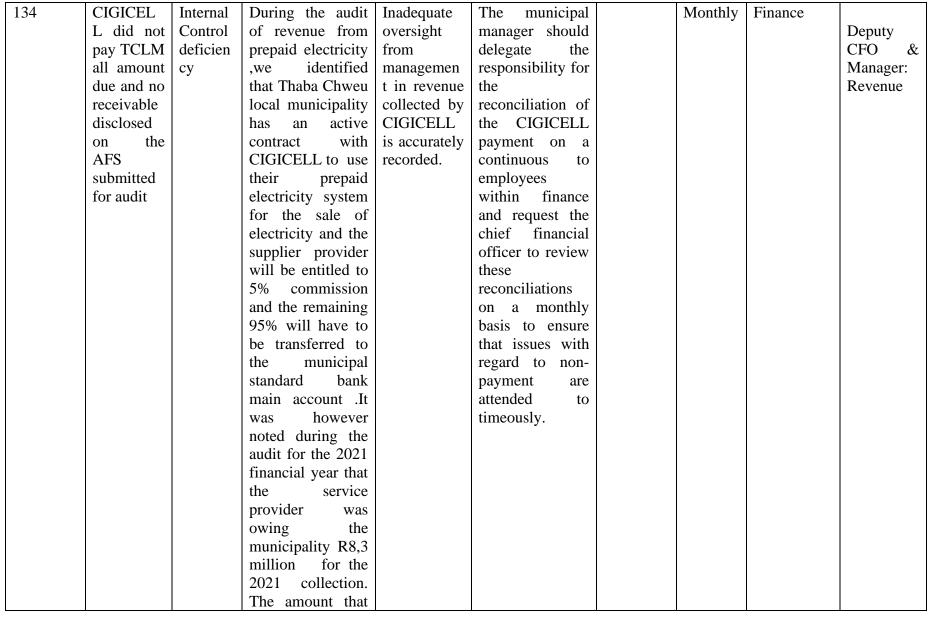


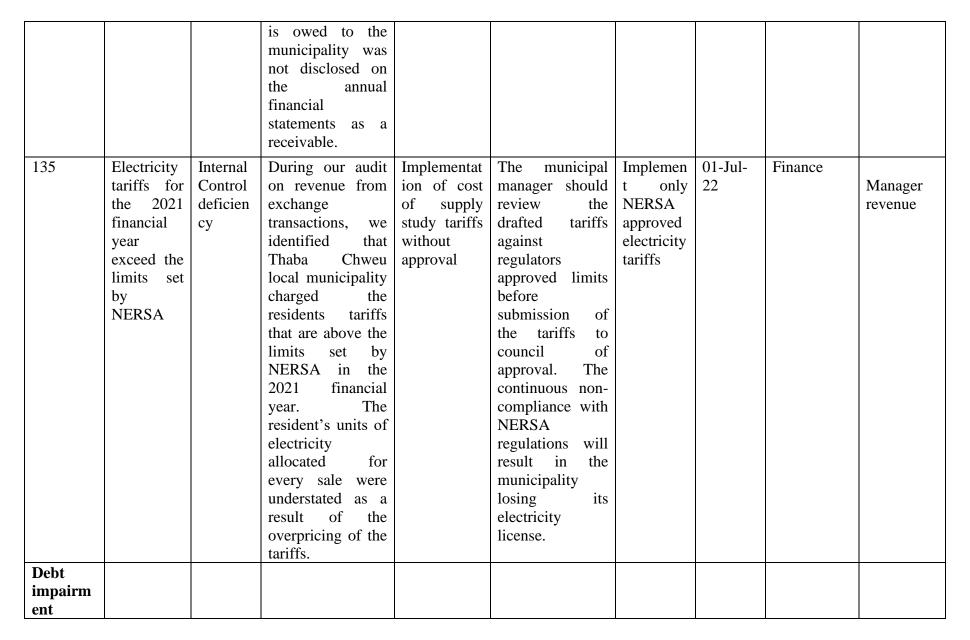
130	The	Misstate	During our audit	Meter	Management	The	Monthly	Finance	
	closing	ment	on revenue from	clocked the	should put	readings			Manager
	balance of		exchange	last reading	controls in place	were			revenue
	electricity		transactions, we	and	to ensure that the	correctly			
	consumpti		identified the	restarted	monthly reading	captured			
	on is less		following	from zero.	is captured to	-			
	than the		accounts reflected		ensure that the				
	opening		negative		revenue billed is				
	balance		electricity usage		accurate and in				
	resulting		for the months		line with the				
	in negative		listed on the table		approved tariffs				
	usage as		below as a result		policies of the				
	per the		of closing balance		municipality.				
	meter		being less than the						
	reading		opening balance						
	report		previous captured						
			by the						
			municipality 's						
			delegated official.						
131	The	Misstate	During our audit	Faulty meter	Management	Meter	Monthly	Finance	
	convention	ment	on revenue from		should put	replacem			Manager
	al		exchange		controls in place	ent			revenue
	electricity		transactions, we		to ensure that all				
	account		identified that the		conventional				
	not billed		following account		electricity				
	for 12		was not billed for		consumption is				
	months		the entire 12		billed to the				
			months in the		accounts on the				
			2021 financial		monthly basis.				
			year for						
			conventional						
			electricity						

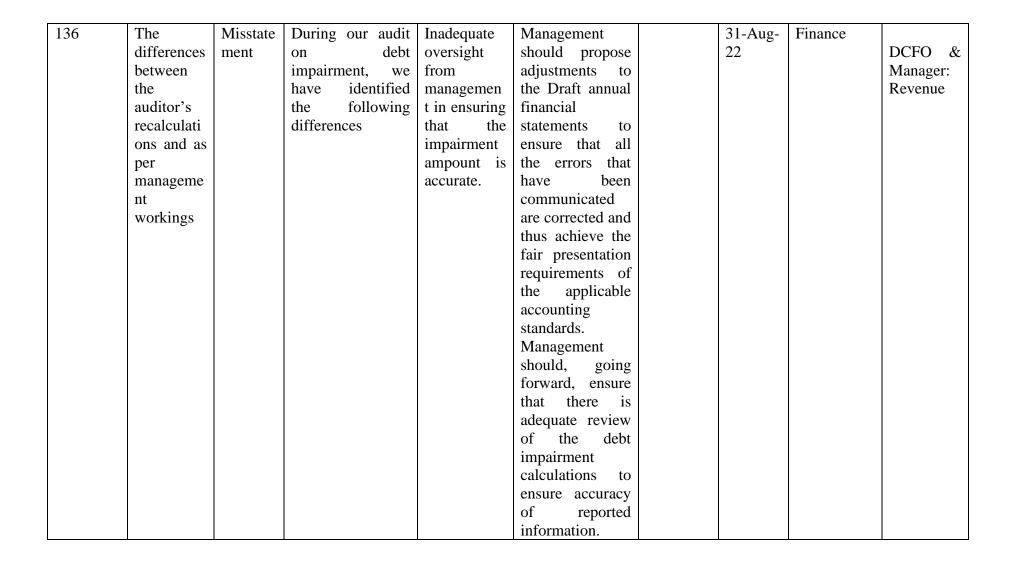
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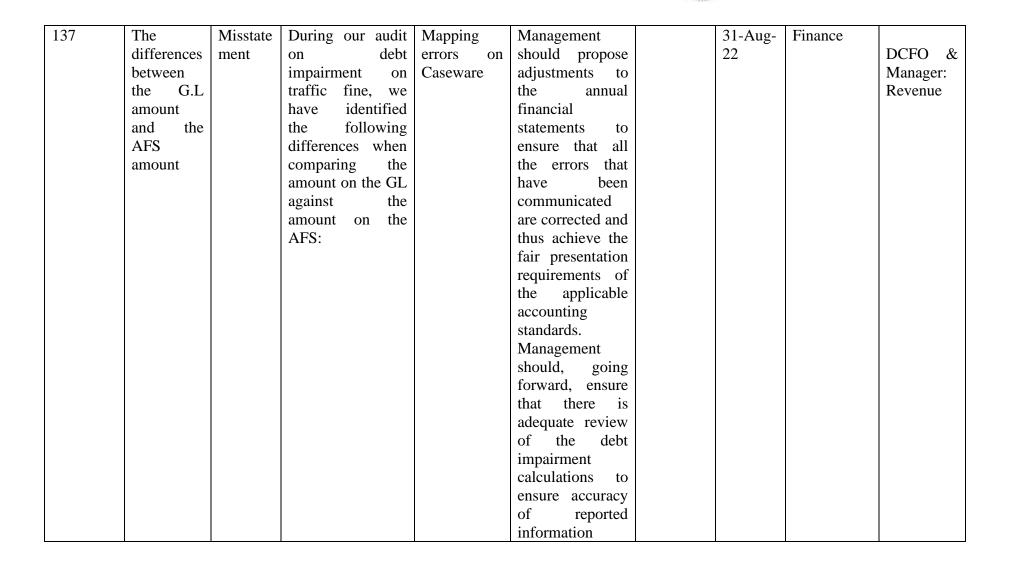
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132	Rental	Misstate	Contrary to the	Non	Management	Renew	Contino	Finance	
	income:	ment	above, there is no	renewal of	needs to ensure	lease	usly		Manager
	Lease		lease agreement	lease	that there are	agreemen			revenue
	agreement		that supports the	agreements	appropriate	ts as and			
	not in file		rental income the		controls on the	when			
			municipality		daily and	they			
			receives with		monthly	expire.			
			regard to the		processing of				
			transactions		transactions to				
					ensure that every				
					transaction is				
					supported by				
					sufficient				
					verifiable				
					evidence.				
133	Rental	Misstate	Contrary to the	The	Management		Jan-22	LED and	Acting
	income:	ment	above, the	consumer	needs to ensure			Planning	Director
	Expired		municipality still	continued	that there are				LED
	accounts		bills and receives	occupying	appropriate				
	still .		rental income on	the property	controls on the				
	running		contracts that	hence the	daily and				
			have expired,	continuation	monthly				
			without renewal.	of the	processing of				
				levying of	transactions to				
				monthly	ensure that these				
				rental.	are captured into				
					the system of the				
					entity accurately.				











138	Debt	Misstate	During the audit	Credit	Management	Exhaust	30-Jun-	Finance	
	written off	ment	of Debt	control and	should disclose	all debt	22		DCFO &
	without		Impairment, it	Debt	the debt as	collection			Manager:
	following		was identified that	collection	irrecoverable	process as			Revenue
	proper		the following	processes	revenue. Going	outlined			
	processes		debts were written	not fully	forward,	in the			
			off without	implemente	management	Credit			
			following the	d	should follow	control			
			prescribed		prescribed	and Debt			
			processed.		processes in debt	collection			
			Through inquiry		impairment and	policy of			
			with the DCFO,		write off	the			
			he confirmed that			municipal			
			the debt was			ity before			
			written off based			consideri			
			on assessment of			ng write			
			the debtor's			off			
			recoverability. No						
			proof could be						
			furnished on what						
			management had						
			considered to						
			validate the						
			remaining debt						
			written off.						
139	Limitation	Misstate	During the testing	Inadequate			Ongoin	Finance	
	—	ment	of bad debts	oversight	Management		g		DCFO &
	informatio		written off,	from	should ensure				Manager:
	n		information was	managemen	that the				Revenue
	requested		requested to	t in ensuring	information that				
	not		enable us to	that the	all outstanding				
	provided		confirm the	requested	information is				
			validity of the bad	information	submitted within				



			debts written off. The table below provides further details on the as well as the financial impact of the limitation of scope on the audit:	is submitted for audit purposes.	the agreed upon timelines to prevent the limitation of scope on our audit.				
Deprecia tion and amortiza tion									
140	Difference s identified between Annual Financial Statements and prior year's Annual report	Misstate ment	During our audit on the annual financial statements, when agreeing the amounts as per the General ledger, Trial Balance, supporting listings, Annual report and amounts as per the Annual Financial Statement submitted for audit, we have identified	Reconciliati on of the Fixed Asset Registers with the general ledger was not reviewed thoroughly.	statements to	Managem ent will reconcile the Fixed Asset Registers with the Financial records of the municipal ity	31-Aug- 22	Finance	DCFO & Manager: Assets



			differences between schedules. table outlines variances identified:	this The below the		forward, ensure that there is adequate review of the annual financial statements to ensure that they are supported by reliable and accurate underlying records.				
Inventori es										
65										
141	Evidence that supports the market value used on net realisable assessment for land was not submitted for audit	Internal Control deficien cy	During the of inve management not provide with supporting documents for market value on the realisable assessment land.	ntory, did e us the or the	Managemen t oversight	Management should ensure that all amounts presented on the annual financial statements are supported by credible portfolio of evidence.	Managem ent review submissio ns to AG and esure that correct reconcilia tions and supportin f document s are submitted timeously	31-Aug- 22	Finance	Deputy CFO & Manager: Assets



5.3. Spatial Development Framework (SDF)

In terms of section 26 (e) of local government legislation (The Municipal Systems Act 32 of 2000) the IDP must reflect the SDF as a core component which must include the provision of basic guidelines for a land use management system for the municipality. The SDF is one of the most important amongst other plans. It serves as a guideline for the following but not limited to land-use management systems, infrastructure investment directive, address socio-economic inequalities, effective and efficient land use, land use integration etc. other legislation, policies and or frameworks crucial in informing the SDF include: SPLUMA, NSDP, PDGS, MPSDF, and EDM SDF.

The TCLM has an approved SDF which was adopted in 2015 which applies to date pertaining land use development decisions and management. The vision of the current SDF is for "*Thaba Chweu an integrated and sustainable area, where economic sectors complement one another whilst conserving the ecosystems for the betterment of the communities*".

Considering the fact that the SDF is due for review, the municipality has allocated a budget for the 2023/24 to review the SDF. In recent years TCLM discovered that its jurisdiction area particularly the north-eastern part is affected by dolomite risk which poses a serious threat to development growth. However, TCLM in partnership with MISA/DRDLR has undertaken a study to investigate the risk which will provide a guideline on development structures that can be developed or not developed in those areas and the results indicated and confirmed the availability of dolomite and the precautionary matters were outlined by Geoscience on how to maintain the ground and ensure that its kept under control. Refer to environmental sensitive areas in chapter 02. The components of the SDF include the following:

- The current spatial form and its characteristics,
- Economic opportunities,
- Strategic spatial development,
- Social Spatial Integration,
- Desired spatial pattern (Developmental growth direction),

• Capital expenditure framework & Implementation plan and time frames (as per the above aspects).

5.3.1. The relationship between an SDF and IDP

The SDF becomes a road map for all infrastructural development; this means that the SDF must inform all infrastructure projects that must be implemented on space. The IDP is the short to medium term implementation tool for the SDF objectives relating to infrastructure investments; the relationship is that the SDF portrays all spatial opportunities and areas ear-marked for various developments (including current existing land-uses) wherein stakeholder's participation should consider to give direction to development proposals.

Participation of stakeholders need to take place to determine the need and desirability of projects proposals including the benefits (social and economic) of projects in order to be prioritized in the IDP/Budget participatory processes during the development and annual reviews of the five-year IDP. The processes of IDP public participation create a platform where community/public and



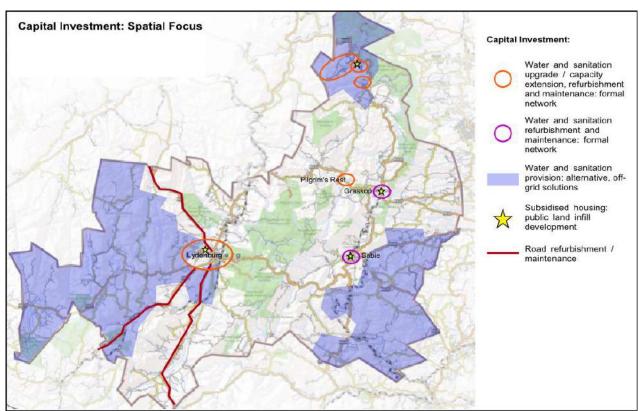
private project's proposals are drawn in and this must happen at the presence and guidance of the SDF maps/frameworks i.e., Local spatial frameworks or ward spatial framework which should indicate the opportunities of current and future land use of a specific locality.

Furthermore, the SDF has a Capital Investment Framework (CIF) which aims to ensure that the constitutional rights of the residents of Thaba Chweu which is access to basic services are addressed and that the overall infrastructure conducive for economic growth. There are three aspects the SDF focus on to ensure the latter comment and they are:

- Upgrade / refurbishment of existing formal water and sanitation system, as well as provision of additional capacity to accommodate proposed new development.
- Upgrade of critical regional access roads that are currently in a very bad condition.
- Subsidised housing in designated infill areas.

The map below outlines the capital Investment: Spatial Focus as discussed above, the SDF also indicates some capital and non- capital interventions to realise the goal of the CIF.





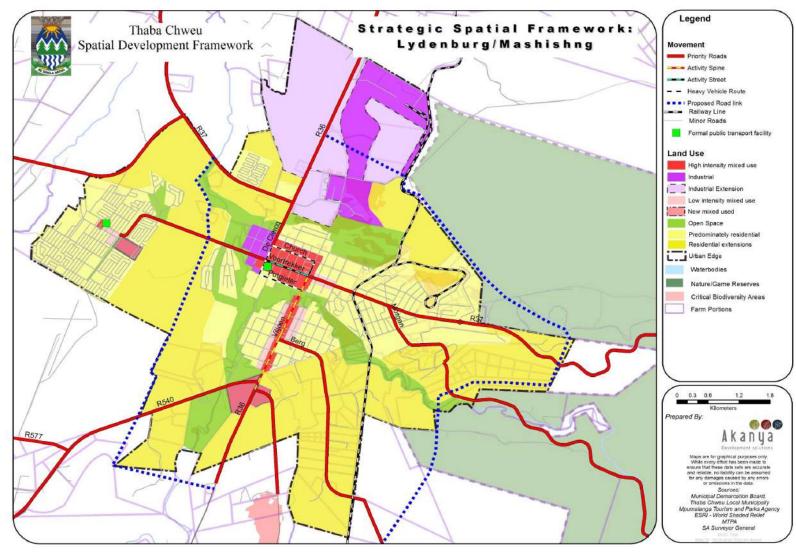
Map 15: Capital Investment: Spatial Focus (TCLM SDF 2015)

The Non-capital projects depicted on the SDF include the development of precinct plans for various area/nodes as well as the development of procedures for land use management in the northern areas, infrastructure sector plans as well as the extension of cemetery in Sabie/Harmony Hill.

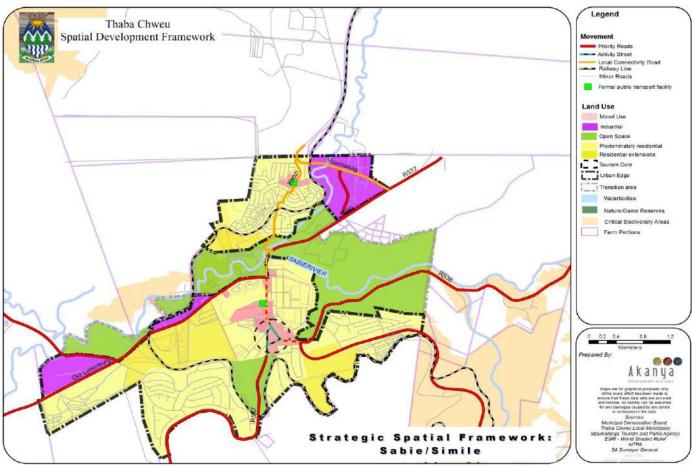
Current and future Land Use Proposal in Thaba Chweu Local Municipality

The following maps (Map 16-20) depict current and future development of Lydenburg, Sabie/Simile, Graskop, Matibidi, Leroro and Moremela. It is important to note that major development proposals in Graskop, Sabie/Simile and Matibidi, Leroro and Moremela have been halted pending the dolomite investigation. However, compact development is encouraged throughout the main nodes of the municipality hence the location of the urban edge.

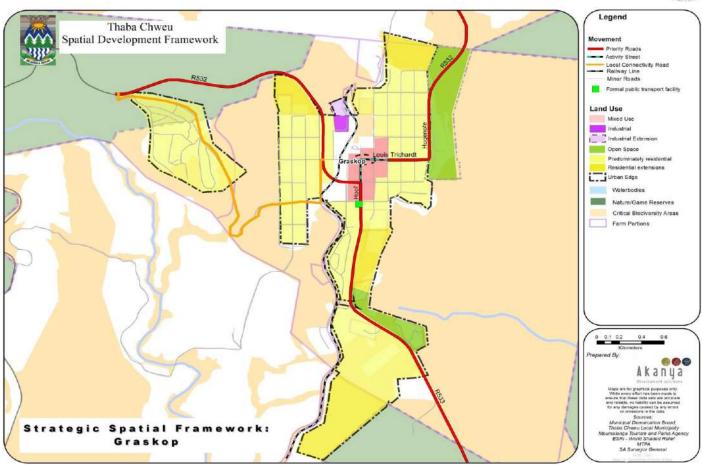




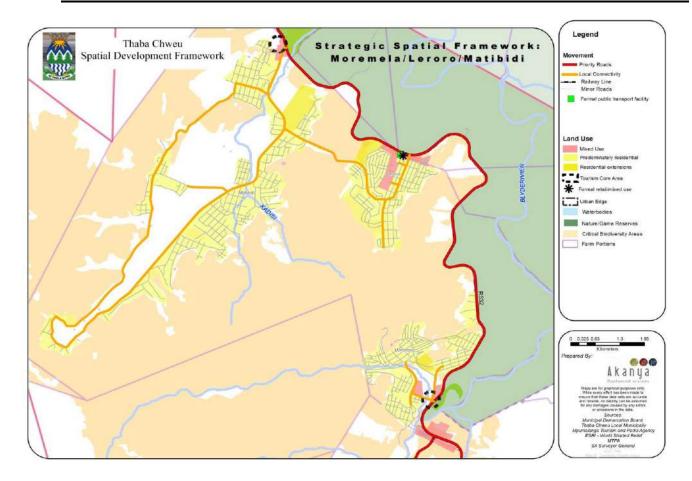




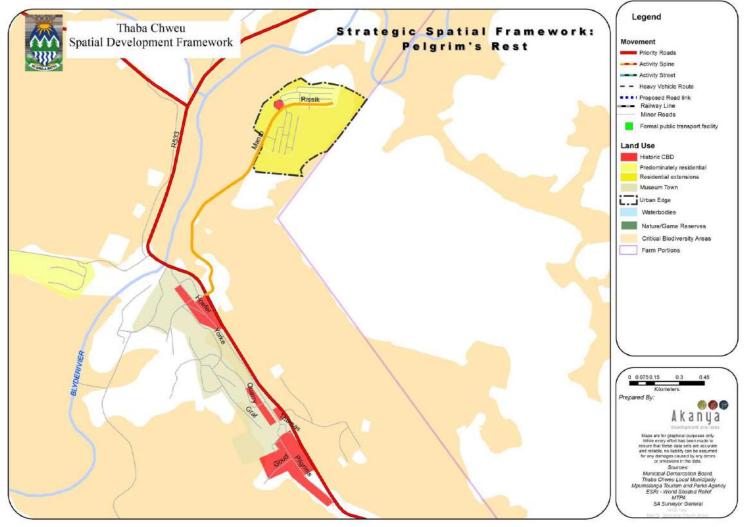














5.3.2. Land-Use Management

The municipality has an approved Spatial Planning and Land Use management By-Law which was promulgated on the 19th of January 2016. The by-law will amongst other serves as guiding land use management for development application within the jurisdiction of TCLM. A wall-to-wall scheme has been developed to replace the old land use schemes, it was approved by council under council resolution A120/2018 and promulgated on the 28th of September 2018, under notice No. 119 of 2018. The Scheme has a policy for land use enforcement which was developed and its yet to be taken to council for approval. The Department of Corporative Governance and Traditional Affairs (COGTA) have piloted an electronic system named e-PGLUM and Thaba Chweu is one of the beneficiaries. The system has had some error and it's not yet functional, in the same breath the district municipality in conjunction with ESRI are developing the system which will also serve as a records keeping system.

The municipality has established a tribunal to deal with category 2 development applications and a Land Development Officer who deal with Category 1 applications as preparations in implementing SPLUMA.

5.4. Local Economic Development (LED) plan

Local Economic Development Chapter emanates from the section 26 (c) of the systems act; it contributes to strategic number 04 and goal number 09 of the IDP. It is central to the Integrated Development Plan of a Municipality in terms of economic growth. TCLM is in the process of finalizing its reviewed LED strategy aimed at revisiting key priority economic sectors and new pillars of economic growth in the medium to long term. The municipal LED has a functional LED Forum which is chaired by the Chairperson of the Lydenburg Business chamber and it sits quarterly. The prioritized sectors of tourism, forestry, agriculture and mining as the main key drivers of LED still applies. Other drivers including manufacturing, construction, retail & trade, government services, utilities, business administration services, transport & communications and finance & business services have been identified. LED is an ongoing process which incorporates various stakeholders, identifying local resources and stimulating economic growth. LED centers around upgrading competitiveness, expanding practical development and guaranteeing that development is inclusive. LED is not poverty eradication, but it is concerned with the formation of economical positions that in a roundabout way brings about reduction in poverty. The aim of the LED process is to create employment, alleviate poverty, redistribute resources and most importantly keep money circulating in the Local Municipality.

Poverty Alleviation Projects

COGTA as a support agent of Local Government has in the quest of alleviating poverty and creating job opportunities developed a number of programmes. Programme such as Community



Workers Programme (CWP) has employed about 1505 Jobs seekers and the Extended Public Works Programme (EPWP) has appointed about 94 people in the 2021/22 financial year. <u>The Final LED strategy:</u>

This strategy was approved by council on the 13th of September 2018 under council resolution A122/2018. The LED Plan deals with interventions that are necessary to turn around the economic situation of the municipality. The municipality has set aside a budget to review the strategy to include the economic recovery plan, the strategy is set to be approved by the end of the 2021/22 financial year. Sectorial opportunities are categorised according to strategic thrusts and then broken further down into strategic programmes. To identify the broad goal to which local development is aimed at we use strategic thrusts therefore enabling an integrated approach towards drawing on the identified sectoral opportunities, while the strategic programmes provide more focused developmental aspects of the opportunities within Thaba Chweu Local Municipality (TCLM). This section forms the backbone of the strategy and provides the LED vision for the municipality, a set of objectives, development thrusts, programmes and projects. The projects are then prioritised.

TCLM LED strategy focuses on the following:

- PPP and business incentives to increase business activities in the Local Municipality.
- LED projects have to focus on empowering youth, women and the disabled.
- LED projects need to focus on <u>localities</u> with greatest economic potential to enhance accessibility to employment opportunity by the poor.

Development Thrusts, Programmes and Projects

The LED Strategy for TCLM is based on both the comparative and competitive advantages of the area. The LED document is based on the opportunities the area has to offer as identified in the preceding sections. In order to maximise the spin-off effects from these advantage, as well as to intensify the local community benefit and enhance the competencies of the municipality, the strengths and opportunities that have been identified in the previous section are grouped into strategic thrusts. Thrusts can be defined as: "Planned actions aimed at creating impetus and a critical mass in the local economic environment in order to generate momentum in the economy."

Within each thrust, a number of programmes have been identified which are aimed on specific areas of development. These programmes were formulated specifically to obtain the overall goals set for the LED Strategy. Furthermore, each programme has a number of projects and facilitation issues that need to be implemented and addressed. These projects and facilitation actions are aimed specifically at enabling the municipality to achieve the targets that have been set by the various development programmes and thrusts.

The thrusts are therefore formulated and packaged in such a way that an integrated approach towards development and growth in the municipality is possible. The various thrusts also enable



projects and other development initiatives to be linked to the different thrusts identified, so as to enable a more focused and coordinated approach to economic development.

While issues such as the expansion of economic infrastructure, improved institutional capacity and good governance do have a critical role to play in ensuring the effective economic development does take place, these issues are considered to be supportive elements that will not in its own result in the expansion of the economic base, and are therefore not isolated in the strategic thrusts.

As can be seen below, there are five (5) thrusts, and each have a number of supporting programmes.

Thrust 1: Agricultural support and value adding

The agricultural sector had comparative advantage and it is in many respects perceived as an important sector. Not only does the sector hold a great share of employment in the Municipality, the sector has a growth rate of 1.6% and accounts for 28% of the total employment in the municipality

The following programmes have been identified under the agriculture sector support and value adding thrust, which are unpacked hereunder:

- Forestry Enhancement and Intensification
- Agricultural Expansion and Diversification
- Value Adding and Agro processing
- Agricultural Development and Support

Thrust 2: Tourism development and promotion

The municipality is well known for its tourism attraction sites and is considered as one of the key economic sectors in TCLM given the potential that the industry has. The sector can help eradicate poverty and ensure employment creation in rural townships of Thaba Chweu due to its labour-intensive nature. The objective of this thrust is to develop and promote the tourism sector.

The following programmes have been identified under the Tourism Development and Promotion: Thrust:

- Heritage Hub Development
- Tourism Facilitation and Skills Development
- Township Tourism Development
- Rural Tourism Development
- Tourism Asset Expansion, Integration and Promotion

Thrust 3: SMME development and support to integrate rural and township economies

This thrust is focused on the expansion, development and support of local businesses to ensure that the needs of local communities are sufficiently served from within the Municipality.



The following programmes have been identified under the SMME Development and support to integrate rural and Township Economies:

- Business Development and Support
- Informal Economy Enhancement and Growth
- SMME Skills development
- Rural Land Use Management and Spatial Development
- Regional Connectivity and Accessibility

Thrust 4: Mining development and value chain diversification

Not only does the sector hold a great share of employment in the Municipality, but many households are dependent on the sector for survival. Thaba Chweu Local Municipality's mining sector is the largest contributor (41%) to the total district mining sector. The thrust is aimed at the development and expansion of the mining sector value chain, to enable improved efficiency and diversification within the main commodities mined within Thaba Chweu Local Municipality namely platinum, gold, chrome and coal.

The following programmes have been identified under the mining development and value chain diversification thrust:

- Mining value chain linkages
- Industrial activities Development Support
- Mining Business Development and Support

Thrust 5: Green economy development and town revitalisation

The development of the green economy has become a significant topic and focus throughout South Africa and government. In order to obtain sustainable development and to ensure the future of our towns and country, it is vitally important that all development actions should include green practices such as carbon reduction measures. A green economy is one that results in improved wellbeing and social equity, while significantly reducing environmental risks and ecological scarcities. The underlying principle is to reduce the reliance of economic development on the increased consumption of, and damage to, natural resources and the environment, while meeting social needs and understanding inequities.

The following programmes have been identified under the green economy development and rural township revitalisation:

- Green Economy Stimulation
- Alternative Energy Resourcing
- Environmental Protection
- Town Beautification and Urban Design

Project prioritisation and priority projects



Relevant stakeholders identified priority projects and facilitation actions based on the level of importance for the economy during various workshop deliberations. Further internal deliberations by municipal officials finalised the list of priority projects and actions that tackle the most pressing needs in the Municipality, will have the largest impact within the local economy, and which thus need to be implemented first (within the 5-year timeframe of the LED Strategy).

Priority projects and facilitation actions per thrust

Thrust 1: Agricultural support and value adding

- Support SAFCOL community timber manufacturing initiatives through supporting the establishment of local manufacturers of timber products.
- Develop a furniture manufacturing incubator at Furntech in Sabie to support local furniture design and production.
- Market feasibility for trout hatchery and sales to local trout dams, restaurants and possible trout product processing.
- Feasibility for goat rearing commercialisation and demand for a slaughtering facility.

Thrust 2: Tourism Development and Promotion

- Develop and promote less known heritage potential lures and link to well-known attractions
- Promote packaged route attractions as incentives to reinvigorate enthusiasm and affordability
- Facilitate specialised skills development and training workshops through SEDA for women and youth in tourism related activities (arts and craft, hospitality, sewing, etc.)
- Link up local farmers, future and arts & crafts manufacturers with a weekend local market.

Thrust 3: SMME Development and Support to integrate Rural and Township economies

- Develop an economic consultation and information point at Mashishing Thusong Centre.
- Establish a mobile SMME development support and community e-centre for central access to different SMMEs in different sectors and areas throughout the TCLM
- Provide infrastructure and facilities to informal traders in Lydenburg, Sabie and Graskop towns
- Develop TCLM Informal trader strategy and policy

Thrust 4: Mining Development and Value Chain Diversification

• Pre-feasibility investigation into beneficiation of local minerals (phosphate fertiliser, agrochemicals, and fluorspar).



- Local mining services and products supplier opportunities identification and supplier enterprise development
- Support the establishment of industrial zones in Sabie and Lydenburg
- Business plan development for local mining PPE clothing manufacturing

Thrust 5: Green economy development and town revitalisation

- Feasibility on sustainable farming practices and enabling linkages to local markets
- Feasibility on mining sector waste processing opportunities
- Feasibility for alternative energy (biomass) production
- Development support to MEGA in championing the MEGA Blyde River Hydro Power Project

The Implementation of the LED Strategy

The implementation of the LED strategy is not only the responsibility of the Local Municipality but also involves other stakeholders to ensure projects are sustainable and contribute towards local development. The role of support service agencies is crucial to implementing LED projects and ensuring necessary support structures are in place before implementing projects. Clear implementation guidelines are set out in the framework with indicators, for all projects, to ensure optimal stimulation of economic development, job creation and SMME development.

The following essential actions will be taken into consideration when the Department of LED & Planning starts with the implementation:

- The Municipality will ensure that human resource capacity is adequate in the LED unit to enable smooth operation and implement the LED Strategy.
- A fully functional and active LED Forum is key in the mobilization of various stakeholders to participate in the implementation process.
- Utilise external experts in drafting project business plans and conducting feasibility studies and utilise expert networking to obtain sufficient funding sources.
- Ensure that all necessary financial sources, equipment, human resources are in place and available prior to starting with the implementation of projects.
- The implementation of programmes and projects with the fastest anticipated impact on job creation, poverty alleviation, BEE etc. followed by those with medium and long term effects.

TCLM has a Local Economic Development Agency known as Thaba Chweu Local Economic Development Agency (THALEDA) assisting in catalytic capital LED programmes and projects implementation.



THALEDA was established in 2009 and is a wholly-owned municipal entity. THALEDA's **principal mandate is to facilitate economic development through initiation and implementation of catalytic projects within the jurisdiction of its parent municipality**. THALEDA was incorporated as a private company limited with all the issued shares owned by the parent municipality; Thaba Chweu Local Municipality.

The Agency received funding from the IDC for the pre-establishment phase in 2011, and has since completed the milestones, as per funding agreement, for the pre-establishment phase. THALEDA, amongst other key milestones they had achieved is the appointment of the board of directors and the appointment of their second Chief Executive Officer (CEO). Their former CEO went to join the municipality as Director: LED & Planning. THALEDA is presently operating with the offices in Sabie. The Agency has completed a number of projects amongst others are the Mashishing Amusement Park, Graskop Holiday Resort, Sabie Caravan Park, Graskop Gorge etc. A number of feasibility studies have been conducted on other projects to be implemented at a later stage.

THALEDA is expected to assist in the implementation of the identified projects in the new LED strategy of the municipality. For more information on Strategy refer to annexure: *LED Strategy* 2018.

5.5. Disaster management

The municipality has an approved disaster management plan which was approved on the 8th of December 2017 under Council resolution A120/2017 and has improved the minimum standard requirement for the municipal disaster situation. The said plan is under review and will be approved by the end of the 2021/22 Financial year. The draft plan has been tabled to the relevant portfolio committee on the 17th of May 2022 under item CS3/2022 and will be tabled to council at the next ordinary council seating. The reviewed plan indicates the top 3 risks for Thaba Chweu to be Sewerage disruption, Illegal solid waste disposal, Land invasion and Service delivery water failure.

This service is a shared service between TCLM and EDM where the municipal expectation is merely to coordinate whereas the district resides with the direct responsibility. The forestry which takes huge part of TCLM land coverage, dolomitic belt, and other informal residential development in Lydenburg and Sabie poses a serious risk to the TCLM. Given the up-dated plan the municipality through its shared service can respond to a minimal serious disaster that may occur or struck in its jurisdiction area. Given this background the municipality considers this to be a serious issue. The municipal department; Public Safety has entered into an engagement with the district to assist and use the EDM' Disaster Management centre as shared service in case of emergency disasters. (*For detailed information refer to Annexures Disaster Management Plan*)

5.6. Housing Chapter



The Department of Human Settlement has allocated a budget for the development of the housing chapter. The expected completion date was March 2021, however due to unforeseen circumstances the document is still being finalized. The draft housing chapter indicates amongst other things the issues faced by the housing department within the municipality which include; incorrectly registered title deeds, double allocation of stands, delays in the issuing of old title deeds, housing needs register updates, allegation of fraud in allocation of both land and RDP houses, land invasion, minimal availability of serviced stands, poor planning of housing development (access to bulk), as well as the remedial actions/ strategies to deal with the challenges. The draft housing chapter further indicates areas which need intervention in terms of service installation, construction of top structures, where land needs to be rehabilitated to meet the housing need. It includes land which needs to be acquired and formalized for in integrated human settlements.

The municipality has a Housing Chapter which still applies to date but the biggest challenge that has struck the municipality is land availability. Although its outdated, the updated figures will be incorporated into the IDP once finalized.7 TCLM has in the past financial years completed a informal settlement study in order to determine the level of housing demands in Lydenburg, Sabie and Graskop. TCLM has in conjunction with the district municipality also conducted a comprehensive study on land-audit to determine the status of land ownership. Land becomes key in determining housing development within TCLM. In addition to this one of the good thing is that will unlock housing development in TCLM is the reviewed SDF which has been completed. There is currently an engagement with the provincial department of Human Settlement to review the Housing Chapter, The municipality resolved that in its meeting with Human Settlement funding for the dolomite study with its comprehensive study be made in order to unlock various developments including housing delivery within the municipality.

Current Provision of Housing within Thaba Chweu

Housing within Thaba Chweu is provided for the full array of Subsidy-Linked Mass housing Schemes; Middle and High Income Housing and Social Housing, however, the development of social housing schemes is a specific priority of Thaba Chweu Municipality. This provision excludes private contribution by other sectors.

Status	of	Housing	Types	in	TCLM
Diatab	UI	nousing		111	ICLIII



Table 65: Housing Typologies in TCLM

Ward No.	House or brick/concre te block structure on a separate stand or yard or on a farm	Traditio nal dwelling /hut/stru cture made of tradition al material s	Flat or apart ment in a block of flats	Clust er house in compl ex	Townh ouse (semi- detach ed house in a comple x)	Sem i- deta ched hous e	House/ flat/roo m in backya rd	Inform al dwellin g (shack; in backya rd)	Informal dwelling (shack; not in backyard; e.g. in an informal/squatt er settlement or on a farm)
Ward	051	2	1		2	2	(1	00	15
1 Ward	851	3	1	-	3	2	61	99	15
ward 2	1863	79	106	5	5	4	71	562	162
Ward	1005	1)	100	5	5		/1	502	102
3	1874	24	23	3	8	5	101	876	261
Ward				-		_			
4	1951	300	71	16	26	24	3	28	114
Ward									
5	1501	323	13	13	11	6	21	468	113
Ward				_					
6	1330	-	62	5	-	1	23	373	465
Ward 7	1731	13	52	7	11	113	32	202	1288
Ward	1731	15	52	/	11	115	32	202	1200
8	1912	190	2	1	-	-	1	25	25
Ward	1712	170		1			-	20	
9	1932	204	3	-	1	2	7	132	67
Ward									
10	1468	51	12	2	11	3	6	95	558
Ward									
11	2341	24	20	3	2	77	32	24	133
Ward	920	~	10	16	4.1	1	10		
12 Word	839	5	19	16	41	1	19	6	3
Ward 13	802	68	16	3	4	11	12	57	146
Ward	002	00	10	5	-7	11	12	51	170
14	2437	32	160	7	27	7	39	299	193
Total	22830	1316	563	81	148	254	429	3247	3543

Source: Stats SA (2011)



Housing Backlog

The table below shows the housing backlog in the municipality as provided by the last census (Stats SA 2001) and indicates how the TCM has performed compared to other municipalities within Ehlanzeni District.

Municipalit	Houses	5	Houses to	Expen	diture	Projected	Backlog
У	Compl	eted	be	R millions		Expenditur	
			completed			e	
	2004/	2005/	2006/7	2004/	2005/6	2006/7	
	5	6		5			
TCLM	388	707	2,534	1,13	1,01	2,14	7,428
Mbombela	1,553	2,579	2,360	4,11	4,97	11,35	24,943
Nkomazi	2,028	1,903	329	7,86	2,77	5,08	23,536
Umjindi	252	429	1,915	0,58	4,27	0,84	6,181
Bushbuckrid	0	0	39	N/a	N/a	0,86	1,002
ge							
DMA (KNP)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ehlanzeni	4,221	5,618	7,177	136,9	91,94	20,29	63,090
				6			

Table 66: Housing Backlog

Source: Stats SA, 2001

5.7. Integrated Waste Management Plan

The Integrated Waste Management Plan was developed in 2012 and it is now due for reviewal. The South African Local Government Association (SALGA) in conjunction with the Department of Environmental Affairs (DEA) and assisting the municipality with the review of the plan. The draft plan has since been approved by council on the 08th of April 2021 for public comments and later adopted by Council on the 29th of July 2021 under council resolution A111/2021. The purpose of this exercise is to enable the Thaba Chweu Local Municipality to develop and implement an Integrated Waste Management Plan (IWMP) capable of delivering general waste management services to all households and businesses. General waste is defined by the National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) as waste that does not pose an immediate hazard or threat to health or to the environment, and includes:

- Domestic waste (including garden waste)
- Building and demolition waste
- Business waste
- Inert waste

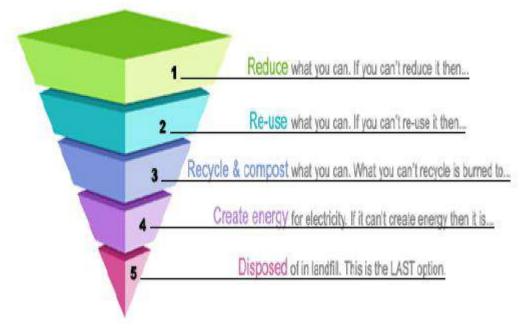
The goals of the IWMP are:

- Compliance with national and policy and legislation for waste
- Service for all



- Cost effectiveness
- Reduce the negative impact of waste on human health and the environment
- Maximise developmental objectives

Current practices in Thaba Chweu and in South Africa generally are based on so-called "end of pipe practices" focusing on Collection–Transport–Disposal of waste after it has been generated. National policy and legislation require local municipalities to promote a paradigm shift from "end of pipe" waste practices to Integrated Waste Management based on the principles of the waste hierarchy. This approach is recognised as an international best practice.



Sketch 06: Waste Hierarchy

In Integrated Waste Management, the focus is on cleaner production, recycling of waste and treatment that is able to reduce the potentially harmful impacts of waste. Only after these efforts, should remaining waste be disposed of at a properly engineered and managed Waste Disposal Facility. It may also be possible in some municipalities to generate energy from waste. This is done in Thaba Chweu using forestry waste. Separation at source is the key to successfully achieving the paradigm shift required to achieve national objectives: cost effectiveness-reduced negative impact of waste on human health and the environment-developmental objectives including job creation, food security and Broad-Based BEE.

Specifically, separation at source means that households separate their waste into three parts: organic, non-organic reusable materials (glass, cans, plastic and paper) and remaining waste. Additional waste fractions such as tyres, household hazardous and electronic waste can also be separated and recycled. Organic waste should be used as animal feed, treated through vermiculture (worms) or treated to produce compost. Composting not only reduces waste management costs but also contributes to soil fertility, greening projects and food security.



Non-organic recyclable material, when separated at source has higher value, is more easily routed to end users and can be recovered at a far higher efficiency rate than when it is salvaged at a waste disposal facility. Thus, recycling in addition to its benefits for human health and the environment can improve the overall productivity of the economy. Only remaining waste should be collected and disposed of at a properly engineered and managed waste disposal facility. Businesses must also promote cleaner production, support recycling and participate in waste exchange initiatives. The Waste Act refers to the responsibility of industry and most particularly for the producers of paper products and packaging materials such as glass, plastic and tins as Extended Producer Responsibility. This also applies to manufacturers of other products that should be recycled including long life bulbs, tyres and electronic equipment such as computers and cell phones.

To achieve separation at source, all members of the community must act responsibly–separating, recycling, storing and disposing of the different parts of their waste. Government must ensure that there is a waste management service delivery system providing a network of collection and disposal options so that generators can effectively exercise their responsibilities. In addition, original manufacturers must work to create a market for, and assist with recovery of recyclables. Thus, Integrated Waste Management combines personal responsibility, government service delivery and producer responsibility. Appropriate education and training are required for everyone.

Separation at source will also make it possible to achieve a related national objective: eliminating salvaging at landfills. Salvagers often work without safety equipment and are exposed to serious health and safety risks. The practice of disposing of infectious Health Care Risk Waste (HCRW) at waste disposal facilities adds to the risk. Separation at source reduces the amount of recoverable material going to waste disposal facilities and over time opportunities for salvaging will disappear. The salvagers however are not eliminated - the IWMP will create new forms of safer employment with better remuneration, while education and training will enable salvagers to take advantage of new career paths. Integrated Waste Management can create new and better opportunities for employment for salvagers.

From the economic perspective, "end of pipe" solutions are expensive because of the costs involved in transporting and disposing all generated waste. All waste must be transported to a waste disposal facility where it is permanently separated from the environment. Such a system is complicated by the fact that landfilled waste will decompose producing methane gas and leachate, elements that must also be isolated or treated to prevent serious damage to human health and the environment. Moreover, transport, using motorised vehicles, increases air pollution and this results in indirect costs because of the negative impact of air pollution on human health and the environment. Thus, any reduction in the waste that must be transported and disposed has the dual benefit of lower costs and less pollution.

Government has estimated that 30% of all the methane gas generated in South Africa comes from waste disposal facilities. Methane is a dangerous emission contributing to global warming. In August 1997, South Africa ratified the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and since then has worked to develop and implement policies to support its international commitment by reducing the emission of greenhouse gasses. Converting organic material into compost rather than disposal will save money and contribute towards achieving



South Africa's international commitments. This Integrated Waste Management Plan includes the following:

- Status Quo
- Gap Analysis and Options
- Strategy for Implementation

The Status Quo Report details current waste management practices in Thaba Chweu LM. The Gap Analysis and Options details what the Integrated Waste Management System should look like and compares the cost effectiveness of traditional practices and an Integrated Waste Management System. The Strategy seeks to bridge the gap between the reality of today and the vision for tomorrow: beginning within the context of current reality (financial, capacity, organisational as well as policy) it sets forth a specific way forward – a way to begin the journey and make significant progress towards achieving long term goals.

This Plan is a people centred approach within the framework of National Waste Management policy and legislation and the overall national strategy for sustainable development and transformation.

Policy and Legislative Framework

The central focus of national policy is the elimination of poverty. All initiatives of local government should contribute to this goal. Thus, this Integrated Waste Management Plan focuses on the goal to make Thaba Chweu a:

"Clean, Green and Healthy Community"

Integrated Waste Management is recognised internationally as the best practice approach to waste and has been adopted as policy by South Africa as a strategy to improve service delivery for waste. It is cost effective and maximises job creation. Because Integrated Waste Management captures the value in waste through new business processes, municipalities can not only improve service and reduce costs but can also promote Local Economic Development and Broad-based Black Economic Empowerment. Effective waste management facilitates transformation towards developmental local government. The sections below summarise some of the more important and relevant legislation and policies. In particular it should be understood that all generators of waste have a legal responsibility to manage their own waste properly.

This means, amongst others, that generators must separate waste and ensure that most organic waste is composted or otherwise properly managed. In addition, manufacturers of packaging material (and manufacturers of other recyclable products) must partner with municipalities to facilitate recycling processes and to ensure a market for collected materials. Municipalities must manage the transition from current practices to a separation at source-based recycling system.

National Waste and Legislation Strategy

Section 24 of the Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996 (Act 108 of 1996) says that:



• Everyone has the right to have the environment protected, for the benefit of present and future generations, through ecologically sustainable development and use of natural resources while promoting justifiable economic and social development,

The White Paper on Environmental Management Policy (July 1997) sets forth an overarching framework policy to guide government in giving practical effect to section 24 of the constitution. The White Paper led to passage of the National Environmental Management Act, 1998 (Act 107 of 1998) (NEMA 1998) including guiding principles for sustainable development to be used in creating specific policy in various areas. Key among these are the promotion of recycling and composting and that polluters must pay for the consequences of their actions. NEMA 1998 is the key framework legislation for waste management.

This was followed by the National Waste Management Strategy (1999) and the White Paper on Integrated Pollution and Waste Management for South Africa (2000). The National Environmental Management: Waste Act, 2008 (Act No. 59 of 2008) is subsidiary and supporting legislation to the NEMA/1998 and gives legal effect to the principles and objectives of the White Paper on Integrated Pollution and Waste Management for South Africa. The Waste Act provides a legislative framework for the regulation and management of pollution and waste. Its aim is to reform laws regulating waste management by providing:

- Reasonable measures for integrated pollution and waste management,
- For compliance to those measures,
- Generally giving effect to Section 24 of the Constitution,

in order to achieve an environment that is not harmful to the health and well-being of people.

The purpose of the Waste Act is to:

- Prevent Pollution and ecological degradation,
- Reduce the use of natural resources,
- Reform laws for waste management,
- Protect human health and the environment,

The legislation requires municipalities to:

- Adopt and implement Integrated Waste Management Plans,
- Promote the minimisation of waste,
- Promote Recycling,
- Promote separation at source,
- Provide for the proper (where appropriate) treatment and disposal of waste as a last resort,
- Ensure service for all,
- Designate a waste management officer,

The legislation also:



- Gives legal effect to the principles of the Waste Hierarchy and Extended Producer Responsibility
- Requires Government to adopt a Waste Management Strategy

Following adoption of the Act, the Department for Environmental Affairs issued a set of documents as guidelines for implementation of the Act. In November 2011, Cabinet approved the National Waste Management Strategy. The Strategy details the roles and responsibilities of key stakeholders as follows:

Government

- Legislation, Regulations, Standards and Planning
- Waste Management Officers
- Service for all
- Facilitate recycling infrastructure
- Promote and work in Partnerships with private sector and civil society

Private Sector

- Responsibility for products throughout the products life cycle
- Cleaner technology and minimise waste generation
- Develop and deploy waste management technologies
- Industry waste management plans
- Join Partnerships

Civil Society

- Households must separate waste
- Participate in waste awareness campaigns
- Participate in recycling initiatives
- Comply with all laws and regulations
- Monitor compliance

Waste Generation Areas/Main Pollution Hot Spots

Thaba Chweu is divided into three administrative units. Each of these has a main town as well as townships and rural settlements including traditional areas as follows:

Mashishing

- Mashishing Town
- Mashishing Township
- Skhila
- Kiwi Farm (traditional area)
- Coromandel
- Boomplaats
- Draaikraal



Buffelsvlei

<u>Graskop</u>

- Graskop Town
- RDP area and Chinese Project
- Extension 5
- Glory Hill
- Graskop Hostel and Informal area
- Moremela (traditional area)
- Leroro
- Matibidi

<u>Sabie</u>

- Sabie
- Simile
- Harmony Hill
- Phola Park
- Hendriksdal
- Brondal

Current Waste Services as per the Plan

Below is the type of services provided by the municipality

Provision of Refuse collection for Residential and Business

- (a) Household / Residential refuse collection for about 12 000 households is done at least once per week (Kerbside)
- (b) Businesses, the minimum level of service for routine collected waste would be at least twice per week
- (c) Bulk waste collection services is provided to the business/commercial sector, in which case the bulk containers would be collected as per arrangement

The areas in which refuse is removed are as follows:

- Mashishing town
- Mashishing township
- Skhila Extension 2 and Mashishing Extension 6
- Kellysville
- Sabie
- Graskop
- Harmony Hill



- Glory Hill
- Simile

The table below shows the status on waste collection in all the wards, it reveals that about 19550 households receive the services once a week and about 1770 households don't receive the service out of a total of 33 352 households.

Ward No	Removed by local authority/private company at least once a week	• •	Communal refuse dump	Own refuse dump	No rubbish disposal	Other	Total
Ward 1	1023	-	-	21	2	1	1047
Ward 2	2609	15	22	155	111	3	2916
Ward 3	3024	205	4	9	10	7	3259
Ward 4	992	326	78	1150	123	25	2694
Ward 5	1308	37	59	795	252	101	2552
Ward 6	1577	182	6	393	139	9	2305
Ward 7	2055	73	11	1028	288	34	3490
Ward 8	113	7	3	1787	273	4	2187
Ward 9	20	8	2	2246	102	4	2382
Ward 10	1406	236	12	535	81	13	2283
Ward 11	685	506	164	998	345	48	2746
Ward 12	886	57	4	3	5	2	958
Ward 13	790	109	16	213	39	11	1178
Ward 14	3060	177	7	95	1	14	3355
Total	19550	1940	388	9427	1770	277	33352

Table 69: Status of Waste Collection in TCLM

Source: Stats SA 2011

Street cleaning and illegal dump rehabilitation

- a) Daily street and site walks litter picking
- b) Illegal dumping clearance and rehabilitation (carwash, parks, and gardens)

Provision of Landfill Site Management

- a) Operation and maintenance of three waste disposal sites Lydenburg, Sabie and Graskop through the use of service providers
- b) Promoting Recycling initiative for waste minimisation and diversion from the landfill site

The full detailed Integrated Waste Management Pan is available for further information as an annexure of the IDP.



Project Name	Implementer	Time Frames
Good Green deeds	National Department of Environmental Affairs	24 Months
Zondinsila	Mpumalanga Department of Agriculture Rural Development Land & Environmental Affairs	24 Months
Municipal Cleaning and greening Programme	Department of Environment, forestry and fisheries.	5 Months

List of Waste Management Projects/Programmes

5.8. Special Programmes

Sports, Culture and Recreation

The municipality has observed that sport facilities in TCLM play a very important role in social cohesion within the entire society. It therefore deems sports facilities to be import social tools not only for sports activities but social integration as well. There are numerous sports facilitates in TCLM' three towns (Lydenburg, Sabie and Graskop). It has been further noted that some of these facilities are not strategically located to benefit the ethnic groups thus remain not accessible to some of the the community at large, especially the displaced communities. In the rural areas most of the schools have very basic sport facilities such as a levelled area for soccer, netball and athletics.

Facilities such as libraries, community halls, dams and picnic areas form the core recreation facilities in abundance in areas of Sabie and surrounding. TCLM has established a number programmes focusing on maintenance and sustaining of these facilities for the benefits of the broader community at large.

TCLM has focused on following for intervention:

- Upgrading of Parks
- Upgrading of Soccer Stadiums

The following are development strategies and priorities for Sports, Culture and recreation

Development Priority	Strategies
Facilitating of cultural activities	To facilitate cultural activities with the NGP/NPO and
	community organisation partners



Optimal use of existing sporting facilities	To encourage and facilitate the co-operation between
	schools, clubs and sporting codes to make optimal use
	of existing sporting facilities
Make land available for sports and cultural	To facilitate in the provision of land for the use of
activities	initiation and other sports and cultural activities
Public open spaces and playgrounds	To plan for the creation of public open space and play
	facilities in new low-income housing development as
	part of the housing and infrastructure development
Investing in tourism and recreational	To invest in public tourism and recreational facilities
facilities	
Promote the beauty of Thaba Chweu	To promote the attractiveness of our municipality
	through the maintenance and development of public
	spaces, entrances, etc
Extension of partnerships and development	To actively seek partnerships with community, private
	sector and other role-players in finding the most
	effective service provision mechanism for the
	management and operations of municipal resort
	facilities

Transversal

The Municipality recently configured the Transversal Unit and later in July 2015 approved the Transversal Strategy under Council Resolution A69/2015. Although there is funding challenges to implement some of the programmes mentioned below the strategy is in place and the District Municipality assists where possible.

Purpose

The unit main responsibility is to advocate for the marginalised members of the community by initiating, coordinating and implementation of programmes relating to the marginalised groups.

Strategic Objective

To ensure that transversal issues are mainstreamed into all policies, plans, programmes and activities of the Municipality, thus significantly helping to enhance the quality of life, full participation, and empowerment of the marginalized group. (Disability, Women, the Elderly, Children and Gender Equality) in all spheres of life.

Status Quo

The unit presently functions with one (1) official who deals with all Transversal Services. The following are programmes initiative s of the unit:

- 1. Disability Programmes
 - Thaba Chweu Disability Forum



- Stimulation Centres
- Disabled Organizations
- 2. Children's Programmes
 - Early Child hood Development
 - Learners(school support programmes)
 - Orphans and Vulnarables(Needy children)
- 3. Women Programmes
- 4. Elderly Programmes
- 5. Gender Equality

In the Municipal draft organogram a proposal of two (2) employees has been made to capacitate the unit in order to execute its programmes and ensure effectiveness of all services which will lead to transformation of lives of the marginalised groups in TCLM.

The Objectives of the Unit is:

- To initiate, coordinate and monitor programmes for Transversal Unit.
- To advice on budget allocation and monitor approved the budget allocated for programmes.
- To Develop Strategies and Policies that will assist municipality to deal with Transversal issues.
- To cater for all issues that affects the marginalised so that their lives can change to better.
- To alleviate poverty affecting the disadvantaged community members.

Planned transversal programmes

Children

Children are the important part of our country and the rights of every child are important. Their rights ensure their survival protection, development and participation. The municipality as a custodian of the community at large, children as members of community therefore the municipality has a pivotal role to play in ensuring that children are catered as per the constitutions 'Children's Rights.

The municipality's main role in terms of children issues is to coordinate, mainstream, monitor and evaluate child rights delivery at local level as per National Plan of Action for Children in South Africa.

The municipality in partnership with Department of Social Development Early Child Development Forum has been established. The forum aims to ensure uniformity of functioning of all Early Childhood Development Centres.

Available ECD registered and funded by Department of Social Development



Table 71: ECDs in TCLM

Area	No. of ECDs	Funded	Unfunded
Mashishing	13	12	01
Sabie	05	03	02
Matibidi /Leroro	13	08	05
Graskop/ Pilgrims	03	00	03

Libraries (for children beneficiary)

There are five (5) libraries within TCLM; one (1) in Graskop, two (2) in Mashishing, two (2) in Sabie and one (1) in Matibidi with one (1) provincial centre in Lydenburg. There is a need to develop mobile libraries in farm areas.

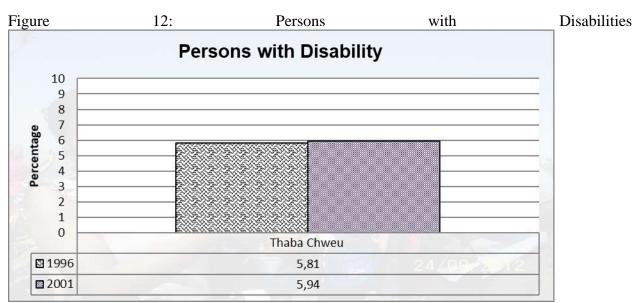
Due to community riots in 2009 the library in Mashishing Township was burned down which affected education for our children, fortunately through assistance from the private companies *XStrata Lydenburg Works* has managed to provide aid by constructing a Multipurpose Centre with library and computer centre that will benefit our Children's in education.

Programmes

- a) Children's Rights training for ECD Educators.
- b) Children's Fun Days
- c) Back to school Campaign
- d) Library week
- e) Donation of School uniforms for orphans
- f) National Children's Day Celebration
- g) Jamboree
- h) Take a child to work
- i) 16 Days of Activism
- j) Child protection Week
- k) Mandela Day Celebration
- 1) Career Exhibitions (Annual events)
- m) Substance Abuse Campaigns
- n) Construction of Early Childhood Development Centres
- o) Construction of Drop in Centres
- p) Establishment of Mobile Libraries.
- Disability

The South African Constitution recognizes the right of persons with disabilities as equal citizens of the country, and prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability. Yet, persons with disabilities, "the world's largest minority", continue to experience barriers to participation in all aspects of society. The marginalised group within the municipality is more vulnerable to socio-economic realities (*See Unemployment of people with disabilities in figure 8*). There are 12 organizations with people with disabilities which aim to deal directly with issues that affect them.





Source: Stats SA, 1996 & 2001

TCLM Launched the Disability Forum in 2012 which aims to create platform to persons with disability to raise the challenges and assist each other to overcome them.

Presently TCLM consults with Ehlanzeni District Municipality and Office of Premier under the sub directorate; Persons with Disability. There is only one (1) Special School that cater for children's with mental disability, the other with different disabilities are not accommodated. There are two (2) Stimulation centres (Mashishing and Moremela) that cater for children's with disabilities. These centres are not user friendly to people with disability.

The Objectives of Thaba Chweu Disability Forum is:

- To highlight challenges being experienced by persons with disabilities in exercising their rights as equal citizens,
- To raise awareness of enabling mechanisms and opportunities that reduce these challenges and enable persons with disabilities to participate as equal citizens in mainstream society,
- To promote awareness of the capabilities and contributions of persons with disabilities as recommended by the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities,
- To reflect on progress made in the implementation of policies, programmes and legislation that seek to improve the quality of life of persons with disabilities,
- To develop programme of action for 2014/15 financial year,
- To ensure sustainable livelihoods among disabled people through the formation of cooperative, Small businesses with assistance of LED, which will assist in the decrease of high rate of unemployment that also affect Disabled people,
- To develop Education and Skills development programmes,
- To ensure that Disability Project are catered in the IDP.

Programmes/Projects



- Computer Training (to have employable people with disability),
- Support The Disability Forum,
- Food Gardening Projects
- Skills Development Trainings through FET Colleges.
- Disability Month (November),
- Establishment of Cooperatives
- Donations of Wheelchairs.
- Construction of Stimulation Centres in 3 Units.
- Sign Language Trainings (Municipal Staff and Stakeholders)
- Spring Walk
- Sports Facilities
- Develop Database of All Disabled people

Women

At the level of their participation within the municipality women have an important role to play in articulating their needs, prioritizing programmes and in the evaluation of outcomes.

Programmes

- Establish Women Council
- Women's Month Celebration
- Women in Business Seminar
- HIV/Aids Workshops
- National Women's Day Celebration
- Food Security Projects
- 16 Days of Activism

Elderly

Elderly people are now who you will one day become. Respecting their wisdom, knowledge and their existence within the Municipality should always be considered. Sometimes we need to remind ourselves of why it is so important to respect our elders for what they have to impart to us that will help ease our journey through life. They should always be respected and treated with dignity.

The Programmes aims to create raise and sustain awareness on issues affecting Elderly people within the Municipality. Particularly participation in municipal planning matters and access to municipal information.

TCLM work hand in hand with Department of Social Services to establish programmes that can cater for our elderly which aims to give them access to municipality to address the issues affecting them. The following are the porgrammes and projects targeted to elderly.

- Sports Activities for the aged
- Food gardening projects



- Hand work projects
- Human Rights Day
- 16 Days of Activism
- Construction of Old Age Centre (Sabie and Matibidi/Leroro)

Gender Equality

The Municipality must promote the protection, development and attainment of gender equality and to make recommendation on any legislation affecting the marginalised in terms of Section 187 of the constitution Act 108 Of 1996.

The Municipality will consult with Commission for Gender Equality, SALGA and Ehlanzeni District Municipality to ensure that Gender issues are implemented to create a society free from gender discrimination.

Every five years Municipal Council change leadership and therefore it is very important to ensure that there is gender balance on leadership positions. There is a need ensure that the municipal council is familiar and understand the roles and relations played by the gender mainstreaming issues.

Programmes

- Mens Summit
- Womens Council
- Cultural/Traditional and Religion Campaigns
- Human Rights Campaigns
- Awareness Campaign against Rape

Challenges

- Staffing in the Transversal unit
- Budget Allocation to implement Transversal programmes and projects
- Lack of sponsorship and political support

HIV/AIDS

Background

HIV/AIDS is serious pandemic that disturb or can reverse all the planned and progress that has been made in our democracy towards building a better life for our people. National and provincial government cannot fight this battle alone. However TCLM together with organisations on the ground, have to provide the type of leadership and direction that will lead to real change in people's attitudes and behaviour. TCLM through its HIV/AIDS programmes engages civil society, sector departments, NGOs/NPOs, as well as schools, churches and so on to make sure that everyone works together to combat the spread of AIDS/HIV and to care for those affected and infected by these pandemic. We cannot tackle this epidemic unless we can break the silence and remove the stigma.



Strategy

Thaba Chweu local municipality has its adopted HIV/AIDS Strategy guiding the rollout programmes of the HIV/AIDS activities. This implementation is informed by the IDP strategic objectives number which states: **Mainstreaming of social advocacy and marginalised groups** under these strategic objectives we are implementing goal 13 of our G14 goals aimed at 2022. TCLM has a 2012-15 HIV/AIDS Strategy which was approved by Council in 2012 (Resolution number A81/2012) which will be reviewed in the financial year 2017/18.

TCLM HIV/AIDS Status quo

36.4% HIV/AIDS prevalence

Vision: Getting to zero

Purpose

- To create the positive response to the HIV / AIDS, TB and STI's through the involvement of every member of society, in order for all efforts to be effective.
- To encourage the efficiency, effectiveness and multi-sectoral approach on all HIV/AIDS, TB and STI's related programs.
- To develop the well- structured co-ordination, facilitation, advocacy on HIV/AIDS, TB and STI's and implementation and planning.

Objectives

- To represent the coordinated approach in fighting the continuous spreading of HIV, mitigating its impact.
- To coordinate, facilitate all HIV/AIDS Programmes and mainstreaming HIV/AIDS

Strategies

Thaba Chweu Local AIDS strategy should be and is informed by the National, Provincial and District HIV/AIDS Strategies in all government policies focusing on the four key NSP Strategy:

SO1: Addressing social and structural barriers that increase vulnerability to HIV, STI and TB infection

SO2: Preventing new HIV, TB and STI infections

SO3: Sustaining health and wellness

SO4: "Increasing the protection of human rights and improving access to justice

PROGRAMME	PROJECT
Local AIDS Councils	 Quarterly meetings of the Local AIDS Councils (TCLAC) Implementation HIV/AIDS Strategy

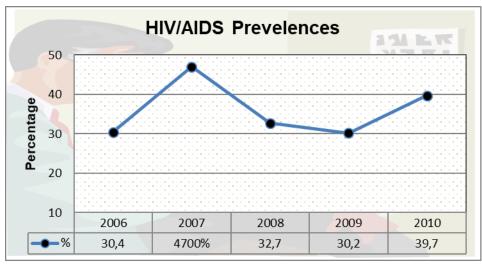
Table 72: HIV/AIDS Programmes planned for the coming financial years:



	Mainstreaming HIV/AIDS
Reviewal of HIV/AIDS strategy	 Alignment of local HIV/AIDS strategy with National , Provincial and District Strategic plan
Civil Society's	 Strengthening Local AIDS Councils
	 Establishment of outstanding forums
WARD AIDs Councils	 Quarterly meetings of WAC's in all 14 Wards
	 Conduct Ward Base Advocacy (awareness Campaigns)
Awareness Campaigns	 Conduct HIV/AIDS, TB and SIT"s campaigns for LAC's and WAC's
	Community dialogues
	• Educational campaigns, to guard against violations, stigma and discrimination for people living with HIV AIDS.
	 Robust Treatment campaign (90-90=90 strategy, Test and treat)
	 Capacity building (Condom demonstration, usage, storage and constant condom usage.
	 Sensitisation workshops for traditional healers, Faith Base Organisation and Gender based violence etc.
	Zazi Campaign, She Conquer, Mayihlasela Izazi, and Boy child,
	• MMC,
	• LGBTI's
	• Care and support for OVC's, Child care jamboree (integrated service
	provision
	 community outreach services in all wards
	 Migration issues
	Employee Wellness

The following graph presents the trend and current status in HIV prevalence in TCLM.

Figure 13: HIV prevalence



Source: TCLM HIV/AIDS Unit

5.8.1. Executive Mayor's programmes



The Executive Mayor has initiated programmes aimed at addressing problems emanating from consultative meetings of the Imbizos. The executive Mayor in her programme intends to respond some of the issues particularly issues that may partially be covered by the IDP. The following programmes and projects have been identified by the office of the Executive Mayor to support and easy some challenges faced by TCLM:

- Mayoral Imbizo
- Executive Mayor's Bursary Programme,
- Mayor's Partnership on roads maintenance,
- Mayoral Cup
- Mayoral fellowship
- Further and Education Training College
- Mayor's Miscellaneous

The municipality has done a lot with regard to the Executive Mayor's Outreach programmes and is looking forward to continue assisting needy communities in TCLM.

Speakers Programmes

The Office of the speaker has established ward committees for all fourteen (14) wards as at May 2022, other wards (Wards 1-5 and 7-14) had already established these structures in January 2022 and are functional. As part of insuring that the newly established ward committees have a plan of action, the speaker's office coordinated a workshop on the 13th of May 2022 where the ward operational plans were developed and signed. speaker has programmes aimed at encouraging ward committees to exercise their roles and responsibilities at ward levels.

6. CHAPTER 6 (Projects)

6.1. Municipal projects

This chapter deals with all IDP projects for the current term of council that should be implemented. These projects are both capital and operational. The tables comprise of municipal funded projects, provincial and national funded projects, parastatal funded projects and unfunded projects. The following tables present specification of each service delivery and development project i.e. addresses community developmental needs, show location, time frame and target indicators for the duration of the MTRF term.

With this chapter the municipality aims to ensure that the community's needs/priorities as well as legislative requirements are met. Amongst other indicators that have been developed, regulation 10 of the local government municipal planning and performance management regulation , 2001.

a. The percentage of households with access to basic level of water, sanitation, electricity and solid waste removal;



- b. the percentage of households earning less than R1100 per month with access to free basic services;
- c. the percentage of a municipality's capital budget actually spent on capital projects identified for a particular financial year in terms of the municipality's integrated development plan;
- d. the number of jobs created through municipality's local, economic development initiatives including capital projects the number of people from employment equity target groups employed in the three highest levels of management in compliance with a municipality's approved employment equity plan;
- e. the percentage of a municipality's budget actually spent on implementing its workplace skills plan;
- f. and financial viability as expressed by the following ratios:

Annexure A: Funded Projects

The projects listed below are projects funded internally and those funded through different grants, it is also important to note that the projects highlighted in Orange are projects which will require an Environmental authorization.

6.1.2 Annexure B: Project List (MSCOA)

				Action Dro										Medium to L	ong Term	1			
				Action Pro	gram						Short T	erm				Medium Ter	m		
			-	Five Year P	rogram				_	Year 01 (2022/23		Year 02 (202	3/24)	Year 03 (2024/2	5)	Year 04 (2025/	(26)	Year 05 (2026/27	7)
D	K P A	Baseline	Situational Analysis	Output (05 Year Target)	Project Name	Project Location	Outco me	Key Perform ance Indicato r/Outco me Indicato	Resp onsib le Depa rtme nt	Annual Performance Target	Esti mat ed Bud get & Sour ce	Annual Performance Target	Estim ated Budg et & Sourc e	Annual Performance Target	Estima ted Budge t & Sourc e	Annual Performance Target	Estimate d Budget & Source	Annual Performance Target	Estim ated Budge t & Sourc e
SO1							•			Provide access to quali		ces in line with co	uncil mar	ndate					
P2		•	-	-	-					F	ocus Ai	ea: Roads		_			-		
												Refurbishment of Voortrekker Street at Mashishing Lydenburg- Phase 3	R2 677 953,8 4 (MIG)						
	e Development	21,546	Dilapidated road infrastructu re	30.371k	Refurbishme nt of streets in Lydenburg	Lydenburg/ Mashishing	Impro ved road safety conditi on	Number of kms refurbu shed	Tech nical Servi ces	Refurbishment of Voortrekker Street	R 5m (TC LM)	Refurbishment of Streets in Mashishing Township (Thambo Street leading to Mashishing High)	R 15 000 000 (Boys endal- SLP)	Refurbishment of Streets in Mashishing Township (Mohlala Street & Mashishng Ext 8 Main rote)	R25 588 402 (MIG)	Voortrekker (Cnr Barack & Viljoen), Viljoen Str; Stormwater for Voortrekker Str;Kerk Str; Buhrmann Str; Morgan Str; Lydenburg Str; Mohlala Str; First Str, Lydenburg Ext 2 (Acess road); Olivier Str, Chris Lombard Str, Van Standen Str, Preller Str, Morgan Str, Beetge Str, Dreyer Str, Rabie Str, Rousouw St	R8m (Unfunde d)	Voortrekker (Cnr Barack & Viljoen), Viljoen Str; Stormwater for Voortrekker Str;Kerk Str; Buhrmann Str; Morgan Str; Lydenburg Str; Mohlala Str; First Str, Lydenburg Ext 2 (Acess road); Olivier Str, Chris Lombard Str, Van Standen Str, Preller Str, Morgan Str, Beetge Str, Dreyer Str, Rabie Str, Rousouw St	R 5m (Unfu nded)
P2/W1/2/3/5/6/ 7/10/12/ 13/14/R	Basic Service Delivery & Infrastructur		Dilapidated road infrastructu re	m of roads refurbish ed by 2027	Refurbishme nt of streets in Sabie/Simile /Harmony Hill	Sabie	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms refurbu shed	Tech nical Servi ces	Mount Anderson (Mopani Str), firewood Str, Assegai Str, Knoppiesdoring Str in Sabie Ext 9; Nelson Str, Nolens Str, Short Str, Milkwood, Short Str, Fourth Str, Second Str,Malieveld Str, Power str, Lea Str, Simons Str, Kerk Str & Old Lydenburg Road	R5 m (Unf und ed)	Mount Anderson (Mopani Str), firewood Str, Assegai Str, Knoppiesdoring Str in Sabie Ext 9; Nelson Str, Nolens Str, Short Str, Milkwood, Short Str, Fourth Str, Second Str,Malieveld Str, Power str, Lea Str, Simons Str, Kerk Str & Old Lydenburg Road	R5.5 m (Unfu nded)	Mount Anderson (Mopani Str), firewood Str, Assegai Str, Knoppiesdoring Str in Sabie Ext 9; Nelson Str, Nolens Str, Short Str, Milkwood, Short Str, Fourth Str, Second Str,Malieveld Str, Power str, Lea Str, Simons Str, Kerk Str & Old Lydenburg Road	R 6m (Unfun ded)	Mount Anderson (Mopani Str), firewood Str, Assegai Str, Knoppiesdoring Str in Sabie Ext 9; Nelson	R 6,5m (Unfunde d)	Mount Anderson (Mopani Str), firewood Str, Assegai Str, Knoppiesdoring Str in Sabie Ext 9; Nelson Str, Nolens Str, Short Str, Milkwood, Short Str, Fourth Str, Second Str,Malieveld Str, Power str, Lea Str, Simons Str, Kerk Str & Old Lydenburg Road	R 6m (Unfu nded)
			Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Refurbishme nt of in Graskop	Graskop	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms refurbu shed	Tech nical Servi ces	Oorwinning Str, Kleridon Street & Jan Van Rensburg, Rocky Rapid Street in Glory Hill Ext 5, Willow Str	R 10m (Unf und ed)	Oorwinning Str, Kleridon Street & Jan Van Rensburg, Rocky Rapid Street in Glory Hill Ext 5, Willow Str	R20m (Unfu nded)	Oorwinning Str, Kleridon Street & Jan Van Rensburg, Rocky Rapid Street in Glory Hill Ext 5, Willow Str	R6,5 (Unfun ded)	Oorwinning Str, Kleridon Street & Jan Van Rensburg, Rocky Rapid Street in Glory Hill Ext 5, Willow Str	R 5m (Unfunde d)	Oorwinning Str, Kleridon Street & Jan Van Rensburg, Rocky Rapid Street in Glory Hill Ext 5, Willow Str	R 5.5m (Unfu nded)
P1/W12/TS/R		11.287k m	Dilapidated road infrastructu re	11.287k m of new roads by 2027	Construction of 6.826km of new roads in Mashishing Township,	Mashishing Township, Indian Center & Lydenburg Town	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms of streets constru cted	Tech nical Servi ces	1.7km Mashishing Township	R9.2 m (Unf und ed)	2998km (Indian Center & Lydenburg Town	R4.5 m (Unfu nded)	1.8km Mashishing	R9.2m (Unfun ded)	1.5km Mashishing	R6m (Unfunde d)	1.5km Mashishing	R6m (Unfu nded)

				Lydenburg Town & Indian Center (Ext 02)														
P1/W12/TS/R		Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Construction of 1.593km new roads in Sabie	Sabie	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms of streets constru cted	Tech nical Servi ces	Simile (1km)	R5.5 m (Unf und ed)	573m	R1.8 m (Unfu nded)	Simile (0.593km)	R3.5m (Unfun ded)				
P1/W12/TS/R		Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Construction of 2.868km new roads in Graskop	Graskop	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms of streets constru cted	Tech nical Servi ces	1.635km (Graskop)	R6.2 m (Unf und ed)	1.233km (Ext 05 Graskop)	R3m (Unfu nded)	1.233km(Graskop)	R 6.1m (Unfun ded)				
											Reconstruction of Viljoen Street	R28 000 000 (Angl o- SLP)						
P1/W12/TS/R		Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Re- construction of 5.493km new roads in Lydenburg	Lydenburg	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms of streets re- constru cted	Tech nical Servi ces	3.3km (Mashishing Township)	R5.5 m (Unf und ed)	Main Road to Mashishng Ext 8	R 10 000 000 (Unfu nded)	1km of De Villiers st	R 5.5m (Unfun ded)	1.2km Goud,Jansen	R 5.8m (Unfunde d)		
P1/W12/TS/R	8.606km	Dilapidated road infrastructu re	8.606km of roads reconstru cted by 2027	Re- construction of 245m new roads in Sabie/Simile	Sabie	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms of streets re- constru cted	Tech nical Servi ces	245m of Second (2nd) st	R 1.3 m (Unf und ed)	Second Street 350m	R5m (Unfu nded)	700m Nelson Street	R10m (Unfun ded)	500m Assegaai Street	R6m (Unfunde d)	Matsane Street, Simile	
P1/W12/TS/R		Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Re- construction of 1.584km new roads in Graskop	Graskop	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of kms of streets re- constru cted	Tech nical Servi ces	422m of Leibenitz st	R 2 570 474. 59 (Unf und ed)	946m of President st	R 10m (Unfu nded)	946m of President st	R (Unfun ded)	216m of Richardsson st	R (Unfunde d)		
		Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Patching of Potholes	Lydenburg Town & Mashishing	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of m ² of pothole patched	Tech nical Servi ces	Patching of potholes in Lydenburg/Mashishing	R 2 500 000 (TC LM)	Patching of potholes in Lydenburg/Mash ishing	R 10	Patching of potholes in Lydenburg/Mashishin g	R1 500 000 (TCLM)	Patching of potholes in Lydenburg/Mashishin g	R 2 000 000 (TCLM)	Patching of potholes in Lydenburg/Mashishing	R 2 500 000 (TCL M)
P1/W1/2/3/5c/5d/5 e/10/12/14/TS/R/P T	-	Dilapidated road infrastructu re	39540m²	Patching of Potholes	Sabie,Simil e & harmony hill	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of m ² of pothole patched	Tech nical Servi ces	Patching of potholes in Sabie, Simile, Harmony Hill	R 1 250 000 (TC LM)	Patching of potholes in Sabie, Simile, Harmony	000 000 (TCL M)- break	Patching of potholes in Sabie, Simile, Harmony	R 750 000 (TCLM)	Patching of potholes in Sabie, Simile, Harmony	R 1 000 000 (TCLM)	Patching of potholes in Sabie, Simile, Harmony	R 1 250 000 (TCL M)
		Dilapidated road infrastructu re		Patching of Potholes	Graskop	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of m ² of pothole patched	Tech nical Servi ces	Patching of potholes in Graskop	R1 250 000 (TC LM)	Patching of Potholes in Graskop	down	Patching of potholes in Graskop	R 750 000 (TCLM)	Patching of potholes in Graskop	R 1 000 000 (TCLM)	Patching of potholes in Graskop	R 1 250 000 (TCL M)
P2/W7/12/TS/R/F	2km of Voortrek ker & Old Lydenbur g Road out of life span	Dilapidated road infrastructu re	2km of Voortrekk er Str Old Lydenbur g Road by 2026	Facilitate the Refurbishme nt of Voortrekker & Old Lydenburg Road SANRAL/DP W	Ward 7 & 12 (Voortreker road in Lydenburg & Old Lydenburg Road in Sabie)	Impro ved road conditi ons	Date of complet ion	Tech nical Servi ces	Facilitation	-	Facilitation	-	Facilitation	_	Facilitation	_	Facilitation	_

P2/W12/14/TS/SN G/R	_	Dilapidated road signage infrastructu re	1250 of traffic signage boards installed by 2027	Installation of traffic direction signage boards	Ward 01, 02, 03, 05, 12 &14 (Mashishing /Lydenburg Town)	Safe /Clear and impro ved road signag e	Number of Traffic directio n' signage boards installe d	Tech nical Servi ces	Installation/Refurbish ment of Signage boards	R 200 000 (Unf und ed)	Installation/Refur bishment of Signage boards	600 000.0 0(TCL M)	Installation/Refurbish ment of Signage boards 9	R 200 000 (Unfun ded)	Installation/Refurbish ment of Signage boards	R 200 000 (Unfunde d)	Installation/Refurbishm ent of Signage boards	R 200 000 (Unfu nded)
											Roads Master Plan and roads Maintenance Plan	R 1 000 000 (Unfu nded)	-	-	-	-	-	-
P2/W1/2/3/6/7/10/ 12/14	_	Dilapidated road signage infrastructu re	1560 streets names boards refurbish ed by 2027	Refurbishme nt of Street names Boards	Ward 01, 02, 03, 05, 12 &14 (Mashishing /Lydenburg Town)	Safe /Clear and impro ved road signag e	Number of street names board Refurbi shed	Tech nical Servi ces	Installation/refurbishm ent of street names Board	R 100 000 (Unf und ed)	Installation/refur bishment of street names Board	R150 000 (TCL M)	Installation/refurbishm ent of street names Board	R 200 000 (TCLM)	Installation/refurbishm ent of street names Board	R 100 000 (TCLM)	Installation/refurbishme nt of street names Board	R100 000 (TCL M)
P2/W12/TS/R/ST M/UPG	Storm Water drainage system out of service	Dilapidated Roads and Stromwater Infrastructu re	7km of storm water drainage system in Lydenbur g/Mashis hing upgraded by 2027	Uprade of Storm Water drainage system	Lydenburg, Sabie & Graskop	No threat from uncon trolled storm water during heavy rains	Number of km of stormw ater upgrad ed	Tech nical Servi ces	2km Stormwater Upgraded	R 1 000 000 (TC LM)	2km Stormwater upgraded (Purchase/rental of unblocing machine- Technical to advise)	R 2 500 000 (TCL M)	2km Stormwater upgraded	R 2 000 000 (TCLM)	2km Storm Water in Lydenburg	R 2 000 000 (TCLM)	2km Stormwater upgraded	R 2 000 000 (TCL M)
P2/W4/5/8/9/TS/R/ GRDNG	Maintana nce of Gravel Roads	Unsafe Gravel roads	100km roads graded by 2027	Grading of main roads	Ward 02, 04, 05, 08 & 09 (Lydenburg Ext 108, 109 & 110, Klipspruit, Kiwi, Shaga, Draikraal, Kanana, Mogogobeni , Brakeng, Hlapetsi, Mphatho, ratanang, Boromachin e)	Impro ved road safety conditi on	Number of km graded	Tech nical Servi ces	Lydenburg Ext 108, 109 & 110, Klipspruit, Kiwi, Shaga, Draikraal, Kanana, Mogogobeni, Brakeng, Hlapetsi, Mphatho, ratanang, Boromachine	Facil itatio n (DP W)	Lydenburg Ext 108, 109 & 110, Klipspruit, Kiwi, Shaga, Draikraal, Kanana, Mogogobeni, Brakeng, Hlapetsi, Mphatho, ratanang, Boromachine	Facilit ate (DPW)	Lydenburg Ext 108, 109 & 110, Klipspruit, Kiwi, Shaga, Draikraal, Kanana, Mogogobeni, Brakeng, Hlapetsi, Mphatho, ratanang, Boromachine	DPW	Lydenburg Ext 108, 109 & 110, Klipspruit, Kiwi, Shaga, Draikraal, Kanana, Mogogobeni, Brakeng, Hlapetsi, Mphatho, ratanang, Boromachine	DPW(Fac ilitation)	Lydenburg Ext 108, 109 & 110, Klipspruit, Kiwi, Shaga, Draikraal, Kanana, Mogogobeni, Brakeng, Hlapetsi, Mphatho, ratanang, Boromachine	R 0
P2/W1/2/3/8/9/TS/ R/PVNG	Over 20km roads need to be paved	Dilapidated Road conditions	6km paved	Paving of Main roads in Matibidi	Ward 08 (Matibidi)	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of km paved	Tech nical Servi ces	Mohuduwa, Road to Kadishi, Road to clinic at matibidi, road to sewuwe cemetaries, Roads at Ratanang- New Stand, Koporasie, Hlapetsa, Mamorapama, Hlong Road, Dikwateng & Brakeng	R 10m Unfu nde d	Mohuduwa, Road to Kadishi, Road to clinic at matibidi, road to sewuwe cemetaries, Roads at Ratanang-New Stand, Koporasie, Hlapetsa, Mamorapama, Hlong Road, Dikwateng & Brakeng	R 15 m (Unfu nded)	Paving of Main Roads in Matibidi (Didimala Village)	R5 639 345 (MIG)	Mohuduwa, Road to Kadishi, Road to clinic at matibidi, road to sewuwe cemetaries, Roads at Ratanang- New Stand, Koporasie, Hlapetsa, Mamorapama, Hlong Road, Dikwateng & Brakeng	R 10m Unfunded	Mohuduwa, Road to Kadishi, Road to clinic at matibidi, road to sewuwe cemetaries, Roads at Ratanang- New Stand, Koporasie, Hlapetsa, Mamorapama, Hlong Road, Dikwateng & Brakeng	R 10m Unfun ded
	6Km	Dilapidated Road conditions	6km paved	Paving of Main roads in Leroro and Moremela	Ward 09 (Leroro & Moremela)	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of km paved	Tech nical Servi ces	Kanana, Ntshabeleng, Mphato, Luthern Church, Road to LM School, Leroro,Access roads in Morothong, Roads to Cemetaries, Boromachine	Unfu nde d	Kanana, Ntshabeleng, Mphato, Luthern Church, Road to LM School, Leroro,Access roads in Morothong,	Unfun ded	Kanana, Ntshabeleng, Mphato, Luthern Church, Road to LM School, Leroro,Access roads in Morothong, Roads to Cemetaries, Boromachine	Unfun ded	Kanana, Ntshabeleng, Mphato, Luthern Church, Road to LM School, Leroro,Access roads in Morothong, Roads to Cemetaries, Boromachine	Unfunded	Kanana, Ntshabeleng, Mphato, Luthern Church, Road to LM School, Leroro,Access roads in Morothong, Roads to Cemetaries, Boromachine	Unfun ded

	Unsurface roads	d 10km Paved	Paving of roads in Mashishing	Ward 01, 02 & 03	Impro ved road conditi ons	Number of km paved	Tech nical Servi ces	3rd Street (Cnr Onderwys Str towards Ext 8); Mashishing Ext 8 (Taxi Route), Bhambatha Str, Holomisa Str, Main Str, Shaka Str, Nukana STr, Malope Str & Khayelisha Str ; Swik Str, Fifth Str; Meester Str, Sibusiso Street, Skolier Street, 3rd Street	Unfu nde d	Roads to Cemetaries, Boromachine 3rd Street (Cnr Onderwys Str towards Ext 8); Mashishing Ext 8 (Taxi Route), Bhambatha Str, Holomisa Str, Main Str, Shaka Str, Nukana STr, Malope Str & Khayelisha Str; Swik Str, Fifth Str; Meester Str, Sibusiso Street, Skolier Street, 3rd	Unfun ded	3rd Street (Cnr Onderwys Str towards Ext 8); Mashishing Ext 8 (Taxi Route), Bhambatha Str, Holomisa Str, Main Str, Shaka Str, Nukana STr, Malope Str & Khayelisha Str; Swik Str, Fifth Str; Meester Str, Sibusiso Street, Skolier Street, 3rd Street	Unfun ded	3rd Street (Cnr Onderwys Str towards Ext 8); Mashishing Ext 8 (Taxi Route), Bhambatha Str, Holomisa Str, Main Str, Shaka Str, Nukana STr, Malope Str & Khayelisha Str ; Swik Str, Fifth Str; Meester Str, Sibusiso Street, Skolier Street, 3rd Street	Unfunded	3rd Street (Cnr Onderwys Str towards Ext 8); Mashishing Ext 8 (Taxi Route), Bhambatha Str, Holomisa Str, Main Str, Shaka Str, Nukana STr, Malope Str & Khayelisha Str; Swik Str, Fifth Str; Meester Str, Sibusiso Street, Skolier Street, 3rd Street	Unfun ded
P2/W1/2/3/5/6/7/1 0/12/14TS/R	Unsurfac ed/undefi Insufficem ned and unsaf sidewalk side walks s	e for	Maintananc e of streets and sidewalk ways are continuously maintained	Lydenburg Town, Mashishing Town, Kelly's Ville, Graskop, Sabie, Simile & Harmony Hill	Impro ved road safety conditi on for pedes trian and motori sts	Number of km paved	Tech nical Servi ces	Construction of side walk in Graskop	indic ate your esti mat ed cost per year targ et	_	_	-	_	Indicate your annual target	indicate your estimated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target
P2/W1/2/3/5/10/12 /14/TS/R/SPDHM P	Insufficie nt Speed humps	125 speed humps installed by 2027	Installation of speed humps in Lydenburg, Mashishing, sabie and Graskop	Ward 01, 02, 03, 05, 12, 14 (Lydenburg, Sabie & Graskop Towns)	Impro ved road safety conditi on for pedes trian and motori sts	Number of speed hupms installe d	Tech nical Servi ces	31 speedhumps(Lydenbu rg,Mashishing,Sabie,g raskop)	-	31 speedhumps (Lydenburg,Mas hishing,sabie,gr askop) installed by end of June 2027	0	31 speedhumps(Lydenbu rg,Mashishing,sabie,g raskop)	R 50 000 (TCLM)	31 speedhumps(Lydenbu rg,Mashishing,sabie,g raskop)	R 50 000 (TCLM)	32speedhumps(Lydenb urg,Mashishing,sabie,g raskop)	R 250 000 (Unfu nded)
P1						1	1	Focus A	rea: Wa	ater & Sanitation				1 			
										Water Services Development Plan	0						
P1/W08/09/10TS/ W	No water license for bulk water supply planning	Water license obtained by 2026	Water License of Blyde River Canyon Dam	Ward 08, 09 & 10 (Matibidi, Leroro, Moremela, Ngwetsi)	Sustai nable water supply	_	Tech nical Servi ces	Water Licence Planning (WULA, Concept, Viability/Feasibility)	R 2 000 000 (RBI G)	RBIG Application- dependent on the outcome of the current year project (follow up on progress made thus far on the WULA and the masterplans)	R 10 000 000 (RBIG)	Application for RBIG by end of 2027	-	RBIG Application	_	_	Imple menta tion of RBIG
	No sustaina ble bulk water supply	Sustaina ble water supply provided by June 2027	Provide sustainable water supply	Ward 08, 09 & 10 (Matibidi, Leroro, Moremela)	Sustai nable water supply	_	Tech nical Servi ces		3)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_

P1/W4/5/11/13/TS/ W	2 borehole s	Insuffient water supply	100% Provision of water	Installation of boreholes	Ward 04,05,11,13 (Brondal, Sipsop, Orhigstad Dam, Spekboom, Draaikraal, Shaga, Kiwi, Boschfontei n, Badfontein)	Impro ved acces s to water supply	Number of househ olds with access to sustain able water supply	Tech nical Servi ces	2 boreholes by end of June 2023	R 1 000 000 (TC LM)	2 boreholes installed by end of June 2027	R 3 000	_	_	_	_	_	_
P1/W4/5/8/9/11/13 TS/W	Borehole s out of service		Borehole s maintana ned by end Juneof 2027	Maintananc e of boreholes	Ward 04,05,08,09 ,11,13 (Brondal, Sipsop, Orhigstad Dam, Spekboom, Draaikraal, Shaga, Kiwi, Boschfontei n, Badfontein)	Impro ved acces s to water supply	Number of borehol es maintan aned	Tech nical Servi ces	2 Maintained Boreholes by end of June 2023	R 500 000 (TC LM)	Boreholes Maintained by end of June 2027	000 (TCL M)	2 Maintanance of Boreholes	R 500 000 (TCLM)	2 Maintanance of Boreholes	R 500 000 (TCLM)	2 Maintanance of Boreholes	R 500 000 (TCL M)
P1/W/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 /10/12/14//TS/W	_	Limited households billed for water	6000 water meters installed by 2027	Installation of water meters	Lydenburg, Sabie & Graskop	All Water servic es suppli ed accou nted for	Number of water meters devices installe d	Tech nical Servi ces	2000 water meter devices installed by June 2023	R 3 000 000 (Unf und ed)	Installed of 2000 water meter devices by end of June 2027	0	Installation of 2000 water meter devices	_	Installation of 2000 water meter devices	_		_
P2/W6/7/TS	Indicate current staus (eg quantity)		Indicate your 5yr target	Water meter audits in Lydenburg/ Mashishing/ Sabie and Graskop	Ward 12,14 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 01, 02, 03 & 05 (Mashsishin g Township), Ward 06 & 07 (Sabie & Simile) & Ward 10 Graskop)		Number of meters	Tech nical Servi ces	Indicate your annual target	indic ate your esti mat ed cost per year targ et	Indicate your annual target	indica te your estim ated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicate your estimated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target
P2/W6/7/TS	Indicate current staus (eg quantity)		Indicate your 5yr target	Maintenanc e of xxxx(indicat e the quantity) boreholes in Draaikral, Shagan, Kiwi, Spekbom, Matibidi, Leroro and Moremela	Ward 05 (Draikraal, Kiwi, Shaga), Ward 13 (Spekboom) , Ward 08 (Matibidi) & Ward 09 Leroro & Moremela)		Number of borehol es	Tech nical Servi ces	Indicate your annual target	indic ate your esti mat ed cost per year targ et	Indicate your annual target	indica te your estim ated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicate your estimated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target
P2/W6/7/TS P1	Indicate current staus (eg quantity)		Indicate your 5yr target	Conduct water quality tests on a monthly basis	Lydenburg Water treatment works		Freque cny	Tech nical Servi ces	Indicate your annual target	indic ate your esti mat ed cost per year targ et	Indicate your annual target	indica te your estim ated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicate your estimated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target

P1/W/02/10/TS/S - household s not connected - ces - kt 05) - kt 05) -	Household s not connected for sewer-Sewer network connection in Graskop Ext 05Ward 10 (Graskop Ext 05)Impro ved acces s to sever edTech nical Servi cesR4 106 157 (MI G) <th>P1/W/02/10/TS/S</th> <th>_</th> <th>s not connected for sewer Household s not connected</th> <th></th> <th>network connection in Graskop Ext 05 Sewer network connection</th> <th>Ward 10 (Graskop Ext 05) Ward 02</th> <th>ved acces s to sewer servic es Impro ved acces s to</th> <th>complet ed % complet</th> <th>nical Servi ces Tech nical Servi</th> <th>Reticulation Project Provision of Sewer Reticulation at</th> <th>106 157 (MI G) R 17 076 366</th> <th>Sewer Reticulation at</th> <th>R12 000 000</th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th></th> <th>_</th> <th>_</th>	P1/W/02/10/TS/S	_	s not connected for sewer Household s not connected		network connection in Graskop Ext 05 Sewer network connection	Ward 10 (Graskop Ext 05) Ward 02	ved acces s to sewer servic es Impro ved acces s to	complet ed % complet	nical Servi ces Tech nical Servi	Reticulation Project Provision of Sewer Reticulation at	106 157 (MI G) R 17 076 366	Sewer Reticulation at	R12 000 000	_		_		_	_
P1/W/1/2/3/5/12/1 4/TS/S - Blocked sewer ms - Upgrading swer ms - Ward 01, 02, 03, 5, 12 & 14 (Mashishing Mashishing EXT 7 Sewer R 3 500 (WS sewer Recticulation - - Mashishing Ext 6 Sewer Gavity Line R12M Upgrading of Deep Gat Pump station R4M Upgrading of pump station	Household s not Sewer network s not Number bing Sewer Network Sewer Network Number bing Sewer Network Sewer Number bing Sewer Number bing Sewer Number bing Sewer		_	for sewer Blocked sewer lines/syste		Mashishing Ext 8 Upgrading of sewer lines in Lydenburg, Sabie &) Ward 01, 02, 03 ,5, 12 & 14	sewer servic es Impro ved acces s to sewer servic	ed % complet	ces Tech nical Servi	Mashishing X8 Mashishing EXT 7	(MI G) R 3 500 000		(MIG)						R4I
4/TS/S - Lydenburg, Sabie & Lydenburg, Sabie & Store completed Servi Ces Server Recticulation (WS) Sewer Gravity Line Gat Pump station Gat Pump station station station	- Household s not connected for sewer - Sewer network connection for sewer Ward 02 (Mashishing Ext 8 Ward 02 (Mashishing) Ward 02 (Mashishing) Ward 02 (Mashishing X8 Ward 02 (Mashishing X8 Provision of Sewer Reticulation at Mashishing X8 Provision of Sewer Reticulation at Mashishing X8 R 17 076 366 (MI G) Provision of Sewer Reticulation at Mashishing X8 R 12 000 000 (MIG) -<		-	lines/syste	-	Lydenburg,		sewer		Servi		(WS	_	- R40 000		R12M		R4M		R4
Household s not connection Sewer network Ward 10 Graskop) Impro ved acces Tech nical complet Tech nical Service R4 106 157 Impro service R4 106 157		1/W/6/7/10/TS/S	_	Dilapidated /Vandalise d sewer treatment plants (Sewer Spillages)	100% refurbish ed sewer treatment plants	Refurbishme nt of Sewer Treatment Plants and pipeline networks in Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie/Simile	Ward 12,14 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 01, 02, 03 & 05 (Mashsishin g Township), Ward 06 & 07 (Sabie & Similo 8	Impro ved acces s to sewer servic es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Refurbishment of Lydenburg WWTP	R 7 119 730, 57 (MI G)	Upgrade of Graskop Sewer Stations	Alloca te funds- sourc e funds	Upgrade of Graskop Sewer Stations	R4M	Upgrade of Graskop Sewer Stations	R5M	_	-
P1/W/6/7/10/TS/S - Dilapidated Vandalise d sewer returnent plants (Sewer Spillages) 100% refurbishment plants (Sewer sold Refurbishment of sold Tech constitution Tech result sever Tech result sever Refurbishment of constitution Lugarade of Graskop Alloca tube Upgrade of Graskop Sever R4M Upgrade of Graskop Sever Stations R5M	I/W/6/7/10/TS/SRefurbishme nt of Sewer Treatment Plants and of Sewer treatment (Sewer Spillages)Refurbishme nt of Sewer Treatment (Mashishing, Sabie/Simile(Lydenburg Town), Plants of Sewer of Sewer of Sewer of Sewer of Sewer of Sewer spillagesRefurbishme not (Lydenburg/ Sewer (Mashishing, Sabie/SimileRefurbishme of Cashe & edLydenburg of Cashe & edTech nical Sewer edRefurbishment of LydenburgNAlloca te treatment edNUpgrade of Graskop Sewer Sewer Sewer Sewer StationsR4MUpgrade of Graskop Sewer StationsR5M-	P1/TS	-		_	Fencing of WWTP in Graskop	Ward 10 (Graskop)		Fenced Grasko p WWTP by end of June 2021	Tech nical Servi ces					Fenced WWTP of Graskop by end of June 2027	R 910 615 (Unfun ded)	-	_	-	_
P1/TS	$\frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1000$	P1/TS	_		_	Fencing of WWTP in Sabie	Ward 06&07 (Sabie)		Fenced Sabie WWTP by end of June 2020	Tech nical Servi ces					Fenced WWTP of Sabie by end of June 2027	R 1 426 817.27 (unfun ded)	_	_	_	_
1/13 - - - Fencing of WVTP in Sable Ward (Sable) Ward (D (Sable)	$\frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1000} \frac{1}{1000$	1/TS	-		_	Fencing of WTP in Lydenburg	Ward 05c (Lydenburg)		Fenced Lydenb urg WWTP by end of June 2027	Tech nical Servi ces					Fencing of WTP of Lydenburg by end of June 2027	R 1 922 408.93 (Unfun ded)	-	_	-	_

						mente d												
P3/W/1/2/3/5/12/1 4/TS/E	Insufficie nt supply capacity	Newly commissio ned/constr ucted substation	100% Supply of electricity	Maintenanc e of Duma Substation	Ward 12&14 (Lydenburg Town)	Regul ar and sustai nable electic al supply	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Contracted service	R 25 000 000 (TC LM)	Contracted service	36 000 000.0 0 (TCL M)	Contracted service	PPP	PPP	РРР	РРР	PP
4/15/E	Insuffient Bulk Supply	insuffueunc t supply of electricity	_	Procuremen t of Sub- Station	Ward 05c (Kelly's Ville)	Regul ar supply of elecrri city	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	100% (Procurement and installation of substaion concluded by June 2018)	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	PP
P3/W/1/2/3/5/6/7/1 0/12/14/TS/E	_		17000 split meters	Installation of (5 667 annually) 17 000 split smart meters	All wards (All areas)	Electri city fully acoun ted for/Re duce distrib ution losses	Number of househ olds with installe d split meters	Tech nical Servi ces	РРР	PPP	РРР	PPP	РРР	РРР	РРР	РРР	РРР	PP
	3535	Household s not	3535 Househol ds electrified	Electricity connection of households		impro ved acces s to electri city	Numebr of househ olds connect ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Electrification of 150HH in Graskop(Hostel)	R 2 777 702 (INE P)	241HH electrified by end of June 2027	R 3 735 500 (INEP)	775HH to be electrified in Phola Park	R 12 800 000 (INEP)	250HH to be electrified in Masgisging	R 4 448 000 (INEP)	500HH to be electrified in Mashishing	R 8,5 00 (T(M)
P3/W/1/2/3/5/7/10/ 12/3/TS/E		connected for electricity (New Developme nts and informal settlements		Electricity connection of households	Ward 01, 02, 03, 5, 10, 12 & 14 (Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie & Graskop)	100% house holds conne cted	Numebr of househ olds connect ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Electrification of 220HH in Phola Park, Electrification of 190HH in Nkanini Phase 3; Electrification of 220HH in Manjenje Phase 1	R 11 666 712 (INE P)	Electrification of 220 HH in Manjenje (phase 2)	R 4 180 000 (TCL M)	_	_	_	_	_	
)		Electricity connection of households			Numebr of househ olds connect ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Electrification of 80HH in Mashishing EXT 108	R 5 000 000 (INE P)	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
P3/W/1/2/3/4/5/6/7 /8/9/10/11/12/13/1 4/TS/E	Street lights out of service	Dysfunctio nal streetlights	1400 Streetligh ts and 10 high mast maintaine d by 2027	Maintananc e of streetlights	Ward 12,14 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 01, 02, 03 & 05 (Mashsishin g Township), Ward 06 & 07 (Sabie & Simile) & Ward 10 Graskop), Ward 08 (Matibidi), Ward 09 (Leroro & Moremela)	100% Functi onal streetli ghts to promo te safety	Number of streetsli ghts repaied /globe replace d	Tech nical Servi ces	Refurbishment/mainte nance of streetlights	_	Streetlights/High mastlights maintained (quantify)	R 1 500 000 (TCL M)	500 in Lydenburg/Mashishin 9	R 2 000 000 (TCLM)	300 in Graskop	R 1000 000 (TCLM)	R 200 in Leroro & Moremela	R 100 000 (TC M)
P3/W/1/2/3/5/6/7/1 0/12/14/TS/E	Ageing Infrastruc ture	Dilapidated overheadli nes	25KM of overhead lines replaced	Electricity overhead lines replacement	Ward 1,2,3,6,7,10 , 12&14	Impro ved conditi on of elecric al infrast	Length of overhe ad lines replace d	Tech nical Servi ces	2km overhead lines replaced in TCLM by end of June 2023	R1 500 000. 00 (TC LM)	5KM of overhead lines replaced in TCLM by end of June 2024	R2 500 000 (TCL M)	5KM of overhead lines replaced in TCLM	R2,20 0,000. 00 (TCLM)	5KM of overhead lines replaced in TCLM	R2,200,0 00.00(TC LM)	5KM of overhead lines replaced in TCLM	R2, 0,0 00 (TC M)



								_			_							
						ructur e Impro												
3/W/6/7/10/12/14 ⁻ S/E	Ageing Infrastruc ture	Dilapidated electrical poles	348 electricity poles replaced	Replacemen t of electricity poles	Ward 1,2,3,6,7,10 , 12&14	ved conditi on of elecric al infrast ructur e	Number of electrici ty poles replace d	Tech nical Servi ces	20 electricity poles replaced by end of June 2023	R 1 000 000. 00 (TC LM)	70 electricity poles replaced by end of June 2024	R 1 500 000 (TCL M)	70 electricity poles replaced	R 1 550,00 0 (TCLM)	70 electricity poles replaced	R 770,000 (TCLM)	70 electricity poles replaced	R 1 600,0 00 (TCL M)
P5			1		l	e		1	Focus	Area: F	Public Facilities		1					
5/W/6/7/10/12/14 CS/PF	All parks out of maintana nce	Dilapidated public facilities	Refurbish ment of public park (Golf Course), Indian Centre, Kelly's Ville,Spar a Rama & Drier street	Refurbishme nt of public parks in Lydenburg, Sabie & Graskop	Ward 12,14 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 01, 02, 03 & 05 (Mashsishin g Township), Ward 06 & 07 (Sabie & Simile) & Ward 10 Graskop)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	Lydenb urg public park refurbis hed by end of June 2027	Com muni ty Servi ces	100% (Refurbishment of public park in Lydenburg completed by end of June 2023)- Kellysville and Lydenburg Ext 2	R 500 000 (TC LM)	Refurbished of 2 public park in Sabie and one in Graskop (Simile & Sabie Town)	R500 000 (TCL M)	Refurbishment of Public Parks in Coromandel and Lydenburg (Beetge Str)	R 500 000 (TCLM)	Refurbishment of public park Kelly's Ville, Sabie	R 500 000(TCL M)	Refurbishment of public park in Indian Centre	R 500 000(T CLM)
5/W/6/7/10/12/14 :S/PF			_	Refurbishme nt of recreatinal facilities in Lydenburg, Mashishing & Sabie	Ward 12,14 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 01, 02, 03 & 05 (Mashsishin g Township), Ward 06 & 07 (Sabie)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	Number of recreati onal Facilitie s maintai ned	Com muni ty Servi ces	_	_	Refurbished of Lydenburg Recreational centre by end of June 2024	0	Refurbishment of Bambani Recreational centre	R 200 000 (TCLM)	_	_	_	_
5/W/6/7/10/12/14 S/PF			3	Refurbishme nt of community Halls	Ward 12,14 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 06 & 07 (Simile), Ward 10 (Graskop), Ward 09 (Leroro & Moremela)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	Number of commu nity Halls maintai ned	Com muni ty Servi ces	02 Community Halls (Moremela and Leroro) by end of June 2023	R 400 000 (TC LM)	01 Community Hall of Simile refurbished by end of June 2027	0	02 Community Halls (Moremela and Leroro) by end of June 2020	R 400 000 (TCLM)	01 Graskop Public Hall by end of June 2021	R 300 000 (TCLM)	01 Community Halls (Lydenburg) by end of June 2027	R 50 000 (TCL M)
5/W/5/10/CS/PF			_	Refurbishme nt ofKelly's Ville , Coromandel , Matibidi, Simile, Harmony Hill soccer ground	Ward 04 (Coromand el), Ward 05 (Kelly's Ville), Ward 06 (Simile), Ward 07 (Harmony Hill), Ward 10 (Graskop), Ward 08 (Matibidi)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	_	_	Rufurbished Kelly's Ville soccer field by end of June 2027	R 0	Rufurbishment of Ext 02 soccer field	R 400 000 (TCLM)	Rufurbishment of Coromandel soccer field	R400 000n (TCLM)	Rufurbishment of Harmony Hill soccer field	R100 000 (TCI M)
5/W/4/CS/PF	_		_	Construction of Coromandel Community Hall	Ward 04 (Coromand el)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	_	_	Constructed Coromandel Community Hall by end of June 2027	0	_	_	_	_	_	_
5/W/6/CS/PF	_		_	Upgrading of Mashishing/ Lydenburg/S imile Stadium	Ward 06 (Simile) &	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	-	-	Construction of Simile Stadium (Phase 3) constructed by end of June 2024	R 0,00	Construction of Simile Stadium (Phase 3) constructed by end of June 2024	R 92441 67 (MIG)	_	_	_	_

	-		-	Refurbishme nt of Leroro Stadium	Ward 09 (Leroro)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	_	-	Upgrading of Leroro Stadium (Phase 2)	RO	Upgrading of Stadium by end of 2020	R 9 936 323.82 (MIG)	_	-	-	_
P5/W/5/10/CS/PF	Indicate current staus (eg quantity)		Indicate your 5yr target	Implementat ion of public facility by- law	All wards (All areas)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Upgrading (Phase 01)	indic ate your esti mat ed cost per year targ et	Indicate your annual target	indica te your estim ated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicate your estimated cost per year target	Indicate your annual target	indicat e your estima ted cost per year target
P5/W/1/5/6/8/9/10/ CS/PF	-		100% Maintanin ed cemetari es	Cleaning of cemeteries in Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie/Simile , Graskop, Leroro, Moremela and Matibidi	Ward 01 (Mashishing Cemetry), Ward 06 (Simile), Ward 10 (Graskop), Ward 09 (Moremela & Leroro) & Ward 08 (Matibidi)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Cleaning & Prunning of Cemetaries	R 1 000 000(TCL M)	Cleaning, Prunning of Cemetarier and grass cutting on servitudes	R 1 000 000 (TCL M)	Cleaning & Prunning of Cemetaries	R 1 000 000 (TCLM)	Cleaning & Prunning of Cernetaries	R 1 000 000 (TCLM)	Cleaning & Prunning of Cemetaries	R 1 000 000 (TCL M)
P5/W/5/10/CS/PF	-		3 Cemetari es Fenced	Fencing of 3 Cemetaries in Northern Ares & Lydenburg/ Mashishing	Sewuwe (Ward 08), Moremela (09), Lydenburg/ Mashishing	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	-	-	-	-	Fencing of Sewuwe Cemetary	R 8m (MIG)	Fencing of Moremela & Old Lydenburg Cemetary			
	-		_	Upgrading of Mashishing Stadium	Ward 01,02,03,05 (Mashishing /Lydenburg)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	_	_	Mashakeng Stadium Upgraded by end of June 2027	0	Mashakeng Stadium Upgraded by end of June 2027	R 9 000 000 (RFMI G)	_	-	_	-
P5/W/12/14/10/9/C S/PF	5 Taxi rank in compleu sable state in Lydenbur g, Sabie, Graskop & Leroro	No desidnated taxi ranks and some are not in a conducive condition	Four (04) Taxi Rank Construct ed & Refurbish ed by 2027 June	Constructing & Refurbishme nt of Taxi Ranks	Ward 12 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 07 (Sabie Town), Ward 10 (Graskop) & Ward 09 (Leroro)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	% complet ed	Tech nical Servi ces	Land Acquisition for Taxi Rank in Lydenburg Town by end of June 2023	Ope x	Development of designs/Concept Plans/Infrastruct ure Development Plan for Taxi Rank in Lydenburg Town by end of June 2024	EDM	01 Taxi Rank constructed in Lydenburg Ward 12 by end of June 2027	R1 000 000 (TCLM)	Establisment of Taxi rank Ward 07	R1 000 000	Refurbishment of Taxi rank in Graskop/ Establishment of Taxi rank Ward 01, Establisment of Taxi rank Ward 01	R1 000 000
	_	Vandalised ablution facilities in cemetaries	_	Construction of Toilets for Cemetries	Ward 12 (Lydenburg Town), Ward 07 (Sabie Town), Ward 5 (Shaga Cemetary, Kellysville Cemetary Draaikraal, Boschfontei n,	Impro ved acces s to sanitat ion in cemet aries	Number of portions of land identifie d	Com muni ty Servi ces	4 Toilets Constructed in Cemetaries	R 150 000 (Unf und ed)	2Toilets constructed by end of June 2027	0	3 Toilets Constructed by June 2015	R 100 000 (TCLM)	2 Toilets Constructed by June 2026	R 150 000 (TCLM)	_	_
					Énkeldoring , Majubane, & Majenje), Ward 08 (Seuwe, Mamorapa													

					ma, Apara, Hlapetsa, Mahuduwa & Didimala Cemetaries)													
P5/W1/2/3/12/14	-	Unfenced cemetaries	_	Fencing of old cemetries	Ward 01, 02, 03, 06 (Lydenburg/ Mashishing)	Impro ved outloo k of public faciliti es	Number of cemetri es to be fenced	Com muni ty Servi ces	Fencing of Cemetaries	-	Fencing of Harmony Hill Cemetary	R 0	_	_	_	_	_	_
P5/W7/6/10	-	Cemetaries are reaching their full capacity in Sabie and Graskop	-	Identification of Cemetries Land & Conduct EIA	Ward 01, 02, 03, 06, 07, 08, 09 & 10 (Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie [Hamorny Hill] Graskop,)	Suffici ent acces s to burial sites for comm unity	EIA conduct ed on identifie d cemetri es in Mashsi shing and Harmin y Hill	Com muni ty Servi ces	Conduct analysis for cemetary extensions		Extenstion of cemetary in Graskop (EIA and Pegging of site)	R 0	1 fenced by end of June 2020	R 0	1 fenced by end of June 2021	R 0	-	R 0
P4	-				•				Focus Area: Env	/ironme	nt & Waste Manag	ement						
P4/W/6/7/12/14/10 /8/CS/PF	No campa	ig	60 campaign s held by	Conducting of clean your town	All Wards (All areas)	Impro ved outloo k of the munici pality	Number of No Litering Signag es procure d and installe d	Com muni ty Servi ces	Procurement of No Litering Signage	R 400 000 (TC LM)	25 No Littering Singages boards procured and installed by end of June 2027	R 200 000 (TCL M)	_	_	Procurement of no litering signage	R 100 000 (TCLM)	Procurement of No Litering Signage	R 100 000(T CLM)
	nctruce Development	d	2027	campaigns	(All aleas)	to promo te invest ment	Number of Campai gns held by end of June 2027	Com muni ty Servi ces	12 campaigns by end of June 2018	500 00 (TC LM)	12 campaigns held by end of June 2027	R 0	12 campaigns	R 50 000 (TCLM)	12 campaigns	50000 (TCLM)	12 campaigns	50000 (TCL M)
P4/W/2/5/7/6/10/C S	Service Delivery & Infrastructure on on o		Extensio n of waste collection in Nkandla, Marikana &Manjenj e by 2027	Extension of waste collection in Nkandla, Marikana & Manjenje	Ward 02 (Nkandla), Ward 05 (Marikana & Manjenje)	Impro ved acces s to basic servic es	Number of Areas covered by end of June 2027	Com muni ty Servi ces	_	_	Procurement of 3 Skip bin Loader Trucks	0	_	_	_	_	Extension of waste	R 0
P4/W/8/9/CS/WM	No collect in rur areas the munici ity	al the farms and	80% waste collection in TCLM by 2020	Implementat ion of watse managemen t (Northern Areas, Brondal, Shaga, Draaikraal, Kiwi, Boschfontei n) by end of June 2027	Ward 11 (Brondal), Ward 04 (Badfontein) , Ward 5 (Kiwi, Shaga, Draaikraal), Ward 08 (Matibid) & Ward 09 (Moremela & Leroro)	Impro ved acces s to basic servic es	Number vilages covered with waste collecti on and amang ement by end of June 2027	Com muni ty Servi ces			Implemented watse management - By collecting waste and recycling through SMMEs in allareas (Northern Areas, Brondal, Shaga, Draaikraal, Kiwi and Boschfontein)	0	_	_	_	_	_	

										Starting from December 2023 till end of June 2027							
			Workshop the SMMEs on IWMP & its By-Law		Reduc ed level of unem ploym ent	Number of worksh ops conduct ed by end of June	Com muni ty Servi ces	100% (Identified potential & Established of SMMEs by June 2018)	R 0	02 Workshoped SMMEs on IWMP & its By- Law by end of June 2027	R 0	02 SMME workshops (Northern Areas, Brondal, Shaga, Draaikraal, Kiwi, Boschfontein) by end of December 2018	R 100 000 (TCLM)	support for the SMMEs	150 000 (TCLM)	support for the SMMEs	150 000 (TCL M)
P4/W/1/2/3/6/7/10/ 12/14/CS/WM	80 bins procured		Procuremen t of portable waste bins/Skip Bins in Lydenburg, Sabie and Graskop, Northern Areas	Ward 01 (Mashishing) & Ward 14 (Lydenburg Town)	Creati ng a clean and safe enviro nment	2027 Number of portabl e bins procure d by end of June 2027	Com muni ty Servi ces	-		Procurement of Skip Bins	R 0	-	-	-	-	-	-
P4/W/1/14/CS/WM	_	Eradicati on of illegal dumping sites by end of June 2027	Rehabilitate illegal dumping sites in Mashishing and Lydenburg Town	Ward 01 (Mashishing) & Ward 14 (Lydenburg Town)	Creati ng a clean and safe enviro nment	Number of illegal dumpin g sites rehabilit ated by end of June 2027	Com muni ty Servi ces	100% (Cleaning of illegal dumping sites completed by end of June 2018)	R 700 000 (TC LM)	12 Cleaned and rehabilitated illegal dumping sites by end of June 2027	1 000 000.0 0	12 Cleaning and rehabilitation of illegal dumping sites	R 0	_	_	_	_
										Develop a risk reduction strategy & Climate change adaptation	Amos must advis e how this shoul d be done or shoul d be pushe d to the outer years. It has come up in our analy sis report s						
P4/W/1/CS/WM	No complian ce to IWMP	Construct ion of buy-back centre by end of 2027	Construction of Buyback centre	Ward 01,02, 03, 12 & 14 (Mashishing /Lydenburg)	Creati ng a clean and safe enviro nment	% complet ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	Construction of buy back centre	R 200 000 (TCL M)	Construction of a Buy back centre	R 14 803 632	Construction of Buyback centre Phase 2	R 9 000 000 (MIG)	100% (Fenced buyback centre by end fo June 2018)	R 300 000 (TCLM)	_	_

								A CONTRACTOR OF									
P4/W/AW/CS/WM	IWMP will be out of date by August 2017	IWMP reviewed	Review of IWMP & by- law	All Wards (All areas)		% complet ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	Reviewd IWMP & By- law	-	_	-		_	_	-	_	_
	Unfence					Fencing of Grasko p Landfill site complet ed by end of June 2027	Tech nical Servi ces			Fenced Existing land fill site in Graskop by end of June 2027	-	_	_	_	_	_	_
P4/W/1/14/CS/LFS	d Landfill site Establish ment of Landfill site in the Northern areas & Sabie	-	Fencing of Landfill sites Establishme nt of Landfill site in the Northern areas & Sabie	Ward 07 (Sabie Town) & Ward 10 (Graskop)		Closure of Sabie Landfill site & Obtain Licence for new landfill site		Rehabilitation/Environ mental Manageemnt		Rehabilitation/E nvironmental Manageemnt	0	Rehabilitation/Environ mental Manageemnt		Rehabilitation/Environ mental Manageemnt		Rehabilitation/Environ mental Manageemnt	
						Fencing of Simile Landfill site complet ed by end of June 2020	Tech nical Servi ces			Fenced Existing Land fill site in Simile by end of June 2027	-			_	_	_	_
SO2								Realisation of harmonio				pality					
P10		Facilitate	1	_		-	1	Focus Area: Int	egrated	Development Plan	ning				_		
P10/W/04/5/13/LE DP/IDP	_	Facilitate prive public partnersh ip in privately owned land	Land Tenure Upgrade	Ward 13, 11, 04, 05 (Farm Areas)	Sustai nable huma n settle ments	Number of Farm Villages facilitat ed	LED & Plan ning	2		2	R 500 000 (TCL M)	2	_	2	_	2	
	& Public Participation	8	Alignment of Developmen t Contribution	All Wards	Secur e fundin g for servic e deliver y develo pment	Number Private develop ment initiativ es contribu tions Aligned	LED & Plan ning	2		2	Opex	2	Opex	2	Opex	2	Opex
	Good Governance	8	Funding Application (Grant Sourcing for Developmen t programmes)	Institutional	Secur e fundin g for servic e deliver y develo pment	Number of Funder s secured	LED & Plan ning	2		2	Opex	2	Opex	2	Opex	2	Opex
	_	16	IDP/Budget Process plan Implementat ion	Institutional	A well inform ed and partici pating	Number of phases complet ed	LED & Plan ning	04 by end of June 2027	R 200 000 (TC LM)	04 by end of June 2027	R500 000 (TCL M)	04 by end of June 2020	Opex	04 by end of June 2021	Opex	04 by end of June 2027	Opex

								4.00									
P11					comm unity in local gover nment matter s			Focus	Area: S	patial Planning							
P11/W/2/LEDP/SP	_	3892 stands to be made available		Ward 02 (Lydenburg Extension 108 - 116)	ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	РРР	PPP	РРР	PPP	РРР	PPP	РРР	PPP	РРР	PPP
P11/W/2/LEDP/SP	Indicate current staus (eg quantity)	210 Stands	Establishme nt of Townships	Sabie (Simile=Are a 02)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	Township Establishment/Facilitat ion of formalisation	R 1 000 000 (Unf und ed)	Township Establishment (Brondal) & Spekboom	R 1 000 000 (Unfu nded)	Installation of services/Request for installation	DHS	Construction of RDP Houses	DHS	N/A	N/A
P11/A/W/LEDP/SP	Rationale –	02 Township establish ed by end of June 2027		Ward 09 (Leroro A&B)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	Number of Townsh ip Establis hed	LED & Plan ning	-	-	-	-	Rectification of Township	R 600 000 (TCLM)	_	_	_	-
P11/W/6/LEDP/SP	Spatial Planning & R	415 Stands	Formalizatio n of Simile informal settlement	Ward 06 (Sabie (Simile=Are a 04 & 05)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	-	-	Request for installation of services	DHS	Installation/Request of Services	DHS	Construction of RDP Houses	DHS	_	_
P11/W/1/5/LEDP/ SP	_	1980 Stands	Formalisatioi n of Informal Settlement in Lydenburg	Ward 1 (Mashishing), Ward 03 (Marikana) & Ward 5 (Majenje)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	N/A	(DH S)	Facilitation of the Formalisation	DHS	Facilitation of the Formalisation	DHS	Facilitation of the Formalisation	DHS	N/A	N/A
P11/W/10/LEDP/S P	_	178 Stands	Formalisatio n of informal settlements in Graskop Hostel	Ward 10 (Graskop Hostels)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	_	_	Graskop Hostel informal settlemnt formalised by end of June 2027	-	Graskop Hostel informal settlemnt formalised by end of June 2020	R 700 000 (TCLM)	_	_	_	_
P11/W/13/LEDP/S P	_	_	Formalisatio n of NewTown in Pilgrims Rest	Ward 13 (NewTown in Pilgrims Rest)	Availa ble servic ed sites	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

					for huma n settle ments												
911/W/7/LEDP/SP	_	1092 Stands	Establishme nt Township in Fok Fok (Phola Park) in Harmony Hill	Ward 07 (Sabie (Fok Fok/Phola Park in Harmony Hill)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	Facilitation of the Formalisation	DHS	Facilitation of the Formalisation	DHS	-	DHS	Facilitation of the Formalisation	DHS	N/A	N/
11/W/3/LEDP/SP	_	± 50 Stands	Subdivision of Everns	Ward 01,02,03,05 d&e, 06,07,10,12 ,14 (Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie & Graskop)	Availa ble servic ed sites for huma n settle ments	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	Subdivision of Everns	R 1 000 000 (TC LM)	Subdivision of Everns	R3 000 000.0 0 (TCL M)	Subdivision of Everns	R 2 100 000 (TCLM)	Subdivision of Everns	R 2 200 000 (TCLM)	_	-
11/W/AW/LEDP/ P	_	Develop ment of Outdoor advertise ment by- law	Developmen t of by-laws	All Wards (All areas)	Full imple menta tion of the By law	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	100% (Land use by- law developed and approved by council by end of June 2018)	R 150 000 (TC LM)	Development of Land Invasion By-Law	-	-	_	-	_	_	_
11/W/1/2/3/5/12/ 4/LEDP/SP	_	Precinct Plan Develope d	Developmen t of Precinct Plan (Lydenburg)	Ward 01,02,03,05 ,12&14 (Mashishing /Lydenburg)	Full imple menta tion of the SDF	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	-	_	Precinct Plan developed and approved by end of June 2027	R800 000.0 0 (TCL M)	Precinct Plan developed and approved by end of June 2027	_	Precinct Plan developed and approved by end of June 2027	-	Precinct Plan developed and approved by end of June 2027	-
11/Institutional/S LUM		Reviewe d Spatial Develop ment Framewo rk (SDF)	Review of the SDF	Institutional		% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	SDF Reviwed	R 800 000 (Unf und ed)	SDF Reviwed	DAR DLEA						
11/W/AW/LEDP/ P	_	Wall to wall Scheme Reviewe d	Review of Wall to Wall Scheme	All Wards (All areas)	Full imple menta tion of the Sche me	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11/W/6/LEDP/SP	_	Township Establish	Township Establishme	Ward 11		% complet ed	LED &	Facilitation of land acquisition	DHS	Township Establishment (Land Acquistion)	DHS	Township Establishment	R 1 200 000 (TCLM)	Township Establishment	R 600 000 (TCLM)	N/A	N/A
		ed in Ward 11	nt in Ward 11	(Brondal)		% complet ed	Plan ning	Procurement of Land for Borndal Community	R (Unf und ed)	_	-	-	_	-	_	_	-
		Credible Building control system and back up	Building control System and back up	All wards	Reliab le buildin g contro l syste m	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	-	-	Procurement of an electronical Building plan evaluation system (Phase 1)	R 500 000.0 0 (TCL M)	Procurement of an electronical Building plan evaluation system (Phase 2)	R800 000.00 (TCLM)				
11/W/AW/LEDP/ P	-	An Integrate d GIS System linked	GIS Linkage to municipal system	All Wards (All areas)	Achie ve a consol idated institut ional syste	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	-	_	Linkage of GIS to municpal system conluded by end of June 2027	_	Maintance	R 1 50 000 (TCLM)	Maintance	R 1 50 000 (TCLM)	-	-

										and the part of the									
							m via GIS												
SO3																			
												e and financial viat							
P10 P10/INST/FS/RE/ VAT		_	00 re d	100 00 000 ecovere by end f 2027	VAT Recovery (Contracted Services)	Institutional	Impro ved collect ion rate	Amount of Money recover ed	Fina nce	Focus Are	ea: Reve	nue Enhancement R 25 000 000 recovered by end of June 2027	OPEX	R 25 000 000 recovered by end of June 2027	R 3 150 000 (TCLM)	R 25 000 000 recovered by end of June 2027	R 3 150 000 (TCLM)	R 25 000 000 recovered by end of June 2027	R 3 150 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/FS/RE/ ELTRDISC		_		_	Disconnecti on services (Contracted Services)	Institutional	Impro ved collect ion rate	Amount of Money recover ed	Fina nce		R 399 996 (TC LM)	?	R 3 000 0000 (TCL M)	?	R 1 800 0000 (TCLM)	?	R 1 800 0000 (TCLM)	?	R 1 800 0000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/FS/RE/ WS		-		-	Water Services billing	Institutional	Accou nted billing of servic es	Number properti es billed for water service s consum ption	Fina nce			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	ability	-		-	Water services sales	Institutional		Amount of Money collecte d on water service s sales	Fina nce			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
P10/INST/FS/RE/	ial Management & Viability	-		-	Electricity Services billing	Institutional		Number properti es billed for electrici ty consum	Fina nce			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
ELTRS	Financial	-		-	Electricity Services sales	Institutional		ption Amount of Money collecte d from electrici ty service	Fina nce			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
P10/INST/FS/RE/		-		_	Refuse Services billing	Institutional		s sales Number properti es billed for refuse collecti on service	Fina nce			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
REFS		-		-	Refuse Services sales	Institutional		s Amount of Money collecte d on refuse collecti on sales	Fina nce			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?

P10/INST/FS/RE/ RTS	_	_	Property Rates Billing	Institutional		Number properti es billed for rates service s	Fina nce	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
KI5	-	_	Property Rates Tax	Institutional		Amount of Money collecte d on rates tax	Fina nce	?	?	?	?	?	?	?			
P10/INST/CS/RE/	_	_	Traffic Fines	Institutional		Number of Traffic Fines issued	Com muni ty Servi ces			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
FNS	-	-	Traffic Fines Recovery	Institutional		Number of Traffic fines recover ed	Com muni ty Servi ces			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
P10/INST/CS/RE/ HLS	-	-	Council Halls Rentals	Institutional		Amount of money made on Council Hall Rentals	Com muni ty Servi ces			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
P10/INST/CPS/RE /PL	_	_	Propertiy Leases	Institutional		Number of leased properti es paid rent	Corp orate Servi ces			?	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
P10/INST/LEDP/R E/CRU	-	R11 716 036	Rentals on Council CRUs	Institutional	ved reven ue collect ion	Amount of money collecte d from Council CRUs	LED & Plan ning			R2 524 464	Opex	R2 776 910	Opex	R3 054 601	Opex	R3 360 061	Opex
P10/INST/LEDP/R E/OAH	_	R822 047	Council Old Age Homes Rentals	Institutional	Impro ved reven ue collect	Amount of money collecte d from Council Old Age Homes	LED & Plan ning			R177 180	Opex	R194 898	Opex	R214 387	Opex	R235 582	Opex
P10/INST/LEDP/R E/CP		R150 000 000	HDA Catalytic Project	Institutional		Amount collecte d of council propert y sales	LED & Plan ning			R23 000 000	Opex	R50 000 000	Opex	R50 000 000	Opex	R50 000 000	Opex
P10/INST/LEDP/R E/BP	_	R170 000	Building Plan Fees	Institutional	ion and updat ed	Number of Building Plans approv ed	LED & Plan ning			R350 000	Opex	R500 000	Opex	R600 000	Opex	R600 000	Opex

P10/INST/LEDP/R E/DA	_	R400 000	Developmen t Application Fees	Institutional	Impro ved reven ue collect ion and updat ed billing	Number of develop ment applicat ions approv ed	LED & Plan ning			R60 000	Opex	R100 000	Opex	R150 000	Opex	R150 000	Opex
	-	R42 000	Business Licensing	Institutional	Impro ved reven ue collect ion and updat ed billing	Number of Illegal Busines ses issued with warning Letters	LED & Plan ning			R10 000	Opex	R12 000	Opex	R15 000	Opex	R15 000	Opex
P10/INST/LEDP/R E/BL	_	75Licens es	Business Licensing	Institutional	Impro ved reven ue collect ion and updat ed billing	Number of Busines ses issued with License s	LED & Plan ning			25	Opex	25	Opex	25	Opex	25	Opex
	-	R42 000	Business Licensing	Institutional		Amount of money collecte d from issued Busines s Licensi ng	LED & Plan ning			R10 000	Opex	R12 000	Opex	R15 000	Opex	R15 000	Opex
	_	45Licens es	Out-Door Advertiseme nt	Institutional		Number of Adverts sold	LED & Plan ning			10	Opex	15	Opex	15	Opex	15	Opex
P10/INST/LEDP/R E/ODA	_	R42 000	Out-Door Advertiseme nt	Institutional		Amount of money collecte d of Advert sales	LED & Plan ning			R10 000	Opex	R12 000	Opex	R15 000	Opex	R15 000	Орех
SO4								Enhance economi	ic develo	opment and gro	wth						
P6		Τ.			1			Focu	us Area:	: LED						1	
P6/INST/LEDP/LE D	elopment 	4 Catalytic Projects facilitated by end of 2027		All Wards	An econo my that create	Number of Project s Facilitat ed	LED & Plan ning		Ca	acilitation of atalytic rojects	R 4 000 000 (TCL M)	Facilitation of Catalytic Projects	R 4 100 000 (TCLM)	Facilitation of Catalytic Projects	R 4 200 000 (TCLM)	_	-
P6/INST/LEDP/LE D	Economic Deve	To Impleme	Review of LED strategy & Implementat ion	All Wards	s jobs/l mprov ed local	Number Progra mmes champi oned	LED & Plan ning		De Su	MME evelopment upport	R 200 000 (TCL M)	SMME Development Support	R 220 000 (TCLM)	SMME Development Support	R 250 000 (TCLM)		
P6/INST/LEDP/LE D	Local Ec	nt LED Strategyb y 2027		All Wards	econo mic perfor manc e	Number of Busines ses Monitor ed	LED & Plan ning		fisi su to pu	einstate the sheries, upport SMMEs recycling urposes-Install sip Bins	_	120 by end of June 2020	_	120 by end of June 2021	_	120 by end of June 2027	_

P6/INST/LEDP/LE D	-	Mee he	tings LED	D Forum etings	All Wards	Impro ved econo mic develo pment	Increas e in econom ic growth	LED & Plan ning	4 by end of June 2023	R 95 760 (TC LM)	Facilitation of LED (Tourism & Agriculture) Projects	R 300 000 (TCL M)	Facilitation of LED (Tourism & Agriculture) Projects	R 400 000 (TCLM)	Facilitation of LED (Tourism & Agriculture) Projects	R 500 000 (TCLM)	4	R 90 000 (TCL M)
			ion	ategy olementat							Tourism High Impact Project Facilitation (Kwena Dam, Boomplaas Rock art)	R 1000 000 (TCL M)	Tourism High Impact Project Facilitation (Kwena Dam, Boomplaas Rock art)	R 100 000 (TCLM)	Tourism High Impact Project Facilitation (Kwena Dam, Boomplaas Rock art)	R 100 000 (TCLM)	Tourism High Impact Project Facilitation (Kwena Dam, Boomplaas Rock art)	R 100 000 (TCL M)
P6/INST/LEDP/LE D	_	-	_ ion c	olementat of EPWP deline	All Wards	Reduc ed unem ploym ent and povert y levels	Number of progra mmes implem ented through EPWP Progra mes	Com muni ty Servi ces	10 by end of June 2023	R 1 900 000 (EP WP)	06 Programmes by end of June 2027	_	06 Programmes by end of June 2020	_	06 Programmes by end of June 2021	_	06 Programmes by end of June 2027	_
SO5,6,7					Improve instit	utional tr	ansformat	ion and	resources management,	Ensure	e effective and goo	d govern	ance & Strengthen IGR	& stakeho	Ider relation			
P14		1					Review		Focus Area: Institutio	nal Trar	nsformation and De	evelopem	ntn					1
P14/INST/CORPS/	Mis- Alignmen t of Organogr am and IDP	Align Orga am to IDP			Institutional		ed Organo gram by end of June 2027	Corp orate Servi ces	100% (Alignment of Organogram to the IDP by end of June 2023)	-	Organogram reviewed and aligned to the IDP by end of June 2027	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
INSTTD	-	-	_ Skills	lls Audit	Institutional		Skills Audit conduct ed by end of June 2020	Corp orate Servi ces	100% (Skills Audit conducted by end of June 2023)	-	Conducted Skills Audit by end of June 2027	R500 000 (TCL M)	_	_	_	-	_	-
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	mation and Developmer	100% empl s capa ed	oyee Build Emp citat and	bacity Iding for ployees I uncilors	Institutional	Better skilled and perfor ming emplo yees and counci llors	% of employ ees capacit ated by end of June 2027	Corp orate Servi ces	10% by end of June 2018	R 1 000 000 (TC LM)	10%	R 2,500 000 (TCL M)	10%	R 1 980 000 (TCLM)	10%	R 2 178 000 (TCLM)	10%	R 2 395 000 (TCL M)
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Institutional Transformati	-			Institutional		Number of student s funded by busary by end of June 2027	Corp orate Servi ces	xxx students by end of June 2023	-	xxx students by end of June 2024	-	20 students	-	xxx students	-	xxx students	-
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	-	Assi	ployeee sistant gramme	Institutional	Job satisfi ed emplo yees who are motiva ted and commi tted	Number of Employ ees assiste d with the EAP by end of June 2027	Corp orate Servi ces	100% of the assessment outcome report by end of June 2023	R 250 000 (TC LM)	100 employees by end of June 2024	R 10000 00 (TCL M)	100 employees by end of June 2025	R 300 000 (TCLM)	100 employees by end of June 2026	R 350 000 (TCLM)	100 employees by end of June 2027	R 350 000 (TCL M)

P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-	Updated Skills Develope mtn Plan by end of 2027	Developmen	Institutional	Fidii	Corp orate Servi ces	100% (Development and council apporoved of Skills Development Plan by end of June 2023)	OPE X	SDP developed by end of June 2024	Opex	SDP reviewed by end of June 2025	Opex	SDP reviewed by end of June 2026	Opex	SDP reviewed by end of June 2027	Opex
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	No IPMS	IPMS Impleme ntation	Establishme nt and Implementat ion of IPMS	Institutional	IPMS establis hed by	Corp orate Servi ces	100% (Reviewed, council approved of IPMS Policy & Implementation by end of June 2023)	R 3 823 739, 75 (TC LM)	Established IPMS by end of June 2027	R 0	Implementation of IPMS	R 3 823 739, 75 (TCLM)	Implementation of IPMS	R 3 823 739, 75 (TCLM)	Implementation of IPMS	R 3 823 739.7 5 (TCL M)
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Facilitation of by-law reviews and Promalgatio n for other departments	Institutional	Number of By-	Corp orate Servi ces	-	_	-		-	_	_	_	-	_
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Awarenes campaigns on consequenc es of illdicipline for all employees	Institutional	uences	Corp orate Servi ces	4 by end of June 2023	Ope x	4	Opex	4	Opex	4	Opex	4	Opex
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Facilitation of workshops IPMS implementati on	Institutional	ed on	Corp orate Servi ces	2 by end June 2023	R 0	2	Opex	2	Opex	2	Opex	2	Opex
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	-	Developmen t of administrativ e calender for council meetings	Institutional	Calend	Corp orate Servi ces	1 by end June 2023	Ope x	1 by end July 2024	Opex	1 by end July 2020	Opex	1 by end June 2026	Opex	1 by end July 2027	Opex
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Occupationa I Health and Safety Equipment (OHSE)	Institutional	Number OHSE refilled	Corp orate Servi ces	100% (Refurbished of the OHSE by end of June 2023)	R 200 000 (TC LM)	08 By end of June 2027	R 0	08 By end of June 2020	R 242 000 (TCLM)	08 By end of June 2021	R 266 200 (TCLM)	08 By end of June 2027	R 268 862 (TCL M)
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-	-	Establishme nt of Contract Managemen t System	Institutional	%	Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e	100% (Established of Contract Mnagement System by end of June 2023	Ope x	100% (Established of Contract Mnagement System by end of June 2027)	Opex	-	_	-	-	-	-



P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Facilitation service level agreements (SLA) for public and private sector corporation	Ward 11 (Brondal, Sip-sop, Hendricksd al), Ward 13 (Orhigsdat Dam, Spekboom), Ward 04 (Badfontein) , Ward 05 (Boschfonte in)	Numbo of SLA entere into by public and private sector	d Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic	4 SLA by end of June 201	R 0	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	FMS migration to EMS	MSCOA- Complian ce	Sebata Municipal Systems Services (FMS / EMS)- Contracted Services	Institutional	Perfor ance effectivenes and efficien cy on the EMS	Fina	-	-	?????	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	No Business Continuit y Plan (Disaster Recovery)	Business Continuit y	Construction of Data Centre	Institutional	Data centre constr ction b end of June 2027	I Eine	Maintenance of the data centre	-	Maintenance of the data centre	0	Maintenance of the data centre	R 150 000 (TCLM)	Mintanance of the data centre	R 150 000 (TCLM)	Mintanance of the data centre	R 150 000 (TCL M)
P14/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Repair and Maitanance of Air Conditioners	Institutional	Numbo of Air Condit oners repaire d	Fina nce	-	-	03 repaired by end of June 2024	R 30 000 (TCL M)	03 repaired by end of June 2025	R 30 000 (TCLM)	03 repaired by end of June 2026	R 30 000 (TCLM)	03 repaired by end of June 2027	R 30 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	_	_	Sourcing Software Licenses (Servers, Desktop and Laptops)	Institutional	Number of softwa es to b source by end of Jun 2027	e Fina d nce		R95 0 000 (TC LM)	01 Certificate for 250 Users, 01 VM Ware backup License for 250 users, 01 Anti-Virus License for 150 users by end of June 2027	R 4 000 000 (TCL M)	Other Softawares	R 500 000 (TCLM)	_	_	_	-
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-	_	Procuremen t of Laptops and Computers	Institutional	Numbe of Compu ers procurv d by er of June 2027	Fina nce			10 All-in-One Desktop (core-i- 5 computers) procured by end of June 2027	R 1 500 000 (TCL M)	_	_	_	_	_	-
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-	_	Installition of Bio-Metrics Access Control and CCTV	Institutional	Installa ions compli d by end of June 2027		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-	_	ICT Support Services (Contracted Services)	Institutional		Fina nce	ICT Support Services	R 4 368 000 (TC LM)	100% of Performance and effectivenes on the ICT services by end of June 2027	R 4 600 000 (TCL M)	ICT Support Services	R 4 368 000 (TCLM)	ICT Support Services	R 4 368 000 (TCLM)	ICT Support Services	R 4 368 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-	_	ICT Network Infrastructur e Upgrade for secure and reliable services (Phase 01)	Institutional	Comple ntion o the Assessi ent of ICT layout infrastr cture b	Fina nce	-	-	Phase (Assessment of ICT Network layout Infrastructure)	R4 000 000(T CLM)	_	_	_	_	_	_

						end of June 2027								
	_	-	Procuremen t of Municpal Yellow Fleet	Institutional	An enabl ed enviro nment for servic e deliver y		Fina nce	Purchase of 3 Cherry Pickers	R 2 000 000 (TC LM)	Procurement of yellow fleet	R3 000 000 (TCL M)			
	-	-	Procuremen t of vehicle tracking and fleet managemen t system	Institutional			Fina nce				0			
	_	-	Vehicle Fuel Purchase	Institutional			Fina nce	-	R4 000 000		R4 000 000			
210/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	-	-	Procuremen t of barcodes for municipal assets	Institutional			Fina nce	-			R 0			
10/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	_	Insurance Premium	Institutional			Fina nce	-	R 9 000 000 (TC LM)		R 7 000 500 (TCL M)	R 7 500 000 (TCLM)	R 7 500 000 (TCLM)	R 7 500 000 (TCL M)
10/INST/CORPS/ ISTTD	_	-	Printing of municipal accounts for municpal services	Institutional			Fina nce				R200 000 (TCL M)			
P10/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	-	-	Posting of Municipal accounts	Institutional			Fina nce							
210/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	-	Commission on pre-paid sales contract	Institutional			Fina nce							
10/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	-	Compilation of AFS (Contracted Services)	Institutional			Fina nce		0		R 2 100 000 (TCL M)	R 2 200 000 (TCLM	R 2 300 000 (TCLM	R 2 500 000 (TCL M)
10/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	_	Procuremen t of Stores Shelves	Institutional			Fina nce				,			
10/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	-	-	Procuremen t Stock Scanning Machine	Institutional			Fina nce							
210/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	-	Procuremen t of Stock/Stores Materials	Institutional			Fina nce							
P10/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	-	Procuremen t of Steel Warehouse Structure	Institutional			Fina nce							
210/INST/CORPS/ NSTTD	_	_	Painting of Municipal Stores	Institutional			Fina nce					RR+0 249:P 252		
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD			Ward Committee Prgramme	All Wards		Number of progra mmes implem ented	Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic				0			

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					Ŭ									
				N	Muni									
	Annual				cipal									
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Mayor ' Excelle	s Institutional			Man ager'				0					
	award	nce			s Offic									
			_		e									
					Muni cipal									
P10/INST/CORPS/	Mayora	All Wards			Man ager'				0					
INSTTD	Imbizo				s Offic									
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				N C	Muni cipal		R		D (50					
P10/INST/CORPS/	Mayor's	s fund Institutional			Man		249		R 450 000					
INSTTD	bursary	fund			ager' s		996 (TC		(TCL M)					
					Offic e		ĹM)							
				N	Muni									
P10/INST/CORPS/	Mayor/	Fradit			cipal Man									
INSTTD	ional le forum	aders Institutional			ager' S				0					
					Offic e									
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	Multipa	rty			cipal Man									
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	whippe forum	ry Institutional		a	ager'				0					
	loium				s Offic									
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P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Counci Lekgotl	All Wards		a	ager'	-	-	-	0	-	-	-		-
	Longon	~			s Offic									
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					cipal Man									
P10/INST/CORPS/	Section	79 Institutional			Man ager'		R2 298		0		R2 298		R2 298	R2 298
INSTTD	commit	lees			s Offic		424				424		424	424
					e									
					Muni cipal									
P10/INST/CORPS/	Membe fees	rship Institutional			Man ager'				0					
INSTTD	(SALG/	A)			s									
					Offic e									
				N	Muni cipal									
P10/INST/CORPS/	Multi-Pa	arty			Man									
INSTTD	Womer Caucus	Institutional			ager' s				0					
					Offic e									
				N	Muni									
P10/INST/CORPS/	Public				cipal Man		R 250		R 250		R 250 000		R 250	R 250
INSTTD	Particip program	ation All Wards		a	ager' s		000 (TC LM)		R 250 000 (TCL M)		(TCLM		000 (TCLM)	000 (TCL M)
	piograf				Offic		LM)		M))			<i>M</i>)

P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Women's Month Celebrations	Institutional	Muni cipal Man ager' S			R 150 000 (TCL M)			
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Security Services (Contracted	Institutional	Offic e Muni cipal Man ager' s	R 1. 000 000 (TC		R 13 000 000 (TCL	R 10 000 000 (TCLM	R 10 000 000 (TCLM)	R 10 000 000 (TCL
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Services) Performanc e steering & review	Institutional	Offic e Muni cipal Man ager	ĹM)		<u>́</u> м) о)		M)
P10/INST/CORPS/	session Audit committee	Institutional	S Offic e Muni cipal Man ager'	R 9 996		R100 000	R 100 000	R 100 000	R 110 000
	membership fees Risk managemen		S Offic e Muni cipal Man	(TC LM)	9	(TCL M) R 100	(TCLM) R 100	(TCLM) R 100	(TCL M) R 110
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	t committee membership fees License of	Institutional	ager' s Offic e Muni cipal	996 (TC LM) R		000 (TCL M) R 125	000 (TCLM) R 100	000 (TCLM)	000 (TCL M) R 110
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	risk/Audit managemen t system	Institutional	Man ager' s Offic e Muni	100 000 (TC LM)		(TCL M)	(TCLM)	R 100 000 (TCLM)	OOO (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Fraud awareness	All Wards	cipal Man ager' S Offic e	-		0	-		-
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Consultation fee (professiona I audit of specialized services)	Institutional	Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e	R 1 000 000 (TC LM)		R 250 000 (TCL M)	R 1 000 000 (TCLM	R 100 000 (TCLM)	R 500 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Service standard /Batho Pele workshops	Institutional	Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e	R 100 000 (TC LM)		0	R 100 000 (TCLM)	R 100 000 (TCLM)	R 100 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	Launch of service standard	Institutional	Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic			0			
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	News Letters	Institutional	e Muni cipal Man ager'	R 350 000 (TC	1	R 350 000 (TCL M)	R 300 000 (TCLM)	R 350 000 (TCLM)	R 350 000 (TCL M) 205

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							Offic e										
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD				Radio Slots (Interviews) [Contracted Services)	Institutional		Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e		R 500 000 (TC LM)		R 500 000 (TCL M)		R 200 000 (TCLM)		R 200 000 (TCLM)		R 200 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD				Website Managemen t (Maintanacn ce Services)	Institutional		Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e		R 150 000 (TC LM)		R 150 000 (TCL M)		R 200 000 (TCLM)		R 200 000 (TCLM)		R 200 000 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD	-			Printing of Municipal Key Documents (Annual Report)	Institutional		Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e		R 250 000 (TC LM)		R 250 000 (TCL M)		R 200 000 (TCLM)		R 299 996 (TCLM)		R 249 996 (TCL M)
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD				Moral regeneration awareness campaigns	Institutional		Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic		R10 0 000 (TC LM)		R100 000 (TCL M)						
P10/INST/CORPS/ INSTTD				Branding Material	Institutional		e Muni cipal Man ager' s Offic e		R 100 000 (TC LM)		R 100 000 (TCL M)		R 100 000 (TCLM)		R 100 000 (TCLM)		R 100 000 (TCL M)
		Insufficie nt office space in Lydenbur g Offices	Expansio n of Lydenbur g Offices	Expansion of Lydenburg Offices	Institutional	% complet ed	Corp orate Servi ces	Instalation of security fence in Graskop Municipal Offices	R80 0 000	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
P10/INST/INSTTD /TS		Municipal Offices out of services	Municipal Offices maintaine d	Maintenanc e of Municipal Offices	Graskop, Sabie & Lydenburg)	% complet ed	Corp orate Servi ces	Revonations of Sabie & Graskop Offices	R 1 500 000 (TC LM)	Renovations of Graskop, Northern Areas , Sabie & Lydenburg Municipla Offices	R 4 000 000 (TCL M)	Revonations of Sabie & Graskop Offices	R 1 500 000 (TCLM)	Renovations of Lydenburg Municipla Offices	R 500 000 (TCLM)	_	-
P7			-	-	_	_	-	_	Human	Settlements	-	_			_	-	
P7/INST/CORPS/I NSTTD	sture	Outdated Housing Chapter	Reviewd Housing Chapter		All Wards		LED & Plan ning	-	-	Housing Development Data review and analysis	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
P7/INST/CORPS/I NSTTD	Basic Service Delivery & Infrastructure Develonment	Dilapidat ed Housing Rental Units	_	Housing Chapter	Ward 01,02,03,05 ,06,07,10,1 2&14 (Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie & Graskop)		LED & Plan ning	-	-	Housing Rental Stock Management and Facilitation for maintanance	_	Maintance of Housing Rental Units	R 1 000 000 (TCLM)	Maintance	R 1 000 000 (TCLM)	Maintance	R 1 000 000 (TCL M)
P7/INST/CORPS/I NSTTD	Basic Service E De	Integrate d Human Settlemtn Program me Implemnt ation	_	Housing Catalytic Project	Ward 01,02,03,05 ,06,07,10,1 2&14 (Lydenburg/ Mashishing, Sabie & Graskop)		LED & Plan ning	-	-	-	-	Facilitation of Housing Catalytic project (Phase 02)	HDA	Facilitation of Housing Catalytic project (Phase 02)	HDA	Facilitation of Housing Catalytic project (Phase 02)	HDA

P7/INST/CORPS/I NSTTD	-	_	Construction of Simile CRU	Ward 06 (Simile)	Impro ved acces s to huma n settle		LED & Plan ning	-	-	Construction of CRU (Phase 01)	DHS	Construction of CRU (Phase 01)	DHS	Construction of CRU (Phase 01)	DHS	Construction of CRU (Phase 01)	DHS
P7/AW/HS/LEDP	_		Tittle Deeds	All Wards (All areas)	ments Securi ty of tenure	% complet ed	LED & Plan ning	10%	R 1 000 000 (TC LM)	Facilitation of tittle deed rectification and registration	R 4 000 000 (TCL M)	Facilitation of tittle deed rectification and registering	R 300 000 (TCLM)	Facilitation of tittle deed rectification and registering	R 350 000 (TCLM)	_	_
SO8								Mainstreaming of soc	· · · ·	cacy and marginal	ised grou	ips		•			•
P12								Focus Area: So	ocial Pro	ogrammes and serv	/ices						
P12/AW/SP/CS/S R	Mayoral sports develop ment club held by end of June 2018	_	Mayoral sports developmen t club held by end of June 2027	All Wards (All areas)		Number of Sports Develo pment Conduc ted	Com muni ty Servi ces	1 Mayoral sports development club held by end of June 2023	-	1 Mayoral sports development club held by end of June 2024	-	1 Mayoral sports development club held by end of June 2025	R 200 000 (TCLM)	1 Mayoral sports development club held by end of June 2026	R 200 000 (TCLM)	1 Mayoral sports development club held by end of June 2027	R200 000
P12/AW/SP/CS/S R	Employe es Sports Wellness held by end of June 2018	_	Employees Sports Wellness held by end of June 2027	All Wards (All areas)		Number of employ ees sports wellnes s conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	2 Employees Sports Wellness held by end of June 2023	-	2 Employees Sports Wellness held by end of June 2024	-	2 Employees Sports Wellness held by end of June 2025	R 200 000 (TCLM)	2 Employees Sports Wellness held by end of June 2026	R 200 000 (TCLM)	2 Employees Sports Wellness held by end of June 2027	R200 000
			1	1	1	<u> </u>					1	1	1	1	1	I	
P12/AW/SP/CS/S R	Arts and culture promotio n	_	Arts and culture promotion	All Wards (All areas)		Number of Arts & Culture promoti ons conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	4 Arts and culture promotion	-	4 Arts and culture promotion	OPEX	4 Arts and culture promotion	R100 000	4 Arts and culture promotion	R100 000	4 Arts and culture promotion	R100 000
P12/AW/SP/CS/S R	B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	_	Indigenous games programmes held by end of June 2027	All Wards (All areas)		Number of Indigen ous games conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	4 Indigenous games programmes held by end of June 2018	-	4 Indigenous games programmes held by end of June 2027	OPEX	4 Indigenous games programmes held by end of June 2020	R50 000	4 Indigenous games programmes held by end of June 2021	R50 000	4 Indigenous games programmes held by end of June 2027	R50 000
P12/AW/SP/CS/Y P	Youth Develop ment program me	_	Youth Developmen t programs	All Wards (All areas)		Number of youth Develo mental progra ms conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	4 Youth Development programs		4 Youth Development programs	Budg eted on transv ersal	4 Youth Development programs	R100 000	4 Youth Development programs	R100 000	4 Youth Development programs	R100 000
P12/AW/SP/CS/Y P	SAYC meetings	_	SAYC Meetings	All Wards (All areas)		Number of SAYC Meeting s Conduc ted	Com muni ty Servi ces	4 SAYC MEETINGS		4 SAYC Meeting	budge t (TCL M)	4 SAYC Meeting	R150 000 (TCLM)	4 SAYC Meeting	R150 000 (TCLM)	4 SAYC Meeting	R150 000 (TCL M)

P12//

	36Aware ness Campaig ns	-	Awareness campaigns on HIV & AIDS	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	168 by end of June 2018		36 Awareness campagins	R 50 000 (TCL M)	36 Awareness campagins	R 50 000 (TCLM)	36 Awareness campagins	R 50 000 (TCLM)	36 Awareness campagins	R 50 000 (TCL M)
	-	-	Amend councl infrastructur e developmen t policies	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	168		168	R 50 000 (TCL M)	168	R 50 000 (TCLM)	168	R 50 000 (TCLM)	168	R 50 000 (TCL M)
	-	_	Facilitation of developemr nt and expansion of educational centres	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	168		168	R 50 000 (TCL M)	168	R 50 000 (TCLM)	168	R 50 000 (TCLM)	168	R 50 000 (TCL M)
	-	-	Facilitation of Health centre improvemen ts in Lydenburg	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	168		168	R 50 000 (TCL M)	168	R 50 000 (TCLM)	168	R 50 000 (TCLM)	168	R 50 000 (TCL M)
CS/HI	4 Local AIDS council	_	Local AIDS Council meetings	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	168 by bend of June 2018	R 100 000 (TC LM)	4 Local AIDS Council	R 50 000 (TCL M)	4 Local AIDS Council	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Local AIDS Council	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Local AIDS Council	R 50 000 (TCL M)
	4 Civil society meetings	_	Awareness campaigns on CSF quarterly meetings	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	168 by end of June 2018		4 Civil Society meeting	R 50 000 (TCL M)	4 Civil society meeting	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Civil society meeting	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Civil society meeting	R 50 000 (TCI M)
	56 Monitor the functiona lity of Ward AIDS Councils	_	Monitor the functionality of Ward AIDS Councils	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	169 by end of June 2018		56 Monitoring of functional of Ward AIDS Council	R 50 000 (TCL M)	56 Monitoring of functional of Ward AIDS council	R 50 000 (TCLM)	56 Monitoring of functional of Ward AIDS council	R 50 000 (TCLM)	56 Monitoring of functional of Ward AIDS council	R 50 000 (TCI M)
	56 Awarene ss campaig ns on HIV& STI and TB infection and PMTC, COVID	_	Awareness campaigns on HIV& STI and TB infection and PMTC	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi ces	170 by end of June 2018		56 Awareness campaigns	R 50 000 (TCL M)	56 Awareness campaigns	R 50 000 (TCLM)	56 Awareness campaigns	R 50 000 (TCLM)	56 Awareness campaigns	R 50 000 (TCI M)
	4 Awarene ss campaig ns on Local AIDS	_	Awareness campaigns on Local AIDS Council Technical Working	All Wards (All areas)	Number of awaren ess campai gns conduct	Com muni ty Servi ces	171 by end of June 2018		4 Awareness campaigns on local AIDS Council Technical Working Group	R 100 000 (TCL M)	4 Awareness campaigns on local AIDS Council Technical Working Group	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Awareness campaigns on local AIDS council Technical working group	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Awareness campaigns on local AIDS council Technical working group	R 50 000 (TC M)

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	Council Technica I Working Group	Group	ed											
P12/AW/SP/CS/M G	4 Mainstre aming of Transver sal issues (Women, Children, Youth, Disability , Gender mainstre aming & Older persons)		Wards areas) Wards areas	Com muni ty Servi ces	New Indicator	R 200 000 (TC LM)	4 Mainstreaming of Transversal issues (Women, Children, Youth, Disability, Gender mainstreaming & Older persons)	R 1 000 000 (TCL M)	4 Mainstreaming of Transversal issues (Women, Children, Youth, Disability, Gender mainstreaming & Older persons)	R100 000	4 Mainstreaming of Transversal issues (Women, Children, Youth, Disability, Gender mainstreaming & Older persons)	R100 000	4 Mainstreaming of Transversal issues (Women, Children, Youth, Disability, Gender mainstreaming & Older persons)	R100 000
P12/AW/SP/CS/M G	6 Disaster Manage ment Awarene ss Campaig ns		Wards areas) Number of Awaren ess campai gns conduct ed	Com muni ty Servi	New Indicator	R 300 000 (TC LM)	Disater Management relief programmes and awareness campaigns	R300 000 (TCL M)	Disater Management relief programme awareness campaigns	R360 000 (TCLM)	Disater Management relief programme awareness campaigns	R360 000 (TCLM)	8 Disaster Management Awareness Campaigns	R 50 000 (TCL M)
P12/AW/SP/CS/M G	4 Historical Awarene ss Campaig ns	Awaranass	rd 12 denburg)	Com muni ty Servi	New Indicator	R0	4 Historical Awareness Campaigns	OPEX	4 Historical Awareness Campaigns	R 50 000 (TCLM)	4 Historical Awareness Campaigns	R50 000	4 Historical Awareness Campaigns	R50 000

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MSCOA Project List (Opex & Capex): Refer to Annexure: D

6.1.3 Stakeholders Projects



Se	ctor Department Projects	5	
Department of Culture, Spo	orts & Recreation		
Project Name	Location/Ward	Budget (2022/23)	
Rural Safety Initiatives (Paralegal Workshops, CSF & CPF Functionality)	PilgrimsRest,Marteenshoop,Lydenburg,Dintjie,Sabie & Graskop	TBC	
Department of Economic D	evelopment & Tourism	I	
Industrial Techno Park (Project Initiation)	Sabie/Simile (06 & 07)	TBC	
Department of Public Worl	ks, Roads & Transport		
Construction: D2571 From R37 to P171/1 Lydenburg By pass (13.4km)	04, 05	R50 336 000 (2023/24FY)	
Rehabilitation: Road P171/1 from P81/1 near mashishing to D212 &D2630 towards Rosenekaal (10km)	04, 05	R55 008 000 (2023/24)	
Rehabilitation: Road P171/1 from P81/1 near mashishing to D212 &D2630 towards Rosenekaal (8,9km)	04, 05	R 6 375 000 (2023/24)	
Rehabilitation:Sections ofRoadP8/1 (R36)betweenBambi& Mashishing	4	R50 739 000 Continuation	



		[
(Phase 3) (9km)				
Rehabilitation: Sections of	4	R65 895 000		
Road P8/1 (R36) between		(2024/25)		
Bambi & Mashishing				
(Phase 4) (9km)				
Rehabilitation: Road P8/2	13	R53 719 000		
from Mashishing towards		(2024/25)		
ohrigstad Phase 1 (13km)				
Department of Social Devel	opment			
Mashishing Branch Office	Thaba Chweu,			
(mobile) Mashishing	Mashishin g			
Branch Office				
[Construction]				
Thaba Chweu Sub District	Graskop			
Office [Initiation, planning	Oraskop			
and Construction]				
B	oysendal (SLP)			
Reconstruction of Thambo	2 & 3	R15 000 000		
Street (leading to				
Mashishing High School)				
Refurbishment of main	1,2,3,4,5,12,13 and 14	R12 000 000		
sewer plant				
Tarring of De Clerg street	14	R 10 000 000		
DEPARTM	ENT OF HUMAN SETT	LEMENT		
Rural Housing Subsidy	Construction of Rural	20 Units	TBC	2 290
Communal Land Rights	Housing Subsidy			
	Communal Land Rights			
	units at Newton-Pilgrim			
	Rest and Graskop			



Social & Rental	ConstructionofCommunity ResidentialUnitsatSabie25,092271;30,779312]	40 CRU	2023- 24	11 500
ISUP Phase3	Servicing of Sites at Mashishing Ext 9 & 10 [-25,072431; 30,422144]		2023- 24	10 200
	Servicing of Sites Mashishing Ext 9 & 10 [-25,072431; 30,422144] (10) (10)	100 Sites	2023- 24	4 380
	Servicing of Sites at Harmony Hill Ext 2 [- 25,106384; 30,786656]	100 Sites	2023- 24	4 380
Formalisation of Township	Formalisation of Informal Settlements at Mashishing Area C [- 25,069631; 30,423275]	of Informal	2023- 24	789



	DDM PRC	JECTS			
Project Name	Beneficiaries	Phase	Proposed Implementors		
Night Life Economy Strategy	Nkomazi, Bushbuckridge and Thaba Chweu LMs	Development of the strategy	Private Sector and Social Partners		
Wind Turbine Plan (20 hectares of land)	Thaba Chweu (Sabie, Mashishing and Graskop)	Concept Development and feasibility studies	Private Sector and Social Partners		
Hydro Power Station	ThabaChweu(Mashishing)	Feasibility and In- depth studies	Private Sector and Social Partners		
Rural Central Business Districts (CBDs)	Nkomazi, Bushbuckridge and Thaba Chweu LMs	Feasibility and In- depth studies	Private Sector and Social Partners		
Mining of dolomite (Magnesium Oxide – Magnesia – used in cement manufacturing and construction aggregate)	Thaba Chweu (Pilgrim's Rest and Sabie)	Feasibility and In- depth studies	Private Sector and Social Partners		
Repositioning and upgrading of Scenery and Tourism Sites to be world class facilities	ThabaChweuLM,NkomaziandBushbuckridge LMs	Feasibility and In- depth studies	MTPA, Thaba Chweu, EDM and Social Partners		
Forestry Technology Park in Sabie.	Thaba Chweu and Surroundings	Feasibility and In- depth studies	EDM, Thaba Chweu and Social Partners		

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